

# Peter L Strick

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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64  
papers

21,008  
citations

57631

44  
h-index

118652

62  
g-index

66  
all docs

66  
docs citations

66  
times ranked

15270  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Basal ganglia and cerebellar loops: motor and cognitive circuits. <i>Brain Research Reviews</i> , 2000, 31, 236-250.	9.1	1,677
2	Motor Areas of the Medial Wall: A Review of Their Location and Functional Activation. <i>Cerebral Cortex</i> , 1996, 6, 342-353.	1.6	1,590
3	Cerebellum and Nonmotor Function. <i>Annual Review of Neuroscience</i> , 2009, 32, 413-434.	5.0	1,469
4	Cerebellar Loops with Motor Cortex and Prefrontal Cortex of a Nonhuman Primate. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2003, 23, 8432-8444.	1.7	1,365
5	Imaging the premotor areas. <i>Current Opinion in Neurobiology</i> , 2001, 11, 663-672.	2.0	1,089
6	Cerebellar Projections to the Prefrontal Cortex of the Primate. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2001, 21, 700-712.	1.7	894
7	The cerebellum communicates with the basal ganglia. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2005, 8, 1491-1493.	7.1	727
8	Frontal lobe inputs to primate motor cortex: evidence for four somatotopically organized "premotor" areas. <i>Brain Research</i> , 1979, 177, 176-182.	1.1	666
9	The basal ganglia communicate with the cerebellum. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2010, 107, 8452-8456.	3.3	653
10	Cerebellar networks with the cerebral cortex and basal ganglia. <i>Trends in Cognitive Sciences</i> , 2013, 17, 241-254.	4.0	634
11	Muscle and Movement Representations in the Primary Motor Cortex. <i>Science</i> , 1999, 285, 2136-2139.	6.0	630
12	Basal Ganglia Output and Cognition: Evidence from Anatomical, Behavioral, and Clinical Studies. <i>Brain and Cognition</i> , 2000, 42, 183-200.	0.8	589
13	An Unfolded Map of the Cerebellar Dentate Nucleus and its Projections to the Cerebral Cortex. <i>Journal of Neurophysiology</i> , 2003, 89, 634-639.	0.9	579
14	Motor areas in the frontal lobe of the primate. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2002, 77, 677-682.	1.0	570
15	The basal ganglia and the cerebellum: nodes in an integrated network. <i>Nature Reviews Neuroscience</i> , 2018, 19, 338-350.	4.9	517
16	Subdivisions of primary motor cortex based on cortico-motoneuronal cells. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2009, 106, 918-923.	3.3	500
17	Interconnections between the prefrontal cortex and the premotor areas in the frontal lobe. <i>Journal of Comparative Neurology</i> , 1994, 341, 375-392.	0.9	487
18	Frontal Lobe Inputs to the Digit Representations of the Motor Areas on the Lateral Surface of the Hemisphere. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2005, 25, 1375-1386.	1.7	461

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19	The Organization of Cerebellar and Basal Ganglia Outputs to Primary Motor Cortex as Revealed by Retrograde Transneuronal Transport of Herpes Simplex Virus Type 1. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 1999, 19, 1446-1463.	1.7	418
20	Spinal Cord Terminations of the Medial Wall Motor Areas in Macaque Monkeys. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 1996, 16, 6513-6525.	1.7	379
21	Muscle representation in the macaque motor cortex: An anatomical perspective. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2006, 103, 8257-8262.	3.3	376
22	Supplementary Motor Area and Presupplementary Motor Area: Targets of Basal Ganglia and Cerebellar Output. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2007, 27, 10659-10673.	1.7	374
23	Consensus Paper: Towards a Systems-Level View of Cerebellar Function: the Interplay Between Cerebellum, Basal Ganglia, and Cortex. <i>Cerebellum</i> , 2017, 16, 203-229.	1.4	321
24	The Spinothalamic System Targets Motor and Sensory Areas in the Cerebral Cortex of Monkeys. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2009, 29, 14223-14235.	1.7	315
25	Direction of action is represented in the ventral premotor cortex. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2001, 4, 1020-1025.	7.1	308
26	The Cerebellum and Basal Ganglia are Interconnected. <i>Neuropsychology Review</i> , 2010, 20, 261-270.	2.5	299
27	Rabies as a transneuronal tracer of circuits in the central nervous system. <i>Journal of Neuroscience Methods</i> , 2000, 103, 63-71.	1.3	294
28	Brains, Genes, and Primates. <i>Neuron</i> , 2015, 86, 617-631.	3.8	231
29	Cerebellar Output Channels. <i>International Review of Neurobiology</i> , 1997, 41, 61-82.	0.9	218
30	Basal Ganglia and Cerebellar Inputs to $\hat{A}P$ . <i>Cerebral Cortex</i> , 2005, 15, 913-920.	1.6	212
31	Current Opinions and Areas of Consensus on the Role of the Cerebellum in Dystonia. <i>Cerebellum</i> , 2017, 16, 577-594.	1.4	184
32	Cerebellar vermis is a target of projections from the motor areas in the cerebral cortex. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2011, 108, 16068-16073.	3.3	182
33	Macro-architecture of basal ganglia loops with the cerebral cortex: use of rabies virus to reveal multisynaptic circuits. <i>Progress in Brain Research</i> , 2004, 143, 447-459.	0.9	170
34	Cerebellar connections with the motor cortex and the arcuate premotor area: An analysis employing retrograde transneuronal transport of WGA-HRP. <i>Journal of Comparative Neurology</i> , 1989, 288, 612-626.	0.9	156
35	Motor, cognitive, and affective areas of the cerebral cortex influence the adrenal medulla. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2016, 113, 9922-9927.	3.3	155
36	Skill Representation in the Primary Motor Cortex After Long-Term Practice. <i>Journal of Neurophysiology</i> , 2007, 97, 1819-1832.	0.9	137

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37	Motor and Nonmotor Domains in the Monkey Dentate. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2002, 978, 289-301.	1.8	115
38	Step-Tracking Movements of the Wrist. IV. Muscle Activity Associated With Movements in Different Directions. <i>Journal of Neurophysiology</i> , 1999, 81, 319-333.	0.9	112
39	Activation of the Supplementary Motor Area (SMA) during Performance of Visually Guided Movements. <i>Cerebral Cortex</i> , 2003, 13, 977-986.	1.6	106
40	Extended practice of a motor skill is associated with reduced metabolic activity in M1. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2013, 16, 1340-1347.	7.1	105
41	Posterior parietal cortex contains a command apparatus for hand movements. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2017, 114, 4255-4260.	3.3	97
42	Activation on the Medial Wall During Remembered Sequences of Reaching Movements in Monkeys. <i>Journal of Neurophysiology</i> , 1997, 77, 2197-2201.	0.9	87
43	Corticomotoneuronal cells are "functionally tuned". <i>Science</i> , 2015, 350, 667-670.	6.0	79
44	Multiple areas of the cerebral cortex influence the stomach. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2020, 117, 13078-13083.	3.3	63
45	The Cortical Motor Areas and the Emergence of Motor Skills: A Neuroanatomical Perspective. <i>Annual Review of Neuroscience</i> , 2021, 44, 425-447.	5.0	53
46	The Motor Cortex Communicates with the Kidney. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2012, 32, 6726-6731.	1.7	52
47	Inactivation of the Dorsal Premotor Area Disrupts Internally Generated, But Not Visually Guided, Sequential Movements. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2016, 36, 1971-1976.	1.7	47
48	Motor Areas on the Medial Wall of the Hemisphere. <i>Novartis Foundation Symposium</i> , 1998, 218, 64-80.	1.2	45
49	The mind-body problem: Circuits that link the cerebral cortex to the adrenal medulla. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2019, 116, 26321-26328.	3.3	42
50	Transneuronal tracing with neurotropic viruses reveals network macroarchitecture. <i>Current Opinion in Neurobiology</i> , 2013, 23, 245-249.	2.0	33
51	Novel proteoglycan epitope expressed in functionally discrete patterns in primate cortical and subcortical regions. <i>Journal of Comparative Neurology</i> , 2001, 430, 369-388.	0.9	24
52	Activity of wrist muscles during step-tracking movements in different directions. <i>Brain Research</i> , 1986, 367, 287-291.	1.1	21
53	Cortical basis for skilled vocalization. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2022, 119, e2122345119.	3.3	19
54	The motor cortex uses active suppression to sculpt movement. <i>Science Advances</i> , 2020, 6, .	4.7	17

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55	Force requirements and patterns of muscle activity. Behavioral and Brain Sciences, 1989, 12, 221-224.	0.4	12
56	3D Reconstruction and Standardization of the Rat Facial Nucleus for Precise Mapping of Vibrissal Motor Networks. Neuroscience, 2018, 368, 171-186.	1.1	11
57	Motor Areas in the Frontal Lobe. Frontiers in Neuroscience, 2004, , .	0.0	11
58	Targeted single-neuron infection with rabies virus for transneuronal multisynaptic tracing. Journal of Neuroscience Methods, 2012, 209, 367-370.	1.3	9
59	The development of the basal ganglia in Capuchin monkeys (Cebus apella). Brain Research, 2010, 1329, 82-88.	1.1	4
60	The Neuropsychology of Movement and Movement Disorders: Neuroanatomical and Cognitive Considerations. Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society, 2017, 23, 768-777.	1.2	4
61	Cerebellar Outputs in Non-human Primates: An Anatomical Perspective Using Transsynaptic Tracers. , 2013, , 549-569.		4
62	Establishing the marmoset as a non-human primate model of Alzheimer's disease. Alzheimer's and Dementia, 2021, 17, e049952.	0.4	2
63	Motor systems. Current Opinion in Neurobiology, 2006, 16, 601-603.	2.0	1
64	Cerebellar Outputs in Non-human Primates: An Anatomical Perspective Using Transsynaptic Tracers. , 2022, , 681-701.		0