## Mohammad Esmaeil Motlagh

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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221 papers

14,914 citations

147566 31 h-index 20900

g-index

231 all docs

231 docs citations

times ranked

231

25333 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Worldwide trends in body-mass index, underweight, overweight, and obesity from 1975 to 2016: a pooled analysis of 2416 population-based measurement studies in 128·9 million children, adolescents, and adults. Lancet, The, 2017, 390, 2627-2642.	6.3	5,010
2	Trends in adult body-mass index in 200 countries from 1975 to 2014: a pooled analysis of 1698 population-based measurement studies with 19·2 million participants. Lancet, The, 2016, 387, 1377-1396.	6.3	3,941
3	Worldwide trends in blood pressure from 1975 to 2015: a pooled analysis of 1479 population-based measurement studies with $19 \hat{A} \cdot 1$ million participants. Lancet, The, 2017, 389, 37-55.	6.3	1,667
4	Rising rural body-mass index is the main driver of the global obesity epidemic in adults. Nature, 2019, 569, 260-264.	13.7	469
5	Methodology and Early Findings of the Third Survey of CASPIAN Study: A National School-based Surveillance of Students' High Risk Behaviors. International Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2012, 3, 394-401.	0.2	108
6	Methodology and Early Findings of the Fourth Survey of Childhood and Adolescence Surveillance and Prevention of Adult Non-Communicable Disease in Iran: The CASPIAN-IV Study. International Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2013, 4, 1451-60.	0.2	103
7	Establishing International Blood Pressure References Among Nonoverweight Children and Adolescents Aged 6 to 17 Years. Circulation, 2016, 133, 398-408.	1.6	97
8	Methodology and early findings of the fifth survey of childhood and adolescence surveillance and prevention of adult noncommunicable disease: The caspian- $\nu$ study. International Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2017, 8, 4.	0.2	96
9	Association between junk food consumption and mental health in a national sample of Iranian children and adolescents: The CASPIAN-IV study. Nutrition, 2014, 30, 1391-1397.	1.1	95
10	Metabolically Obese Normal Weight and Phenotypically Obese Metabolically Normal Youths: The CASPIAN Study. Journal of the American Dietetic Association, 2008, 108, 82-90.	1.3	84
11	Association of junk food consumption with high blood pressure and obesity in Iranian children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-IV Study. Jornal De Pediatria, 2015, 91, 196-205.	0.9	79
12	Association of breakfast intake with cardiometabolic risk factors. Jornal De Pediatria, 2013, 89, 575-582.	0.9	75
13	Association between Obesity and Parental Weight Status in Children and Adolescents. JCRPE Journal of Clinical Research in Pediatric Endocrinology, 2017, 9, 111-117.	0.4	73
14	Metabolic Syndrome and Cardiovascular Risk Factors in a National Sample of Adolescent Population in the Middle East and North Africa: The CASPIAN III Study. International Journal of Endocrinology, 2013, 2013, 1-8.	0.6	71
15	International Waist Circumference Percentile Cutoffs for Central Obesity in Children and Adolescents Aged 6 to 18 Years. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2020, 105, e1569-e1583.	1.8	71
16	Use of green spaces, self-satisfaction and social contacts in adolescents: A population-based CASPIAN-V study. Environmental Research, 2019, 168, 171-177.	3.7	67
17	Contributions of mean and shape of blood pressure distribution to worldwide trends and variations in raised blood pressure: a pooled analysis of 1018 population-based measurement studies with 88.6 million participants. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 47, 872-883i.	0.9	65
18	The association of sleep duration and cardiometabolic risk factors in a national sample of children and adolescents: The CASPIAN III Study. Nutrition, 2013, 29, 1133-1141.	1.1	63

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19	Is air quality index associated with cardiometabolic risk factors in adolescents? The CASPIAN-III Study. Environmental Research, 2014, 134, 105-109.	3.7	56
20	Validity of triglyceride–glucose index as an indicator for metabolic syndrome in children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-V study. Eating and Weight Disorders, 2018, 23, 877-883.	1.2	56
21	Association between body mass index and perceived weight status with self-rated health and life satisfaction in Iranian children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-III study. Quality of Life Research, 2015, 24, 263-272.	1.5	55
22	Hypertriglyceridemic Waist Phenotype and Associated Lifestyle Factors in a National Population of Youths: CASPIAN Study. Journal of Tropical Pediatrics, 2007, 54, 169-177.	0.7	49
23	Association of serum lead and mercury level with cardiometabolic risk factors and liver enzymes in a nationally representative sample of adolescents: the CASPIAN-III study. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2014, 21, 13496-13502.	2.7	49
24	National report on the association of serum vitamin D with cardiometabolic risk factors in the pediatric population of the Middle East and North Africa (MENA): The CASPIAN-III Study. Nutrition, 2014, 30, 33-38.	1.1	48
25	Association between breakfast intake with anthropometric measurements, blood pressure and food consumption behaviors among Iranian children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-IV study. Public Health, 2015, 129, 740-747.	1.4	45
26	Joint association of screen time and physical activity on self-rated health and life satisfaction in children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-IV study. International Health, 2017, 9, 58-68.	0.8	41
27	First Report on Path Analysis for Cardiometabolic Components in a Nationally Representative Sample of Pediatric Population in the Middle East and North Africa (MENA): The CASPIAN-III Study. Annals of Nutrition and Metabolism, 2013, 62, 257-265.	1.0	40
28	Prevalence of General and Abdominal Obesity in a Nationally Representative Sample of Iranian Children and Adolescents: The CASPIAN-IV Study. Iranian Journal of Pediatrics, 2015, 25, e401.	0.1	40
29	Association of socioeconomic status with psychiatric problems and violent behaviours in a nationally representative sample of Iranian children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-IV study. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e011615.	0.8	35
30	Dual burden of body weight among Iranian children and adolescents in 2003 and 2010: the CASPIAN-III study. Archives of Medical Science, 2014, 1, 96-103.	0.4	34
31	Impact of the 2017 American Academy of Pediatrics Guideline on Hypertension Prevalence Compared With the Fourth Report in an International Cohort. Hypertension, 2019, 74, 1343-1348.	1.3	33
32	First report on the validity of a continuous Metabolic Syndrome score as an indicator for Metabolic Syndrome in a national sample of paediatric population — the CASPIAN-III study. Endokrynologia Polska, 2013, 64, 278-284.	0.3	33
33	The health status of the elderly population of Iran in 2012. Archives of Gerontology and Geriatrics, 2015, 60, 281-287.	1.4	32
34	Association of Blood Cadmium Level with Cardiometabolic Risk Factors and Liver Enzymes in a Nationally Representative Sample of Adolescents: The CASPIAN-III Study. Journal of Environmental and Public Health, 2013, 2013, 1-5.	0.4	31
35	Performance of Eleven Simplified Methods for the Identification of Elevated Blood Pressure in Children and Adolescents. Hypertension, 2016, 68, 614-620.	1.3	31
36	Use of green spaces and blood glucose in children; a population-based CASPIAN-V study. Environmental Pollution, 2018, 243, 1134-1140.	3.7	31

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37	First growth curves based on the World Health Organization reference in a Nationally-Representative Sample of Pediatric Population in the Middle East and North Africa (MENA): the CASPIAN-III study. BMC Pediatrics, 2012, 12, 149.	0.7	30
38	Association of screen time and physical activity with health-related quality of life in Iranian children and adolescents. Health and Quality of Life Outcomes, $2019, 17, 2$ .	1.0	29
39	Association of Dietary Inflammatory Index with anthropometric indices in children and adolescents: the weight disorder survey of the Childhood and Adolescence Surveillance and Prevention of Adult Non-communicable Disease (CASPIAN)-IV study. British Journal of Nutrition, 2019, 121, 340-350.	1.2	28
40	The association of vitamin D deficiency with psychiatric distress and violence behaviors in Iranian adolescents: the CASPIAN-III study. Journal of Diabetes and Metabolic Disorders, 2015, 14, 62.	0.8	27
41	Are active and passive smoking associated with cardiometabolic risk factors in adolescents? The CASPIAN-III Study. Paediatrics and International Child Health, 2016, 36, 181-188.	0.3	27
42	Validity of a continuous metabolic syndrome score as an index for modeling metabolic syndrome in children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-V study. Diabetology and Metabolic Syndrome, 2017, 9, 89.	1.2	27
43	Methodology and early findings of the assessment of determinants of weight disorders among Iranian children and adolescents: The childhood and adolescence surveillance and prevention of adult Noncommunicable Disease-IV study. International Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2015, 6, 77.	0.2	27
44	First report on simplified diagnostic criteria for pre-hypertension and hypertension in a national sample of adolescents from the Middle East and North Africa: the CASPIAN-III study. Jornal De Pediatria, 2014, 90, 85-91.	0.9	26
45	Association between neck and wrist circumferences and cardiometabolic risk in children and adolescents: The CASPIAN-V study. Nutrition, 2017, 43-44, 32-38.	1.1	26
46	Utility of waist circumferenceâ€toâ€height ratio as a screening tool for generalized and central obesity among Iranian children and adolescents: The CASPIANâ€V study. Pediatric Diabetes, 2019, 20, 530-537.	1.2	26
47	Body mass index percentiles and elevated blood pressure among children and adolescents. Journal of Human Hypertension, 2020, 34, 319-325.	1.0	26
48	Joint Association of Screen Time and Physical Activity with Cardiometabolic Risk Factors in a National Sample of Iranian Adolescents: The CASPIANIII Study. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0154502.	1.1	26
49	Socioeconomic inequality in oral health behavior in Iranian children and adolescents by the Oaxaca-Blinder decomposition method: the CASPIAN- IV study. International Journal for Equity in Health, 2016, 15, 143.	1.5	25
50	A comprehensive health plan: The lifestyle affecting factors in iranian youth. International Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2018, 9, 1.	0.2	25
51	Association of Cardiometabolic Risk Factors and Hepatic Enzymes in a National Sample of Iranian Children and Adolescents. Journal of Pediatric Gastroenterology and Nutrition, 2014, 58, 463-468.	0.9	24
52	Joint Association of Active and Passive Smoking with Psychiatric Distress and Violence Behaviors in a Representative Sample of Iranian Children and Adolescents: the CASPIAN-IV Study. International Journal of Behavioral Medicine, 2015, 22, 652-661.	0.8	24
53	Association of dietary patterns with continuous metabolic syndrome in children and adolescents; a nationwide propensity score-matched analysis: the CASPIAN-V study. Diabetology and Metabolic Syndrome, 2018, 10, 52.	1.2	24
54	Association of neck circumference with general and abdominal obesity in children and adolescents: the weight disorders survey of the CASPIAN-IV study. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e011794.	0.8	23

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55	The association of parental obesity with physical activity and sedentary behaviors of their children: the CASPIAN-V study. Jornal De Pediatria, 2018, 94, 410-418.	0.9	23
56	Association of dietary behaviors, biochemical, and lifestyle factors with metabolic phenotypes of obesity in children and adolescents. Diabetology and Metabolic Syndrome, 2020, 12, 108.	1.2	23
57	BMI correlation with psychiatric problems among 10-18 years Iranian students. Acta Medica Iranica, 2012, 50, 177-84.	0.8	23
58	The association of birth weight with cardiovascular risk factors and mental problems among Iranian school-aged children: The CASPIAN-III Study. Nutrition, 2014, 30, 150-158.	1.1	22
59	Association of eating frequency with anthropometric indices and blood pressure in children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-IV Study. Jornal De Pediatria, 2016, 92, 156-167.	0.9	22
60	Association of passive and active smoking with self-rated health and life satisfaction in Iranian children and adolescents: the CASPIAN IV study. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e012694.	0.8	22
61	Is snack consumption associated with meal skipping in children and adolescents? The CASPIAN-IV study. Eating and Weight Disorders, 2017, 22, 321-328.	1.2	22
62	Association between screen time and snack consumption in children and adolescents: The CASPIAN-IV study. Journal of Pediatric Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2017, 30, 211-219.	0.4	21
63	Association of parental obesity with cardiometabolic risk factors in their children: The CASPIAN-V study. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0193978.	1.1	21
64	Prevalence of Prehypertension and Hypertension in a Nationally Representative Sample of Iranian Children and Adolescents: The CASPIAN-IV Study. International Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2014, 5, S57-64.	0.2	21
65	First report on body image and weight control in a nationally representative sample of a pediatric population in the Middle East and North Africa: the CASPIAN-III study. Archives of Medical Science, 2013, 2, 210-217.	0.4	20
66	Prevalence of Growth Disorders in a Nationally Representative Sample of Iranian Adolescents According to Socioeconomic Status: The CASPIAN-III Study. Pediatrics and Neonatology, 2015, 56, 242-247.	0.3	20
67	Childhood Overweight and Obesity and Associated Factors in Iranian Children and Adolescents: A Multilevel Analysis; the CASPIAN-IV Study. Frontiers in Pediatrics, 2018, 6, 393.	0.9	20
68	Physical inactivity and associated factors in Iranian children and adolescents: the Weight Disorders Survey of the CASPIAN-IV study. Journal of Cardiovascular and Thoracic Research, 2017, 9, 41-48.	0.3	20
69	Determinants of Tobacco and Hookah Smoking in a Nationally Representative Sample of Iranian Children and Adolescents: The CASPIAN-IV Study. Iranian Red Crescent Medical Journal, 2016, 18, e31099.	0.5	20
70	Association of sleep duration and snack consumption in children and adolescents: The CASPIANâ€V study. Food Science and Nutrition, 2020, 8, 1888-1897.	1.5	19
71	Factors associated with screen time in Iranian children and adolescents: The CASPIAN-IV study. International Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2017, 8, 31.	0.2	19
72	Percentiles for anthropometric measures in Iranian children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-IV study. Journal of Pediatric Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2016, 29, 1069-76.	0.4	18

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73	Association of Breakfast Intake with Psychiatric Distress and Violent Behaviors in Iranian Children and Adolescents: The CASPIAN-IV Study. Indian Journal of Pediatrics, 2016, 83, 922-929.	0.3	18
74	Socioeconomic inequality in childhood obesity and its determinants: a Blinder–Oaxaca decomposition. Jornal De Pediatria, 2018, 94, 131-139.	0.9	18
75	Seroprevalence of hepatitis A in Iranian adolescents: is it time to introduce a vaccine?. Epidemiology and Infection, 2016, 144, 291-296.	1.0	17
76	Prediction of dyslipidemia using gene mutations, family history of diseases and anthropometric indicators in children and adolescents: The CASPIAN-III study. Computational and Structural Biotechnology Journal, 2018, 16, 121-130.	1.9	17
77	Association of Anthropometric Measures with Cardiovascular Risk Factors and Metabolic Syndrome in Normal-Weight Children and Adolescents: The CASPIAN III Study. Obesity Facts, 2013, 6, 483-492.	1.6	16
78	Association of sleep duration with metabolic syndrome and its components in children and adolescents; a propensity score-matched analysis: the CASPIAN-V study. Diabetology and Metabolic Syndrome, 2018, 10, 78.	1.2	16
79	Association of ghrelin with cardiometabolic risk factors in Iranian adolescents: the CASPIAN-III study. Journal of Cardiovascular and Thoracic Research, 2016, 8, 107-112.	0.3	16
80	Weight disorders and anthropometric indices according to socioeconomic status of living place in Iranian children and adolescents: The CASPIAN-IV study. Journal of Research in Medical Sciences, 2015, 20, 440.	0.4	16
81	Regional Disparities in Sedentary Behaviors and Meal Frequency in Iranian Adolescents: The CASPIAN-III Study. Iranian Journal of Pediatrics, 2015, 25, e182.	0.1	16
82	First National Report on Aminotransaminases` Percentiles in Children of the Middle East and North Africa (MENA): the CASPIAN-III Study. Hepatitis Monthly, 2012, 12, e7711.	0.1	15
83	Association of short stature with life satisfaction and self-rated health in children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-IV study. Journal of Pediatric Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2016, 29, 1299-1306.	0.4	15
84	Prevalence of cardio-metabolic risk factors in a nationally representative sample of Iranian adolescents: The CASPIAN-III Study. Journal of Cardiovascular and Thoracic Research, 2017, 9, 12-20.	0.3	15
85	Discriminatory ability of visceral adiposity index as an indicator for modeling cardio-metabolic risk factors in pediatric population: the CASPIAN-V study. Journal of Cardiovascular and Thoracic Research, 2019, 11, 280-286.	0.3	15
86	A Nationwide Survey on the Daily Screen Time of Iranian Children and Adolescents: The CASPIAN - IV Study. International Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2014, 5, 224-9.	0.2	15
87	Regional Disparities in Psychiatric Distress, Violent Behavior, and Life Satisfaction in Iranian Adolescents. Journal of Developmental and Behavioral Pediatrics, 2014, 35, 582-590.	0.6	14
88	Association of hypertriglyceridemic-waist phenotype with liver enzymes and cardiometabolic risk factors in adolescents: the CASPIAN-III study. Jornal De Pediatria, 2016, 92, 512-520.	0.9	14
89	Association of anthropometric indices with continuous metabolic syndrome in children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-V study. Eating and Weight Disorders, 2018, 23, 597-604.	1.2	14
90	Inequality in utilization of in-patients health services in Iran. International Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2015, 6, 45.	0.2	14

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91	Socioeconomic Disparities in Dietary and Physical Activity Habits of Iranian Children and Adolescents: the CASPIAN-IV Study. Archives of Iranian Medicine, 2016, 19, 530-7.	0.2	14
92	Genetic association with low concentrations of high density lipoprotein-cholesterol in a pediatric population of the Middle East and North Africa: The CASPIAN-III study. Atherosclerosis, 2014, 237, 273-278.	0.4	13
93	Association of Breast Feeding and Birth Weight with Anthropometric Measures and Blood Pressure in Children and Adolescents: The CASPIAN-IV Study. Pediatrics and Neonatology, 2015, 56, 324-333.	0.3	13
94	Association of fruit and vegetable intake with meal skipping in children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-V study. Eating and Weight Disorders, 2020, 25, 903-910.	1.2	13
95	Validity of anthropometric indices in predicting high blood pressure risk factors in Iranian children and adolescents: CASPIANâ€V study. Journal of Clinical Hypertension, 2020, 22, 1009-1017.	1.0	13
96	Comparison common equations for LDL-C calculation with direct assay and developing a novel formula in Iranian children and adolescents: the CASPIAN V study. Lipids in Health and Disease, 2020, 19, 129.	1.2	13
97	Association of Overweight and Obesity with Mental Distress in Iranian Adolescents: The CASPIAN-III Study. International Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2014, 5, 256-61.	0.2	13
98	Association of 25-hydroxy Vitamin D levels with indexes of general and abdominal obesity in Iranian adolescents: The CASPIAN-III study. Journal of Research in Medical Sciences, 2015, 20, 122-6.	0.4	13
99	The relationship of serum vitamin D and Zinc in a nationally representative sample of Iranian children and adolescents: The CASPIAN-III study. Medical Journal of the Islamic Republic of Iran, 2016, 30, 430.	0.9	13
100	Generalized or Abdominal Obesity: Which One Better Identifies Cardiometabolic Risk Factors among Children and Adolescents? The CASPIAN III Study. Journal of Tropical Pediatrics, 2014, 60, 377-385.	0.7	12
101	Interaction of lipoprotein lipase polymorphisms with body mass index and birth weight to modulate lipid profiles in children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-III Study. Sao Paulo Medical Journal, 2016, 134, 121-129.	0.4	12
102	Association of obesity and health related quality of life in Iranian children and adolescents: the Weight Disorders Survey of the CASPIAN-IV study. Journal of Pediatric Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2017, 30, 923-929.	0.4	12
103	Determinants of life satisfaction in Iranian children and adolescents: the CASPIANâ€ŧV study. Child and Adolescent Mental Health, 2018, 23, 228-234.	1.8	12
104	Metabolic syndrome and associated factors in Iranian children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-V study. Journal of Cardiovascular and Thoracic Research, 2018, 10, 214-220.	0.3	12
105	Association of Anthropometric Indices With Metabolic Phenotypes of Obesity in Children and Adolescents: The CASPIAN-V Study. Frontiers in Endocrinology, 2019, 10, 786.	1.5	12
106	Secular trends in the national prevalence of overweight and obesity during 2007-2009 in 6-year-old Iranian children. Journal of Research in Medical Sciences, 2011, 16, 979-84.	0.4	12
107	Association of perceived weight status versus body mass index on adherence to weight-modifying plan among Iranian children and adolescents: The CASPIAN-IV study. Indian Pediatrics, 2015, 52, 857-863.	0.2	11
108	Relationship between leisure time screen activity and aggressive and violent behaviour in Iranian children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-IV Study. Paediatrics and International Child Health, 2015, 35, 305-311.	0.3	11

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109	Body weight misperception and health-related factors among Iranian children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-V study. Journal of Pediatric Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2017, 30, 1033-1040.	0.4	11
110	Prevalence of different metabolic phenotypes of obesity in Iranian children and adolescents: the CASPIAN V study. Journal of Diabetes and Metabolic Disorders, 2018, 17, 211-221.	0.8	11
111	Association of Physical Activity and Screen Time with Psychiatric Distress in Children and Adolescents: CASPIAN-IV Study. Journal of Tropical Pediatrics, 2019, 65, 361-372.	0.7	11
112	Association of meal skipping with subjective health complaints in children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-V study. Eating and Weight Disorders, 2020, 25, 241-246.	1.2	11
113	Growth Disorders Among 6-Year-Old Iranian Children. Iranian Red Crescent Medical Journal, 2014, 16, e6761.	0.5	11
114	Worldwide disaster loss and damage databases: A systematic review. Journal of Education and Health Promotion, 2021, 10, 329.	0.3	11
115	Comparison of the Prevalence and Risk Factors of Hepatitis A in 10 to 18-Year-Old Adolescents of Sixteen Iranian Provinces: The CASPIAN-III Study. Hepatitis Monthly, 2016, 16, e36437.	0.1	10
116	Heightâ€adjusted percentiles evaluated central obesity in children and adolescents more effectively than just waist circumference. Acta Paediatrica, International Journal of Paediatrics, 2017, 106, 112-119.	0.7	10
117	A hierarchical Bayesian tri-variate analysis on factors associated with anthropometric measures in a large sample of children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-IV study. Journal of Pediatric Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2018, 31, 443-449.	0.4	10
118	Association of alanine aminotransferase concentration with cardiometabolic risk factors in children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-V cross-sectional study. Sao Paulo Medical Journal, 2018, 136, 511-519.	0.4	10
119	The associations between noise annoyance and psychological distress with blood pressure in children and adolescents: The CASPIANâ€V Study. Journal of Clinical Hypertension, 2020, 22, 1434-1441.	1.0	10
120	Tri-ponderal mass index and body mass index in prediction of pediatric metabolic syndrome: the CASPIAN-V study. Archives of Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2020, 64, 171-178.	0.3	10
121	Body Weight Misperception and Psychological Distress Among Children and Adolescents: The CASPIAN-V Study. Osong Public Health and Research Perspectives, 2019, 10, 315-324.	0.7	10
122	Information Needs Assessment among Parents of Children with Cancer. Asian Pacific Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2019, 20, 1865-1870.	0.5	10
123	Are non-high–density lipoprotein fractions associated with pediatric metabolic syndrome? The CASPIAN-V study. Lipids in Health and Disease, 2018, 17, 257.	1.2	9
124	Passive smoking and cardiometabolic risk factors in Iranian children and adolescents: CASPIAN-V study. Journal of Diabetes and Metabolic Disorders, 2019, 18, 401-408.	0.8	9
125	Prevalence of cardiometabolic risk factors in a nationally representative sample of Iranian children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-V Study. Journal of Cardiovascular and Thoracic Research, 2018, 10, 76-82.	0.3	9
126	Assessment of overweight and obesity in Iranian adolescents: optimal cut-off values of anthropometric indices. Eastern Mediterranean Health Journal, 2018, 24, 975-987.	0.3	9

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127	Tobacco Use and Influencing Factors Among Iranian Children and Adolescents at National and Subnational Levels, According to Socioeconomic Status: The Caspian-IV Study. Iranian Red Crescent Medical Journal, 2016, 18, e21858.	0.5	9
128	First Report on Self-Rated Health in a Nationally-Representative Sample of Iranian Adolescents: The CASPIAN-iii study. International Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2013, 4, 146-52.	0.2	9
129	Tooth brushing and cardiometabolic risk factors in adolescents: Is there an association? The CASPIAN-III study. International Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2013, 4, 271-8.	0.2	9
130	Relationship of Serum Magnesium and Vitamin D Levels in a Nationally-Representative Sample of Iranian Adolescents: The CASPIAN-III Study. International Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2014, 5, 99-103.	0.2	9
131	Is the association of continuous metabolic syndrome risk score with body mass index independent of physical activity? The CASPIAN-III study. Nutrition Research and Practice, 2015, 9, 404.	0.7	8
132	Association of Serum Concentrations of Magnesium and Some Trace Elements with Cardiometabolic Risk Factors and Liver Enzymes in Adolescents: the CASPIAN-III Study. Biological Trace Element Research, 2015, 163, 97-102.	1.9	8
133	Age-Period-Cohort Analysis of Obesity and Overweight in Iranian Children and Adolescents. International Journal of Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2017, In Press, e13561.	0.3	8
134	Impact of dyslipidemia on estimated glomerular filtration rate in apparently healthy children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-V study. World Journal of Pediatrics, 2019, 15, 471-475.	0.8	8
135	Temporal Trend of Non-Invasive Method Capacity for Early Detection of Metabolic Syndrome in Children and Adolescents: A Bayesian Multilevel Analysis of Pseudo-Panel Data. Annals of Nutrition and Metabolism, 2019, 75, 55-65.	1.0	8
136	Comparing the validity of continuous metabolic syndrome risk scores for predicting pediatric metabolic syndrome: the CASPIAN-V study. Journal of Pediatric Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2019, 32, 383-389.	0.4	8
137	Association of birth weight with abdominal obesity and weight disorders in children and adolescents: the weight disorder survey of the CASPIAN-IV Study. Journal of Cardiovascular and Thoracic Research, 2017, 9, 140-146.	0.3	8
138	Does the socioeconomic status affect the prevalence of psychiatric distress and violent behaviors in children and adolescents? The CASPIAN-IV study. Minerva Pediatrics, 2017, 69, 264-273.	0.2	8
139	The association of socioeconomic status of family and living region with self-rated health and life satisfaction in children and adolescents: The CASPIAN-IV study. Medical Journal of the Islamic Republic of Iran, 2016, 30, 423.	0.9	8
140	Factors predicting mood changes in oral contraceptive pill users. Reproductive Health, 2013, 10, 45.	1.2	7
141	Association between psychosocial distress with cardio metabolic risk factors and liver enzymes in a nationally-representative sample of Iranian children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-III study. Journal of Diabetes and Metabolic Disorders, 2014, 13, 44.	0.8	7
142	Frequency of aggressive behaviors in a nationally representative sample of Iranian children and adolescents: The CASPIAN-IV study. International Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2015, 6, 6.	0.2	7
143	Seroprevalence and Risk Factors of Varicella Zoster Infection in Iranian Adolescents: A Multilevel Analysis; The CASPIAN-III Study. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0158398.	1.1	7
144	Is single-child family associated with cardio-metabolic risk factors: the CASPIAN-V study. BMC Cardiovascular Disorders, 2018, 18, 109.	0.7	7

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145	Wrist circumference as a novel predictor of obesity in children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-IV study. Journal of Pediatric Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2018, 31, 717-725.	0.4	7
146	Association of screen time with subjective health complaints in Iranian school-aged children and adolescents: the CASPIAN-V study. Zeitschrift Fur Gesundheitswissenschaften, 2020, 28, 31-40.	0.8	7
147	Association ofÂdietary acid load with anthropometric indices in children and adolescents. Eating and Weight Disorders, 2021, 26, 555-567.	1.2	7
148	Glomerular Hyperfiltration as Predictor of Cardiometabolic Risk Factors among Children and Adolescents: The Childhood and Adolescence Surveillance and Prevention of Adult-V Study. International Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2018, 9, 33.	0.2	7
149	Are active and passive smoking associated with cardiometabolic risk factors in adolescents? The CASPIAN-III Study. Paediatrics and International Child Health, $0$ , , $1$ -8.	0.3	6
150	A comparison between body mass index and waist circumference for identifying continuous metabolic syndrome risk score components in Iranian school-aged children using a structural equation modeling approach: the CASPIAN-V study. Eating and Weight Disorders, 2021, 26, 1609-1616.	1.2	6
151	Exposure to Hookah and Cigarette Smoke in Children and Adolescents According to Their Socio-Economic Status: The CASPIAN-IV Study. Iranian Journal of Pediatrics, 2016, 26, e3036.	0.1	6
152	Self-Rated Health and Life Satisfaction in Iranian Children and Adolescents at the National and Provincial Level: The CASPIAN-IV Study. Iranian Red Crescent Medical Journal, 2016, 18, .	0.5	6
153	Risk-Taking Behaviors in Iranian Children and Adolescents: A Latent Class Analysis Approach: Caspian IV Study. Journal of Research in Health Sciences, 2018, 18, e00428.	0.9	6
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