

# Chander Kumar Singh

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

73  
papers

2,383  
citations

218592

26  
h-index

223716

46  
g-index

80  
all docs

80  
docs citations

80  
times ranked

1923  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Delineation of Groundwater Potential Zones in Arid Region of India—A Remote Sensing and GIS Approach. <i>Water Resources Management</i> , 2012, 26, 2643-2672.	1.9	176
2	Multivariate statistical analysis and geochemical modeling for geochemical assessment of groundwater of Delhi, India. <i>Journal of Geochemical Exploration</i> , 2017, 175, 59-71.	1.5	158
3	Modeling urban heat islands in heterogeneous land surface and its correlation with impervious surface area by using night-time ASTER satellite data in highly urbanizing city, Delhi-India. <i>Advances in Space Research</i> , 2013, 52, 639-655.	1.2	133
4	Geospatial and geostatistical approach for groundwater potential zone delineation. <i>Hydrological Processes</i> , 2015, 29, 395-418.	1.1	116
5	Integrating multivariate statistical analysis with GIS for geochemical assessment of groundwater quality in Shiwaliks of Punjab, India. <i>Environmental Earth Sciences</i> , 2011, 62, 1387-1405.	1.3	95
6	Geochemical Modeling of High Fluoride Concentration in Groundwater of Pokhran Area of Rajasthan, India. <i>Bulletin of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology</i> , 2011, 86, 152-158.	1.3	87
7	Application of GWQI to Assess Effect of Land Use Change on Groundwater Quality in Lower Shiwaliks of Punjab: Remote Sensing and GIS Based Approach. <i>Water Resources Management</i> , 2011, 25, 1881-1898.	1.9	84
8	Predicting groundwater arsenic contamination: Regions at risk in highest populated state of India. <i>Water Research</i> , 2019, 159, 65-76.	5.3	83
9	Land surface emissivity retrieval based on moisture index from LANDSAT TM satellite data over heterogeneous surfaces of Delhi city. <i>International Journal of Applied Earth Observation and Geoinformation</i> , 2012, 19, 348-358.	1.4	76
10	Arsenic enrichment in groundwater and associated health risk in Bari doab region of Indus basin, Punjab, India. <i>Environmental Pollution</i> , 2020, 256, 113324.	3.7	68
11	Quantitative modeling of groundwater in Satluj River basin of Rupnagar district of Punjab using remote sensing and geographic information system. <i>Environmental Earth Sciences</i> , 2011, 62, 871-881.	1.3	66
12	Hydro-Geochemical Assessment of Groundwater Quality in Aseer Region, Saudi Arabia. <i>Water (Switzerland)</i> , 2018, 10, 1847.	1.2	62
13	Aqueous geochemistry of fluoride enriched groundwater in arid part of Western India. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution Research</i> , 2015, 22, 2668-2678.	2.7	58
14	Fluoride enrichment in aquifers of the Thar Desert: controlling factors and its geochemical modelling. <i>Hydrological Processes</i> , 2013, 27, 2462-2474.	1.1	57
15	Quantitative analysis of the methane gas emissions from municipal solid waste in India. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 2913.	1.6	57
16	Geochemical characterization and heavy metal contamination of groundwater in Satluj River Basin. <i>Environmental Earth Sciences</i> , 2014, 71, 201-216.	1.3	56
17	Characterization of Hydrogeochemical Processes and Fluoride Enrichment in Groundwater of South-Western Punjab. <i>Water Quality, Exposure, and Health</i> , 2015, 7, 373-387.	1.5	56
18	Characterization and evaluation of processes governing the groundwater quality in parts of the Sabarmati basin, Gujarat using hydrochemistry integrated with GIS. <i>Hydrological Processes</i> , 2012, 26, 1538-1551.	1.1	55

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19	Evaluation of aqueous geochemistry of fluoride enriched groundwater: A case study of the Patan district, Gujarat, Western India. <i>Water Science</i> , 2017, 31, 215-229.	0.5	53
20	Field testing of over 30,000 wells for arsenic across 400 villages of the Punjab plains of Pakistan and India: Implications for prioritizing mitigation. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2019, 654, 1358-1363.	3.9	47
21	Geographically weighted regression based quantification of rainfall–topography relationship and rainfall gradient in Central Himalayas. <i>International Journal of Climatology</i> , 2017, 37, 1299-1309.	1.5	45
22	Geochemical modelling, ionic ratio and GIS based mapping of groundwater salinity and assessment of governing processes in Northern Gujarat, India. <i>Environmental Earth Sciences</i> , 2013, 69, 2377-2391.	1.3	43
23	Impacts of Vegetation and Topography on Land Surface Temperature Variability over the Semi-Arid Mountain Cities of Saudi Arabia. <i>Atmosphere</i> , 2020, 11, 762.	1.0	40
24	Integrated Assessment of Groundwater for Agricultural Use in Mewat District of Haryana, India Using Geographical Information System (GIS). <i>Journal of the Indian Society of Remote Sensing</i> , 2016, 44, 747-758.	1.2	38
25	Arsenic contamination in Rapti River Basin, Terai region of India. <i>Journal of Geochemical Exploration</i> , 2018, 192, 120-131.	1.5	35
26	Groundwater Quality Studies in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia: Prevalent Research and Management Dimensions. <i>Water (Switzerland)</i> , 2021, 13, 1266.	1.2	34
27	Spatial and decadal prediction of land use/land cover using multi-layer perceptron-neural network (MLP-NN) algorithm for a semi-arid region of Asir, Saudi Arabia. <i>Earth Science Informatics</i> , 2021, 14, 1547-1562.	1.6	33
28	Hydrogeochemical Evolution and Appraisal of Groundwater Quality in Panna District, Central India. <i>Exposure and Health</i> , 2016, 8, 19-30.	2.8	26
29	Demand for environmental quality information and household response: Evidence from well-water arsenic testing. <i>Journal of Environmental Economics and Management</i> , 2017, 86, 160-192.	2.1	24
30	Google Earth Engine for the Detection of Soiling on Photovoltaic Solar Panels in Arid Environments. <i>Remote Sensing</i> , 2020, 12, 1466.	1.8	24
31	Evaluating the NDVI–Rainfall Relationship in Bisha Watershed, Saudi Arabia Using Non-Stationary Modeling Technique. <i>Atmosphere</i> , 2021, 12, 593.	1.0	24
32	Groundwater fluoride across the Punjab plains of Pakistan and India: Distribution and underlying mechanisms. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2022, 806, 151353.	3.9	24
33	Chemometric analysis to infer hydro-geochemical processes in a semi-arid region of India. <i>Arabian Journal of Geosciences</i> , 2013, 6, 2915-2932.	0.6	21
34	Determining the genetic origin of nitrate contamination in aquifers of Northern Gujarat, India. <i>Environmental Earth Sciences</i> , 2014, 71, 1711-1719.	1.3	20
35	Estimating Potential Methane Emission from Municipal Solid Waste and a Site Suitability Analysis of Existing Landfills in Delhi, India. <i>Technologies</i> , 2017, 5, 62.	3.0	20
36	Effect of Lockdown Amid COVID-19 on Ambient Air Quality in 16 Indian Cities. <i>Frontiers in Sustainable Cities</i> , 2021, 3, .	1.2	18

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37	A comparative analysis of different pixel and object-based classification algorithms using multi-source high spatial resolution satellite data for LULC mapping. <i>Earth Science Informatics</i> , 2021, 14, 2231-2247.	1.6	17
38	Geochemical assessment of groundwater in a desertic region of India using chemometric analysis and entropy water quality index (EWQI). <i>Natural Hazards</i> , 2022, 112, 747-782.	1.6	17
39	Identification of erosional and inundation hazard zones in Kenâ€™Betwa river linking area, India, using remote sensing and GIS. <i>Environmental Monitoring and Assessment</i> , 2011, 182, 341-360.	1.3	16
40	Nonâ€™stationary modelling framework for rainfall interpolation in complex terrain. <i>International Journal of Climatology</i> , 2017, 37, 4171-4185.	1.5	16
41	An index-based approach to assess groundwater quality for drinking and irrigation in Asir region of Saudi Arabia. <i>Arabian Journal of Geosciences</i> , 2021, 14, 1.	0.6	16
42	Geochemistry and associated human health risk through potential harmful elements (PHEs) in groundwater of the Indus basin, India. <i>Environmental Earth Sciences</i> , 2020, 79, 1.	1.3	15
43	Examining the rainfallâ€™topography relationship using non-stationary modelling technique in semi-arid Aseer region, Saudi Arabia. <i>Arabian Journal of Geosciences</i> , 2018, 11, 1.	0.6	14
44	Regulation of groundwater arsenic concentrations in the Ravi, Beas, and Sutlej floodplains of Punjab, India. <i>Geochimica Et Cosmochimica Acta</i> , 2020, 276, 384-403.	1.6	14
45	Time series trend analysis of rainfall in last five decades and its quantification in Aseer Region of Saudi Arabia. <i>Arabian Journal of Geosciences</i> , 2021, 14, 1.	0.6	14
46	Predicting impact of urbanization on water resources in megacity Delhi. <i>Remote Sensing Applications: Society and Environment</i> , 2020, 20, 100361.	0.8	12
47	Clustering Data and Incorporating Topographical Variables for Improving Spatial Interpolation of Rainfall in Mountainous Region. <i>Water Resources Management</i> , 2017, 31, 425-442.	1.9	11
48	DEM-based delineation for improving geostatistical interpolation of rainfall in mountainous region of Central Himalayas, India. <i>Theoretical and Applied Climatology</i> , 2017, 130, 51-58.	1.3	11
49	Evaluation of LiDAR and image segmentation based classification techniques for automatic building footprint extraction for a segment of Atlantic County, New Jersey. <i>Geocarto International</i> , 2016, 31, 694-713.	1.7	10
50	Tree species biomass and carbon stock measurement using ground based-LiDAR. <i>Geocarto International</i> , 2015, 30, 293-310.	1.7	9
51	Spatial analysis of soil resources in the Mewat district in the semiarid regions of Haryana, India. <i>Environment, Development and Sustainability</i> , 2018, 20, 661-680.	2.7	9
52	Geospatial modelling for sub-watershed prioritization in Western Himalayan Basin using morphometric parameters. <i>Natural Hazards</i> , 2022, 110, 545-561.	1.6	9
53	A GIS-based methodological framework to characterize the Resource Management Domain (RMD): A case study of Mewat district, Haryana, India. <i>Land Use Policy</i> , 2017, 60, 90-100.	2.5	8
54	Geochemical, Topographical, and Meteorological Controls on Groundwater Arsenic Contamination in Sharda River Basin of Uttar Pradesh, India. <i>Journal of Climate Change</i> , 2020, 6, 71-87.	0.2	8

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55	Geophysical approach to delineate arsenic hot spots in the alluvial aquifers of Bhagalpur district, Bihar (India) in the central Gangetic plains. <i>Applied Water Science</i> , 2014, 4, 89-97.	2.8	7
56	Monitoring change in land use and land cover in Rupnagar district of Punjab, India using Landsat and IRS LISS III satellite data. <i>Ecological Questions</i> , 0, 13, 73.	0.1	7
57	Spatial stochastic model for predicting soil organic matter using remote sensing data. <i>Geocarto International</i> , 2022, 37, 413-444.	1.7	5
58	Assessment of urban area dynamics in world's second largest megacity at sub-city (district) level during 1973â€“2016 along with regional planning. <i>Remote Sensing Applications: Society and Environment</i> , 2020, 20, 100383.	0.8	4
59	Urban Growth and Management in Lucknow City, the Capital of Uttar Pradesh. , 2018, , 109-122.		4
60	Identification of resource management domain-specific best practices in the agriculture sector for the Mewat region of Haryana, India. <i>Environment, Development and Sustainability</i> , 2019, 21, 2277-2296.	2.7	3
61	Geochemical modeling to infer genetic origin of groundwater and associated health risks in desertic aquifers. <i>Groundwater for Sustainable Development</i> , 2021, 13, 100569.	2.3	3
62	Depositional environment in great Indian desert using grain size parameters and its chemical characterization. <i>Journal of the Geological Society of India</i> , 2015, 86, 412-420.	0.5	2
63	Vermicomposting of terrestrial weeds <i>Lantana camara</i> L. and <i>Parthenium hysterophorus</i> L.: agriculture solid waste. <i>Ecological Questions</i> , 0, 28, 63.	0.1	2
64	Genetically modified Cotton species detection by LISS-III satellite data. <i>Nature Precedings</i> , 2008, , .	0.1	1
65	Reflectance based semi-empirical model to determine nature and metamorphic grade of almora group of rocks, Kumaon (Lesser) Himalaya. <i>Geocarto International</i> , 2022, 37, 1345-1363.	1.7	1
66	Cause and Occurrence of Drought. , 2017, , 137-148.		1
67	Evaluation of Spectral Mapping Methods of Mineral Aggregates and Rocks along the Thrust Zones of Uttarakhand Using Hyperion Data. , 2018, , 251-274.		1
68	Genetically modified Cotton species detection by LISS-III satellite data. <i>Nature Precedings</i> , 2008, , .	0.1	0
69	Monitoring change in land use and land cover in Rupnagar district of Punjab, India using Landsat and IRS LISS III satellite data. <i>Ecological Questions</i> , 2010, 13, .	0.1	0
70	Genetically modified Cotton species detection by LISS-III satellite data. <i>Nature Precedings</i> , 2011, , .	0.1	0
71	Remote Sensing Applications to Infer Yield of Tea in a Part of Sri Lanka. , 2013, , 91-111.		0
72	GaRiRO: Gradient and residual integrated rank ordering of stations in rainfall monitoring network. <i>Earth Science Informatics</i> , 2018, 11, 273-286.	1.6	0

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73	A Comparative Analysis of Fluoride Contamination in a Part of Western India and Indus River Basin. Springer Hydrogeology, 2018, , 257-274.	0.1	0