

# Marcel Rejmánek

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

64  
papers

10,292  
citations

136950

32  
h-index

118850

62  
g-index

65  
all docs

65  
docs citations

65  
times ranked

8537  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Are invasive species a phylogenetically clustered subset of naturalized species in regional floras? A case study for flowering plants in China. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2022, 28, 2084-2093.	4.1	9
2	Nine decades of major compositional changes in a Central European beech forest protected area. <i>Plant Ecology</i> , 2020, 221, 1005-1016.	1.6	2
3	The species diversity–fire severity relationship is hump-shaped in semiarid yellow pine and mixed conifer forests. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2019, 10, e02882.	2.2	44
4	Recent Anthropogenic Plant Extinctions Differ in Biodiversity Hotspots and Coldspots. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2019, 29, 2912-2918.e2.	3.9	109
5	Predicting invasiveness of exotic woody species using a traits-based framework. <i>Ecology</i> , 2019, 100, e02797.	3.2	30
6	Vascular plant extinctions in California: A critical assessment. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2018, 24, 129-136.	4.1	20
7	A rapid survey of the invasive plant species in western Angola. <i>African Journal of Ecology</i> , 2017, 55, 56-69.	0.9	36
8	Origin matters. <i>Environmental Conservation</i> , 2017, 44, 97-99.	1.3	23
9	Change in disturbance regime facilitates invasion by <i>Bellucia pentamera</i> Naudin (Melastomataceae) at Gunung Palung National Park, Indonesia. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2017, 19, 1329-1337.	2.4	8
10	Small genomes and large seeds: chromosome numbers, genome size and seed mass in diploid <i>Aesculus</i> species (Sapindaceae). <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2017, 119, mcw261.	2.9	17
11	Disentangling vegetation diversity from climate–energy and habitat heterogeneity for explaining animal geographic patterns. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2016, 6, 1515-1526.	1.9	28
12	Mediterranean, invasive, woody species grow larger than their less-invasive counterparts under potential global environmental change. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2016, 103, 613-624.	1.7	18
13	Limited Seed Dispersal May Explain Differences in Forest Colonization by the Japanese Raisin Tree ( <i>Hovenia Dulcis</i> Thunb.), an Invasive Alien Tree in Southern Brazil. <i>Tropical Conservation Science</i> , 2015, 8, 610-622.	1.2	6
14	Scale-dependent impacts of invasive species: a reply to Chase et al. (2015). <i>Biology Letters</i> , 2015, 11, 20150402.	2.3	11
15	Global trends in plant naturalization. <i>Nature</i> , 2015, 525, 39-40.	27.8	15
16	The number of vegetation types in European countries: major determinants and extrapolation to other regions. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2014, 25, 863-872.	2.2	18
17	No universal scale-dependent impacts of invasive species on native plant species richness. <i>Biology Letters</i> , 2014, 10, 20130939.	2.3	47
18	Conflicting values: ecosystem services and invasive tree management. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2014, 16, 705-719.	2.4	230

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Invasive trees and shrubs: where do they come from and what we should expect in the future?. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2014, 16, 483-498.	2.4	55
20	A standardized set of metrics to assess and monitor tree invasions. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2014, 16, 535-551.	2.4	60
21	Experimental Seed Predator Removal Reveals Shifting Importance of Predation and Dispersal Limitation in Early Life History Stages of Tropical Forest Trees. <i>Folia Geobotanica</i> , 2013, 48, 415-435.	0.9	8
22	Extended leaf phenology: a secret of successful invaders?. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2013, 24, 975-976.	2.2	8
23	Trees and shrubs as invasive alien species – 2013 update of the global database. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2013, 19, 1093-1094.	4.1	281
24	Directed seed dispersal towards areas with low conspecific tree density by a scatter-hoarding rodent. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2012, 15, 1423-1429.	6.4	116
25	Using space-for-time substitution and time sequence approaches in invasion ecology. <i>Freshwater Biology</i> , 2012, 57, 2401-2410.	2.4	66
26	Combining efficient methods to detect spread of woody invaders in urban-rural matrix landscapes: an exploration using two species of Oleaceae. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2012, 49, 331-338.	4.0	15
27	Native and naturalized range size in <i>Pinus</i> : relative importance of biogeography, introduction effort and species traits. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2012, 21, 513-523.	5.8	70
28	Trees and shrubs as invasive alien species – a global review. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2011, 17, 788-809.	4.1	844
29	A strong conditional mutualism limits and enhances seed dispersal and germination of a tropical palm. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2010, 162, 951-963.	2.0	39
30	Patterns of plant invasions in China: Taxonomic, biogeographic, climatic approaches and anthropogenic effects. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2010, 12, 2179-2206.	2.4	67
31	Alien plant invasions in tropical and sub-tropical savannas: patterns, processes and prospects. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2010, 12, 3913-3933.	2.4	93
32	Assessing potential invasiveness of woody horticultural plant species using seedling growth rate traits. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2010, 47, 1320-1328.	4.0	47
33	Invasion Potential of Chinese Tallowtree ( <i>Triadica sebifera</i> ) in California's Central Valley. <i>Invasive Plant Science and Management</i> , 2009, 2, 386-395.	1.1	23
34	The numerical and functional responses of a granivorous rodent and the fate of Neotropical tree seeds. <i>Ecology</i> , 2009, 90, 1549-1563.	3.2	33
35	Contrasting ectomycorrhizal fungal communities on the roots of co-occurring oaks ( <i>Quercus</i> )	7.3	158
36	Searching for phylogenetic pattern in biological invasions. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2007, 17, 070909153804002-???	5.8	93

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37	Herbarium records, actual distribution, and critical attributes of invasive plants: genus <i>Crotalaria</i> in Taiwan. <i>Taxon</i> , 2005, 54, 133-138.	0.7	29
38	Conifers as invasive aliens: a global survey and predictive framework. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2004, 10, 321-331.	4.1	308
39	The total number of naturalized species can be a reliable predictor of the number of alien pest species. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2004, 10, 367-369.	4.1	23
40	Plant invasions in Taiwan: Insights from the flora of casual and naturalized alien species. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2004, 10, 349-362.	4.1	64
41	EVOLUTION OF GENOME SIZE IN PINES (PINUS) AND ITS LIFE-HISTORY CORRELATES: SUPERTREE ANALYSES. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2004, 58, 1705-1729.	2.3	192
42	Å <sup>15</sup> N as an indicator of N <sub>2</sub> -fixation by cyanobacterial mats in tropical marshes. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2004, 67, 353-368.	3.5	21
43	EVOLUTION OF GENOME SIZE IN PINES (PINUS) AND ITS LIFE-HISTORY CORRELATES: SUPERTREE ANALYSES. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2004, 58, 1705.	2.3	22
44	Alien plants in checklists and floras: towards better communication between taxonomists and ecologists. <i>Taxon</i> , 2004, 53, 131-143.	0.7	978
45	Relationships of phytogeography and diversity of tropical tree species with limestone topography in southern Belize. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2003, 30, 1669-1688.	3.0	30
46	Toward a Causal Explanation of Plant Invasiveness: Seedling Growth and Life-History Strategies of 29 Pine (Pinus) Species. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2002, 159, 396-419.	2.1	453
47	Plant Invaders: The Threat to Natural Ecosystems BY QUENTIN C. B. CRONK AND JANICE L. FULLER xiv + 241 pp., 36 figs., 23 Å— 15.5 Å— 1 cm, ISBN 1 85383 781 4 paperback, GBÅ£ 24.95, London, UK: Earthscan Publications Ltd, 2001. <i>Environmental Conservation</i> , 2002, 29, 263-270.		0
48	Multiple source pools for GalÅpagos plant species richness: a critical analysis of the line of sight connectivity index. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2002, 11, 163-168.	5.8	2
49	Predicting invaders. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2001, 16, 545-546.	8.7	26
50	Vegetative Identification of Tropical Woody Plants: State of the Art and Annotated Bibliography1. <i>Biotropica</i> , 2001, 33, 214-228.	1.6	11
51	Spatial arrangement, density, and competition between barnyardgrass and tomato: I. Crop growth and yield. <i>Weed Science</i> , 2001, 49, 61-68.	1.5	36
52	Spatial arrangement, density, and competition between barnyardgrass and tomato: II. Barnyardgrass growth and seed production. <i>Weed Science</i> , 2001, 49, 69-76.	1.5	28
53	Naturalization and invasion of alien plants: concepts and definitions. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2000, 6, 93-107.	4.1	2,724
54	Invasive plants: approaches and predictions. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2000, 25, 497-506.	1.5	453

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55	Plant invasions – the role of mutualisms. <i>Biological Reviews</i> , 2000, 75, 65-93.	10.4	165
56	Title is missing!. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 1999, 8, 1561-1583.	2.6	19
57	Small rodents as significant dispersers of tree seeds in a Neotropical forest. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 1999, 10, 165-174.	2.2	144
58	Resistance and resilience of subalpine wetlands with respect to prolonged drought. <i>Folia Geobotanica</i> , 1999, 34, 175-188.	0.9	42
59	Towards simplification of phytosociological nomenclature. <i>Folia Geobotanica Et Phytotaxonomica</i> , 1997, 32, 419-420.	0.4	6
60	What Attributes Make Some Plant Species More Invasive?. <i>Ecology</i> , 1996, 77, 1655-1661.	3.2	1,414
61	Species Richness and Resistance to Invasions. <i>Ecological Studies</i> , 1996, , 153-172.	1.2	162
62	Interference of bull thistle ( <i>Cirsium vulgare</i> ) with growth of ponderosa pine ( <i>Pinus ponderosa</i> ) seedlings in a forest plantation. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 1993, 23, 1507-1513.	1.7	19
63	Progress of Plant Succession on the Paricutin Volcano: 25 Years after Activity Ceased. <i>American Midland Naturalist</i> , 1982, 108, 194.	0.4	54
64	Native fruit traits may mediate dispersal competition between native and non-native plants. <i>NeoBiota</i> , 0, 12, 1-24.	1.0	26