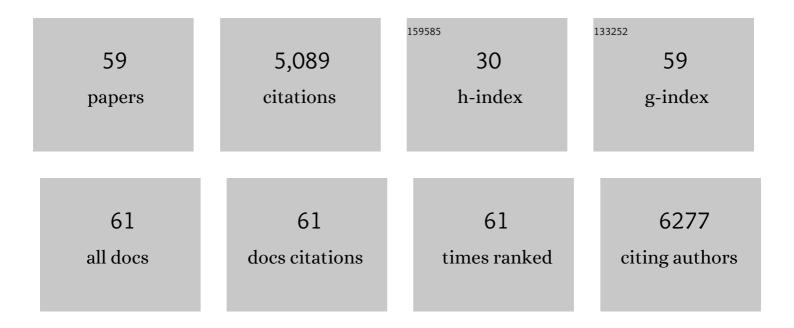
Barry Ja Laird

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3739857/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Bayesian methods in palliative care research: cancer-induced bone pain. BMJ Supportive and Palliative Care, 2022, 12, e5-e9.	1.6	3
2	The relationship between frailty, nutritional status, co-morbidity, CT-body composition and systemic inflammation in patients with COVID-19. Journal of Translational Medicine, 2022, 20, 98.	4.4	15
3	The prevalence and prognostic value of frailty screening measures in patients undergoing surgery for colorectal cancer: observations from a systematic review. BMC Geriatrics, 2022, 22, 260.	2.7	11
4	Optimising Outcomes in Non Small Cell Lung Cancer: Targeting Cancer Cachexia. Frontiers in Bioscience, 2022, 27, 129.	2.1	1
5	Cancer cachexia: a nutritional or a systemic inflammatory syndrome?. British Journal of Cancer, 2022, 127, 379-382.	6.4	48
6	The Obesity Paradox in Cancer: Is Bigger Better?. Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle, 2022, 13, 1440-1441.	7.3	11
7	Relationship between cytokines and symptoms in people with incurable cancer: A systematic review. Critical Reviews in Oncology/Hematology, 2021, 159, 103222.	4.4	6
8	The Emerging Role of Interleukin $1\hat{l}^2$ (IL- $1\hat{l}^2$) in Cancer Cachexia. Inflammation, 2021, 44, 1223-1228.	3.8	27
9	The systemic inflammatory response and clinicopathological characteristics in patients admitted to hospital with COVID-19 infection: Comparison of 2 consecutive cohorts. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0251924.	2.5	13
10	ESPEN practical guideline: Clinical Nutrition in cancer. Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 40, 2898-2913.	5.0	472
11	Relation Between Body Composition, Systemic Inflammatory Response, and Clinical Outcomes in Patients Admitted to an Urban Teaching Hospital with COVID-19. Journal of Nutrition, 2021, 151, 2236-2244.	2.9	24
12	Diagnostic criteria for cancer cachexia: reduced food intake and inflammation predict weight loss and survival in an international, multiâ€cohort analysis. Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle, 2021, 12, 1189-1202.	7.3	41
13	A randomized, feasibility trial of an exercise and nutritionâ€based rehabilitation programme (ENeRgy) in people with cancer. Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle, 2021, 12, 2034-2044.	7.3	22
14	Computed tomographyâ€defined low skeletal muscle index and density in cancer patients: observations from a systematic review. Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle, 2021, 12, 1408-1417.	7.3	50
15	A systematic review examining nutrition support interventions in patients with incurable cancer. Supportive Care in Cancer, 2020, 28, 1877-1889.	2.2	41
16	The relationship between the BMIâ€adjusted weight loss grading system and quality of life in patients with incurable cancer. Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle, 2020, 11, 160-168.	7.3	40
17	Comparison of the prognostic value of ECOG-PS, mGPS and BMI/WL: Implications for a clinically important framework in the assessment and treatment of advanced cancer. Clinical Nutrition, 2020, 39, 2889-2895.	5.0	33
18	Prognostic factors in patients admitted to an urban teaching hospital with COVID-19 infection. Journal of Translational Medicine, 2020, 18, 354.	4.4	41

BARRY JA LAIRD

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Comparison of the prognostic value of MUST, ECOG-PS, mGPS and CT derived body composition analysis in patients with advanced lung cancer. Clinical Nutrition ESPEN, 2020, 40, 349-356.	1.2	8
20	The Relationship between ECOG-PS, mGPS, BMI/WL Grade and Body Composition and Physical Function in Patients with Advanced Cancer. Cancers, 2020, 12, 1187.	3.7	25
21	Determinants of quality of life in patients with incurable cancer. Cancer, 2020, 126, 2872-2882.	4.1	33
22	Combining optimal nutrition and exercise in a multimodal approach for patients with active cancer and risk for losing weight: Rationale and practical approach. Nutrition, 2019, 67-68, 110541.	2.4	8
23	The Relationship between Imaging-Based Body Composition Analysis and the Systemic Inflammatory Response in Patients with Cancer: A Systematic Review. Cancers, 2019, 11, 1304.	3.7	56
24	A prospective study examining cachexia predictors in patients with incurable cancer. BMC Palliative Care, 2019, 18, 46.	1.8	21
25	Food intake by Patient-Generated Subjective Global Assessment (PG-SGA) corresponds to energy and protein intake as well as weight change in patients with advanced cancer. Clinical Nutrition Experimental, 2019, 25, 20-28.	2.0	4
26	Combined exercise and nutritional rehabilitation in outpatients with incurable cancer: a systematic review. Supportive Care in Cancer, 2019, 27, 2371-2384.	2.2	42
27	An exploratory study examining the relationship between performance status and systemic inflammation frameworks and cytokine profiles in patients with advanced cancer. Medicine (United) Tj ETQq1 1	0.7 84 314	∙rg₿0 /Over¦o
28	Meaningful measures in cancer cachexia: implications for practice and research. Current Opinion in Supportive and Palliative Care, 2019, 13, 323-327.	1.3	7
29	Deterioration in Muscle Mass and Physical Function Differs According to Weight Loss History in Cancer Cachexia. Cancers, 2019, 11, 1925.	3.7	20
30	"How Long Have I Got?â€â€"A Prospective Cohort Study Comparing Validated Prognostic Factors for Use in Patients with Advanced Cancer. Oncologist, 2019, 24, e960-e967.	3.7	22
31	The Management of Opioid-Induced Nausea and Vomiting in Patients with Cancer: A Systematic Review. Journal of Palliative Medicine, 2019, 22, 90-97.	1.1	40
32	A cross-sectional study examining the prevalence of cachexia and areas of unmet need in patients with cancer. Supportive Care in Cancer, 2018, 26, 1871-1880.	2.2	44
33	Endpoints in clinical trials in cancer cachexia: where to start?. Current Opinion in Supportive and Palliative Care, 2018, 12, 445-452.	1.3	18
34	Targeting IL-1α in cancer cachexia: a narrative review. Current Opinion in Supportive and Palliative Care, 2018, 12, 453-459.	1.3	28
35	A randomised, phase II, unblinded trial of an Exercise and Nutrition-based Rehabilitation programme (ENeRgy) versus standard care in patients with cancer: feasibility trial protocol. Pilot and Feasibility Studies, 2018, 4, 192.	1.2	7
36	The Palliative Radiotherapy and Inflammation Study (PRAIS) - protocol for a longitudinal observational multicenter study on patients with cancer induced bone pain. BMC Palliative Care, 2018, 17, 110.	1.8	10

BARRY JA LAIRD

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	The prognostic value of the systemic inflammatory response in randomised clinical trials in cancer: A systematic review. Critical Reviews in Oncology/Hematology, 2018, 132, 130-137.	4.4	95
38	Prognostic Tools in Patients With Advanced Cancer: A Systematic Review. Journal of Pain and Symptom Management, 2017, 53, 962-970.e10.	1.2	156
39	The applicability of a weight loss grading system in cancer cachexia: a longitudinal analysis. Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle, 2017, 8, 789-797.	7.3	58
40	A randomized phase II feasibility trial of a multimodal intervention for the management of cachexia in lung and pancreatic cancer. Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle, 2017, 8, 778-788.	7.3	227
41	The role of the systemic inflammatory response in predicting outcomes in patients with advanced inoperable cancer: Systematic review and meta -analysis. Critical Reviews in Oncology/Hematology, 2017, 116, 134-146.	4.4	241
42	ESPEN guidelines on nutrition in cancer patients. Clinical Nutrition, 2017, 36, 11-48.	5.0	1,855
43	The relationship between pro-inflammatory cytokines and pain, appetite and fatigue in patients with advanced cancer. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0177620.	2.5	74
44	Quality of Life in Patients With Advanced Cancer: Differential Association With Performance Status and Systemic Inflammatory Response. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2016, 34, 2769-2775.	1.6	125
45	Pain in Malignant Pleural Mesothelioma: A Prospective Characterization Study. Pain Medicine, 2016, 17, 2119-2126.	1.9	13
46	Randomized Double-Blind Trial of Pregabalin Versus Placebo in Conjunction With Palliative Radiotherapy for Cancer-Induced Bone Pain. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2016, 34, 550-556.	1.6	58
47	Is Radiotherapy Useful for Treating Pain in Mesothelioma?: A Phase II Trial. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2015, 10, 944-950.	1.1	73
48	Prognosis in advanced lung cancer – A prospective study examining key clinicopathological factors. Lung Cancer, 2015, 88, 304-309.	2.0	100
49	Symptom Control Trials in Patients With Advanced Cancer: A Qualitative Study. Journal of Pain and Symptom Management, 2015, 50, 642-649.e1.	1.2	21
50	Attenuating pain flare: a new role for an old therapy?. Lancet Oncology, The, 2015, 16, 1440-1441.	10.7	1
51	Confirming neuropathic pain in cancer patients: Applying the NeuPSIG grading system in clinical practice and clinical research. Pain, 2014, 155, 859-863.	4.2	39
52	The Systemic Inflammatory Response and Its Relationship to Pain and Other Symptoms in Advanced Cancer. Oncologist, 2013, 18, 1050-1055.	3.7	111
53	Prognostic Factors in Patients with Advanced Cancer: A Comparison of Clinicopathological Factors and the Development of an Inflammation-Based Prognostic System. Clinical Cancer Research, 2013, 19, 5456-5464.	7.0	165
54	Evidence base for multimodal therapy in cachexia. Current Opinion in Supportive and Palliative Care, 2012, 6, 424-431.	1.3	38

Barry Ja Laird

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Clinical Management of Pain in Advanced Lung Cancer. Clinical Medicine Insights: Oncology, 2012, 6, CMO.S8360.	1.3	44
56	Prognostication in Advanced Cancer: A Study Examining an Inflammation-Based Score. Journal of Pain and Symptom Management, 2012, 44, 161-167.	1.2	29
57	Pain, Depression, and Fatigue as a Symptom Cluster in Advanced Cancer. Journal of Pain and Symptom Management, 2011, 42, 1-11.	1.2	125
58	Cancer pain and its relationship to systemic inflammation: An exploratory study. Pain, 2011, 152, 460-463.	4.2	42
59	Are cancer pain and depression interdependent? A systematic review. Psycho-Oncology, 2009, 18, 459-464.	2.3	92