

# Piers K Dunstan

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

62  
papers

3,200  
citations

147726

31  
h-index

155592

55  
g-index

63  
all docs

63  
docs citations

63  
times ranked

4693  
citing authors

| #  | ARTICLE  | IF   | CITATIONS |
|----|--|------|-----------|
| 1  | Climate change cascades: Shifts in oceanography, species' ranges and subtidal marine community dynamics in eastern Tasmania. <i>Journal of Experimental Marine Biology and Ecology</i> , 2011, 400, 17-32. | 0.7  | 525       |
| 2  | Deep-sea diversity patterns are shaped by energy availability. <i>Nature</i> , 2016, 533, 393-396.   | 13.7 | 202       |
| 3  | The Convention on Biological Diversity's Ecologically or Biologically Significant Areas: Origins, development, and current status. <i>Marine Policy</i> , 2014, 49, 137-145.                               | 1.5  | 126       |
| 4  | Model-based thinking for community ecology. <i>Plant Ecology</i> , 2015, 216, 669-682.   | 0.7  | 120       |
| 5  | Systematic Conservation Planning: A Better Recipe for Managing the High Seas for Biodiversity Conservation and Sustainable Use. <i>Conservation Letters</i> , 2014, 7, 41-54.                              | 2.8  | 110       |
| 6  | Spatio-temporal variation in coral recruitment at different scales on Heron Reef, southern Great Barrier Reef. <i>Coral Reefs</i> , 1998, 17, 71-81.   | 0.9  | 104       |
| 7  | Model based grouping of species across environmental gradients. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2011, 222, 955-963.  | 1.2  | 95        |
| 8  | Scales of habitat heterogeneity and megabenthos biodiversity on an extensive Australian continental margin (100–1100 m depths). <i>Marine Ecology</i> , 2010, 31, 222-236.                                 | 0.4  | 94        |
| 9  | Global patterns of change and variation in sea surface temperature and chlorophyll a. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 14624.  | 1.6  | 88        |
| 10 | A systematic approach towards the identification and protection of vulnerable marine ecosystems. <i>Marine Policy</i> , 2014, 49, 146-154.   | 1.5  | 84        |
| 11 | To mix or not to mix: comparing the predictive performance of mixture models vs. separate species distribution models. <i>Ecology</i> , 2013, 94, 1913-1919.   | 1.5  | 80        |
| 12 | Modelling marine protected areas: insights and hurdles. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2015, 370, 20140278.   | 1.8  | 78        |
| 13 | Invasion rates increase with species richness in a marine epibenthic community by two mechanisms. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2004, 138, 285-292.   | 0.9  | 73        |
| 14 | A practical framework for implementing and evaluating integrated management of marine activities. <i>Ocean and Coastal Management</i> , 2019, 177, 127-138.  | 2.0  | 73        |
| 15 | Larval gregariousness and neonate establishment of the eucalypt-feeding beetle <i>Chrysophtharta agricola</i> (Coleoptera: Chrysomelidae: Paropsini). <i>Oikos</i> , 2001, 94, 358-364.                    | 1.2  | 62        |
| 16 | Identifying Ecologically or Biologically Significant Areas (EBSA): A systematic method and its application to seamounts in the South Pacific Ocean. <i>Ocean and Coastal Management</i> , 2014, 91, 65-79. | 2.0  | 60        |
| 17 | Identifying indicators and essential variables for marine ecosystems. <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2015, 57, 409-419.  | 2.6  | 60        |
| 18 | Using ecologically or biologically significant marine areas (EBSAs) to implement marine spatial planning. <i>Ocean and Coastal Management</i> , 2016, 121, 116-127.  | 2.0  | 56        |

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|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 19 | Results of efforts by the Convention on Biological Diversity to describe ecologically or biologically significant marine areas. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2016, 30, 571-581.                                      | 2.4 | 56        |
| 20 | Better integration of sectoral planning and management approaches for the interlinked ecology of the open oceans. <i>Marine Policy</i> , 2014, 49, 127-136.   | 1.5 | 53        |
| 21 | Finite Mixture of Regression Modeling for High-Dimensional Count and Biomass Data in Ecology. <i>Journal of Agricultural, Biological, and Environmental Statistics</i> , 2013, 18, 357-375.                           | 0.7 | 52        |
| 22 | The Coral Sea. <i>Advances in Marine Biology</i> , 2013, 66, 213-290.   | 0.7 | 51        |
| 23 | The Analysis of Biodiversity Using Rank Abundance Distributions. <i>Biometrics</i> , 2010, 66, 186-195.   | 0.8 | 50        |
| 24 | Linking Capacity Development to GOOS Monitoring Networks to Achieve Sustained Ocean Observation. <i>Frontiers in Marine Science</i> , 2018, 5, .  | 1.2 | 49        |
| 25 | Abundance and richness of key Antarctic seafloor fauna correlates with modelled food availability. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2018, 2, 71-80.  | 3.4 | 46        |
| 26 | Modelling biological regions from multi-species and environmental data. <i>Environmetrics</i> , 2013, 24, 489-499.  | 0.6 | 45        |
| 27 | Reviewing the EBSA process: Improving on success. <i>Marine Policy</i> , 2018, 88, 75-85.   | 1.5 | 43        |
| 28 | LINKING RICHNESS, COMMUNITY VARIABILITY, AND INVASION RESISTANCE WITH PATCH SIZE. <i>Ecology</i> , 2006, 87, 2842-2850.   | 1.5 | 37        |
| 29 | Decadal-Scale Forecasting of Climate Drivers for Marine Applications. <i>Advances in Marine Biology</i> , 2016, 74, 1-68.   | 0.7 | 34        |
| 30 | How far can marine species go? Influence of population biology and larval movement on future range limits. <i>Marine Ecology - Progress Series</i> , 2007, 344, 15-28.  | 0.9 | 34        |
| 31 | Integrating modelling of biodiversity composition and ecosystem function. <i>Oikos</i> , 2016, 125, 10-19.  | 1.2 | 32        |
| 32 | Mechanisms of invasions: can the recipient community influence invasion rates?. <i>Botanica Marina</i> , 2007, 50, 361-372.   | 0.6 | 30        |
| 33 | Characterising and Predicting Benthic Biodiversity for Conservation Planning in Deepwater Environments. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e36558.  | 1.1 | 28        |
| 34 | Predicting global dynamics from local interactions: individual-based models predict complex features of marine epibenthic communities. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2005, 186, 221-233.                              | 1.2 | 26        |
| 35 | Management of an invasive marine species: defining and testing the effectiveness of ballast-water management options using management strategy evaluation. <i>ICES Journal of Marine Science</i> , 2008, 65, 841-850. | 1.2 | 25        |
| 36 | Taxonomic Resolution, Functional Traits, and the Influence of Species Groupings on Mapping Antarctic Seafloor Biodiversity. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2018, 6, .                                    | 1.1 | 25        |

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|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 37 | Identifying hotspots for biodiversity management using rank abundance distributions. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2012, 18, 22-32.   | 1.9 | 24        |
| 38 | The Global Ocean Biodiversity Initiative: Promoting scientific support for global ocean governance. <i>Aquatic Conservation: Marine and Freshwater Ecosystems</i> , 2019, 29, 162-169.             | 0.9 | 22        |
| 39 | Twenty Years of High-Resolution Sea Surface Temperature Imagery around Australia: Inter-Annual and Annual Variability. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e100762.   | 1.1 | 22        |
| 40 | Fathom out: biogeographical subdivision across the Western Australian continental margin – a multispecies modelling approach. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2013, 19, 1506-1517.            | 1.9 | 21        |
| 41 | The cumulative effect of trawl fishing on a multispecies fish assemblage in south-eastern Australia. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2015, 52, 129-139.  | 1.9 | 21        |
| 42 | Determining marine bioregions: A comparison of quantitative approaches. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2020, 11, 1258-1272.   | 2.2 | 20        |
| 43 | “Walking along with development”: Climate resilient pathways for political resource curses. <i>Environmental Science and Policy</i> , 2022, 128, 228-241.  | 2.4 | 20        |
| 44 | RAD biodiversity: prediction of rank abundance distributions from deep water benthic assemblages. <i>Ecography</i> , 2011, 34, 798-806.  | 2.1 | 19        |
| 45 | Ocean governance in the South Pacific region: Progress and plans for action. <i>Marine Policy</i> , 2017, 79, 40-45.   | 1.5 | 19        |
| 46 | Testing the presence of marine protected areas against their ability to reduce pressures on biodiversity. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2020, 34, 622-631.   | 2.4 | 19        |
| 47 | How can climate predictions improve sustainability of coastal fisheries in Pacific Small-Island Developing States?. <i>Marine Policy</i> , 2018, 88, 295-302.                                      | 1.5 | 18        |
| 48 | Characterising uncertainty in generalised dissimilarity models. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2017, 8, 985-995.  | 2.2 | 17        |
| 49 | Bioregions in Marine Environments: Combining Biological and Environmental Data for Management and Scientific Understanding. <i>BioScience</i> , 2020, 70, 48-59.                                   | 2.2 | 16        |
| 50 | An info-gap approach to power and sample size calculations. <i>Environmetrics</i> , 2007, 18, 189-203.   | 0.6 | 15        |
| 51 | Do communities exist? Complex patterns of overlapping marine species distributions. <i>Ecology</i> , 2014, 95, 2016-2025.  | 1.5 | 15        |
| 52 | The Salas y Gómez and Nazca ridges: A review of the importance, opportunities and challenges for protecting a global diversity hotspot on the high seas. <i>Marine Policy</i> , 2021, 126, 104377. | 1.5 | 15        |
| 53 | Stop ignoring map uncertainty in biodiversity science and conservation policy. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2022, 6, 828-829.   | 3.4 | 15        |
| 54 | Tropical Marginal Seas: Priority Regions for Managing Marine Biodiversity and Ecosystem Function. <i>Annual Review of Marine Science</i> , 2014, 6, 415-437.                                       | 5.1 | 14        |

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|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 55 | Competition coefficients in a marine epibenthic assemblage depend on spatial structure. <i>Oikos</i> , 2003, 100, 79-88.  | 1.2 | 11        |
| 56 | Uniting marine and terrestrial modelling of biodiversity under climate change. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2010, 25, 550-551.  | 4.2 | 11        |
| 57 | Comparing large-scale bioregions and fine-scale community-level biodiversity predictions from subtidal rocky reefs across south-eastern Australia. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2012, 49, 851-860. | 1.9 | 8         |
| 58 | The disjuncture between regional ocean priorities and development assistance in the South Pacific. <i>Marine Policy</i> , 2019, 107, 103420.  | 1.5 | 8         |
| 59 | Mapping Antarctic Suspension Feeder Abundances and Seafloor Food-Availability, and Modeling Their Change After a Major Glacier Calving. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2018, 6, .            | 1.1 | 7         |
| 60 | Mapping threats to species: Method matters. <i>Marine Policy</i> , 2021, 131, 104614.   | 1.5 | 6         |
| 61 | Integrated assessment of the spatial distribution and structural dynamics of deep benthic marine communities. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2020, 30, e02065.  | 1.8 | 5         |
| 62 | Vulnerable, but Still Poorly Known, Marine Ecosystems: How to Make Distribution Models More Relevant and Impactful for Conservation and Management of VMEs?. <i>Frontiers in Marine Science</i> , 0, 9, . | 1.2 | 4         |