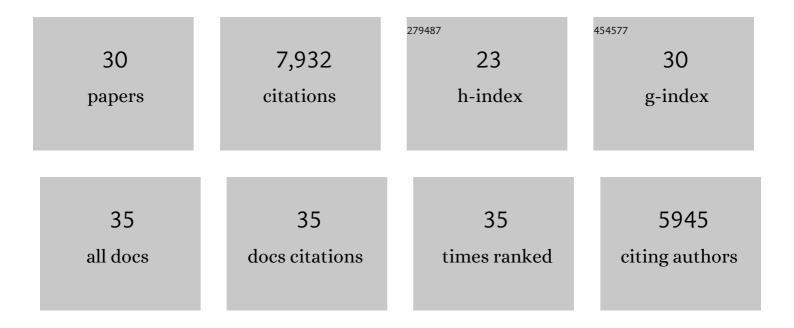
## Helen Skaletsky

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3700020/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The male-specific region of the human Y chromosome is a mosaic of discrete sequence classes. Nature, 2003, 423, 825-837.	13.7	1,887
2	The AZFc region of the Y chromosome features massive palindromes and uniform recurrent deletions in infertile men. Nature Genetics, 2001, 29, 279-286.	9.4	617
3	Mammalian Y chromosomes retain widely expressed dosage-sensitive regulators. Nature, 2014, 508, 494-499.	13.7	546
4	Abundant gene conversion between arms of palindromes in human and ape Y chromosomes. Nature, 2003, 423, 873-876.	13.7	540
5	The DAZ gene cluster on the human Y chromosome arose from an autosomal gene that was transposed, repeatedly amplified and pruned. Nature Genetics, 1996, 14, 292-299.	9.4	427
6	Recombination between Palindromes P5 and P1 on the Human Y Chromosome Causes Massive Deletions and Spermatogenic Failure. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2002, 71, 906-922.	2.6	410
7	Polymorphism for a 1.6-Mb deletion of the human Y chromosome persists through balance between recurrent mutation and haploid selection. Nature Genetics, 2003, 35, 247-251.	9.4	399
8	Chimpanzee and human Y chromosomes are remarkably divergent in structure and gene content. Nature, 2010, 463, 536-539.	13.7	381
9	An azoospermic man with a de novo point mutation in the Y-chromosomal gene USP9Y. Nature Genetics, 1999, 23, 429-432.	9.4	345
10	Sequencing the Mouse Y Chromosome Reveals Convergent Gene Acquisition and Amplification on Both Sex Chromosomes. Cell, 2014, 159, 800-813.	13.5	291
11	Strict evolutionary conservation followed rapid gene loss on human and rhesus Y chromosomes. Nature, 2012, 483, 82-86.	13.7	245
12	A physical map of the human Y chromosome. Nature, 2001, 409, 943-945.	13.7	239
13	High mutation rates have driven extensive structural polymorphism among human Y chromosomes. Nature Genetics, 2006, 38, 463-467.	9.4	237
14	Isodicentric Y Chromosomes and Sex Disorders as Byproducts of Homologous Recombination that Maintains Palindromes. Cell, 2009, 138, 855-869.	13.5	232
15	Convergent evolution of chicken Z and human X chromosomes by expansion and gene acquisition. Nature, 2010, 466, 612-616.	13.7	210
16	Independent specialization of the human and mouse X chromosomes for the male germ line. Nature Genetics, 2013, 45, 1083-1087.	9.4	164
17	Avian W and mammalian Y chromosomes convergently retained dosage-sensitive regulators. Nature Genetics, 2017, 49, 387-394.	9.4	147
18	<i> <scp>TEX</scp> 11 </i> is mutated in infertile men with azoospermia and regulates genomeâ€wide recombination rates in mouse. EMBO Molecular Medicine, 2015, 7, 1198-1210.	3.3	145

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	AZFc Deletions and Spermatogenic Failure: A Population-Based Survey of 20,000 Y Chromosomes. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2012, 91, 890-896.	2.6	113
20	Unexpectedly similar rates of nucleotide substitution found in male and female hominids. Nature, 2000, 406, 622-625.	13.7	88
21	Quantitative Chromatographic Estimation of α-Amino-Acids. Nature, 1948, 161, 763-763.	13.7	66
22	Quantitative analysis of Y-Chromosome gene expression across 36 human tissues. Genome Research, 2020, 30, 860-873.	2.4	56
23	Selection Has Countered High Mutability to Preserve the Ancestral Copy Number of Y Chromosome Amplicons in Diverse Human Lineages. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2018, 103, 261-275.	2.6	37
24	Sequence analysis in <i>Bos taurus</i> reveals pervasiveness of X–Y arms races in mammalian lineages. Genome Research, 2020, 30, 1716-1726.	2.4	29
25	MSY Breakpoint Mapper, a database of sequence-tagged sites useful in defining naturally occurring deletions in the human Y chromosome. Nucleic Acids Research, 2007, 36, D809-D814.	6.5	24
26	Intrachromosomal homologous recombination between inverted amplicons on opposing Y-chromosome arms. Genomics, 2013, 102, 257-264.	1.3	24
27	Cost-effective high-throughput single-haplotype iterative mapping and sequencing for complex genomic structures. Nature Protocols, 2018, 13, 787-809.	5.5	12
28	Large palindromes on the primate X Chromosome are preserved by natural selection. Genome Research, 2021, 31, 1337-1352.	2.4	10
29	Genetic characterization of a missense mutation in the X-linked <i>TAF7L</i> gene identified in an oligozoospermic man. Biology of Reproduction, 2022, 107, 157-167.	1.2	4
30	GC-biased gene conversion in X-chromosome palindromes conserved in human, chimpanzee, and rhesus macaque. G3: Genes, Genomes, Genetics, 2021, 11, .	0.8	2