

T M EggebÃ,

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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51
papers

1,135
citations

471061

17
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377514

34
g-index

53
all docs

53
docs citations

53
times ranked

513
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Descent of the presenting part assessed with ultrasound. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2024, 230, S901-S912.	0.7	6
2	Fetal head descent assessed by transabdominal ultrasound: a prospective observational study. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 226, 112.e1-112.e10.	0.7	5
3	Put your weight behind itâ€”Effect of body mass index on the active second stage of labour: A retrospective cohort study. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2022, 129, 2166-2174.	1.1	7
4	Ultrasound in labor: clinical practice guideline and recommendation by the WAPM-World Association of Perinatal Medicine and the PMF-Perinatal Medicine Foundation. Journal of Perinatal Medicine, 2022, 50, 1007-1029.	0.6	13
5	Ultrasound in labor: clinical practice guideline recommendation by the World Association of Perinatal Medicine (WAPM) and the Perinatal Medicine Foundation (PMF). Perinatal Journal, 2022, 30, 103-127.	0.0	0
6	Maternal body mass index and risk of obstetric, maternal and neonatal outcomes: A cohort study of nulliparous women with spontaneous onset of labor. Acta Obstetrica Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2021, 100, 521-530.	1.3	17
7	Structured clinical examinations in labor: rekindling the craft of obstetrics. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2021, 34, 1963-1969.	0.7	6
8	Induction of labor in breech presentations â€”a retrospective cohort study. Acta Obstetrica Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2021, 100, 1336-1344.	1.3	9
9	Induction of labor in breechâ€”presenting fetuses. Acta Obstetrica Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2021, 100, 1158-1158.	1.3	0
10	There are 4, not 7, cardinal movements in labor. American Journal of Obstetrics & Gynecology MFM, 2021, 3, 100436.	1.3	3
11	Why does fetal head rotation occur in spontaneous labor?: reply. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 225, 589-590.	0.7	0
12	Venous blood flow in maternal kidneys in third trimester of pregnancy. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2020, 33, 2246-2252.	0.7	0
13	Descent of fetal head during active pushing: secondary analysis of prospective cohort study investigating ultrasound examination before operative vaginal delivery. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 54, 524-529.	0.9	29
14	The Labor Progression Study: The use of oxytocin augmentation during labor following Zhang's guideline and the <scp>WHO</scp> partograph in a cluster randomized trial. Acta Obstetrica Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2019, 98, 1187-1194.	1.3	11
15	Increased diagnostic accuracy of fetal head station by use of transabdominal ultrasound. Acta Obstetrica Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2019, 98, 805-806.	1.3	10
16	Reproducibility and acceptability of ultrasound measurements of headâ€”perineum distance. Acta Obstetrica Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2018, 97, 97-103.	1.3	16
17	Fetal rotation during vacuum extractions for prolonged labor: a prospective cohort study. Acta Obstetrica Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2018, 97, 998-1005.	1.3	26
18	Duration of the active phase of labor in spontaneous and induced labors. Acta Obstetrica Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2017, 96, 120-127.	1.3	20

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19	Estimation of fetal weight in pregnancies past term. <i>Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , 2017, 96, 183-189.	1.3	7
20	Re: Narrow subpubic arch angle is associated with higher risk of persistent occiput posterior position at delivery. T. Ghi, A. Youssef, F. Martelli, F. Bellussi, E. Aiello, G. Pilu, N. Rizzo, T. Frusca, D. Arduini and G. Rizzo. <i>Ultrasound Obstet Gynecol</i> 2016; 48: 511-515. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2016, 48, 425-425.	0.9	5
21	Umbilical vein vasomotion detected <i>in vivo</i> by serial three-dimensional pixelwise spatially angle-corrected volume flow measurements. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2016, 47, 623-628.	0.9	2
22	Judicious use of oxytocin augmentation for the management of prolonged labor. <i>Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , 2016, 95, 355-361.	1.3	33
23	Agreement between transperineal ultrasound measurements and digital examinations of cervical dilatation during labor. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , 2015, 15, 273.	0.9	28
24	A model to predict vaginal delivery in nulliparous women based on maternal characteristics and intrapartum ultrasound. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 213, 362.e1-362.e6.	0.7	54
25	Prediction of delivery mode by ultrasound assessed fetal position in nulliparous women with prolonged first stage of labor. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 46, 606-610.	0.9	41
26	Face presentation and persistent deep mentum transverse position diagnosed with three-dimensional ultrasound. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 45, 490-491.	0.9	10
27	Sonographic prediction of vaginal delivery in prolonged labor: a two-center study. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2014, 43, 195-201.	0.9	73
28	Occiput posterior position diagnosis: vaginal examination or intrapartum sonography? A clinical review. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2014, 27, 520-526.	0.7	51
29	Simple two-dimensional ultrasound technique to assess intrapartum cervical dilatation: a pilot study. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2013, 41, 413-418.	0.9	50
30	Reply: The dreams of the future are better than the history of the past. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2013, 42, 243-244.	0.9	0
31	Ultrasound is the future diagnostic tool in active labor. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2013, 41, 361-363.	0.9	26
32	Comparison between ultrasound parameters and clinical examination to assess fetal head station in labor. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2013, 41, 425-429.	0.9	115
33	Agreement between two- and three-dimensional transperineal ultrasound methods in assessing fetal head descent in the first stage of labor. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2012, 39, 310-315.	0.9	38
34	Prediction of delivery mode with transperineal ultrasound in women with prolonged first stage of labor. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2011, 37, 702-708.	0.9	108
35	OP35.06: Detection of major fetal heart defects with routine use of colour Doppler. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2011, 38, 156-157.	0.9	0
36	Ultrasound assessment of fetal head position. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2010, 36, 128-129.	0.9	6

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37	OP32.07: Comparison of ultrasound methods assessing fetal head descent during labour. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2010, 36, 146-146.	0.9	0
38	OP32.08: Agreement between 2D and 3D acquisitions assessing fetal head descent. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2010, 36, 146-146.	0.9	0
39	P32.01: Transperineal or transabdominal ultrasound assessing fetal head position. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2010, 36, 290-290.	0.9	0
40	An easy way to determine fetal heart laterality. <i>Acta Obstetrica Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , 2010, 89, 159-160.	1.3	1
41	P06.13: Arteriovenous malformation as a consequence of a scar pregnancy. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2009, 34, 200-201.	0.9	0
42	â€œGravida eight, para six, alive twoâ€™. <i>Acta Obstetrica Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , 2009, 88, 870-872.	1.3	1
43	Ultrasound assessment of fetal headâ€™perineum distance before induction of labor. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2008, 32, 199-204.	0.9	100
44	OC140: Ultrasound measurements or Bishop score before induction of labor?. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2008, 32, 288-288.	0.9	0
45	Prediction of Labour and Delivery by Ascertaining the Fetal Head Position withâ€™Transabdominal Ultrasound in Pregnancies with Prelabour Rupture ofâ€™Membranes after 37 weeks. <i>Ultraschall in Der Medizin</i> , 2008, 29, 179-183.	0.8	29
46	OC01: A new population-based term prediction method-evaluation of the FL-based predictions. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2007, 30, 367-367.	0.9	1
47	OC191: Ultrasound measurements of fetal head-engagement and cervical length as predictive factors of labor outcome in women with induced labor. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2007, 30, 425-426.	0.9	2
48	OP08.02: A new population-based term prediction method-evaluation of the BPD-based predictions. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2007, 30, 478-479.	0.9	1
49	Prediction of labor and delivery by transperineal ultrasound in pregnancies with prelabor rupture of membranes at term. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2006, 27, 387-391.	0.9	175
50	P04.25: An easy way to determine fetal heart laterality. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2006, 28, 558-558.	0.9	0
51	P11.11: Position of the fetal head evaluated by transabdominal ultrasound in pregnancies with prelabor rupture of membranes. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2005, 26, 452-453.	0.9	0