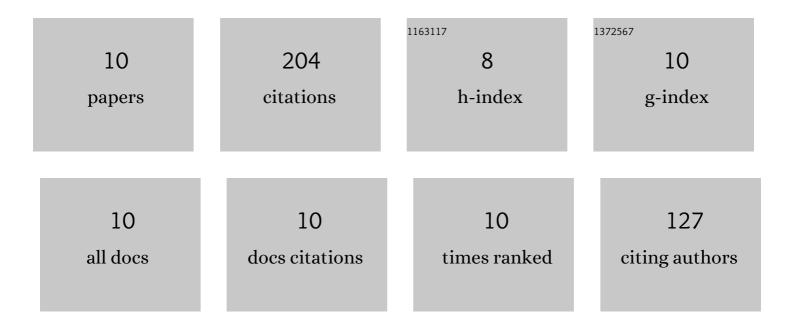
## Yael Deri

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3727680/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



YAEL DEDI

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Incidence of mild cognitive impairment in World Trade Center responders: Longâ€term consequences of reâ€experiencing the events on 9/11/2001. Alzheimer's and Dementia: Diagnosis, Assessment and Disease Monitoring, 2019, 11, 628-636.	2.4	47
2	Traumatic exposures, posttraumatic stress disorder, and cognitive functioning in World Trade Center responders. Alzheimer's and Dementia: Translational Research and Clinical Interventions, 2017, 3, 593-602.	3.7	43
3	Posttraumatic stress disorder and total amyloid burden and amyloidâ€Î² 42/40 ratios in plasma: Results from a pilot study of World Trade Center responders. Alzheimer's and Dementia: Diagnosis, Assessment and Disease Monitoring, 2019, 11, 216-220.	2.4	22
4	Pathway Analysis for Plasma β-Amyloid, Tau and Neurofilament Light (ATN) in World Trade Center Responders at Midlife. Neurology and Therapy, 2020, 9, 159-171.	3.2	20
5	Reduced cortical thickness in World Trade Center responders with cognitive impairment. Alzheimer's and Dementia: Diagnosis, Assessment and Disease Monitoring, 2020, 12, e12059.	2.4	19
6	Cognitive impairment and World Trade Centre-related exposures. Nature Reviews Neurology, 2022, 18, 103-116.	10.1	18
7	Neuroinflammation in World Trade Center responders at midlife: A pilot study using [18F]-FEPPA PET imaging. Brain, Behavior, & Immunity - Health, 2021, 16, 100287.	2.5	13
8	Selective hippocampal subfield volume reductions in World Trade Center responders with cognitive impairment. Alzheimer's and Dementia: Diagnosis, Assessment and Disease Monitoring, 2021, 13, e12165.	2.4	10
9	White Matter Connectivity in Incident Mild Cognitive Impairment: A Diffusion Spectrum Imaging Study of World Trade Center Responders at Midlife. Journal of Alzheimer's Disease, 2021, 80, 1209-1219.	2.6	7
10	A cortical thinning signature to identify World Trade Center responders with possible dementia. Intelligence-based Medicine, 2021, 5, 100032.	2.4	5