

# Bruce A Menge

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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110  
papers

16,072  
citations

23567

58  
h-index

30087

103  
g-index

111  
all docs

111  
docs citations

111  
times ranked

9890  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Increasing instability of a rocky intertidal meta-ecosystem. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2022, 119, .	7.1	10
2	<scp>El Niño</scp> and marine heatwaves: Ecological impacts on <scp>Oregon</scp> rocky intertidal kelp communities at local to regional scales. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2022, 92, .	5.4	10
3	Biogeography of macrophyte productivity: Effects of oceanic and climatic regimes across spatiotemporal scales. <i>Limnology and Oceanography</i> , 2021, 66, 711-726.	3.1	3
4	Keystone predation: trait-based or driven by extrinsic processes? Assessment using a comparative experimental approach. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2021, 91, .	5.4	7
5	Biogeography of ocean acidification: Differential field performance of transplanted mussels to upwelling-driven variation in carbonate chemistry. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020, 15, e0234075.	2.5	7
6	Biogeography of Macrophyte Elemental Composition: Spatiotemporal Modification of Species-Level Traits. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2020, 23, 1494-1522.	3.4	6
7	Remote sensing: generation of long-term kelp bed data sets for evaluation of impacts of climatic variation. <i>Ecology</i> , 2020, 101, e03031.	3.2	38
8	Testing the intermittent upwelling hypothesis: comment. <i>Ecology</i> , 2019, 100, e02476.	3.2	12
9	North-East Pacific. , 2019, , 237-259.		1
10	Integrating Coastal Oceanic and Benthic Ecological Approaches for Understanding Large-Scale Meta-Ecosystem Dynamics. <i>Oceanography</i> , 2019, 32, 38-49.	1.0	11
11	Regional processes are stronger determinants of rocky intertidal community dynamics than local biotic interactions. <i>Ecology</i> , 2019, 100, e02763.	3.2	16
12	Connectivity, Dispersal, and Recruitment: Connecting Benthic Communities and the Coastal Ocean. <i>Oceanography</i> , 2019, 32, 50-59.	1.0	34
13	Quantitative Biogeography: Large-Scale, Long-Term Change in the Rocky Intertidal Region of the California Current Large Marine Ecosystem. <i>Oceanography</i> , 2019, 32, 26-37.	1.0	8
14	Fundamental contradictions among observational and experimental estimates of non-trophic species interactions. <i>Ecology</i> , 2018, 99, 557-566.	3.2	89
15	The multifactorial effects of dispersal on biodiversity in environmentally forced metacommunities. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2018, 9, e02357.	2.2	1
16	Generality in multispecies responses to ocean acidification revealed through multiple hypothesis testing. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2018, 24, 4464-4477.	9.5	13
17	Alternative state? Experimentally induced <i>Fucus</i> canopy persists 38 yr in an <i>Ascophyllum</i> -dominated community. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2017, 8, e01725.	2.2	15
18	Grazer impacts on algal community structure vary with the coastal upwelling regime. <i>Journal of Experimental Marine Biology and Ecology</i> , 2017, 488, 10-23.	1.5	12

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19	Transformative Research Is Not Easily Predicted. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2017, 32, 825-834.	8.7	30
20	Incorporating Context Dependency of Species Interactions in Species Distribution Models. <i>Integrative and Comparative Biology</i> , 2017, 57, 159-167.	2.0	12
21	Long-term declines in an intertidal foundation species parallel shifts in community composition. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2017, 23, 341-352.	9.5	105
22	Robert Treat Paine III, 1933-2016. <i>Bulletin of the Ecological Society of America</i> , 2016, 97, 359-363.	0.2	2
23	Interacting environmental mosaics drive geographic variation in mussel performance and predation vulnerability. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2016, 19, 771-779.	6.4	118
24	The complex net effect of reciprocal interactions and recruitment facilitation maintains an intertidal kelp community. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2016, 104, 33-43.	4.0	29
25	A keystone ecologist: Robert Treat Paine, 1933–2016. <i>Ecology</i> , 2016, 97, 2905-2909.	3.2	3
26	Long-term, high frequency in situ measurements of intertidal mussel bed temperatures using biomimetic sensors. <i>Scientific Data</i> , 2016, 3, 160087.	5.3	69
27	Sea Star Wasting Disease in the Keystone Predator <i>Pisaster ochraceus</i> in Oregon: Insights into Differential Population Impacts, Recovery, Predation Rate, and Temperature Effects from Long-Term Research. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0153994.	2.5	114
28	Bottom-up and top-down interactions in coastal interface systems. , 2015, , 157-200.		8
29	Are large macroalgal blooms necessarily bad? nutrient impacts on seagrass in upwelling-influenced estuaries. , 2015, 25, 1330-1347.		20
30	Intensification and spatial homogenization of coastal upwelling under climate change. <i>Nature</i> , 2015, 518, 390-394.	27.8	331
31	Ocean acidification research in the “post-genomic” era: Roadmaps from the purple sea urchin <i>Strongylocentrotus purpuratus</i> . <i>Comparative Biochemistry and Physiology Part A, Molecular &amp; Integrative Physiology</i> , 2015, 185, 33-42.	1.8	18
32	Are meta-ecosystems organized hierarchically? A model and test in rocky intertidal habitats. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2015, 85, 213-233.	5.4	72
33	Biogeographic structure of the northeastern Pacific rocky intertidal: the role of upwelling and dispersal to drive patterns. <i>Ecography</i> , 2015, 38, 83-95.	4.5	53
34	Oceanographic and climatic variation drive top-down/bottom-up coupling in the Galápagos intertidal meta-ecosystem. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2014, 84, 411-434.	5.4	38
35	Dynamics of coastal meta-ecosystems: the intermittent upwelling hypothesis and a test in rocky intertidal regions. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2013, 83, 283-310.	5.4	116
36	Transcriptomic responses to ocean acidification in larval sea urchins from a naturally variable pH environment. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2013, 22, 1609-1625.	3.9	118

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37	Designing effective reserve networks for nonequilibrium metacommunities. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2013, 23, 1488-1503.	3.8	19
38	Keystone Species. , 2013, , 442-457.		4
39	Transcriptome profiles link environmental variation and physiological response of <i>Mytilus californianus</i> between Pacific tides. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2012, 26, 144-155.	3.6	61
40	Climate-driven trends and ecological implications of event-scale upwelling in the California current system. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2012, 18, 783-796.	9.5	71
41	Nearshore chlorophyll-a events and wave-driven transport. <i>Geophysical Research Letters</i> , 2011, 38, n/a-n/a.	4.0	17
42	Potential impact of climate-related changes is buffered by differential responses to recruitment and interactions. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2011, 81, 493-509.	5.4	34
43	Recruitment facilitation can promote coexistence and buffer population growth in metacommunities. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2011, 14, 1201-1210.	6.4	18
44	Linking long-term, large-scale climatic and environmental variability to patterns of marine invertebrate recruitment: Toward explaining "unexplained" variation. <i>Journal of Experimental Marine Biology and Ecology</i> , 2011, 400, 236-249.	1.5	63
45	Ecological subsidies to rocky intertidal communities: Linear or non-linear changes along a consistent geographic upwelling transition?. <i>Journal of Experimental Marine Biology and Ecology</i> , 2011, 409, 361-370.	1.5	19
46	Context-Dependent Eelgrass-Macroalgae Interactions Along an Estuarine Gradient in the Pacific Northwest, USA. <i>Estuaries and Coasts</i> , 2011, 34, 1169-1181.	2.2	29
47	Supply-side ecology, barnacle recruitment, and rocky intertidal community dynamics: Do settlement surface and limpet disturbance matter?. <i>Journal of Experimental Marine Biology and Ecology</i> , 2010, 392, 160-175.	1.5	32
48	Ecological processes can synchronize marine population dynamics over continental scales. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2010, 107, 8281-8286.	7.1	72
49	Climatic variation alters supply-side ecology: impact of climate patterns on phytoplankton and mussel recruitment. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2009, 79, 379-395.	5.4	93
50	Current reversals as determinants of intertidal recruitment on the central Oregon coast. <i>ICES Journal of Marine Science</i> , 2009, 66, 396-407.	2.5	37
51	Thermal indices of upwelling effects on inner-shelf habitats. <i>Progress in Oceanography</i> , 2009, 83, 278-287.	3.2	62
52	Effects of consumers and enrichment on abundance and diversity of benthic algae in a rocky intertidal community. <i>Journal of Experimental Marine Biology and Ecology</i> , 2009, 369, 155-164.	1.5	33
53	Terrestrial ecologists ignore aquatic literature: Asymmetry in citation breadth in ecological publications and implications for generality and progress in ecology. <i>Journal of Experimental Marine Biology and Ecology</i> , 2009, 377, 93-100.	1.5	50
54	Experimental assessment of the effects of shade on an intertidal kelp: Do phytoplankton blooms inhibit growth of open coast macroalgae?. <i>Limnology and Oceanography</i> , 2009, 54, 276-288.	3.1	44

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55	Do terrestrial ecologists ignore aquatic literature?. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2009, 7, 182-183.	4.0	15
56	Response of a rocky intertidal ecosystem engineer and community dominant to climate change. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2008, 11, 151-162.	6.4	102
57	Effects of environmental stress on intertidal mussels and their sea star predators. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2008, 156, 671-680.	2.0	74
58	The surf zone: a semi-permeable barrier to onshore recruitment of invertebrate larvae?. <i>Journal of Experimental Marine Biology and Ecology</i> , 2008, 361, 59-74.	1.5	78
59	INTERHEMISPHERIC COMPARISON OF RECRUITMENT TO INTERTIDAL COMMUNITIES: PATTERN PERSISTENCE AND SCALES OF VARIATION. <i>Ecology</i> , 2008, 89, 1308-1322.	3.2	92
60	INTERTIDAL MUSSELS EXHIBIT ENERGETIC TRADE-OFFS BETWEEN REPRODUCTION AND STRESS RESISTANCE. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2008, 78, 387-402.	5.4	119
61	Scales of Dispersal and the Biogeography of Marine Predator-Prey Interactions. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2008, 171, 405-417.	2.1	59
62	Delayed upwelling alters nearshore coastal ocean ecosystems in the northern California current. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2007, 104, 3719-3724.	7.1	286
63	Persistent regional variation in populations of a tidepool fish. <i>Journal of Experimental Marine Biology and Ecology</i> , 2007, 346, 8-20.	1.5	6
64	Cross-scale variation in top-down and bottom-up control of algal abundance. <i>Journal of Experimental Marine Biology and Ecology</i> , 2007, 347, 8-29.	1.5	28
65	Environmental stress decreases survival, growth, and reproduction in New Zealand mussels. <i>Journal of Experimental Marine Biology and Ecology</i> , 2007, 351, 83-91.	1.5	141
66	MOSAIC PATTERNS OF THERMAL STRESS IN THE ROCKY INTERTIDAL ZONE: IMPLICATIONS FOR CLIMATE CHANGE. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2006, 76, 461-479.	5.4	392
67	Fifteen degrees of separation: Latitudinal gradients of rocky intertidal biota along the California Current. <i>Limnology and Oceanography</i> , 2006, 51, 2564-2585.	3.1	74
68	PHYSIOLOGICAL SNAPSHOT REFLECT ECOLOGICAL PERFORMANCE OF THE SEA PALM, <i>POSTELSIA PALMAEFORMIS</i> (PHAEOPHYCAEA) ACROSS INTERTIDAL ELEVATION AND EXPOSURE GRADIENTS <sup>1</sup> . <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 2006, 42, 548-559.	2.3	18
69	Stasis or kinesis? Hidden dynamics of a rocky intertidal macrophyte mosaic revealed by a spatially explicit approach. <i>Journal of Experimental Marine Biology and Ecology</i> , 2005, 314, 3-39.	1.5	34
70	Barnacle reproductive hotspots linked to nearshore ocean conditions. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2005, 102, 10534-10539.	7.1	105
71	Wind-driven inner-shelf circulation off central Oregon during summer. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 2005, 110, .	3.3	100
72	SPECIES INTERACTION STRENGTH: TESTING MODEL PREDICTIONS ALONG AN UPWELLING GRADIENT. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2004, 74, 663-684.	5.4	166

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73	Upwelling-driven nearshore hypoxia signals ecosystem and oceanographic changes in the northeast Pacific. <i>Nature</i> , 2004, 429, 749-754.	27.8	492
74	Mussel Disturbance Dynamics: Signatures of Oceanographic Forcing from Local Interactions. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2003, 161, 889-904.	2.1	119
75	2. The Overriding Importance of Environmental Context in Determining the Outcome of Species-Deletion Experiments. , 2003, , 16-43.		8
76	Environmental Stress, Bottom-up Effects, and Community Dynamics: Integrating Molecular-Physiological and Ecological Approaches. <i>Integrative and Comparative Biology</i> , 2002, 42, 892-908.	2.0	72
77	Inter-hemispheric comparison of bottom-up effects on community structure: Insights revealed using the comparative-experimental approach. <i>Ecological Research</i> , 2002, 17, 1-16.	1.5	78
78	PHYSIOLOGY OF THE ROCKY INTERTIDAL PREDATOR <i>NUCELLA OSTRINA</i> ALONG AN ENVIRONMENTAL STRESS GRADIENT. <i>Ecology</i> , 2001, 82, 2816-2829.	3.2	74
79	A LATITUDINAL GRADIENT IN RECRUITMENT OF INTERTIDAL INVERTEBRATES IN THE NORTHEAST PACIFIC OCEAN. <i>Ecology</i> , 2001, 82, 1799-1813.	3.2	263
80	A Latitudinal Gradient in Recruitment of Intertidal Invertebrates in the Northeast Pacific Ocean. <i>Ecology</i> , 2001, 82, 1799.	3.2	7
81	SPECIES INTERACTIONS IN INTERTIDAL FOOD WEBS: PREY OR PREDATION REGULATION OF INTERMEDIATE PREDATORS?. <i>Ecology</i> , 2000, 81, 2264-2277.	3.2	56
82	Top-down and bottom-up community regulation in marine rocky intertidal habitats. <i>Journal of Experimental Marine Biology and Ecology</i> , 2000, 250, 257-289.	1.5	397
83	RECRUITMENT VS. POSTRECRUITMENT PROCESSES AS DETERMINANTS OF BARNACLE POPULATION ABUNDANCE. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2000, 70, 265-288.	5.4	157
84	Recruitment vs. Postrecruitment Processes as Determinants of Barnacle Population Abundance. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2000, 70, 265.	5.4	3
85	QUANTIFYING VARIATION IN THE STRENGTHS OF SPECIES INTERACTIONS. <i>Ecology</i> , 1999, 80, 2206-2224.	3.2	220
86	TOP-DOWN AND BOTTOM-UP REGULATION OF NEW ZEALAND ROCKY INTERTIDAL COMMUNITIES. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 1999, 69, 297-330.	5.4	181
87	Rocky intertidal oceanography: An association between community structure and nearshore phytoplankton concentration. <i>Limnology and Oceanography</i> , 1997, 42, 57-66.	3.1	150
88	Challenges in the Quest for Keystones. <i>BioScience</i> , 1996, 46, 609-620.	4.9	1,557
89	The Role of Indirect Effects in Food Webs. , 1996, , 371-395.		217
90	Keystone Predation and Interaction Strength: Interactive Effects of Predators on Their Main Prey. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 1996, 66, 409-429.	5.4	213

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91	Indirect Effects in Marine Rocky Intertidal Interaction Webs: Patterns and Importance. Ecological Monographs, 1995, 65, 21-74.	5.4	621
92	The Keystone Species Concept: Variation in Interaction Strength in a Rocky Intertidal Habitat. Ecological Monographs, 1994, 64, 249-286.	5.4	611
93	Community Regulation: Under What Conditions Are Bottom-Up Factors Important on Rocky Shores?. Ecology, 1992, 73, 755-765.	3.2	343
94	Relative importance of recruitment and other causes of variation in rocky intertidal community structure. Journal of Experimental Marine Biology and Ecology, 1991, 146, 69-100.	1.5	194
95	Generalizing from experiments: is predation strong or weak in the New England rocky intertidal?. Oecologia, 1991, 88, 1-8.	2.0	39
96	Role of scale and environmental factors in regulation of community structure. Trends in Ecology and Evolution, 1990, 5, 52-57.	8.7	420
97	Community Regulation: Variation in Disturbance, Competition, and Predation in Relation to Environmental Stress and Recruitment. American Naturalist, 1987, 130, 730-757.	2.1	1,343
98	A test of the Menge-Sutherland model of community organization in a tropical rocky intertidal food web. Oecologia, 1986, 71, 75-89.	2.0	72
99	Diversity, heterogeneity and consumer pressure in a tropical rocky intertidal community. Oecologia, 1985, 65, 394-405.	2.0	130
100	Components of predation intensity in the low zone of the New England rocky intertidal region. Oecologia, 1983, 58, 141-155.	2.0	133
101	Community Organization in Temperate and Tropical Rocky Intertidal Habitats: Prey Refuges in Relation to Consumer Pressure Gradients. Ecological Monographs, 1981, 51, 429-450.	5.4	353
102	Coexistence between the seastars <i>Asterias vulgaris</i> and <i>A. forbesi</i> in a heterogeneous environment: A non-equilibrium explanation. Oecologia, 1979, 41, 245-272.	2.0	85
103	Predation intensity in a rocky intertidal community. Oecologia, 1978, 34, 1-16.	2.0	267
104	Predation intensity in a rocky intertidal community. Oecologia, 1978, 34, 17-35.	2.0	253
105	Community Development and Persistence in a Low Rocky Intertidal Zone. Ecological Monographs, 1978, 48, 67-94.	5.4	513
106	Species Diversity Gradients: Synthesis of the Roles of Predation, Competition, and Temporal Heterogeneity. American Naturalist, 1976, 110, 351-369.	2.1	967
107	Organization of the New England Rocky Intertidal Community: Role of Predation, Competition, and Environmental Heterogeneity. Ecological Monographs, 1976, 46, 355-393.	5.4	850
108	Brood or broadcast? The adaptive significance of different reproductive strategies in the two intertidal sea stars <i>Leptasterias hexactis</i> and <i>Pisaster ochraceus</i> . Marine Biology, 1975, 31, 87-100.	1.5	153

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109	Role of Resource Allocation, Aggression and Spatial Heterogeneity in Coexistence of Two Competing Intertidal Starfish. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 1974, 44, 189-209.	5.4	135
110	Competition for Food between Two Intertidal Starfish Species and its Effect on Body Size and Feeding. <i>Ecology</i> , 1972, 53, 635-644.	3.2	129