Jolanta Was-Gubala

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/388907/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Application of Raman Spectroscopy for Differentiation Among Cotton and Viscose Fibers Dyed with Several Dye Classes. Spectroscopy Letters, 2014, 47, 527-535.	1.0	51
2	Nondestructive Identification of Dye Mixtures in Polyester and Cotton Fibers Using Raman Spectroscopy and Ultraviolet–Visible (UV-Vis) Microspectrophotometry. Applied Spectroscopy, 2015, 69, 296-303.	2.2	31
3	UV–Vis microspectrophotometry as a method of differentiation between cotton fibre evidence coloured with reactive dyes. Spectrochimica Acta - Part A: Molecular and Biomolecular Spectroscopy, 2015, 142, 118-125.	3.9	24
4	The Identification of Polyester Fibers Dyed with Disperse Dyes for Forensic Purposes. Molecules, 2019, 24, 613.	3.8	20
5	The Identification of Cotton Fibers Dyed with Reactive Dyes for Forensic Purposes. Molecules, 2020, 25, 5435.	3.8	20
6	Damage caused to fibres by the action of two types of heat. Forensic Science International, 2006, 159, 119-126.	2.2	13
7	The kinetics of colour change in textiles and fibres treated with detergent solutions. Science and Justice - Journal of the Forensic Science Society, 2009, 49, 165-169.	2.1	11
8	UV–Vis microspectrophotometric study of wool and polyamide fibres dyed with analogous gryfalan dyes. Dyes and Pigments, 2016, 132, 58-63.	3.7	11
9	Evaluation of Selected Thermal Changes in Textile Materials Arising in the Wake of the Impact of Heat Radiation. Applied Sciences (Switzerland), 2021, 11, 6989.	2.5	10
10	The kinetics of colour change in textiles and fibres treated with detergent solutions. Science and Justice - Journal of the Forensic Science Society, 2010, 50, 55-58.	2.1	9
11	Enzymatic extraction of dyes for differentiation of red cotton fibres by TLC coupled with VSC. Science and Justice - Journal of the Forensic Science Society, 2019, 59, 425-432.	2.1	6
12	Development of HPLC-DAD and UPLC-QTOF-MS chromatographic systems for the identification for for for for for for forensic purposes of disperse dyes of polyester. Measurement: Journal of the International Measurement Confederation, 2021, 174, 108994.	5.0	4
13	Damage caused to fibres by vapour cloud explosions. Forensic Science International, 2004, 141, 77-83.	2.2	3
14	Characterisation and discrimination of so-called metallised fibres found in clothing and decorative materials originating from the consumer market. Science and Justice - Journal of the Forensic Science Society, 2021, 61, 535-541.	2.1	3
15	Effects of the interaction of gunshot residue plume and cotton fabrics – an empirical study towards extensive assessment of close-range shooting distance. Analyst, The, 2022, , .	3.5	3