Klaus A Miczek

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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151	10,261	58 h-index	93
papers	citations		g-index
155	155	155	6911 citing authors
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Hypoactive Thalamic Crh+ Cells in a Female Mouse Model of Alcohol Drinking After Social Trauma. Biological Psychiatry, 2021, 90, 563-574.	0.7	9
2	Neurobiological Bases of Alcohol Consumption After Social Stress. Current Topics in Behavioral Neurosciences, 2021 , , 1 .	0.8	2
3	Non-pharmacological factors that determine drug use and addiction. Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews, 2020, 110, 3-27.	2.9	54
4	Reward sensitivity deficits in a rat model of compulsive eating behavior. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2020, 45, 589-596.	2.8	17
5	The Molecular-Container Calabadion-2 Prevents Methamphetamine-Induced Reinstatement in Rats: A Potential Approach to Relapse Prevention?. International Journal of Neuropsychopharmacology, 2020, 23, 401-405.	1.0	3
6	Emerging threats in addiction: will novel psychoactive substances contribute to exacerbating the ongoing drug overdose epidemic?. Psychopharmacology, 2019, 236, 839-843.	1.5	12
7	Fighting Females: Neural and Behavioral Consequences of Social Defeat Stress in Female Mice. Biological Psychiatry, 2019, 86, 657-668.	0.7	121
8	Persistent increase of I.V. cocaine self-administration in a subgroup of C57BL/6J male mice after social defeat stress. Psychopharmacology, 2019, 236, 2027-2037.	1.5	18
9	Psychopharmacology in its 60th year. Psychopharmacology, 2019, 236, 3383-3384.	1.5	O
10	Recovery of stress-impaired social behavior by an antagonist of the CRF binding protein, CRF6â^33, in the bed nucleus of the stria terminalis of male rats. Behavioural Brain Research, 2019, 357-358, 104-110.	1.2	12
11	Translational models of adaptive and excessive fighting: an emerging role for neural circuits in pathological aggression. F1000Research, 2019, 8, 963.	0.8	18
12	Behavioral phenotyping and dopamine dynamics in mice with conditional deletion of the glutamate transporter GLT-1 in neurons: resistance to the acute locomotor effects of amphetamine. Psychopharmacology, 2018, 235, 1371-1387.	1.5	15
13	Persistent escalation of alcohol consumption by mice exposed to brief episodes of social defeat stress: suppression by CRF-R1 antagonism. Psychopharmacology, 2018, 235, 1807-1820.	1.5	38
14	Alcohol, psychomotor-stimulants and behaviour: methodological considerations in preclinical models of early-life stress. Psychopharmacology, 2018, 235, 909-933.	1.5	4
15	A Role for Prefrontal Cortical NMDA Receptors in Murine Alcohol-Heightened Aggression. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2018, 43, 1224-1234.	2.8	29
16	Social defeat stress and escalation of cocaine and alcohol consumption: Focus on CRF. Neurobiology of Stress, 2018, 9, 151-165.	1.9	50
17	Social Stimulus Causes Aberrant Activation of the Medial Prefrontal Cortex in a Mouse Model With Autism-Like Behaviors. Frontiers in Synaptic Neuroscience, 2018, 10, 35.	1.3	23
18	The Urge to Fight: Persistent Escalation by Alcohol and Role of NMDA Receptors in Mice. Frontiers in Behavioral Neuroscience, 2018, 12, 206.	1.0	22

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19	Escalated cocaine "binges―in rats: enduring effects of social defeat stress or intra-VTA CRF. Psychopharmacology, 2017, 234, 2823-2836.	1.5	22
20	Prevention and reversal of social stress-escalated cocaine self-administration in mice by intra-VTA CRFR1 antagonism. Psychopharmacology, 2017, 234, 2813-2821.	1.5	31
21	Corticotropin Releasing Factor in the Bed Nucleus of the Stria Terminalis in Socially Defeated and Non-stressed Mice with a History of Chronic Alcohol Intake. Frontiers in Pharmacology, 2017, 8, 762.	1.6	24
22	Maladaptive choices by defeated rats: link between rapid approach to social threat and escalated cocaine self-administration. Psychopharmacology, 2016, 233, 3173-3186.	1.5	7
23	Episodic Social Stress-Escalated Cocaine Self-Administration: Role of Phasic and Tonic Corticotropin Releasing Factor in the Anterior and Posterior Ventral Tegmental Area. Journal of Neuroscience, 2016, 36, 4093-4105.	1.7	65
24	Effects of <i>Gabra2</i> Point Mutations on Alcohol Intake: Increased Bingeâ€Like and Blunted Chronic Drinking by Mice. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2016, 40, 2445-2455.	1.4	10
25	CRF type 1 receptor antagonism in ventral tegmental area of adolescent rats during social defeat: prevention of escalated cocaine self-administration in adulthood and behavioral adaptations during adolescence. Psychopharmacology, 2016, 233, 2727-2736.	1.5	25
26	Identification of Serotonergic Neuronal Modules that Affect Aggressive Behavior. Cell Reports, 2016, 17, 1934-1949.	2.9	89
27	Dissociation of î¼â€opioid receptor and <scp>CRF</scp> â€ <scp>R</scp> 1 antagonist effects on escalated ethanol consumption and <scp>mPFC</scp> serotonin in <scp>C</scp> 57 <scp>BL</scp> /6 <scp>J</scp> mice. Addiction Biology, 2016, 21, 111-124.	1.4	18
28	Ventral tegmental area dopamine revisited: effects of acute and repeated stress. Psychopharmacology, 2016, 233, 163-186.	1.5	201
29	Editorial: Reporting guidelines for psychopharmacology. Psychopharmacology, 2016, 233, 1131-1134.	1.5	3
30	Social stress-escalated intermittent alcohol drinking: modulation by CRF-R1 in the ventral tegmental area and accumbal dopamine in mice. Psychopharmacology, 2016, 233, 681-690.	1.5	54
31	The fetal brain transcriptome and neonatal behavioral phenotype in the Ts1Cje mouse model of Down syndrome. American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A, 2015, 167, 1993-2008.	0.7	32
32	Corticotropin Releasing Factor Binding Protein and <scp>CRF</scp> ₂ Receptors in the Ventral Tegmental Area: Modulation of Ethanol Binge Drinking in <scp>C</scp> 57 <scp>BL</scp> /6J Mice. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2015, 39, 1609-1618.	1.4	56
33	Alcohol and violence: neuropeptidergic modulation of monoamine systems. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2015, 1349, 96-118.	1.8	53
34	Aggression and increased glutamate in the mPFC during withdrawal from intermittent alcohol in outbred mice. Psychopharmacology, 2015, 232, 2889-2902.	1.5	37
35	Social stress and escalated drug self-administration in mice II. Cocaine and dopamine in the nucleus accumbens. Psychopharmacology, 2015, 232, 1003-1010.	1.5	39
36	Social stress and escalated drug self-administration in mice I. Alcohol and corticosterone. Psychopharmacology, 2015, 232, 991-1001.	1.5	69

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37	Escalated aggression in animal models: shedding new light on mesocorticolimbic circuits. Current Opinion in Behavioral Sciences, 2015, 3, 90-95.	2.0	38
38	Glutamate Input in the Dorsal Raphe Nucleus As a Determinant of Escalated Aggression in Male Mice. Journal of Neuroscience, 2015, 35, 6452-6463.	1.7	47
39	Individual differences in anhedonic and accumbal dopamine responses to chronic social stress and their link to cocaine self-administration in female rats. Psychopharmacology, 2015, 232, 825-834.	1.5	52
40	Social defeat stress-induced sensitization and escalated cocaine self-administration: the role of ERK signaling in the rat ventral tegmental area. Psychopharmacology, 2015, 232, 1555-1569.	1.5	47
41	Escalation of cocaine self-administration in adulthood after social defeat of adolescent rats: role of social experience and adaptive coping behavior. Psychopharmacology, 2015, 232, 3067-3079.	1.5	58
42	$\hat{l}\pm 2$ -containing GABA(A) receptors: a requirement for midazolam-escalated aggression and social approach in mice. Psychopharmacology, 2015, 232, 4359-4369.	1.5	17
43	Increased mesocorticolimbic dopamine during acute and repeated social defeat stress: modulation by corticotropin releasing factor receptors in the ventral tegmental area. Psychopharmacology, 2015, 232, 4469-4479.	1.5	69
44	Capturing Individual Differences: Challenges in Animal Models of Posttraumatic Stress Disorder and Drug Abuse. Biological Psychiatry, 2015, 78, 816-818.	0.7	13
45	Prevention of Alcohol-Heightened Aggression by CRF-R1 Antagonists in Mice: Critical Role for DRN-PFC Serotonin Pathway. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2014, 39, 2874-2883.	2.8	28
46	Reduction of excessive alcohol drinking by a novel GABAB receptor positive allosteric modulator ADX71441 in mice. Psychopharmacology, 2014, 231, 333-343.	1.5	40
47	Stress in adolescence and drugs of abuse in rodent models: Role of dopamine, CRF, and HPA axis. Psychopharmacology, 2014, 231, 1557-1580.	1.5	173
48	Social Stress and CRF–Dopamine Interactions in the VTA: Role in Long-Term Escalation of Cocaine Self-Administration. Journal of Neuroscience, 2014, 34, 6659-6667.	1.7	85
49	Aggression-reducing effects of F15599, a novel selective 5-HT1A receptor agonist, after microinjection into the ventral orbital prefrontal cortex, but not in infralimbic cortex in male mice. Psychopharmacology, 2013, 230, 375-387.	1.5	15
50	Excessive aggression as model of violence: a critical evaluation of current preclinical methods. Psychopharmacology, 2013, 226, 445-458.	1.5	84
51	Alcohol in excess: CRF1 receptors in the rat and mouse VTA and DRN. Psychopharmacology, 2013, 225, 313-327.	1.5	59
52	Neurogenetics of Aggressive Behavior: Studies in Rodents. Current Topics in Behavioral Neurosciences, 2013, 17, 3-44.	0.8	165
53	Fos expression in the prefrontal cortex and mesencephalic dorsal raphe nucleus in lactating rats after social instigation Psychology and Neuroscience, 2013, 6, 115-121.	0.5	2
54	Direct CRFR1 antagonism within the VTA prevents the induction and expression of neural crossâ€sensitization to cocaine caused by social defeat stress. FASEB Journal, 2013, 27, 659.9.	0.2	0

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55	The Case for Basic Research on the Psychopharmacology of Aggression. Journal of Clinical Psychopharmacology, 2012, 32, 1-2.	0.7	1
56	Mechanistic Role for a Novel Glucocorticoid-KLF11 (TIEG2) Protein Pathway in Stress-induced Monoamine Oxidase A Expression. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2012, 287, 24195-24206.	1.6	80
57	Behavioral characterization of escalated aggression induced by GABAB receptor activation in the dorsal raphe nucleus. Psychopharmacology, 2012, 224, 155-166.	1.5	26
58	NMDA receptor antagonism: escalation of aggressive behavior in alcohol-drinking mice. Psychopharmacology, 2012, 224, 167-177.	1.5	39
59	Sex differences in behavioral and neural cross-sensitization and escalated cocaine taking as a result of episodic social defeat stress in rats. Psychopharmacology, 2012, 224, 179-188.	1.5	84
60	5-HT1B mRNA expression after chronic social stress. Behavioural Brain Research, 2011, 224, 350-357.	1.2	21
61	Behavioral and Pharmacogenetics of Aggressive Behavior. Current Topics in Behavioral Neurosciences, 2011, 12, 73-138.	0.8	89
62	Social instigation and aggression in postpartum female rats: role of 5-Ht1A and 5-Ht1B receptors in the dorsal raphA© nucleus and prefrontal cortex. Psychopharmacology, 2011, 213, 475-487.	1.5	41
63	Effect of social instigation and aggressive behavior on hormone levels of lactating dams and adult male Wistar rats Psychology and Neuroscience, 2011, 4, 103-113.	0.5	2
64	Persistent Escalation of Alcohol Drinking in C57BL/6J Mice With Intermittent Access to 20% Ethanol. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2011, 35, 1938-1947.	1.4	300
65	Gene Expression in Aminergic and Peptidergic Cells During Aggression and Defeat: Relevance to Violence, Depression and Drug Abuse. Behavior Genetics, 2011, 41, 787-802.	1.4	32
66	Brain serotonin receptors and transporters: initiation vs. termination of escalated aggression. Psychopharmacology, 2011, 213, 183-212.	1.5	109
67	Social defeat stress in rats: escalation of cocaine and "speedball―binge self-administration, but not heroin. Psychopharmacology, 2011, 215, 165-175.	1.5	93
68	Prevention of social stress-escalated cocaine self-administration by CRF-R1 antagonist in the rat VTA. Psychopharmacology, 2011, 218, 257-269.	1.5	76
69	Charles R. (Bob) Schuster, 1930-2011. Psychopharmacology, 2011, 217, 1-2.	1.5	0
70	Blunted accumbal dopamine response to cocaine following chronic social stress in female rats: exploring a link between depression and drug abuse. Psychopharmacology, 2011, 218, 271-279.	1.5	71
71	Escalated or Suppressed Cocaine Reward, Tegmental BDNF, and Accumbal Dopamine Caused by Episodic versus Continuous Social Stress in Rats. Journal of Neuroscience, 2011, 31, 9848-9857.	1.7	150
72	Ascent of the kappa-opioid receptor in psychopharmacology. Psychopharmacology, 2010, 210, 107-108.	1.5	8

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73	GABAA receptors in the dorsal raph \tilde{A} © nucleus of mice: escalation of aggression after alcohol consumption. Psychopharmacology, 2010, 211, 467-477.	1.5	44
74	Differences in Aggressive Behavior and DNA Copy Number Variants Between BALB/cJ and BALB/cByJ Substrains. Behavior Genetics, 2010, 40, 201-210.	1.4	53
75	Genetic and Environmental Influences on Ethanol Consumption: Perspectives From Preclinical Research. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2010, 34, 976-987.	1.4	33
76	Serotonin and Aggression. Handbook of Behavioral Neuroscience, 2010, 21, 687-713.	0.7	13
77	GABA _B Receptor Modulation of Serotonin Neurons in the Dorsal Raph \tilde{A} © Nucleus and Escalation of Aggression in Mice. Journal of Neuroscience, 2010, 30, 11771-11780.	1.7	98
78	Glutamatergic and GABAergic modulations of ultrasonic vocalizations during maternal separation distress in mouse pups. Psychopharmacology, 2009, 204, 61-71.	1.5	50
79	Two modes of intense cocaine bingeing: increased persistence after social defeat stress and increased rate of intake due to extended access conditions in rats. Psychopharmacology, 2009, 206, 109-120.	1.5	72
80	Long-term citalopram maintenance in mice: selective reduction of alcohol-heightened aggression. Psychopharmacology, 2008, 196, 407-416.	1.5	21
81	5-HT1B receptor inhibition of alcohol-heightened aggression in mice: comparison to drinking and running. Psychopharmacology, 2008, 197, 145-156.	1.5	27
82	NMDA receptors in the rat VTA: a critical site for social stress to intensify cocaine taking. Psychopharmacology, 2008, 197, 203-216.	1.5	61
83	Heightened aggression after chronic flunitrazepam in male rats: potential links to cortical and caudate–putamen-binding sites. Psychopharmacology, 2008, 197, 309-318.	1.5	13
84	Challenges for translational psychopharmacology researchâ€"some basic principles. Psychopharmacology, 2008, 199, 291-301.	1.5	23
85	Social rank and social separation as determinants of alcohol drinking in squirrel monkeys. Psychopharmacology, 2008, 201, 137-145.	1.5	43
86	Social instigation and aggressive behavior in mice: role of 5-HT1A and 5-HT1B receptors in the prefrontal cortex. Psychopharmacology, 2008, 201, 237-248.	1.5	53
87	Maternal separation stress in male mice: long-term increases in alcohol intake. Psychopharmacology, 2008, 201, 459-468.	1.5	95
88	Longâ \in lasting alteration in mesocorticolimbic structures after repeated social defeat stress in rats: time course of µâ \in opioid receptor mRNA and FosB $\hat{\Pi}$ FosB immunoreactivity. European Journal of Neuroscience, 2008, 27, 2272-2284.	1.2	72
89	Social stress, therapeutics and drug abuse: Preclinical models of escalated and depressed intake. , 2008, 120, 102-128.		285
90	Stress and rodent models of drug addiction: role of VTA–accumbens–PFC–amygdala circuit. Drug Discovery Today: Disease Models, 2008, 5, 259-270.	1.2	45

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91	Escalated Aggression after Alcohol Drinking in Male Mice: Dorsal Raphé and Prefrontal Cortex Serotonin and 5-HT1B Receptors. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2008, 33, 2888-2899.	2.8	54
92	Neurobiology of Escalated Aggression and Violence. Journal of Neuroscience, 2007, 27, 11803-11806.	1.7	192
93	Increased accumbal dopamine during daily alcohol consumption and subsequent aggressive behavior in rats. Psychopharmacology, 2007, 191, 679-688.	1.5	37
94	Social defeat stress, sensitization, and intravenous cocaine self-administration in mice. Psychopharmacology, 2007, 192, 261-273.	1.5	50
95	Stereotyped and complex motor routines expressed during cocaine self-administration: results from a 24-h binge of unlimited cocaine access in rats. Psychopharmacology, 2007, 192, 465-478.	1.5	28
96	Anti-aggressive effects of agonists at 5-HT1B receptors in the dorsal raphe nucleus of mice. Psychopharmacology, 2007, 193, 295-304.	1.5	61
97	Repeated brief social defeat episodes in mice: Effects on cell proliferation in the dentate gyrus. Behavioural Brain Research, 2006, 172, 344-350.	1.2	86
98	Role of Alcohol Consumption in Escalation to Violence. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2006, 1036, 278-289.	1.8	33
99	Escalated Aggressive Behavior: New Pharmacotherapeutic Approaches and Opportunities. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2006, 1036, 336-355.	1.8	70
100	Nicotine psychopharmacology research: advancing science, public health, and global policy. Psychopharmacology, 2006, 184, 263-265.	1.5	8
101	Serotonin and aggressive behavior in rodents and nonhuman primates: Predispositions and plasticity. European Journal of Pharmacology, 2005, 526, 259-273.	1.7	88
102	Escalated aggressive behavior: Dopamine, serotonin and GABA. European Journal of Pharmacology, 2005, 526, 51-64.	1.7	251
103	Intense cocaine self-administration after episodic social defeat stress, but not after aggressive behavior: dissociation from corticosterone activation. Psychopharmacology, 2005, 183, 331-340.	1.5	154
104	Brief Social Defeat Stress: Long Lasting Effects on Cocaine Taking During a Binge and Zif268 mRNA Expression in the Amygdala and Prefrontal Cortex. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2005, 30, 310-321.	2.8	110
105	GABAA/ $\hat{l}\pm 1$ receptor agonists and antagonists: effects on species-typical and heightened aggressive behavior after alcohol self-administration in mice. Psychopharmacology, 2004, 172, 255-263.	1.5	35
106	Aggression and defeat: persistent effects on cocaine self-administration and gene expression in peptidergic and aminergic mesocorticolimbic circuits. Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews, 2004, 27, 787-802.	2.9	127
107	Reinstatement—toward a model of relapse. Psychopharmacology, 2003, 168, 1-2.	1.5	33
108	Neurosteroids, GABAA receptors, and escalated aggressive behavior. Hormones and Behavior, 2003, 44, 242-257.	1.0	163

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109	Aggression Escalated by Social Instigation or by Discontinuation of Reinforcement ("Frustrationâ€) in Mice Inhibition by Anpirtoline: A 5-HT1B Receptor Agonist. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2002, 27, 171-181.	2.8	135
110	Repeated alcohol: behavioral sensitization and alcohol-heightened aggression in mice. Psychopharmacology, 2002, 160, 39-48.	1.5	76
111	Social and neural determinants of aggressive behavior: pharmacotherapeutic targets at serotonin, dopamine and ?-aminobutyric acid systems. Psychopharmacology, 2002, 163, 434-458.	1.5	369
112	Persistent suppression of ethanol self-administration by brief social stress in rats and increased startle response as index of withdrawal. Physiology and Behavior, 2001, 73, 301-311.	1.0	108
113	Alcohol, allopregnanolone and aggression in mice. Psychopharmacology, 2001, 153, 473-483.	1.5	103
114	Landmark publications in Psychopharmacology: the first 40 years. Psychopharmacology, 2001, 153, 399-401.	1.5	5
115	Zolmitriptan - a 5-HT 1B/D agonist, alcohol, and aggression in mice. Psychopharmacology, 2001, 157, 131-141.	1.5	73
116	Oral drug self-administration in the home cage of mice: alcohol-heightened aggression and inhibition by the 5-HT 1B agonist anpirtoline. Psychopharmacology, 2001, 157, 421-429.	1.5	84
117	Repeated social-defeat stress, cocaine or morphine. Psychopharmacology, 2001, 158, 388-398.	1.5	298
118	Aggressive Behavior, Increased Accumbal Dopamine, and Decreased Cortical Serotonin in Rats. Journal of Neuroscience, 2000, 20, 9320-9325.	1.7	314
119	Distress vocalizations in maternally separated mouse pups: modulation via 5-HT 1A , 5-HT 1B and GABA A receptors. Psychopharmacology, 2000, 149, 277-285.	1.5	81
120	Behavioral sensitization to cocaine after a brief social defeat stress: c-fos expression in the PAG. Psychopharmacology, 1999, 141, 225-234.	1.5	82
121	Repeated limited access to IV cocaine self-administration: conditioned autonomic rhythmicity illustrating â€predictive homeostasis". Psychopharmacology, 1999, 145, 144-152.	1.5	19
122	Interactions between social stress and morphine in the periaqueductal gray: effects on affective vocal and reflexive pain responses in rats. Psychopharmacology, 1999, 146, 153-161.	1.5	37
123	Genes, drugs and behavior: polygenic behavioral phenotypes and single gene manipulations. Psychopharmacology, 1999, 147, 1-1.	1.5	0
124	Alcohol and Heightened Aggression in Individual Mice. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 1998, 22, 1698-1705.	1.4	65
125	Behavioral sensitization to cocaine after a brief social stress is accompanied by changes in Fos expression in the murine brainstem. Brain Research, 1998, 810, 200-210.	1.1	57
126	Withdrawal from IV cocaine "binges" in rats: ultrasonic distress calls and startle. Psychopharmacology, 1998, 135, 161-168.	1.5	77

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127	Withdrawal from a self-administered or non-contingent cocaine binge: differences in ultrasonic distress vocalizations in rats. Psychopharmacology, 1998, 136, 402-408.	1.5	90
128	Dissociation of consummatory and vocal components of feeding in squirrel monkeys treated with benzodiazepines and alcohol. Psychopharmacology, 1998, 139, 117-127.	1.5	4
129	Alcohol-heightened aggression in mice: attenuation by 5-HT 1A receptor agonists. Psychopharmacology, 1998, 139, 160-168.	1.5	97
130	Effects of $\hat{l}^{1}\!\!/\!\!4$ and \hat{l}' opioid agonists and antagonists on affective vocal and reflexive pain responses during social stress in rats. Psychopharmacology, 1998, 139, 364-375.	1.5	37
131	Primate vocalizations during social separation and aggression: effects of alcohol and benzodiazepines. Psychopharmacology, 1996, 127, 255-264.	1.5	29
132	The ameliorating addict: An illusion reviewed. Behavioral and Brain Sciences, 1996, 19, 575-576.	0.4	0
133	Social defeat stress selectively alters mesocorticolimbic dopamine release: an in vivo microdialysis study. Brain Research, 1996, 721, 140-149.	1.1	441
134	Prevention of the pro-aggressive effects of alcohol in rats and squirrel monkeys by benzodiazepine receptor antagonists. Psychopharmacology, 1993, 111, 144-152.	1.5	51
135	Long-term impairment of autonomic circadian rhythms after brief intermittent social stress. Physiology and Behavior, 1993, 53, 983-993.	1.0	271
136	Tolerance to the analgesic, but not discriminative stimulus effects of morphine after brief social defeat in rats. Psychopharmacology, 1991, 104, 181-186.	1.5	87
137	Long Ultrasonic Calls in Male Rats Following Mating, Defeat and Aversive Stimulation: Frequency Modulation and Bout Structure. Behaviour, 1991, 119, 127-142.	0.4	105
138	Implants of testosterone into the septal forebrain activate aggressive behavior in male mice. Aggressive Behavior, 1990, 16, 249-258.	1.5	19
139	Regional serotonin and dopamine activity: Sensitivity to amphetamine and aggressive behavior in mice. Aggressive Behavior, 1990, 16, 259-270.	1.5	61
140	Maternal aggression in mice and rats towards male and female conspecifics. Aggressive Behavior, 1989, 15, 443-453.	1.5	56
141	Morphine effects on maternal aggression, pup care and analgesia in mice. Psychopharmacology, 1989, 98, 68-74.	1.5	42
142	Ethopharmacology of social conflict and communication: anxiolytics, antidepressants, antipsychotics, and analgesics introduction. Psychopharmacology, 1989, 97, 141-141.	1.5	0
143	Effects of alcohol on aggressive behavior in squirrel monkeys: influence of testosterone and social context. Psychopharmacology, 1988, 95, 356-63.	1.5	26
144	Aggression during morphine withdrawal: Effects of method of withdrawal, fighting experience, and social role. Psychopharmacology, 1986, 90, 451-6.	1.5	30

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145	Social status as determinant of alcohol effects on aggressive behavior in squirrel monkeys (Saimiri) Tj ETQq1 10.	784314 rg	gBT_/Overloc
146	Habituation of aggressive behavior in mice: A parametric study. Aggressive Behavior, 1984, 10, 103-113.	1.5	36
147	d-Amphetamine in squirrel monkeys of different social status: Effects on social and agonistic behavior, locomotion, and stereotypies. Psychopharmacology, 1983, 81, 183-190.	1.5	73
148	Habituation of aggression in mice: Pharmacological evidence of catecholaminergic and serotonergic mediation. Psychopharmacology, 1983, 81, 286-291.	1.5	63
149	Separate neural sites for d-amphetamine suppression of mouse killing and feeding behavior in rats. Aggressive Behavior, 1983, 9, 353-363.	1.5	3
150	The neurochemistry of defensive behavior and fear. Behavioral and Brain Sciences, 1980, 3, 313-314.	0.4	1
151	A new test for aggression in rats without aversive stimulation: Differential effects of d-amphetamine and cocaine. Psychopharmacology, 1979, 60, 253-259.	1.5	360