## Ana Lydia Sawaya

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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ΔΝΙΑ Ι ΥΠΙΑ SAWAYA

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The impact of food addiction behaviours on the treatment of overweight students. British Journal of Nutrition, 2023, 129, 1435-1442.	1.2	2
2	Food addiction symptoms and metabolic changes in children and adolescents with the double burden of malnutrition. British Journal of Nutrition, 2021, 126, 1-8.	1.2	5
3	The double burden of malnutrition: aetiological pathways and consequences for health. Lancet, The, 2020, 395, 75-88.	6.3	456
4	Changes in Thyroid and Glycemic Status and Food Intake in Children with Excess Weight Who Were Submitted for a Multi-Component School Intervention for 16 Months. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 3825.	1.2	4
5	Exploring the consumption of ultra-processed foods and its association with food addiction in overweight children. Appetite, 2019, 135, 137-145.	1.8	64
6	Endocrine Changes in Undernutrition, Metabolic Programming, and Nutritional Recovery. , 2019, , 1077-1097.		0
7	A famÃłia e o direito humano à alimentação adequada e saudável. Estudos Avancados, 2019, 33, 361-382.	0.2	1
8	Effectiveness of a stunting recovery program for children treated in a specialized center. Pediatric Research, 2018, 83, 851-857.	1.1	4
9	Effectiveness of mussels (Mytella falcata) in malnourished children's recovery living in the slums in Maceió, Alagoas. Revista Brasileira De Saude Materno Infantil, 2018, 18, 215-221.	0.2	1
10	Albuminuria, renal function and blood pressure in undernourished children and recovered from undernutrition. Pediatric Nephrology, 2017, 32, 1555-1563.	0.9	4
11	Comparison of metabolic changes between short and non-short stature, obese, low-income women after weight loss. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2017, 27, 95-97.	1.1	0
12	Effectiveness of a 16-month multi-component and environmental school-based intervention for recovery of poor income overweight/obese children and adolescents: study protocol of the health multipliers program. BMC Public Health, 2017, 17, 708.	1.2	5
13	Endocrine Changes in Undernutrition, Metabolic Programming, and Nutritional Recovery. , 2017, , 1-21.		3
14	Violência em favelas e saúde. Estudos Avancados, 2017, 32, .	0.2	3
15	Waist-to-Height Gain and Triiodothyronine Concentrations in a Cohort of Socially Vulnerable Short-Stature Women: A Four-Year Follow-Up Study. Annals of Nutrition and Metabolism, 2016, 68, 298-305.	1.0	4
16	Normal cortisol response to cold pressor test, but lower free thyroxine, after recovery from undernutrition. British Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 115, 14-23.	1.2	6
17	Energy Intake in Socially Vulnerable Women Living in Brazil: Assessment of the Accuracy of Two Methods of Dietary Intake Recording Using Doubly Labeled Water. Journal of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics, 2016, 116, 1560-1567.	0.4	18
18	Higher central fat and poor self-body image in short-stature overweight/obese women living in Brazilian shantytowns. PeerJ, 2016, 4, e2547.	0.9	1

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19	Weight gain and reduced energy expenditure in low-income Brazilian women living in slums: a 4-year follow-up study. British Journal of Nutrition, 2015, 114, 462-471.	1.2	8
20	Dietary Medium-Chain Triacylglycerols versus Long-Chain Triacylglycerols for Body Composition in Adults: Systematic Review and Meta-analysis of Randomized Controlled Trials. Journal of the American College of Nutrition, 2015, 34, 175-183.	1.1	19
21	Association between Adult Stature and Energy Expenditure in Low-Income Women from Northeastern Brazil. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0131891.	1.1	6
22	Impact of nutritional recovery with linear growth on the concentrations of adipokines in undernourished children living in Brazilian slums. British Journal of Nutrition, 2014, 112, 937-944.	1.2	10
23	Lower waist circumference in mildly-stunted adolescents is associated with elevated insulin concentration. Jornal De Pediatria, 2014, 90, 479-485.	0.9	3
24	Evolution of the biochemical profile of children treated or undergoing treatment for moderate or severe stunting: consequences of metabolic programming?. Jornal De Pediatria, 2014, 90, 356-362.	0.9	8
25	Perfil socioeconômico, nutricional e de ingestão alimentar de beneficiários do Programa Bolsa FamÃłia. Estudos Avancados, 2013, 27, 71-87.	0.2	29
26	Influence of Maternal Height and Weight on Low Birth Weight: A Cross-Sectional Study in Poor Communities of Northeastern Brazil. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e80159.	1.1	31
27	"Abra a felicidade"? Implicações para o vÃcio alimentar. Estudos Avancados, 2013, 27, 53-70.	0.2	6
28	A importância do tratamento em hospital-dia para a criança com subnutrição primária. Estudos Avancados, 2013, 27, 103-120.	0.2	1
29	Estimating total body fat using a skinfold prediction equation in Brazilian children. Annals of Human Biology, 2012, 39, 156-160.	0.4	22
30	A 15-year study on the treatment of undernourished children at a nutrition rehabilitation centre (CREN), Brazil. Public Health Nutrition, 2012, 15, 1108-1116.	1.1	5
31	A baixa estatura leve estÃ; associada ao aumento da pressão arterial em adolescentes com sobrepeso. Arquivos Brasileiros De Cardiologia, 2012, 98, 06-12.	0.3	14
32	Long-Lasting Effects of Undernutrition. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2011, 8, 1817-1846.	1.2	292
33	Ãndice de massa corporal de adolescentes: comparação entre diferentes referências. Revista Paulista De Pediatria, 2011, 29, 171-177.	0.4	8
34	Mild stunting is associated with higher body fat: study of a low-income population. Jornal De Pediatria, 2011, 87, 138-144.	0.9	13
35	Dyslipidaemia and Undernutrition in Children from Impoverished Areas of Maceió, State of Alagoas, Brazil. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2010, 7, 4139-4151.	1.2	24
36	Associação entre desnutrição em crianças moradoras de favelas, estado nutricional materno e fatores socioambientais. Jornal De Pediatria, 2010, 86, 215-220.	0.9	35

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37	Height and weight gains in a nutrition rehabilitation day-care service. Public Health Nutrition, 2010, 13, 1505-1510.	1.1	20
38	Adolescents with Mild Stunting Show Alterations in Glucose and Insulin Metabolism. Journal of Nutrition and Metabolism, 2010, 2010, 1-6.	0.7	18
39	Association between malnutrition in children living in slums, maternal nutritional status, and environmental factors. Jornal De Pediatria, 2010, 86, 215-20.	0.9	29
40	Influência do déficit de estatura nos desvios nutricionais em adolescentes e pré-adolescentes. Revista De Nutricao, 2009, 22, 187-194.	0.4	2
41	Malnutrition, Long-Term Health and the Effect of Nutritional Recovery. Nestle Nutrition Workshop Series Paediatric Programme, 2009, 63, 95-108.	1.5	29
42	Children recovered from malnutrition exhibit normal insulin production and sensitivity. British Journal of Nutrition, 2008, 99, 297-302.	1.2	19
43	Circulating renin–angiotensin system and catecholamines in childhood: is there a role for birthweight?. Clinical Science, 2008, 114, 375-380.	1.8	72
44	Estado nutricional, condições socioeconômicas, ambientais e de saúde de crianças moradoras em cortiços e favela. Revista De Nutricao, 2008, 21, 671-681.	0.4	3
45	Development of populationâ€specific anthropometric prediction equations for children in Brazil. FASEB Journal, 2008, 22, 461.6.	0.2	0
46	Dossiê: nutrição e pobreza. Psicologia USP, 2008, 19, XIII-XIV.	0.1	0
47	Short stature and food habits as determining factors for the low productivity of sugarcane labourers in the State of Alagoas, north-eastern Brazil. Archivos Latinoamericanos De Nutricion, 2008, 58, 33-9.	0.3	9
48	Biomarkers of Oxidative Stress and Antioxidant Status in Children Born Small for Gestational Age: Evidence of Lipid Peroxidation. Pediatric Research, 2007, 62, 204-208.	1.1	67
49	Homocysteine and Nitric Oxide Are Related to Blood Pressure and Vascular Function in Small-for-Gestational-Age Children. Hypertension, 2007, 50, 396-402.	1.3	28
50	Body fat distribution in stunted compared with normal-height children from the shantytowns of São Paulo, Brazil. Nutrition, 2007, 23, 640-646.	1.1	62
51	Short stature, abdominal obesity, insulin resistance and alterations in lipid profile in very low-income women living in Macei??, north-eastern Brazil. European Journal of Cardiovascular Prevention and Rehabilitation, 2007, 14, 346-348.	3.1	17
52	Desnutrição: conseqüências em longo prazo e efeitos da recuperação nutricional. Estudos Avancados, 2006, 20, 147-158.	0.2	35
53	PolÃticas públicas: pontos de método e experiências. Estudos Avancados, 2006, 20, 131-148	0.2	4
54	Malnourished Children Treated in Day-Hospital or Outpatient Clinics Exhibit Linear Catch-Up and Normal Body Composition. Journal of Nutrition, 2006, 136, 648-655.	1.3	20

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55	Evidence for impaired insulin production and higher sensitivity in stunted children living in slums. British Journal of Nutrition, 2006, 95, 996-1001.	1.2	34
56	Effects of Low Birth Weight in 8- to 13-Year-Old Children. Hypertension, 2006, 48, 45-50.	1.3	153
57	Comparison of Techniques to Evaluate Adiposity in Stunted and Nonstunted Children. Pediatrics, 2006, 117, e725-e732.	1.0	21
58	Comida e educação. Estudos Avancados, 2006, 20, 113-118.	0.2	2
59	Lower resting metabolic rate and higher velocity of weight gain in a prospective study of stunted vs nonstunted girls living in the shantytowns of SA£o Paulo, Brazil. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2005, 59, 835-842.	1.3	45
60	Association between chronic undernutrition and hypertension. Maternal and Child Nutrition, 2005, 1, 155-163.	1.4	63
61	Malnutrition Is Associated with Increased Blood Pressure in Childhood. Nephron Clinical Practice, 2004, 97, c61-c66.	2.3	28
62	Long-term Effects of Early Malnutrition on Body Weight Regulation. Nutrition Reviews, 2004, 62, S127-S133.	2.6	66
63	Short stature, obesity and arterial hypertension in a very low income population in North-eastern Brazil. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2004, 14, 26-33.	1.1	56
64	Stunted children gain less lean body mass and more fat mass than their non-stunted counterparts: a prospective study. British Journal of Nutrition, 2004, 92, 819-825.	1.2	101
65	The Link between Childhood Undernutrition and Risk of Chronic Diseases in Adulthood: a Case Study of Brazil. Nutrition Reviews, 2003, 61, 168-175.	2.6	99
66	Increased blood pressure in adolescents of low socioeconomic status with short stature. Pediatric Nephrology, 2003, 18, 435-439.	0.9	40
67	Food consumed does not account for the higher prevalence of obesity among stunted adults in a very-low-income population in the Northeast of Brazil (Maceió, Alagoas). European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2003, 57, 1437-1446.	1.3	73
68	Stunting and future risk of obesity: principal physiological mechanisms. Cadernos De Saude Publica, 2003, 19, S21-S28.	0.4	103
69	Os dois Brasis: quem são, onde estão e como vivem os pobres brasileiros. Estudos Avancados, 2003, 17, 21-44.	0.2	34
70	Meal palatability, substrate oxidation and blood glucose in young and older men. Physiology and Behavior, 2001, 72, 5-12.	1.0	36
71	Obesity and undernutrition in a very-low-income population in the city of Maceió, northeastern Brazil. British Journal of Nutrition, 2001, 86, 277-283.	1.2	110
72	Regulation of Energy Intake May Be Impaired in Nutritionally Stunted Children from the Shantytowns of Salfo Paulo, Brazil. Journal of Nutrition, 2000, 130, 2265-2270.	1.3	50

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73	Energy expenditure of stunted and nonstunted boys and girls living in the shantytowns of São Paulo, Brazil. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2000, 72, 1025-1031.	2.2	114
74	Why are nutritionally stunted children at increased risk of obesity? Studies of metabolic rate and fat oxidation in shantytown children from São Paulo, Brazil. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2000, 72, 702-707.	2.2	296
75	Use of Food Quotients in Human Doubly Labeled Water Studies. Journal of the American Dietetic Association, 1998, 98, 1015-1020.	1.3	29
76	Lowering of plasma triiodothyronine level and sympathetic activity does not alter hypoalbuminaemia in rats fed on a diet of low protein concentration. British Journal of Nutrition, 1998, 79, 455-462.	1.2	6
77	Mild Stunting Is Associated with Higher Susceptibility to the Effects of High Fat Diets: Studies in a Shantytown Population in SA£o Paulo, Brazil. Journal of Nutrition, 1998, 128, 415S-420S.	1.3	86
78	Relationship Between Circulating Leptin and Energy Expenditure in Adult Men and Women Aged 18 Years to 81 Years. Obesity, 1997, 5, 459-463.	4.0	35
79	Obesity and Malnutrition in a Shantytown Population in the City of São Paulo, Brazil. Obesity, 1995, 3, 107s-115s.	4.0	107
80	Evidence suggesting that the elevated plasma triiodothyronine concentration of rats fed on protein deficient diets is physiologically active. British Journal of Nutrition, 1985, 53, 175-181.	1.2	26