

Mark Vellend

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

75
papers

15,455
citations

50244

46
h-index

76872

74
g-index

80
all docs

80
docs citations

80
times ranked

19350
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Navigating the multiple meanings of \hat{I}^2 diversity: a roadmap for the practicing ecologist. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2011, 14, 19-28.	3.0	1,899
2	Conceptual Synthesis in Community Ecology. <i>Quarterly Review of Biology</i> , 2010, 85, 183-206.	0.0	1,875
3	TRY plant trait database "enhanced coverage and open access. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 119-188.	4.2	1,038
4	Using null models to disentangle variation in community dissimilarity from variation in \hat{I}^2 -diversity. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2011, 2, art24.	1.0	698
5	Disentangling the Drivers of \hat{I}^2 Diversity Along Latitudinal and Elevational Gradients. <i>Science</i> , 2011, 333, 1755-1758.	6.0	617
6	Biodiversity-Ecosystem Function Research: Is It Relevant to Conservation?. <i>Annual Review of Ecology, Evolution, and Systematics</i> , 2005, 36, 267-294.	3.8	588
7	Microclimate moderates plant responses to macroclimate warming. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2013, 110, 18561-18565.	3.3	523
8	Global meta-analysis reveals no net change in local-scale plant biodiversity over time. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2013, 110, 19456-19459.	3.3	464
9	Plant functional trait change across a warming tundra biome. <i>Nature</i> , 2018, 562, 57-62.	13.7	451
10	Connections between species diversity and genetic diversity. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2005, 8, 767-781.	3.0	424
11	EXTINCTION DEBT OF FOREST PLANTS PERSISTS FOR MORE THAN A CENTURY FOLLOWING HABITAT FRAGMENTATION. <i>Ecology</i> , 2006, 87, 542-548.	1.5	405
12	The geography of biodiversity change in marine and terrestrial assemblages. <i>Science</i> , 2019, 366, 339-345.	6.0	385
13	Recovery of forest plant communities in post-agricultural landscapes. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2005, 3, 243-250.	1.9	373
14	Is habitat fragmentation bad for biodiversity?. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2019, 230, 179-186.	1.9	329
15	Assessing the relative importance of neutral stochasticity in ecological communities. <i>Oikos</i> , 2014, 123, 1420-1430.	1.2	310
16	Community assembly along a soil depth gradient: contrasting patterns of plant trait convergence and divergence in a Mediterranean rangeland. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2012, 100, 1422-1433.	1.9	303
17	Homogenization of forest plant communities and weakening of species-environment relationships via agricultural land use. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2007, 95, 565-573.	1.9	300
18	Eco-evolutionary responses of biodiversity to climate change. <i>Nature Climate Change</i> , 2012, 2, 747-751.	8.1	262

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19	DISPERSAL OF TRILLIUM SEEDS BY DEER: IMPLICATIONS FOR LONG-DISTANCE MIGRATION OF FOREST HERBS. <i>Ecology</i> , 2003, 84, 1067-1072.	1.5	206
20	Species Diversity and Genetic Diversity: Parallel Processes and Correlated Patterns. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2005, 166, 199-215.	1.0	193
21	Plant Biodiversity Change Across Scales During the Anthropocene. <i>Annual Review of Plant Biology</i> , 2017, 68, 563-586.	8.6	179
22	Quantifying temporal change in biodiversity: challenges and opportunities. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2013, 280, 20121931.	1.2	178
23	PARALLEL EFFECTS OF LAND-USE HISTORY ON SPECIES DIVERSITY AND GENETIC DIVERSITY OF FOREST HERBS. <i>Ecology</i> , 2004, 85, 3043-3055.	1.5	173
24	Species richness change across spatial scales. <i>Oikos</i> , 2019, 128, 1079-1091.	1.2	160
25	Environmental DNA Time Series in Ecology. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2018, 33, 945-957.	4.2	152
26	Effects of exotic species on evolutionary diversification. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2007, 22, 481-488.	4.2	144
27	Historical ecology: Using unconventional data sources to test for effects of global environmental change. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2013, 100, 1294-1305.	0.8	143
28	THE CONSEQUENCES OF GENETIC DIVERSITY IN COMPETITIVE COMMUNITIES. <i>Ecology</i> , 2006, 87, 304-311.	1.5	141
29	Non-climatic constraints on upper elevational plant range expansion under climate change. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2014, 281, 20141779.	1.2	137
30	Genetic diversity in widespread species is not congruent with species richness in alpine plant communities. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2012, 15, 1439-1448.	3.0	135
31	Elevational shifts, biotic homogenization and time lags in vegetation change during 40 years of climate warming. <i>Ecography</i> , 2015, 38, 546-555.	2.1	129
32	Island Biogeography of Genes and Species. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2003, 162, 358-365.	1.0	127
33	Drawing ecological inferences from coincident patterns of population and community level biodiversity. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2014, 23, 2890-2901.	2.0	121
34	HABITAT LOSS INHIBITS RECOVERY OF PLANT DIVERSITY AS FORESTS REGROW. <i>Ecology</i> , 2003, 84, 1158-1164.	1.5	111
35	METAPOPULATION DYNAMICS IN CHANGING LANDSCAPES: A NEW SPATIALLY REALISTIC MODEL FOR FOREST PLANTS. <i>Ecology</i> , 2004, 85, 3302-3312.	1.5	108
36	Estimates of local biodiversity change over time stand up to scrutiny. <i>Ecology</i> , 2017, 98, 583-590.	1.5	106

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37	Garden plants get a head start on climate change. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2008, 6, 212-216.	1.9	100
38	Stronger influence of anthropogenic disturbance than climate change on century-scale compositional changes in northern forests. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019, 10, 1265.	5.8	98
39	Environmental causes and consequences of forest clearance and agricultural abandonment in central New York, USA. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2005, 32, 439-452.	1.4	95
40	Global environmental change effects on plant community composition trajectories depend upon management legacies. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2018, 24, 1722-1740.	4.2	93
41	Combining Biodiversity Resurveys across Regions to Advance Global Change Research. <i>BioScience</i> , 2017, 67, 73-83.	2.2	89
42	Gains in native species promote biotic homogenization over four decades in a human-dominated landscape. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2013, 101, 1542-1551.	1.9	79
43	Effects of genotype identity and diversity on the invasiveness and invasibility of plant populations. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2010, 162, 371-381.	0.9	67
44	Using subsets of species in biodiversity surveys. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2008, 45, 161-169.	1.9	66
45	Understanding context dependence in the contribution of intraspecific variation to community trait-environment matching. <i>Ecology</i> , 2015, 96, 2912-2922.	1.5	62
46	Predicting the sensitivity of butterfly phenology to temperature over the past century. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2014, 20, 504-514.	4.2	56
47	The ice age ecologist: testing methods for reserve prioritization during the last global warming. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2013, 22, 289-301.	2.7	47
48	Flowering time of butterfly nectar food plants is more sensitive to temperature than the timing of butterfly adult flight. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2015, 84, 1311-1321.	1.3	47
49	Defining Historical Baselines for Conservation: Ecological Changes Since European Settlement on Vancouver Island, Canada. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2010, 24, 1559-1568.	2.4	46
50	High beta diversity among small islands is due to environmental heterogeneity rather than ecological drift. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2018, 45, 2252-2261.	1.4	44
51	The Biodiversity Conservation Paradox. <i>American Scientist</i> , 2017, 105, 94.	0.1	43
52	Environmentally biased fragmentation of oak savanna habitat on southeastern Vancouver Island, Canada. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2008, 141, 2576-2584.	1.9	42
53	Long-term community change: bryophytes are more responsive than vascular plants to nitrogen deposition and warming. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2017, 28, 1220-1229.	1.1	42
54	Local environment rather than past climate determines community composition of mountain stream macroinvertebrates across Europe. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2017, 26, 6085-6099.	2.0	41

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55	Directional turnover towards larger-ranged plants over time and across habitats. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2022, 25, 466-482.	3.0	39
56	Multidisciplinary synthesis of long-term human-ecosystem interactions: A perspective from the Garry oak ecosystem of British Columbia. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2013, 166, 293-300.	1.9	35
57	Abundance, rarity and invasion debt among exotic species in a patchy ecosystem. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2013, 15, 707-716.	1.2	35
58	Soil abiotic and biotic properties constrain the establishment of a dominant temperate tree into boreal forests. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2020, 108, 931-944.	1.9	33
59	Characterizing the contribution of plasticity and genetic differentiation to community-level trait responses to environmental change. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2018, 8, 3895-3907.	0.8	32
60	Increased seedling establishment via enemy release at the upper elevational range limit of sugar maple. <i>Ecology</i> , 2016, 97, 3058-3069.	1.5	28
61	'Structured' beta diversity increases with climatic productivity in a classic dataset. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2011, 2, art11.	1.0	27
62	Four decades of plant community change along a continental gradient of warming. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2019, 25, 1629-1641.	4.2	26
63	Landscape factors and regional differences in recovery rates of herb layer richness in Flanders (Belgium). <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2006, 21, 1109-1118.	1.9	25
64	Historical anthropogenic disturbances influence patterns of non-native earthworm and plant invasions in a temperate primary forest. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2015, 17, 1267-1281.	1.2	23
65	Ecological Differentiation among Genotypes of Dandelions (<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>). <i>Weed Science</i> , 2009, 57, 410-416.	0.8	19
66	Scale-dependent changes in tree diversity over more than a century in eastern Canada: Landscape diversification and regional homogenization. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2021, 109, 273-283.	1.9	14
67	Sex and space destabilize intransitive competition within and between species. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2008, 275, 1857-1864.	1.2	13
68	Herbivory and pollen limitation at the upper elevational range limit of two forest understory plants of eastern North America. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2018, 8, 892-903.	0.8	11
69	How the relationship between vegetation cover and land-cover variance constrains biodiversity in a human dominated world. <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2021, 36, 3097-3104.	1.9	10
70	Setting conservation priorities when what you see is not what you get. <i>Animal Conservation</i> , 2013, 16, 14-15.	1.5	7
71	Large herbivores trigger spatiotemporal changes in forest plant diversity. <i>Ecology</i> , 2022, 103, e3739.	1.5	7
72	Thaw circles around tree trunks provide spring ephemeral plants with a big head start on the growing season. <i>Ecology</i> , 2017, 98, 3224-3226.	1.5	6

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73	Changes in landscape-scale tree biodiversity in the north-eastern USA since European settlement. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2021, 30, 666-673.	2.7	6
74	Causes and consequences of deer browsing on red trillium (<i>Trillium erectum</i>) along an elevational gradient. <i>Botany</i> , 2020, 98, 469-478.	0.5	2
75	Tree biodiversity in northern forests shows temporal stability over 35 years at different scales, levels, and dimensions. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 0, , .	1.9	0