

Xiu-Jie Wu

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

48

papers

1,740

citations

361413

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289244

40

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docs citations

49

times ranked

1263

citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Resolving the ‘muddle in the middle’: The case for <i>Homo bodoensis</i> sp. nov.. <i>Evolutionary Anthropology</i> , 2022, 31, 20-29.	3.4	30
2	Evolution of cranial capacity revisited: A view from the late Middle Pleistocene cranium from Xujiayao, China. <i>Journal of Human Evolution</i> , 2022, 163, 103119.	2.6	10
3	Hominin evolution and diversity: a comparison of earlier-Middle and later-Middle Pleistocene hominin fossil variation in China. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2022, 377, 20210040.	4.0	4
4	Middle Pleistocene human femoral diaphyses from Hualongdong, Anhui Province, China. <i>American Journal of Physical Anthropology</i> , 2021, 174, 285-298.	2.1	3
5	Neurocranial abnormalities in the Middle Pleistocene <i>Homo erectus</i> fossils from Hexian, China. <i>International Journal of Osteoarchaeology</i> , 2021, 31, 285-292.	1.2	0
6	On the misidentification and unreliable context of the new ‘human teeth’ from Fuyan Cave (China). <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2021, 118, .	7.1	16
7	Asymmetries of Cerebellar Lobe in the Genus Homo. <i>Symmetry</i> , 2021, 13, 988.	2.2	5
8	Morphological description and evolutionary significance of 300 ka hominin facial bones from Hualongdong, China. <i>Journal of Human Evolution</i> , 2021, 161, 103052.	2.6	9
9	A computerized facial approximation method for archaic humans based on dense facial soft tissue thickness depths. <i>Archaeological and Anthropological Sciences</i> , 2021, 13, 1.	1.8	7
10	A computerized craniofacial reconstruction method for an unidentified skull based on statistical shape models. <i>Multimedia Tools and Applications</i> , 2020, 79, 25589-25611.	3.9	13
11	New permanent teeth from Gran Dolina-TD6 (Sierra de Atapuerca). The bearing of <i>Homo antecessor</i> on the evolutionary scenario of Early and Middle Pleistocene Europe. <i>Journal of Human Evolution</i> , 2019, 127, 93-117.	2.6	17
12	Archaic human remains from Hualongdong, China, and Middle Pleistocene human continuity and variation. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2019, 116, 9820-9824.	7.1	40
13	Mosaic dental morphology in a terminal Pleistocene hominin from Dushan Cave in southern China. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 2347.	3.3	18
14	Cranio-morphometric and aDNA corroboration of the Austronesian dispersal model in ancient Island Southeast Asia: Support from Gua Harimau, Indonesia. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0198689.	2.5	23
15	Comparing methods for estimating cranial capacity in incomplete human fossils using the Jingchuan 1 partial cranium as an example. <i>Quaternary International</i> , 2017, 434, 57-64.	1.5	2
16	A mandible from the Middle Pleistocene Hexian site and its significance in relation to the variability of Asian <i>Homo erectus</i> . <i>American Journal of Physical Anthropology</i> , 2017, 162, 715-731.	2.1	23
17	Late Pleistocene archaic human crania from Xuchang, China. <i>Science</i> , 2017, 355, 969-972.	12.6	150
18	Early Pleistocene hominin deciduous teeth from the <i>Homo antecessor</i> Gran Dolina-TD6 bearing level (Sierra de Atapuerca, Spain). <i>American Journal of Physical Anthropology</i> , 2017, 163, 602-615.	2.1	9

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19	<i>Homo sapiens</i> in the Eastern Asian Late Pleistocene. Current Anthropology, 2017, 58, S434-S448.	1.6	52
20	External auditory exostoses in the Xuchang and Xujiayao human remains: Patterns and implications among eastern Eurasian Middle and Late Pleistocene crania. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0189390.	2.5	12
21	The endocranial anatomy of maba 1. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 2016, 160, 633-643.	2.1	26
22	Craniometric examination of Longxian and Qi Li Cun archaeological sites to assess population continuity in ancient northern China. HOMO-Journal of Comparative Human Biology, 2016, 67, 369-383.	0.7	1
23	Perikymata distribution in <i>Homo</i> with special reference to the Xujiayao juvenile. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 2015, 157, 684-693.	2.1	13
24	Early Modern Humans and Morphological Variation in Southeast Asia: Fossil Evidence from Tam Pa Ling, Laos. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0121193.	2.5	53
25	The earliest unequivocally modern humans in southern China. Nature, 2015, 526, 696-699.	27.8	354
26	A paleoneurological survey of Homo erectus endocranial metrics. Quaternary International, 2015, 368, 80-87.	1.5	28
27	Hominin teeth from the early <scp>L</scp>ate <scp>P</scp>leistocene site of <scp>X</scp>ujiayao, <scp>N</scp>orthern <scp>C</scp>hina. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 2015, 156, 224-240.	2.1	98
28	The Xujiayao 14 Mandibular Ramus and Pleistocene Homo Mandibular Variation. Comptes Rendus - Palevol, 2014, 13, 333-341.	0.2	35
29	Temporal labyrinths of eastern Eurasian Pleistocene humans. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2014, 111, 10509-10513.	7.1	46
30	Latitudinal and climatic distributions of 3D craniofacial features among Holocene populations. Science China Earth Sciences, 2014, 57, 1692-1700.	5.2	6
31	Late Middle Pleistocene hominin teeth from Panxian Dadong, South China. Journal of Human Evolution, 2013, 64, 337-355.	2.6	59
32	An Enlarged Parietal Foramen in the Late Archaic Xujiayao 11 Neurocranium from Northern China, and Rare Anomalies among Pleistocene Homo. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e59587.	2.5	27
33	Dentoalveolar paleopathology of the early modern humans from Zhirendong, South China. International Journal of Paleopathology, 2012, 2, 10-18.	1.4	17
34	Nasal floor variation among eastern Eurasian Pleistocene <i>Homo</i>. Anthropological Science, 2012, 120, 217-226.	0.4	21
35	The Hominid Fossils from China Contemporaneous with the Neanderthals and Some Related Studies. Vertebrate Paleobiology and Paleoanthropology, 2011, , 77-87.	0.5	4
36	Identification of Zhoukoudian Homo erectus brain asymmetry using 3D laser scanning. Science Bulletin, 2011, 56, 2215-2220.	1.7	4

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37	A new brain endocast of <i>Homo erectus</i> from Hulu Cave, Nanjing, China. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 2011, 145, 452-460.	2.1	12
38	Antemortem trauma and survival in the late Middle Pleistocene human cranium from Maba, South China. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2011, 108, 19558-19562.	7.1	71
39	Late Pleistocene human skull from Jingchuan, Gansu Province. Science Bulletin, 2010, 55, 1047-1052.	1.7	4
40	A new <i>Homo erectus</i> (Zhoukoudian V) brain endocast from China. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2010, 277, 337-344.	2.6	10
41	Human remains from Zhirendong, South China, and modern human emergence in East Asia. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2010, 107, 19201-19206.	7.1	223
42	Huanglong Cave: A Late Pleistocene human fossil site in Hubei Province, China. Quaternary International, 2010, 211, 29-41.	1.5	76
43	Morphological and morphometric analysis of variation in the Zhoukoudian <i>Homo erectus</i> brain endocasts. Quaternary International, 2010, 211, 4-13.	1.5	21
44	Evidence of fire use of late Pleistocene humans from the Huanglong Cave, Hubei Province, China. Science Bulletin, 2009, 54, 256-264.	9.0	7
45	Virtual three dimensions reconstruction and isoline analysis of human marks on the surface of animal fossils. Science Bulletin, 2009, 54, 1564-1569.	9.0	3
46	The brain morphology of <i>Homo Liujiang</i> cranium fossil by three-dimensional computed tomography. Science Bulletin, 2008, 53, 2513-2519.	9.0	12
47	Craniofacial morphological microevolution of Holocene populations in northern China. Science Bulletin, 2007, 52, 1661-1668.	1.7	22
48	Endocranial cast of Hexian <i>Homo erectus</i> from South China. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 2006, 130, 445-454.	2.1	41