

James A Lutz

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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135
papers

7,495
citations

61945

43
h-index

60583

81
g-index

145
all docs

145
docs citations

145
times ranked

7388
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	<sc>CTFS</sc>â€œForest<sc>GEO</sc>: a worldwide network monitoring forests in an era of global change. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2015, 21, 528-549.	4.2	473
2	Global importance of largeâ€œdiameter trees. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2018, 27, 849-864.	2.7	330
3	Scaleâ€œdependent relationships between tree species richness and ecosystem function in forests. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2013, 101, 1214-1224.	1.9	265
4	Restoring forest resilience: From reference spatial patterns to silvicultural prescriptions and monitoring. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2013, 291, 442-457.	1.4	264
5	Forest ecosystems, disturbance, and climatic change in Washington State, USA. <i>Climatic Change</i> , 2010, 102, 129-158.	1.7	256
6	Plant diversity increases with the strength of negative density dependence at the global scale. <i>Science</i> , 2017, 356, 1389-1392.	6.0	222
7	Climatic water deficit, treeâ€œspecies ranges, and climate change in Yosemite National Park. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2010, 37, 936-950.	1.4	217
8	Lower forest density enhances snow retention in regions with warmer winters: A global framework developed from plot-scale observations and modeling. <i>Water Resources Research</i> , 2013, 49, 6356-6370.	1.7	200
9	TREE MORTALITY DURING EARLY FOREST DEVELOPMENT: A LONG-TERM STUDY OF RATES, CAUSES, AND CONSEQUENCES. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2006, 76, 257-275.	2.4	184
10	Ecological Importance of Large-Diameter Trees in a Temperate Mixed-Conifer Forest. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e36131.	1.1	181
11	The Science of Firescapes: Achieving Fire-Resilient Communities. <i>BioScience</i> , 2016, 66, 130-146.	2.2	157
12	Mapped versus actual burned area within wildfire perimeters: Characterizing the unburned. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2012, 286, 38-47.	1.4	155
13	Canopy closure exerts weak controls on understory dynamics: a 30â€œyear study of overstoryâ€œunderstory interactions. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2013, 83, 221-237.	2.4	143
14	Comparisons between field- and LiDAR-based measures of stand structural complexity. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2010, 40, 761-773.	0.8	140
15	Mixed severity fire effects within the Rim fire: Relative importance of local climate, fire weather, topography, and forest structure. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2015, 358, 62-79.	1.4	125
16	Water balance and topography predict fire and forest structure patterns. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2015, 338, 1-13.	1.4	125
17	ForestGEO: Understanding forest diversity and dynamics through a global observatory network. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2021, 253, 108907.	1.9	122
18	Climate, lightning ignitions, and fire severity in Yosemite National Park, California, USA. <i>International Journal of Wildland Fire</i> , 2009, 18, 765.	1.0	114

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19	Assessing fire effects on forest spatial structure using a fusion of Landsat and airborne LiDAR data in Yosemite National Park. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 2014, 151, 89-101.	4.6	113
20	The Importance of Large-Diameter Trees to Forest Structural Heterogeneity. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e82784.	1.1	113
21	Landscape-scale effects of fire severity on mixed-conifer and red fir forest structure in Yosemite National Park. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2013, 287, 17-31.	1.4	111
22	Ground-based testing of MODIS fractional snow cover in subalpine meadows and forests of the Sierra Nevada. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 2013, 128, 44-57.	4.6	103
23	Detecting unburned areas within wildfire perimeters using Landsat and ancillary data across the northwestern United States. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 2016, 186, 275-285.	4.6	97
24	Examining conifer canopy structural complexity across forest ages and elevations with LiDAR data. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2010, 40, 774-787.	0.8	95
25	Twentieth-century decline of large-diameter trees in Yosemite National Park, California, USA. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2009, 257, 2296-2307.	1.4	93
26	Direct and indirect effects of climate on richness drive the latitudinal diversity gradient in forest trees. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2019, 22, 245-255.	3.0	92
27	Differences in wildfires among ecoregions and land management agencies in the Sierra Nevada region, California, USA. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2012, 3, 1-20.	1.0	91
28	Local spatial structure of forest biomass and its consequences for remote sensing of carbon stocks. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2014, 11, 6827-6840.	1.3	89
29	Fire Regime Attributes of Wildland Fires in Yosemite National Park, USA. <i>Fire Ecology</i> , 2007, 3, 34-52.	1.1	86
30	Spatial aspects of tree mortality strongly differ between young and old-growth forests. <i>Ecology</i> , 2015, 96, 2855-2861.	1.5	84
31	POTENTIAL SITE PRODUCTIVITY INFLUENCES THE RATE OF FOREST STRUCTURAL DEVELOPMENT. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2008, 18, 899-910.	1.8	83
32	Spatially nonrandom tree mortality and ingrowth maintain equilibrium pattern in an old-growth <i>Pseudotsuga</i> - <i>Tsuga</i> forest. <i>Ecology</i> , 2014, 95, 2047-2054.	1.5	81
33	Climatic influences on interannual variability in regional burn severity across western US forests. <i>International Journal of Wildland Fire</i> , 2017, 26, 269.	1.0	76
34	Comparative evolutionary diversity and phylogenetic structure across multiple forest dynamics plots: a mega-phylogeny approach. <i>Frontiers in Genetics</i> , 2014, 5, 358.	1.1	71
35	Towards a new paradigm in fire severity research using dose-response experiments. <i>International Journal of Wildland Fire</i> , 2016, 25, 158.	1.0	70
36	Fire Frequency, Area Burned, and Severity: A Quantitative Approach to Defining a Normal Fire Year. <i>Fire Ecology</i> , 2011, 7, 51-65.	1.1	62

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37	Interpretation and topographic compensation of conifer canopy self-shadowing. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 2008, 112, 3820-3832.	4.6	60
38	Patch dynamics and the development of structural and spatial heterogeneity in Pacific Northwest forests. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2011, 41, 2276-2291.	0.8	58
39	Fixing a snag in carbon emissions estimates from wildfires. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2019, 25, 3985-3994.	4.2	53
40	The Evolution of Long-Term Data for Forestry: Large Temperate Research Plots in an Era of Global Change. <i>Northwest Science</i> , 2015, 89, 255-269.	0.1	52
41	Fire Refugia: What Are They, and Why Do They Matter for Global Change?. <i>BioScience</i> , 0, , .	2.2	51
42	Forest structure and pattern vary by climate and landform across active-fire landscapes in the montane Sierra Nevada. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2019, 437, 70-86.	1.4	48
43	Ecological Importance of Small-Diameter Trees to the Structure, Diversity and Biomass of a Tropical Evergreen Forest at Rabi, Gabon. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0154988.	1.1	48
44	Modeling the Effects of Fire Severity and Spatial Complexity on Small Mammals in Yosemite National Park, California. <i>Fire Ecology</i> , 2008, 4, 83-104.	1.1	47
45	Continent-wide tree fecundity driven by indirect climate effects. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 1242.	5.8	46
46	Joint effects of climate, tree size, and year on annual tree growth derived from tree-ring records of ten globally distributed forests. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2022, 28, 245-266.	4.2	46
47	Remnants of an ancient forest provide ecological context for Early Miocene fossil apes. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2014, 5, 3236.	5.8	45
48	Is there tree senescence? The fecundity evidence. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2021, 118, .	3.3	42
49	Spatially explicit modeling of overstory manipulations in young forests: Effects on stand structure and light. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2009, 220, 3565-3575.	1.2	41
50	Post-fire morel (<i>Morchella</i>) mushroom abundance, spatial structure, and harvest sustainability. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2016, 377, 16-25.	1.4	41
51	Multi-decadal establishment for single-cohort Douglas-fir forests. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2014, 44, 1068-1078.	0.8	39
52	Effects of fire radiative energy density dose on <i>Pinus contorta</i> and <i>Larix occidentalis</i> seedling physiology and mortality. <i>International Journal of Wildland Fire</i> , 2017, 26, 82.	1.0	39
53	Climate Contributors to Forest Mosaics: Ecological Persistence Following Wildfire. <i>Northwest Science</i> , 2015, 89, 219-238.	0.1	38
54	Evaluating a new method for reconstructing forest conditions from General Land Office survey records. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2017, 27, 1498-1513.	1.8	38

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55	Canopy Adjustment and Improved Cloud Detection for Remotely Sensed Snow Cover Mapping. <i>Water Resources Research</i> , 2020, 56, e2019WR024914.	1.7	38
56	Reconciling niches and neutrality in a subalpine temperate forest. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2017, 8, e01847.	1.0	37
57	The importance of small fire refugia in the central Sierra Nevada, California, USA. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2019, 432, 1041-1052.	1.4	37
58	Spatiotemporal patterns of unburned areas within fire perimeters in the northwestern United States from 1984 to 2014. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2018, 9, e02029.	1.0	36
59	Detecting tree mortality with Landsat-derived spectral indices: Improving ecological accuracy by examining uncertainty. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 2020, 237, 111497.	4.6	36
60	Development and testing of a snow interceptometer to quantify canopy water storage and interception processes in the rain/snow transition zone of the North Cascades, Washington, USA. <i>Water Resources Research</i> , 2013, 49, 3243-3256.	1.7	35
61	A forest reconstruction model to assess changes to Sierra Nevada mixed-conifer forest during the fire suppression era. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2015, 354, 104-118.	1.4	35
62	Wildfire and drought moderate the spatial elements of tree mortality. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2020, 11, e03214.	1.0	35
63	Multi-scale assessment of post-fire tree mortality models. <i>International Journal of Wildland Fire</i> , 2019, 28, 46.	1.0	34
64	Climate extremes may be more important than climate means when predicting species range shifts. <i>Climatic Change</i> , 2020, 163, 579-598.	1.7	34
65	Evaluating observational methods to quantify snow duration under diverse forest canopies. <i>Water Resources Research</i> , 2015, 51, 1203-1224.	1.7	33
66	Previous wildfires and management treatments moderate subsequent fire severity. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2022, 504, 119764.	1.4	31
67	Patterns of nitrogen-fixing tree abundance in forests across Asia and America. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2019, 107, 2598-2610.	1.9	29
68	Fuel dynamics after reintroduced fire in an old-growth Sierra Nevada mixed-conifer forest. <i>Fire Ecology</i> , 2019, 15, .	1.1	28
69	Arbuscular mycorrhizal trees influence the latitudinal beta-diversity gradient of tree communities in forests worldwide. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 3137.	5.8	28
70	Tamm Review: Ecological principles to guide post-fire forest landscape management in the Inland Pacific and Northern Rocky Mountain regions. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2022, 504, 119680.	1.4	28
71	Tree Circumference Dynamics in Four Forests Characterized Using Automated Dendrometer Bands. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0169020.	1.1	25
72	Using climate-driven leaf phenology and growth to improve predictions of gross primary productivity in North American forests. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 6974-6988.	4.2	24

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73	Distribution of biomass dynamics in relation to tree size in forests across the world. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2022, 234, 1664-1677.	3.5	24
74	Shrub Communities, Spatial Patterns, and Shrub-Mediated Tree Mortality following Reintroduced Fire in Yosemite National Park, California, USA. <i>Fire Ecology</i> , 2017, 13, 104-126.	1.1	23
75	Community composition and allometry of <i>Leucothoe davisiae</i> , <i>Cornus sericea</i> , and <i>Chrysolepis sempervirens</i> . <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2014, 44, 677-683.	0.8	22
76	Structure of early old-growth Douglas-fir forests in the Pacific Northwest. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2015, 335, 11-25.	1.4	22
77	Uncertainty analysis: an evaluation metric for synthesis science. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2015, 6, 1-12.	1.0	21
78	Can low-severity fire reverse compositional change in montane forests of the Sierra Nevada, California, USA?. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2016, 7, e01484.	1.0	21
79	Advancing Fire Science with Large Forest Plots and a Long-Term Multidisciplinary Approach. <i>Fire</i> , 2018, 1, 5.	1.2	21
80	Species Diversity Associated with Foundation Species in Temperate and Tropical Forests. <i>Forests</i> , 2019, 10, 128.	0.9	21
81	Tree Canopies Reflect Mycorrhizal Composition. <i>Geophysical Research Letters</i> , 2021, 48, e2021GL092764.	1.5	21
82	Limits to reproduction and seed size-number trade-offs that shape forest dominance and future recovery. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2022, 13, 2381.	5.8	21
83	Using Fiber-Optic Distributed Temperature Sensing to Measure Ground Surface Temperature in Thinned and Unthinned Forests. <i>Northwest Science</i> , 2012, 86, 108-121.	0.1	20
84	Observations of distributed snow depth and snow duration within diverse forest structures in a maritime mountain watershed. <i>Water Resources Research</i> , 2015, 51, 9353-9366.	1.7	20
85	Fire and the Distribution and Uncertainty of Carbon Sequestered as Aboveground Tree Biomass in Yosemite and Sequoia & Kings Canyon National Parks. <i>Land</i> , 2017, 6, 10.	1.2	20
86	Mycorrhizal type influences plant density dependence and species richness across 15 temperate forests. <i>Ecology</i> , 2021, 102, e03259.	1.5	20
87	Large-diameter trees dominate snag and surface biomass following reintroduced fire. <i>Ecological Processes</i> , 2020, 9, .	1.6	20
88	Crowding, climate, and the case for social distancing among trees. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2022, 32, e2507.	1.8	20
89	Unprecedented remote sensing data over King and Rim megafires in the Sierra Nevada Mountains of California. <i>Ecology</i> , 2016, 97, 3244-3244.	1.5	19
90	A physiological model for predicting dynamics of tree stem-wood non-structural carbohydrates. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2020, 108, 702-718.	1.9	19

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91	Biomass and Burning Characteristics of Sugar Pine Cones. <i>Fire Ecology</i> , 2012, 8, 58-70.	1.1	18
92	Divergent, age-associated fungal communities of <i>Pinus flexilis</i> and <i>Pinus longaeva</i> . <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2021, 494, 119277.	1.4	18
93	Decline of an ecotone forest: 50 years of demography in the southern boreal forest. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2019, 10, e02698.	1.0	17
94	Forest structure predictive of fisher (<i>Pekania pennanti</i>) dens exists in recently burned forest in Yosemite, California, USA. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2019, 444, 174-186.	1.4	17
95	Wildfire severity and postfire salvage harvest effects on long-term forest regeneration. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2020, 11, e03199.	1.0	17
96	Burn weather and three-dimensional fuel structure determine post-fire tree mortality. <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2020, 35, 859-878.	1.9	16
97	Determination of burn severity models ranging from regional to national scales for the conterminous United States. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 2021, 263, 112569.	4.6	16
98	Individual species-area relationships in temperate coniferous forests. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2018, 29, 317-324.	1.1	15
99	Topographic variation in tree group and gap structure in Sierra Nevada mixed-conifer forests with active fire regimes. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2020, 472, 118220.	1.4	15
100	Post-fire landscape evaluations in Eastern Washington, USA: Assessing the work of contemporary wildfires. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2022, 504, 119796.	1.4	15
101	The Survival of <i>Pinus ponderosa</i> Saplings Subjected to Increasing Levels of Fire Behavior and Impacts on Post-Fire Growth. <i>Fire</i> , 2019, 2, 23.	1.2	14
102	Is pretenure interdisciplinary research a career risk?. <i>Eos</i> , 2012, 93, 311-312.	0.1	13
103	Predicting the influence of climate on grassland area burned in Xilingol, China with dynamic simulations of autoregressive distributed lag models. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020, 15, e0229894.	1.1	13
104	Chemical Similarity of Co-occurring Trees Decreases With Precipitation and Temperature in North American Forests. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 9, .	1.1	13
105	The importance of large-diameter trees to the creation of snag and deadwood biomass. <i>Ecological Processes</i> , 2021, 10, .	1.6	12
106	Large-diameter trees, snags, and deadwood in southern Utah, USA. <i>Ecological Processes</i> , 2021, 10, .	1.6	12
107	Density-dependent processes fluctuate over 50 years in an ecotone forest. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2019, 191, 909-918.	0.9	11
108	<i>allodb</i> : An R package for biomass estimation at globally distributed extratropical forest plots. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2022, 13, 330-338.	2.2	11

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109	Globally, tree fecundity exceeds productivity gradients. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2022, 25, 1471-1482.	3.0	11
110	Determinants of spatial patterns of canopy tree species in a tropical evergreen forest in Gabon. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2019, 30, 929-939.	1.1	10
111	The distribution of woody species in relation to climate and fire in Yosemite National Park, California, USA. <i>Fire Ecology</i> , 2020, 16, .	1.1	10
112	Response to Comment on "Plant diversity increases with the strength of negative density dependence at the global scale". <i>Science</i> , 2018, 360, .	6.0	9
113	Genetic and Spatial Structuring of <i>Populus tremuloides</i> in a Mixed-Species Forest of Southwestern Utah, USA. <i>Western North American Naturalist</i> , 2019, 79, 63.	0.2	9
114	Estimating historical forest density from land-use survey data: a response to Baker and Williams (2018). <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2019, 29, e01968.	1.8	8
115	Demographic composition, not demographic diversity, predicts biomass and turnover across temperate and tropical forests. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2022, 28, 2895-2909.	4.2	8
116	Determining the sensitivity of grassland area burned to climate variation in Xilingol, China, with an autoregressive distributed lag approach. <i>International Journal of Wildland Fire</i> , 2019, 28, 628.	1.0	7
117	Seasonal weather and climate prediction over area burned in grasslands of northeast China. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020, 10, 19961.	1.6	7
118	Response to Comment on "Plant diversity increases with the strength of negative density dependence at the global scale". <i>Science</i> , 2018, 360, .	6.0	6
119	Shared friends counterbalance shared enemies in old forests. <i>Ecology</i> , 2021, 102, e03495.	1.5	6
120	EARLY MIOCENE PALEOCLIMATE AND PALEOENVIRONMENTS ACROSS EAST AFRICA. , 2017, , .		6
121	Climate warming may weaken stabilizing mechanisms in old forests. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2022, 92, .	2.4	6
122	Dancing with Douglas-fir: Determinism dominates fungal community assembly processes. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2022, 110, 1857-1870.	1.9	6
123	Postfire treatments alter forest canopy structure up to three decades after fire. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2021, 505, 119872.	1.4	5
124	Drone-acquired data reveal the importance of forest canopy structure in predicting tree diversity. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2022, 505, 119945.	1.4	5
125	Large-diameter trees affect snow duration in post-fire old-growth forests. <i>Ecohydrology</i> , 2022, 15, .	1.1	5
126	Scale-dependent species-area relationship: Niche-based versus stochastic processes in a typical subtropical forest. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2022, 110, 1883-1895.	1.9	5

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127	The Post-Fire Assembly Processes of Tree Communities Based on Spatial Analysis of a Sierra Nevada Mixed-Conifer Forest. <i>Fire</i> , 2020, 3, 72.	1.2	3
128	Improving intra- and inter-annual GPP predictions by using individual tree inventories and leaf growth dynamics. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2021, 58, 2315-2328.	1.9	3
129	Continental-scale parameterization and prediction of leaf phenology for the North American forests. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2022, 31, 1603-1615.	2.7	3
130	Environment- and trait-mediated scaling of tree occupancy in forests worldwide. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2019, 28, 1155-1167.	2.7	2
131	Soil Enzyme Activity and Soil Nutrients Jointly Influence Post-Fire Habitat Models in Mixed-Conifer Forests of Yosemite National Park, USA. <i>Fire</i> , 2020, 3, 54.	1.2	2
132	Mid-career graduate students in ecology. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2008, 6, 392-393.	1.9	1
133	Interactions between all pairs of neighboring trees in 16 forests worldwide reveal details of unique ecological processes in each forest, and provide windows into their evolutionary histories. <i>PLoS Computational Biology</i> , 2021, 17, e1008853.	1.5	1
134	Predicting soil mineralized nitrogen dynamics with fine root growth and microbial processes in temperate forests. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2022, 158, 21.	1.7	1
135	Preface: Special Issue on Wildland Fires. <i>Land</i> , 2018, 7, 46.	1.2	0