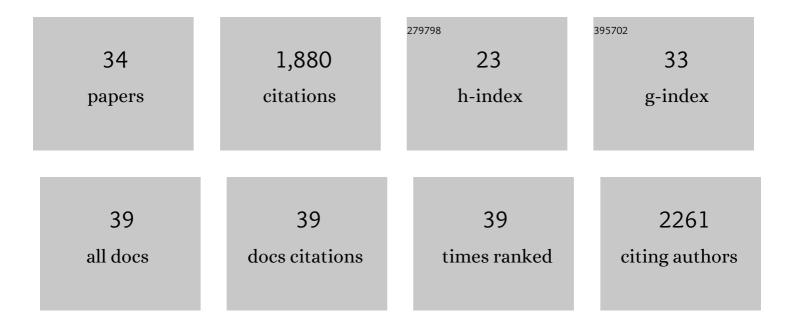
Stefan Rothenburg

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Poxviruses and the evolution of host range and virulence. Infection, Genetics and Evolution, 2014, 21, 15-40.	2.3	204
2	Human Cytomegalovirus Induces the Interferon Response via the DNA Sensor ZBP1. Journal of Virology, 2010, 84, 585-598.	3.4	178
3	A PKR-like eukaryotic initiation factor 2Â kinase from zebrafish contains Z-DNA binding domains instead of dsRNA binding domains. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2005, 102, 1602-1607.	7.1	154
4	Single domain antibodies from llama effectively and specifically block T cell ectoâ€ADPâ€ribosyltransferase ART2.2 in vivo. FASEB Journal, 2007, 21, 3490-3498.	0.5	106
5	Rapid evolution of protein kinase PKR alters sensitivity to viral inhibitors. Nature Structural and Molecular Biology, 2009, 16, 63-70.	8.2	106
6	A survey of host range genes in poxvirus genomes. Infection, Genetics and Evolution, 2013, 14, 406-425.	2.3	97
7	Multiple elements in the elF4G1 N-terminus promote assembly of elF4G1•PABP mRNPs <i>in vivo</i> . EMBO Journal, 2011, 30, 302-316.	7.8	85
8	IFNβ responses induced by intracellular bacteria or cytosolic DNA in different human cells do not require ZBP1 (DLM-1/DAI). Cellular Microbiology, 2008, 10, 2579-2588.	2.1	76
9	Species-Specific Host–Virus Interactions: Implications for Viral Host Range and Virulence. Trends in Microbiology, 2020, 28, 46-56.	7.7	74
10	Double-stranded RNA-activated protein kinase PKR of fishes and amphibians: Varying the number of double-stranded RNA binding domains and lineage-specific duplications. BMC Biology, 2008, 6, 12.	3.8	73
11	ZBP1 subcellular localization and association with stress granules is controlled by its Z-DNA binding domains. Nucleic Acids Research, 2006, 34, 5007-5020.	14.5	71
12	Myxoma Virus Protein M029 Is a Dual Function Immunomodulator that Inhibits PKR and Also Conscripts RHA/DHX9 to Promote Expanded Host Tropism and Viral Replication. PLoS Pathogens, 2013, 9, e1003465.	4.7	58
13	Complex regulation of the human gene for the Z-DNA binding protein DLM-1. Nucleic Acids Research, 2002, 30, 993-1000.	14.5	54
14	Adaptive Gene Amplification As an Intermediate Step in the Expansion of Virus Host Range. PLoS Pathogens, 2014, 10, e1004002.	4.7	51
15	Battle Royale: Innate Recognition of Poxviruses and Viral Immune Evasion. Biomedicines, 2021, 9, 765.	3.2	49
16	Myxoma virus M156 is a specific inhibitor of rabbit PKR but contains a loss-of-function mutation in Australian virus isolates. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2016, 113, 3855-3860.	7.1	45
17	DNA methylation and Z-DNA formation as mediators of quantitative differences in the expression of alleles. Immunological Reviews, 2001, 184, 286-298.	6.0	42
18	Characterization of a ranavirus inhibitor of the antiviral protein kinase PKR. BMC Microbiology, 2011,	3.3	40

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Overexpression of eIF5 or its protein mimic 5MP perturbs eIF2 function and induces <i>ATF4</i> translation through delayed re-initiation. Nucleic Acids Research, 2016, 44, 8704-8713.	14.5	40
20	SARS-CoV-2 detection and genomic sequencing from hospital surface samples collected at UC Davis. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0253578.	2.5	37
21	Interaction between the tRNA-Binding and C-Terminal Domains of Yeast Gcn2 Regulates Kinase Activity In Vivo. PLoS Genetics, 2015, 11, e1004991.	3.5	35
22	Archaeal alF2B Interacts with Eukaryotic Translation Initiation Factors elF2α and elF2Bα: Implications for alF2B Function and elF2B Regulation. Journal of Molecular Biology, 2009, 392, 701-722.	4.2	34
23	Essential role of eIF5-mimic protein in animal development is linked to control of ATF4 expression. Nucleic Acids Research, 2014, 42, 10321-10330.	14.5	24
24	The poxvirus C7L host range factor superfamily. Current Opinion in Virology, 2012, 2, 764-772.	5.4	23
25	Enhanced Interaction between Pseudokinase and Kinase Domains in Gcn2 stimulates eIF2α Phosphorylation in Starved Cells. PLoS Genetics, 2014, 10, e1004326.	3.5	22
26	DNA methylation contributes to tissue- and allele-specific expression of the T-cell differentiation marker RT6. Immunogenetics, 2001, 52, 231-241.	2.4	18
27	AC dielectrophoretic manipulation and electroporation of vaccinia virus using carbon nanoelectrode arrays. Electrophoresis, 2017, 38, 1515-1525.	2.4	18
28	Orthopoxvirus K3 orthologs show virus- and host-specific inhibition of the antiviral protein kinase PKR. PLoS Pathogens, 2021, 17, e1009183.	4.7	16
29	Speciesâ€specific inhibition of antiviral protein kinase R by capripoxviruses and vaccinia virus. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2019, 1438, 18-29.	3.8	14
30	Maladaptation after a virus host switch leads to increased activation of the pro-inflammatory NF-κB pathway. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2022, 119, e2115354119.	7.1	9
31	Evolution of $elF2\hat{l}$ + Kinases: Adapting Translational Control to Diverse Stresses. , 2016, , 235-260.		7
32	Rapid, Seamless Generation of Recombinant Poxviruses using Host Range and Visual Selection. Journal of Visualized Experiments, 2020, , .	0.3	7
33	Ectopic Expression of Vaccinia Virus E3 and K3 Cannot Rescue Ectromelia Virus Replication in Rabbit RK13 Cells. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0119189.	2.5	7
34	Characterization of multiple alleles of the T-cell differentiation marker ART2 (RT6) in inbred and wild rats. Immunogenetics, 2005, 57, 739-749.	2.4	1