

# Indu Dhar

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3878368/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

10  
papers

88  
citations

1307594

7  
h-index

1474206

9  
g-index

10  
all docs

10  
docs citations

10  
times ranked

150  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	β-blocker use and risk of all-cause mortality in patients with coronary heart disease: effect modification by serum vitamin A. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2022, 28, 1897-1902.	1.8	5
2	Primary cardiovascular risk prediction by LDL-cholesterol in Caucasian middle-aged and older adults: a joint analysis of three cohorts. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2022, 29, e128-e137.	1.8	9
3	Trimethyllysine predicts all-cause and cardiovascular mortality in community-dwelling adults and patients with coronary heart disease. <i>European Heart Journal Open</i> , 2021, 1, .	2.3	4
4	Creatinine, total cysteine and uric acid are associated with serum retinol in patients with cardiovascular disease. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2020, 59, 2383-2393.	3.9	10
5	Dietary choline is related to increased risk of acute myocardial infarction in patients with stable angina pectoris. <i>Biochimie</i> , 2020, 173, 68-75.	2.6	11
6	Lipid parameters and vitamin A modify cardiovascular risk prediction by plasma neopterin. <i>Heart</i> , 2020, 106, 1073-1079.	2.9	4
7	Elevated plasma cystathionine is associated with increased risk of mortality among patients with suspected or established coronary heart disease. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019, 109, 1546-1554.	4.7	8
8	Plasma methionine and risk of acute myocardial infarction: Effect modification by established risk factors. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2018, 272, 175-181.	0.8	13
9	Plasma cystathionine and risk of acute myocardial infarction among patients with coronary heart disease: Results from two independent cohorts. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2018, 266, 24-30.	1.7	15
10	The risk association of plasma total homocysteine with acute myocardial infarction is modified by serum vitamin A. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2018, 25, 1612-1620.	1.8	9