

Marisa Granato

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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39
papers

1,541
citations

279487

23
h-index

301761

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times ranked

2077
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Quercetin induces apoptosis and autophagy in primary effusion lymphoma cells by inhibiting PI3K/AKT/mTOR and STAT3 signaling pathways. <i>Journal of Nutritional Biochemistry</i> , 2017, 41, 124-136.	1.9	178
2	Epstein-Barr Virus Blocks the Autophagic Flux and Appropriates the Autophagic Machinery To Enhance Viral Replication. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2014, 88, 12715-12726.	1.5	119
3	Characterization and Intracellular Localization of the Epstein-Barr Virus Protein BFLF2: Interactions with BFRF1 and with the Nuclear Lamina. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2005, 79, 3713-3727.	1.5	113
4	Deletion of Epstein-Barr Virus BFLF2 Leads to Impaired Viral DNA Packaging and Primary Egress as Well as to the Production of Defective Viral Particles. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2008, 82, 4042-4051.	1.5	74
5	Histone deacetylase inhibitors VPA and TSA induce apoptosis and autophagy in pancreatic cancer cells. <i>Cellular Oncology (Dordrecht)</i> , 2017, 40, 167-180.	2.1	70
6	STAT3 activation by KSHV correlates with IL-10, IL-6 and IL-23 release and an autophagic block in dendritic cells. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2014, 4, 4241.	1.6	68
7	Apigenin, by activating p53 and inhibiting STAT3, modulates the balance between pro-apoptotic and pro-survival pathways to induce PEL cell death. <i>Journal of Experimental and Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2017, 36, 167.	3.5	66
8	Autophagy manipulation as a strategy for efficient anticancer therapies: possible consequences. <i>Journal of Experimental and Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2019, 38, 262.	3.5	61
9	Mutant p53, Stabilized by Its Interplay with HSP90, Activates a Positive Feed-Back Loop Between NRF2 and p62 that Induces Chemo-Resistance to Apigenin in Pancreatic Cancer Cells. <i>Cancers</i> , 2019, 11, 703.	1.7	52
10	Concomitant reduction of c-Myc expression and PI3K/AKT/mTOR signaling by quercetin induces a strong cytotoxic effect against Burkitt's lymphoma. <i>International Journal of Biochemistry and Cell Biology</i> , 2016, 79, 393-400.	1.2	50
11	JNK and Macroautophagy Activation by Bortezomib Has a Pro-Survival Effect in Primary Effusion Lymphoma Cells. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e75965.	1.1	45
12	High glucose and hyperglycemic sera from type 2 diabetic patients impair DC differentiation by inducing ROS and activating Wnt/ β -catenin and p38 MAPK. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Basis of Disease</i> , 2016, 1862, 805-813.	1.8	45
13	Zinc supplementation is required for the cytotoxic and immunogenic effects of chemotherapy in chemoresistant p53-functionally deficient cells. <i>Oncolmmunology</i> , 2013, 2, e26198.	2.1	44
14	The activation of KSHV lytic cycle blocks autophagy in PEL cells. <i>Autophagy</i> , 2015, 11, 1978-1986.	4.3	42
15	Capsaicin triggers immunogenic PEL cell death, stimulates DCs and reverts PEL-induced immune suppression. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2015, 6, 29543-29554.	0.8	36
16	Bortezomib promotes KSHV and EBV lytic cycle by activating JNK and autophagy. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 13052.	1.6	34
17	Prevalence of infection by HHV-8, HIV, HCV and HBV among pregnant women in Burkina Faso. <i>Journal of Clinical Virology</i> , 2004, 31, 78-80.	1.6	33
18	Tyrosine kinase inhibitor tyrphostin AG490 triggers both apoptosis and autophagy by reducing HSF1 and Mcl-1 in PEL cells. <i>Cancer Letters</i> , 2015, 366, 191-197.	3.2	32

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19	EBV up-regulates PD-L1 on the surface of primary monocytes by increasing ROS and activating TLR signaling and STAT3. <i>Journal of Leukocyte Biology</i> , 2018, 104, 821-832.	1.5	31
20	Kaposi sarcoma associated herpesvirus (KSHV) induces AKT hyperphosphorylation, bortezomib-resistance and GLUT-1 plasma membrane exposure in THP-1 monocytic cell line. <i>Journal of Experimental and Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2013, 32, 79.	3.5	29
21	Quercetin Interrupts the Positive Feedback Loop Between STAT3 and IL-6, Promotes Autophagy, and Reduces ROS, Preventing EBV-Driven B Cell Immortalization. <i>Biomolecules</i> , 2019, 9, 482.	1.8	28
22	PKC theta and p38 MAPK activate the EBV lytic cycle through autophagy induction. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Cell Research</i> , 2015, 1853, 1586-1595.	1.9	27
23	KSHV ORF67 encoded lytic protein localizes on the nuclear membrane and alters emerlin distribution. <i>Virus Research</i> , 2013, 175, 143-150.	1.1	24
24	KSHV infection skews macrophage polarisation towards M2-like/TAM and activates Ire1 $\hat{\pm}$ -XBP1 axis up-regulating pro-tumorigenic cytokine release and PD-L1 expression. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2020, 123, 298-306.	2.9	24
25	Impact of HHV-6A and HHV-6B lytic infection on autophagy and endoplasmic reticulum stress. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , 2019, 100, 89-98.	1.3	24
26	Metformin triggers apoptosis in PEL cells and alters bortezomib-induced Unfolded Protein Response increasing its cytotoxicity and inhibiting KSHV lytic cycle activation. <i>Cellular Signalling</i> , 2017, 40, 239-247.	1.7	23
27	Hepatitis C virus present in the sera of infected patients interferes with the autophagic process of monocytes impairing their in-vitro differentiation into dendritic cells. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Cell Research</i> , 2014, 1843, 1348-1355.	1.9	21
28	Hyperglycemia triggers HIPK2 protein degradation. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2017, 8, 1190-1203.	0.8	20
29	STAT3 phosphorylation affects p53/p21 axis and KSHV lytic cycle activation. <i>Virology</i> , 2019, 528, 137-143.	1.1	19
30	HHV-8 reduces dendritic cell migration through down-regulation of cell-surface CCR6 and CCR7 and cytoskeleton reorganization. <i>Virology Journal</i> , 2012, 9, 92.	1.4	18
31	Interference with the Autophagic Process as a Viral Strategy to Escape from the Immune Control: Lesson from Gamma Herpesviruses. <i>Journal of Immunology Research</i> , 2015, 2015, 1-9.	0.9	17
32	Oxidant species are involved in T/B-mediated ERK1/2 phosphorylation that activates p53-p21 axis to promote KSHV lytic cycle in PEL cells. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2017, 112, 327-335.	1.3	17
33	Cytotoxic Drugs Activate KSHV Lytic Cycle in Latently Infected PEL Cells by Inducing a Moderate ROS Increase Controlled by HSF1, NRF2 and p62/SQSTM1. <i>Viruses</i> , 2019, 11, 8.	1.5	15
34	Regulation of the expression of the Epstein-Barr virus early gene BFRF1. <i>Virology</i> , 2006, 347, 109-116.	1.1	14
35	Targeting of Prosurvival Pathways as Therapeutic Approaches against Primary Effusion Lymphomas: Past, Present, and Future. <i>BioMed Research International</i> , 2015, 2015, 1-8.	0.9	11
36	Prevalence of HHV-8 Infections Associated with HIV, HBV and HCV in Pregnant Women in Burkina Faso. <i>Journal of Medical Sciences (Faisalabad, Pakistan)</i> , 2005, 6, 93-98.	0.0	6

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37	Kaposi Sarcoma Herpes Virus (KSHV) infection inhibits macrophage formation and survival by counteracting Macrophage Colony-Stimulating Factor (M-CSF)-induced increase of Reactive Oxygen Species (ROS), c-Jun N-terminal kinase (JNK) phosphorylation and autophagy. <i>International Journal of Biochemistry and Cell Biology</i> , 2019, 114, 105560.	1.2	5
38	Nanotechnology Frontiers in \hat{I}^3 -Herpesviruses Treatments. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2021, 22, 11407.	1.8	4
39	Sourcing the immune system to induce immunogenic cell death in Kras-colorectal cancer cells. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2019, 121, 768-775.	2.9	2