Steven E Schild

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

68 131 490 20,225 h-index g-index citations papers 6.47 23,385 507 3.1 L-index avg, IF ext. citations ext. papers

| # | Paper | IF | Citations |
|-----|---|-------|-----------|
| 490 | Biologically Effective Dose and Rectal Bleeding in Definitive Proton Therapy for Prostate Cancer <i>International Journal of Particle Therapy</i> , 2022 , 8, 37-46 | 1.5 | |
| 489 | Gastroesophageal reflux disease and paraneoplastic neurological syndrome associated with long-term survival in limited stage small-cell lung cancer <i>Thoracic Cancer</i> , 2022 , | 3.2 | 1 |
| 488 | Estimating the Probability of Not Completing the Intended Course of Thoracic Radiotherapy for Lung Cancer <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2022 , 42, 1973-1977 | 2.3 | |
| 487 | Empirical Relative Biological Effectiveness (RBE) for Mandible Osteoradionecrosis (ORN) in Head and Neck Cancer Patients Treated With Pencil-Beam-Scanning Proton Therapy (PBSPT): A Retrospective, Case-Matched Cohort Study <i>Frontiers in Oncology</i> , 2022 , 12, 843175 | 5.3 | 1 |
| 486 | Risk Factors for Sleep Problems Prior to Radiochemotherapy for Malignant Gliomas <i>In Vivo</i> , 2022 , 36, 325-329 | 2.3 | О |
| 485 | Prognostic Factors of Survival After Radiotherapy for Lung Cancer-The Impact of Smoking Pack Years <i>In Vivo</i> , 2022 , 36, 1297-1301 | 2.3 | |
| 484 | Risk Factors for Xerostomia Following Radiotherapy of Head-and-Neck Cancers <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2022 , 42, 2657-2663 | 2.3 | |
| 483 | Prognostic Value of Preclinical Markers after Radiotherapy of Metastatic Spinal Cord Compression An Additional Analysis of Patients from Two Prospective Trials. <i>Cancers</i> , 2022 , 14, 2547 | 6.6 | 0 |
| 482 | Sleep Disturbances in Lung Cancer Patients Assigned to Definitive or Adjuvant Irradiation. <i>In Vivo</i> , 2021 , 35, 3333-3337 | 2.3 | |
| 481 | Consensus Statement on Proton Therapy in Mesothelioma. <i>Practical Radiation Oncology</i> , 2021 , 11, 119- | 13.38 | 4 |
| 480 | Karnofsky Performance Score - An Independent Prognostic Factor of Survival After Palliative Irradiation for Sino-nasal Cancer. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2021 , 41, 2495-2499 | 2.3 | O |
| 479 | Palliative Local Radiotherapy for Advanced Squamous Cell Carcinoma of the Head-and-Neck: Prognostic Factors of Survival. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2021 , 41, 3205-3210 | 2.3 | |
| 478 | Dose-volume histogram parameters and patient-reported EPIC-Bowel domain in prostate cancer proton therapy. <i>Radiation Oncology Journal</i> , 2021 , 39, 122-128 | 2.5 | |
| 477 | Technical Note: 4D robust optimization in small spot intensity-modulated proton therapy (IMPT) for distal esophageal carcinoma. <i>Medical Physics</i> , 2021 , 48, 4636-4647 | 4.4 | 0 |
| 476 | EMBR-03. PINEOBLASTOMA: A POOLED OUTCOME STUDY OF NORTH AMERICAN AND AUSTRALIAN THERAPEUTIC DATA. <i>Neuro-Oncology</i> , 2021 , 23, i6-i6 | 1 | 78 |
| 475 | A New Survival Score for Patients Scheduled for Palliative Irradiation of Locally Advanced Carcinoma of the Head-and-Neck. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2021 , 41, 3055-3058 | 2.3 | О |
| 474 | Exploratory Investigation of Dose-Linear Energy Transfer (LET) Volume Histogram (DLVH) for Adverse Events Study in Intensity Modulated Proton Therapy (IMPT). <i>International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics</i> , 2021 , 110, 1189-1199 | 4 | 4 |

(2021-2021)

| 473 | Technical Note: Multiple energy extraction techniques for synchrotron-based proton delivery systems may exacerbate motion interplay effects in lung cancer treatments. <i>Medical Physics</i> , 2021 , 48, 4812-4823 | 4.4 | O |
|-----|---|------|---|
| 472 | Impact of Cardiac Dose on Overall Survival in Lung Stereotactic Body Radiotherapy (SBRT) Compared to Conventionally Fractionated Radiotherapy for Locally Advanced Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (LA-NSCLC). <i>Journal of Cancer Therapy</i> , 2021 , 12, 409-423 | 0.2 | |
| 471 | Palliative Radiotherapy of Primary Glioblastoma. <i>In Vivo</i> , 2021 , 35, 483-487 | 2.3 | 2 |
| 470 | Comparison of Conventional Fractionation and Accelerated Fractionation With Concomitant Boost for Radiotherapy of Non-metastatic Stage IV Head-and-Neck Cancer. <i>In Vivo</i> , 2021 , 35, 411-415 | 2.3 | 1 |
| 469 | A New Survival Score for Patients Receiving Radiotherapy for Newly Diagnosed Glioblastoma Multiforme. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2021 , 41, 379-384 | 2.3 | 1 |
| 468 | Using Novel Statistical Techniques to Accurately Determine the Predictive Dose Range in a Study of Overall Survival after Definitive Radiotherapy for Stage III Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer in Association with Heart Dose. <i>Journal of Cancer Therapy</i> , 2021 , 12, 505-529 | 0.2 | 1 |
| 467 | Comparison of 5 Laurence Grand 10 Laurence Grand Compression using data from three prospective trials. <i>Radiation Oncology</i> , 2021 , 16, 7 | 4.2 | 3 |
| 466 | Proton beam radiotherapy for patients with early-stage and advanced lung cancer: a narrative review with contemporary clinical recommendations. <i>Journal of Thoracic Disease</i> , 2021 , 13, 1270-1285 | 2.6 | 1 |
| 465 | Frequency and Risk Factors of Sleep Disturbances in Patients With Prostate Cancer Assigned to Local or Loco-regional Radiotherapy. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2021 , 41, 5165-5169 | 2.3 | 1 |
| 464 | Sleep Disorders Prior to Adjuvant Radiation Therapy for Gynecological Malignancies. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2021 , 41, 4407-4410 | 2.3 | 1 |
| 463 | Evaluation of Pre-radiotherapy Sleep Disorders in Patients With Rectal or Anal Cancer. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2021 , 41, 4439-4442 | 2.3 | 1 |
| 462 | Risk Factors for Sleep Disturbances in Patients Scheduled for Radiotherapy of Head-and-Neck Cancer. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2021 , 41, 5065-5069 | 2.3 | 1 |
| 461 | Sleep Disorders Before and During the COVID-19 Pandemic in Patients Assigned to Adjuvant Radiotherapy for Breast Cancer. <i>In Vivo</i> , 2021 , 35, 2253-2260 | 2.3 | 3 |
| 460 | Accelerated Fractionation With Concomitant Boost . Conventional Radio-chemotherapy for Definitive Treatment of Locally Advanced Squamous Cell Carcinoma of the Head-and-Neck (SCCHN). <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2021 , 41, 477-484 | 2.3 | |
| 459 | Accelerated Fractionation Plus Chemotherapy Conventionally Fractionated Radiochemotherapy for Unresectable Head-and-Neck Cancer. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2021 , 41, 877-884 | 2.3 | 0 |
| 458 | Palliative Radiotherapy for Cutaneous Squamous Cell Carcinoma of the Head-and-Neck Region. <i>In Vivo</i> , 2021 , 35, 2283-2288 | 2.3 | O |
| 457 | Emotional Problems Prior to Adjuvant Radiation Therapy for Breast Cancer. <i>In Vivo</i> , 2021 , 35, 2763-2770 | 02.3 | 1 |
| 456 | Higher Radiation Dose to the Immune Cells Correlates with Worse Tumor Control and Overall Survival in Patients with Stage III NSCLC: A Secondary Analysis of RTOG0617 <i>Cancers</i> , 2021 , 13, | 6.6 | 4 |

| 455 | Prognostic Factors of Local Control and Survival in Patients Irradiated for Glioblastoma Multiforme (GBM). <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2020 , 40, 7025-7030 | 2.3 | 1 |
|-----|---|-----|-----|
| 454 | Re-Irradiation for Recurrent Glioblastoma Multiforme. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2020 , 40, 7077-7081 | 2.3 | 3 |
| 453 | Regarding Small Cell, Big Dilemma. <i>International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics</i> , 2020 , 107, 865 | 4 | |
| 452 | Clinical Prognostic Factors for Local Control and Survival After Irradiation of Grade II Gliomas. <i>In Vivo</i> , 2020 , 34, 3719-3722 | 2.3 | 1 |
| 451 | Remaining Lifespan of Patients Aged 🛭 5 Years Receiving Whole-brain Irradiation for Metastases from Cancer of Unknown Primary. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2020 , 40, 2261-2264 | 2.3 | 1 |
| 450 | Elderly Patients With Single Brain Metastasis - Overall Survival After Surgery Plus Whole-Brain Irradiation and a Radiation Boost. <i>In Vivo</i> , 2020 , 34, 1421-1425 | 2.3 | 1 |
| 449 | Radiochemotherapy with or without cetuximab for unresectable esophageal cancer: final results of alrandomized phase trial (LEOPARD-2). <i>Strahlentherapie Und Onkologie</i> , 2020 , 196, 795-804 | 4.3 | 3 |
| 448 | A Scoring Tool to Estimate the Survival of Elderly Patients With Brain Metastases from Esophageal Cancer Receiving Whole-brain Irradiation. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2020 , 40, 1661-1664 | 2.3 | 1 |
| 447 | Seizures Prior to Whole-brain Irradiation for Metastatic Disease: Prevalence, Risk Factors and Association With Survival. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2020 , 40, 3429-3434 | 2.3 | 1 |
| 446 | Extra-cerebral Metastasis - An Independent Predictor of Survival in Older Patients With Brain Metastases Receiving a Local Therapy Plus Whole-Brain Radiotherapy (WBRT). <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2020 , 40, 2841-2845 | 2.3 | 1 |
| 445 | Interval Between Cancer Diagnosis and Radiotherapy - An Independent Prognostic Factor of Survival in Patients Irradiated for Bone Metastases from Kidney Cancer. <i>In Vivo</i> , 2020 , 34, 767-770 | 2.3 | |
| 444 | Practice Recommendations for Lung Cancer Radiotherapy During the COVID-19 Pandemic: An ESTRO-ASTRO Consensus Statement. <i>International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics</i> , 2020 , 107, 631-640 | 4 | 26 |
| 443 | Survival After Stereotactic Radiosurgery (SRS) or Fractionated Stereotactic Radiotherapy (FSRT) for Cerebral Metastases in the Elderly. <i>In Vivo</i> , 2020 , 34, 1909-1913 | 2.3 | 1 |
| 442 | Seizures Prior to Radiotherapy of Gliomas: Prevalence, Risk Factors and Survival Prognosis. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2020 , 40, 3961-3965 | 2.3 | 3 |
| 441 | Robust Optimization for Intensity Modulated Proton Therapy to Redistribute High Linear Energy Transfer from Nearby Critical Organs to Tumors in Head and Neck Cancer. <i>International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics</i> , 2020 , 107, 181-193 | 4 | 15 |
| 440 | Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group Performance Score Is Associated With Survival After Radiotherapy of Bone Metastases from Prostate Cancer. <i>In Vivo</i> , 2020 , 34, 679-682 | 2.3 | 1 |
| 439 | A Disease-specific Score for Estimating Survival After Irradiation of Bone Metastases from Colorectal Cancer. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2020 , 40, 287-291 | 2.3 | 1 |
| 438 | Practice recommendations for lung cancer radiotherapy during the COVID-19 pandemic: An ESTRO-ASTRO consensus statement. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2020 , 146, 223-229 | 5.3 | 105 |

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| 437 | Individualisation of Radiation Therapy for Older Persons With Secondary Brain Lesions from Carcinoma of the Breast. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2020 , 40, 2271-2274 | 2.3 | 1 |
|--------------------------|--|-------------------|-------------|
| 436 | An Easy-To-Use Survival Score Compared to Existing Tools for Older Patients with Cerebral Metastases from Colorectal Cancer. <i>Cancers</i> , 2020 , 12, | 6.6 | 1 |
| 435 | Pre-Treatment Seizures in Patients With 1-3 Cerebral Metastases Receiving Local Therapies Plus Whole-brain Radiotherapy. <i>In Vivo</i> , 2020 , 34, 2727-2731 | 2.3 | О |
| 434 | Re-Evaluation of Prognostic Factors for Survival After Radiotherapy of Cerebral Gliomas: A Supplementary Analysis to a Previous Study. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2020 , 40, 6513-6515 | 2.3 | 1 |
| 433 | An Instrument to Guide Physicians when Estimating the Survival of Elderly Patients With Brain Metastasis from Gynecological Cancer. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2020 , 40, 2257-2260 | 2.3 | 2 |
| 432 | Evaluation of Five Survival Scores in a Cohort of Elderly Patients With Cerebral Metastasis from Non-small Cell Lung Cancer. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2020 , 40, 2847-2851 | 2.3 | 1 |
| 431 | Occurrence of Seizures Prior to Single-fraction Radiosurgery or Multi-fraction Stereotactic Radiotherapy in Patients With Very Few Brain Metastases. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2020 , 40, 3499-3504 | 2.3 | 1 |
| 430 | A Simple Clinical Instrument to Predict the Survival Probability of Breast Cancer Patients Receiving Radiotherapy for Bone Metastases. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2020 , 40, 367-371 | 2.3 | |
| 429 | Precision Radiation Therapy for Metastatic Spinal Cord Compression: Final Results of the PRE-MODE Trial. <i>International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics</i> , 2020 , 106, 780-789 | 4 | 8 |
| 428 | Hybrid 3D analytical linear energy transfer calculation algorithm based on precalculated data from Monte Carlo simulations. <i>Medical Physics</i> , 2020 , 47, 745-752 | 4.4 | 11 |
| | | | |
| 427 | An easy-to-use scoring system to estimate the survival of patients irradiated for bone metastases from lung cancer. <i>Translational Lung Cancer Research</i> , 2020 , 9, 1067-1073 | 4.4 | 2 |
| 427 426 | | 2.3 | 2 |
| | from lung cancer. <i>Translational Lung Cancer Research</i> , 2020 , 9, 1067-1073 Beam angle comparison for distal esophageal carcinoma patients treated with intensity-modulated | | 4 3 |
| 426 | From lung cancer. Translational Lung Cancer Research, 2020, 9, 1067-1073 Beam angle comparison for distal esophageal carcinoma patients treated with intensity-modulated proton therapy. Journal of Applied Clinical Medical Physics, 2020, 21, 141-152 Intensity-modulated proton therapy (IMPT) interplay effect evaluation of asymmetric breathing with simultaneous uncertainty considerations in patients with non-small cell lung cancer. Medical | 2.3 | 4 |
| 426 425 | From lung cancer. <i>Translational Lung Cancer Research</i> , 2020 , 9, 1067-1073 Beam angle comparison for distal esophageal carcinoma patients treated with intensity-modulated proton therapy. <i>Journal of Applied Clinical Medical Physics</i> , 2020 , 21, 141-152 Intensity-modulated proton therapy (IMPT) interplay effect evaluation of asymmetric breathing with simultaneous uncertainty considerations in patients with non-small cell lung cancer. <i>Medical Physics</i> , 2020 , 47, 5428-5440 Performance Status Is Associated With Survival in Elderly Patients Irradiated for Cerebral | 2.3 4·4 | 3 |
| 426 425 424 | Beam angle comparison for distal esophageal carcinoma patients treated with intensity-modulated proton therapy. <i>Journal of Applied Clinical Medical Physics</i> , 2020 , 21, 141-152 Intensity-modulated proton therapy (IMPT) interplay effect evaluation of asymmetric breathing with simultaneous uncertainty considerations in patients with non-small cell lung cancer. <i>Medical Physics</i> , 2020 , 47, 5428-5440 Performance Status Is Associated With Survival in Elderly Patients Irradiated for Cerebral Metastases from Prostate Cancer. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2020 , 40, 1665-1668 Estimating the Lifespan of Elderly Patients With Cerebral Metastases from Kidney Cancer. <i>In Vivo</i> , | 2.3 4.4 2.3 | 4 3 1 |
| 426 425 424 423 | Beam angle comparison for distal esophageal carcinoma patients treated with intensity-modulated proton therapy. <i>Journal of Applied Clinical Medical Physics</i> , 2020 , 21, 141-152 Intensity-modulated proton therapy (IMPT) interplay effect evaluation of asymmetric breathing with simultaneous uncertainty considerations in patients with non-small cell lung cancer. <i>Medical Physics</i> , 2020 , 47, 5428-5440 Performance Status Is Associated With Survival in Elderly Patients Irradiated for Cerebral Metastases from Prostate Cancer. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2020 , 40, 1665-1668 Estimating the Lifespan of Elderly Patients With Cerebral Metastases from Kidney Cancer. <i>In Vivo</i> , 2020 , 34, 1321-1324 The Results of Whole-brain Radiotherapy for Elderly Patients With Brain Metastases from Urinary | 2.3 4.4 2.3 | 4 3 |

| 419 | Pre-operative Seizures in Patients With Single Brain Metastasis Treated With Resection Plus Whole-Brain Irradiation and a Boost. <i>In Vivo</i> , 2020 , 34, 2705-2709 | 2.3 | 1 |
|-----|--|-----|----|
| 418 | Linear accelerator-based single-fraction stereotactic body radiotherapy for symptomatic vertebral body hemangiomas: The Mayo Clinic experience. <i>Journal of Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2020 , 80, 74-78 | 2.2 | 2 |
| 417 | Development of a multivariable prediction model to estimate the remaining lifespan of elderly patients with cerebral metastases from small-cell lung cancer. <i>Translational Lung Cancer Research</i> , 2020 , 9, 1433-1440 | 4.4 | |
| 416 | A Simple Implement for Assessing the Survival of Elderly Patients With Melanoma Irradiated for Cerebral Metastases. <i>In Vivo</i> , 2020 , 34, 1361-1364 | 2.3 | 1 |
| 415 | Detecting spatial susceptibility to cardiac toxicity of radiation therapy for lung cancer. <i>IISE Transactions on Healthcare Systems Engineering</i> , 2020 , 10, 243-250 | 1.3 | 2 |
| 414 | Predicting the Risk of Subsequent Distant Brain Metastases After Stereotactic Radiosurgery or Fractionated Stereotactic Radiotherapy in Elderly Patients. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2020 , 40, 4081-4086 | 2.3 | |
| 413 | Early Outcomes of Patients With Locally Advanced Non-small Cell Lung Cancer Treated With Intensity-Modulated Proton Therapy Versus Intensity-Modulated Radiation Therapy: The Mayo Clinic Experience. <i>Advances in Radiation Oncology</i> , 2020 , 5, 450-458 | 3.3 | 8 |
| 412 | Technical Note: Treatment planning system (TPS) approximations matter - comparing intensity-modulated proton therapy (IMPT) plan quality and robustness between a commercial and an in-house developed TPS for nonsmall cell lung cancer (NSCLC). <i>Medical Physics</i> , 2019 , 46, 4755-4762 | 4.4 | 7 |
| 411 | Single vs multiple fraction palliative radiation therapy for bone metastases: Cumulative meta-analysis. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2019 , 141, 56-61 | 5.3 | 41 |
| 410 | The Search for Optimal Stereotactic Body Radiotherapy Dose in Inoperable, Centrally Located Non-Small-Cell Lung Cancer Continues. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2019 , 37, 2697-2699 | 2.2 | 6 |
| 409 | Patient-Reported Outcomes-Secondary Analysis of the SCORE-2 Trial Comparing 4 Gy 🛭 to 3 Gy 🖂 10 for Metastatic Epidural Spinal Cord Compression. <i>International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics</i> , 2019 , 105, 760-764 | 4 | 2 |
| 408 | A randomized trial (RAREST-01) comparing Mepitel Film and standard care for prevention of radiation dermatitis in patients irradiated for locally advanced squamous cell carcinoma of the head-and-neck (SCCHN). <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2019 , 139, 79-82 | 5.3 | 6 |
| 407 | Rational radiotherapy: The role in node-negative squamous cell carcinoma. <i>Journal of the American Academy of Dermatology</i> , 2019 , | 4.5 | |
| 406 | Daily Lisinopril vs Placebo for Prevention of Chemoradiation-Induced Pulmonary Distress in Patients With Lung Cancer (Alliance MC1221): A Pilot Double-Blind Randomized Trial. <i>International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics</i> , 2019 , 103, 686-696 | 4 | 10 |
| 405 | Impact of planned dose reporting methods on Gamma pass rates for IROC lung and liver motion phantoms treated with pencil beam scanning protons. <i>Radiation Oncology</i> , 2019 , 14, 108 | 4.2 | 1 |
| 404 | Diagnosis-specific WBRT-30-CRC Score for Estimating Survival of Patients Irradiated for Brain Metastases from Colorectal Cancer. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2019 , 39, 2569-2574 | 2.3 | 3 |
| 403 | Small-cell Lung Cancer in Very Elderly (180 Years) Patients. Clinical Lung Cancer, 2019, 20, 313-321 | 4.9 | 10 |
| 402 | Estimating Survival of Patients With Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma Receiving Whole-brain Radiotherapy With a New Tool. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2019 , 39, 2091-2095 | 2.3 | 4 |

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| 401 | Predictors of Outcomes and a Scoring System for Estimating Survival in Patients Treated With Radiotherapy for Metastatic Spinal Cord Compression From Small-Cell Lung Cancer. <i>Clinical Lung Cancer</i> , 2019 , 20, 322-329 | 4.9 | 5 |
|-----|---|----------|-----|
| 400 | Potential Impact of the Interval Between Imaging and Whole-brain Radiotherapy in Patients With Relatively Favorable Survival Prognoses. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2019 , 39, 1343-1346 | 2.3 | 2 |
| 399 | Comparison of Diagnosis-specific Survival Scores for Patients With Cerebral Metastases from Malignant Melanoma Including the New WBRT-30-MM. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2019 , 39, 1501-1505 | 2.3 | 3 |
| 398 | A New Diagnosis-Specific Survival Score for Patients to be Irradiated for Brain Metastases from Non-small Cell Lung Cancer. <i>Lung</i> , 2019 , 197, 321-326 | 2.9 | 6 |
| 397 | Prognostic Role of Pre-Treatment Symptoms for Survival of Patients Irradiated for Brain Metastases. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2019 , 39, 4273-4277 | 2.3 | 3 |
| 396 | Clinical evaluation of fitness to drive in patients with brain metastases. <i>Neuro-Oncology Practice</i> , 2019 , 6, 484-489 | 2.2 | 1 |
| 395 | A new instrument for predicting survival of patients with cerebral metastases from breast cancer developed in a homogeneously treated cohort. <i>Radiology and Oncology</i> , 2019 , 53, 219-224 | 3.8 | 3 |
| 394 | NCCN Guidelines Insights: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer, Version 1.2020. <i>Journal of the National Comprehensive Cancer Network: JNCCN</i> , 2019 , 17, 1464-1472 | 7.3 | 324 |
| 393 | Comparison of Diagnosis-Specific Survival Scores for Patients with Small-Cell Lung Cancer Irradiated for Brain Metastases. <i>Cancers</i> , 2019 , 11, | 6.6 | 6 |
| 392 | Results of Tri-Modality Therapy for Rectal Cancer in Elderly Patients. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2019 , 39, 6217 | 7263227 | 20 |
| 391 | Prognostic factors and a new scoring system for survival of patients irradiated for bone metastases. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 2019 , 19, 1156 | 4.8 | 2 |
| 390 | Clinical Validation of a Ray-Casting Analytical Dose Engine for Spot Scanning Proton Delivery Systems. <i>Technology in Cancer Research and Treatment</i> , 2019 , 18, 1533033819887182 | 2.7 | 9 |
| 389 | A novel and individualized robust optimization method using normalized dose interval volume constraints (NDIVC) for intensity-modulated proton radiotherapy. <i>Medical Physics</i> , 2019 , 46, 382-393 | 4.4 | 6 |
| 388 | Toxicity Related to Radiotherapy Dose and Targeting Strategy: A Pooled Analysis of Cooperative Group Trials of Combined Modality Therapy for Locally Advanced Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer. <i>Journal of Thoracic Oncology</i> , 2019 , 14, 298-303 | 8.9 | 10 |
| 387 | A pooled analysis of individual patient data from National Clinical Trials Network clinical trials of concurrent chemoradiotherapy for limited-stage small cell lung cancer in elderly patients versus younger patients. <i>Cancer</i> , 2019 , 125, 382-390 | 6.4 | 9 |
| 386 | Stereotactic Body Radiotherapy for Medically Inoperable Stage I-II Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer: The Mayo Clinic Experience. <i>Mayo Clinic Proceedings Innovations, Quality & Outcomes</i> , 2018 , 2, 40-48 | 3.1 | 11 |
| 385 | Data collection of patient outcomes: one institution's experience. <i>Journal of Radiation Research</i> , 2018 , 59, i19-i24 | 2.4 | 1 |
| 384 | Exploring Radiotherapy Targeting Strategy and Dose: A Pooled Analysis of Cooperative Group Trials of Combined Modality Therapy for Stage[III]NSCLC. <i>Journal of Thoracic Oncology</i> , 2018 , 13, 1171-1 | 8 182 | 9 |

| 383 | Impact of Spot Size and Spacing on the Quality of Robustly Optimized Intensity Modulated Proton Therapy Plans for Lung Cancer. <i>International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics</i> , 2018 , 101, 479-489 | 4 | 26 |
|-----|--|------------------|-----|
| 382 | Phase 1 Study of Accelerated Hypofractionated Radiation Therapy With Concurrent Chemotherapy for Stage III Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer: CALGB 31102 (Alliance). <i>International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics</i> , 2018 , 101, 177-185 | 4 | 22 |
| 381 | Fatal Radiation Pneumonitis in Patients With Subclinical Interstitial Lung Disease. <i>Clinical Lung Cancer</i> , 2018 , 19, e417-e420 | 4.9 | 8 |
| 380 | NCCN Guidelines Insights: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer, Version 5.2018. <i>Journal of the National Comprehensive Cancer Network: JNCCN</i> , 2018 , 16, 807-821 | 7.3 | 314 |
| 379 | A Tool to Predict the Probability of Intracerebral Recurrence or New Cerebral Metastases After Whole-brain Irradiation in Patients with Head-and-Neck Cancer. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2018 , 38, 4199-420 | 2.3 | 7 |
| 378 | 1x8 Gy versus 5x4 Gy for metastatic epidural spinal cord compression: a matched-pair study of three prognostic patient subgroups. <i>Radiation Oncology</i> , 2018 , 13, 21 | 4.2 | 6 |
| 377 | An Instrument for Estimating the 6-Month Survival Probability After Whole-brain Irradiation Alone for Cerebral Metastases from Gynecological Cancer. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2018 , 38, 3753-3756 | 2.3 | 11 |
| 376 | Hyperfractionated or Accelerated Hyperfractionated Re-irradiation with \$\mathbb{Q}\$2 Gy in Combination with Paclitaxel for Secondary/Recurrent Head-and-Neck Cancer. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2018 , 38, 3653-365 | 5 ² 5 | 0 |
| 375 | Stereotactic Radiosurgery Alone for One to Two Brain Metastases from Cancer of Unknown Primary. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2018 , 38, 565-567 | 2.3 | 5 |
| 374 | Predictive Factors for Local Control and Survival in Patients with Cancer of Unknown Primary (CUP) Irradiated for Cerebral Metastases. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2018 , 38, 2415-2418 | 2.3 | 4 |
| 373 | Comparison of Two Radiotherapy Regimens for Metastatic Spinal Cord Compression: Subgroup Analyses from a Randomized Trial. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2018 , 38, 1009-1015 | 2.3 | 2 |
| 372 | Metastatic Epidural Spinal Cord Compression: Conventional Radiotherapy 2018 , 159-176 | | |
| 371 | Validation of a Survival Score for Patients Receiving Radiosurgery or Fractionated Stereotactic Radiotherapy for 1 to 3 Brain Metastases. <i>In Vivo</i> , 2018 , 32, 381-384 | 2.3 | 7 |
| 370 | A New Scoring-system for Estimating Overall Survival After Radiotherapy of Recurrent Head and Neck Cancers. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2018 , 38, 1611-1613 | 2.3 | |
| 369 | Performance Status and Number of Metastatic Extra-cerebral Sites Predict Survival After Radiotherapy of Brain Metastases from Thyroid Cancer. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2018 , 38, 2391-2394 | 2.3 | 2 |
| 368 | Predicting Survival After Whole-brain Irradiation for Cerebral Metastases in Patients with Cancer of the Bladder. <i>In Vivo</i> , 2018 , 32, 633-636 | 2.3 | 5 |
| 367 | Predicting the Risk of Developing New Cerebral Lesions After Stereotactic Radiosurgery or Fractionated Stereotactic Radiotherapy for Brain Metastases from Renal Cell Carcinoma. <i>Anticancer Research</i> , 2018 , 38, 2973-2976 | 2.3 | 3 |
| 366 | A Score to Identify Patients with Brain Metastases from Colorectal Cancer Who May Benefit from Whole-brain Radiotherapy in Addition to Stereotactic Radiosurgery/Radiotherapy. <i>Anticancer Research</i> 2018, 38, 3111-3114 | 2.3 | 5 |

| 365 | Robust optimization in IMPT using quadratic objective functions to account for the minimum MU constraint. <i>Medical Physics</i> , 2018 , 45, 460-469 | 4.4 | 11 |
|-----|--|-------------------|-----|
| 364 | A scoring system to predict local progression-free survival in patients irradiated with 20 Gy in 5 fractions for malignant spinal cord compression. <i>Radiation Oncology</i> , 2018 , 13, 257 | 4.2 | 3 |
| 363 | Potential Prognostic Factors of Downstaging Following Preoperative Chemoradiation for High Rectal Cancer. <i>In Vivo</i> , 2018 , 32, 1481-1484 | 2.3 | 2 |
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