

Dolores Corella Piquer

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

393
papers

25,865
citations

78
h-index

151
g-index

426
ext. papers

30,933
ext. citations

5.9
avg, IF

6.64
L-index

| # | Paper | IF | Citations |
|-----|--|------|-----------|
| 393 | Integrative development of a short screening questionnaire of highly processed food consumption (sQ-HPF).. <i>International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity</i> , 2022 , 19, 6 | 8.4 | |
| 392 | Why is it important to know DNA methylation patterns in people with hypertriglyceridaemia?. <i>Clinica E Investigaci3n En Arteriosclerosis</i> , 2022 , 34, 33-35 | 1.4 | |
| 391 | Why is it important to know DNA methylation patterns in people with hypertriglyceridaemia?. <i>Clinica E Investigaci3n En Arteriosclerosis (English Edition)</i> , 2022 , 34, 33-35 | 0.3 | |
| 390 | Contribution of cardio-vascular risk factors to depressive status in the PREDIMED-PLUS Trial. A cross-sectional and a 2-year longitudinal study.. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2022 , 17, e0265079 | 3.7 | 0 |
| 389 | Association between ankle-brachial index and cognitive function in participants in the PREDIMED-Plus study: cross-sectional assessment. <i>Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed)</i> , 2021 , 74, 846-853 | 0.7 | 0 |
| 388 | Interaction of Diet/Lifestyle Intervention and TCF7L2 Genotype on Glycemic Control and Adiposity among Overweight or Obese Adults: Big Data from Seven Randomized Controlled Trials Worldwide. <i>Health Data Science</i> , 2021 , 2021, 1-10 | | |
| 387 | Metformin Use and Cognitive Function in Older Adults With Type 2 Diabetes Following a Mediterranean Diet Intervention. <i>Frontiers in Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 8, 742586 | 6.2 | 1 |
| 386 | Tricarboxylic acid cycle related-metabolites and risk of atrial fibrillation and heart failure. <i>Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental</i> , 2021 , 125, 154915 | 12.7 | 0 |
| 385 | Association between the Prime Diet Quality Score and depressive symptoms in a Mediterranean population with metabolic syndrome. Cross-sectional and 2-year follow-up assessment from PREDIMED-PLUS study. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 1-10 | 3.6 | 0 |
| 384 | Walnut Consumption, Plasma Metabolomics, and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes and Cardiovascular Disease. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 151, 303-311 | 4.1 | 6 |
| 383 | Association between coffee consumption and total dietary caffeine intake with cognitive functioning: cross-sectional assessment in an elderly Mediterranean population. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 60, 2381-2396 | 5.2 | 8 |
| 382 | High Fruit and Vegetable Consumption and Moderate Fat Intake Are Associated with Higher Carotenoid Concentration in Human Plasma. <i>Antioxidants</i> , 2021 , 10, | 7.1 | 2 |
| 381 | Psychological and metabolic risk factors in older adults with a previous history of eating disorder: A cross-sectional study from the Predimed-Plus study. <i>European Eating Disorders Review</i> , 2021 , 29, 575-587 | 5.3 | 0 |
| 380 | Effects of a psychosocial intervention at one-year follow-up in a PREDIMED-plus sample with obesity and metabolic syndrome. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021 , 11, 9144 | 4.9 | 0 |
| 379 | Variety in fruits and vegetables, diet quality and lifestyle in an older adult mediterranean population. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 40, 1510-1518 | 5.9 | 10 |
| 378 | Energy Balance and Risk of Mortality in Spanish Older Adults. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2021 , 13, | 6.7 | 1 |
| 377 | Longitudinal changes in adherence to the portfolio and DASH dietary patterns and cardiometabolic risk factors in the PREDIMED-Plus study. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 40, 2825-2836 | 5.9 | 3 |

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| 376 | Effect on gut microbiota of a 1-y lifestyle intervention with Mediterranean diet compared with energy-reduced Mediterranean diet and physical activity promotion: PREDIMED-Plus Study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 114, 1148-1158 | 7 | 9 |
| 375 | Glycolysis Metabolites and Risk of Atrial Fibrillation and Heart Failure in the PREDIMED Trial. <i>Metabolites</i> , 2021 , 11, | 5.6 | 2 |
| 374 | Fruit consumption and cardiometabolic risk in the PREDIMED-plus study: A cross-sectional analysis. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2021 , 31, 1702-1713 | 4.5 | 6 |
| 373 | The Eveningness Chronotype and Lower Adherence to the Mediterranean Diet Are Associated With Depressive Symptoms in Older Subjects With Metabolic Syndrome. <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 5, 901-901 | 0.4 | 78 |
| 372 | Taste Perception Profiles Are Associated With Adherence to Empirically Derived Dietary Patterns Among Older Adults With Metabolic Syndrome. <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 5, 407-407 | 0.4 | 78 |
| 371 | Short-Term Effects on Gene-Expression and on DNA-Methylation at the Genome-Wide Level of the Iberian Ham Intake and Compared With Orange Intake: A Crossover Randomized Trial. <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 5, 937-937 | 0.4 | 78 |
| 370 | Urea Cycle Metabolites and Atrial Fibrillation or Heart Failure Risk: Two Case-Control Studies in the PREDIMED Trial. <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 5, 18-18 | 0.4 | 78 |
| 369 | Baseline drinking water consumption and changes in body weight and waist circumference at 2-years of follow-up in a senior Mediterranean population. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 40, 3982-3991 | 5.9 | 2 |
| 368 | Data-Driven Clustering Approach to Derive Taste Perception Profiles from Sweet, Salt, Sour, Bitter, and Umami Perception Scores: An Illustration among Older Adults with Metabolic Syndrome. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 151, 2843-2851 | 4.1 | 0 |
| 367 | Mediterranean Diet and White Blood Cell Count-A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Foods</i> , 2021 , 10, | 4.9 | 4 |
| 366 | Use of Different Food Classification Systems to Assess the Association between Ultra-Processed Food Consumption and Cardiometabolic Health in an Elderly Population with Metabolic Syndrome (PREDIMED-Plus Cohort). <i>Nutrients</i> , 2021 , 13, | 6.7 | 9 |
| 365 | Fruit and Vegetable Consumption is Inversely Associated with Plasma Saturated Fatty Acids at Baseline in Predimed Plus Trial. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2021 , 65, e2100363 | 5.9 | 1 |
| 364 | The 3-Year Effect of the Mediterranean Diet Intervention on Inflammatory Biomarkers Related to Cardiovascular Disease. <i>Biomedicines</i> , 2021 , 9, | 4.8 | 3 |
| 363 | Low serum iron levels and risk of cardiovascular disease in high risk elderly population: Nested case-control study in the PREvenci  con Dieta MEDiterr nea (PREDIMED) trial. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 40, 496-504 | 5.9 | 4 |
| 362 | Choline Metabolism and Risk of Atrial Fibrillation and Heart Failure in the PREDIMED Study. <i>Clinical Chemistry</i> , 2021 , 67, 288-297 | 5.5 | 10 |
| 361 | Plasma Metabolomic Profiles of Glycemic Index, Glycemic Load, and Carbohydrate Quality Index in the PREDIMED Study. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 151, 50-58 | 4.1 | 2 |
| 360 | Gut Microbiota Profile and Changes in Body Weight in Elderly Subjects with Overweight/Obesity and Metabolic Syndrome. <i>Microorganisms</i> , 2021 , 9, | 4.9 | 3 |
| 359 | Circulating Adiponectin and Its Association with Metabolic Traits and Type 2 Diabetes: Gene-Diet Interactions Focusing on Selected Gene Variants and at the Genome-Wide Level in High-Cardiovascular Risk Mediterranean Subjects. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2021 , 13, | 6.7 | 3 |

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| 358 | Effect of an Intensive Weight-Loss Lifestyle Intervention on Kidney Function: A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>American Journal of Nephrology</i> , 2021 , 52, 45-58 | 4.6 | 4 |
| 357 | Mediterranean Diet Maintained Platelet Count within a Healthy Range and Decreased Thrombocytopenia-Related Mortality Risk: A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2021 , 13, | 6.7 | 1 |
| 356 | Anthropometric Variables as Mediators of the Association of Changes in Diet and Physical Activity With Inflammatory Profile. <i>Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences</i> , 2021 , 76, 2021-2029 | 6.4 | |
| 355 | Dairy consumption, plasma metabolites, and risk of type 2 diabetes. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 114, 163-174 | 7 | 9 |
| 354 | Metabolomics of the tryptophan-kynurenine degradation pathway and risk of atrial fibrillation and heart failure: potential modification effect of Mediterranean diet. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 114, 1646-1654 | 7 | 6 |
| 353 | A molecular signature for the metabolic syndrome by urine metabolomics. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2021 , 20, 155 | 8.7 | 4 |
| 352 | Validity of the energy-restricted Mediterranean Diet Adherence Screener. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 40, 4971-4979 | 5.9 | 12 |
| 351 | Physical activity and metabolic syndrome severity among older adults at cardiovascular risk: 1-Year trends. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2021 , 31, 2870-2886 | 4.5 | 1 |
| 350 | A lifestyle intervention with an energy-restricted Mediterranean diet and physical activity enhances HDL function: a substudy of the PREDIMED-Plus randomized controlled trial. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 114, 1666-1674 | 7 | 2 |
| 349 | Interplay between cognition and weight reduction in individuals following a Mediterranean Diet: Three-year follow-up of the PREDIMED-Plus trial. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 40, 5221-5237 | 5.9 | 4 |
| 348 | Effects of Walnut Consumption for 2 Years on Lipoprotein Subclasses Among Healthy Elders: Findings From the WAHA Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Circulation</i> , 2021 , 144, 1083-1085 | 16.7 | 5 |
| 347 | Asociación entre índice tobillo-brazo y rendimiento cognitivo en participantes del estudio PREDIMED-Plus: estudio transversal. <i>Revista Española De Cardiología</i> , 2021 , 74, 846-853 | 1.5 | |
| 346 | Mediterranean, DASH, and MIND Dietary Patterns and Cognitive Function: The 2-Year Longitudinal Changes in an Older Spanish Cohort.. <i>Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience</i> , 2021 , 13, 782067 | 5.3 | 0 |
| 345 | Relationship of visceral adipose tissue with surrogate insulin resistance and liver markers in individuals with metabolic syndrome chronic complications. <i>Therapeutic Advances in Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2020 , 11, 2042018820958298 | 4.5 | 6 |
| 344 | Mendelian randomization analysis does not support causal associations of birth weight with hypertension risk and blood pressure in adulthood. <i>European Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2020 , 35, 685-697 ^{12.1} | | 2 |
| 343 | The Mediterranean diet, plasma metabolome, and cardiovascular disease risk. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2020 , 41, 2645-2656 | 9.5 | 54 |
| 342 | Leisure time physical activity is associated with improved HDL functionality in high cardiovascular risk individuals: a cohort study. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2020 , 2047487320925625 | 3.9 | 6 |
| 341 | Dietary Polyphenol Intake is Associated with HDL-Cholesterol and A Better Profile of other Components of the Metabolic Syndrome: A PREDIMED-Plus Sub-Study. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020 , 12, | 6.7 | 33 |

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| 340 | High fat diets for weight loss among subjects with elevated fasting glucose levels: The PREDIMED study. <i>Obesity Medicine</i> , 2020 , 18, 100210 | 2.6 | 1 |
| 339 | Ultra-Performance Liquid Chromatography-Ion Mobility Separation-Quadruple Time-of-Flight MS (UHPLC-IMS-QTOF MS) Metabolomics for Short-Term Biomarker Discovery of Orange Intake: A Randomized, Controlled Crossover Study. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020 , 12, | 6.7 | 6 |
| 338 | Physical fitness and physical activity association with cognitive function and quality of life: baseline cross-sectional analysis of the PREDIMED-Plus trial. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020 , 10, 3472 | 4.9 | 16 |
| 337 | Glycolysis/gluconeogenesis- and tricarboxylic acid cycle-related metabolites, Mediterranean diet, and type 2 diabetes. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 111, 835-844 | 7 | 19 |
| 336 | Dysfunctional High-Density Lipoproteins Are Associated With a Greater Incidence of Acute Coronary Syndrome in a Population at High Cardiovascular Risk: A Nested Case-Control Study. <i>Circulation</i> , 2020 , 141, 444-453 | 16.7 | 28 |
| 335 | Genome-Wide Association Study for Serum Omega-3 and Omega-6 Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids: Exploratory Analysis of the Sex-Specific Effects and Dietary Modulation in Mediterranean Subjects with Metabolic Syndrome. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020 , 12, | 6.7 | 18 |
| 334 | Association between the 2018 WCRF/AICR and the Low-Risk Lifestyle Scores with Colorectal Cancer Risk in the Predimed Study. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , 2020 , 9, | 5.1 | 3 |
| 333 | Influence of Demographic and Lifestyle Variables on Plasma Magnesium Concentrations and Their Associations with Cardiovascular Risk Factors in a Mediterranean Population. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020 , 12, | 6.7 | 3 |
| 332 | Risk factors differentially associated with non-alcoholic fatty liver disease in males and females with metabolic syndrome. <i>Revista Espanola De Enfermedades Digestivas</i> , 2020 , 112, 94-100 | 0.9 | 1 |
| 331 | The Effect of Physical Activity and High Body Mass Index on Health-Related Quality of Life in Individuals with Metabolic Syndrome. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2020 , 17, | 4.6 | 5 |
| 330 | Cancer Signaling Transcriptome Is Upregulated in Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , 2020 , 10, | 5.1 | 1 |
| 329 | Prospective association of physical activity and inflammatory biomarkers in older adults from the PREDIMED-Plus study with overweight or obesity and metabolic syndrome. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 39, 3092-3098 | 5.9 | 12 |
| 328 | Metabolic Syndrome Features and Excess Weight Were Inversely Associated with Nut Consumption after 1-Year Follow-Up in the PREDIMED-Plus Study. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 150, 3161-3170 | 4.1 | 7 |
| 327 | Association between dairy product consumption and hyperuricemia in an elderly population with metabolic syndrome. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2020 , 30, 214-222 | 4.5 | 6 |
| 326 | Influence of lifestyle factors and staple foods from the Mediterranean diet on non-alcoholic fatty liver disease among older individuals with metabolic syndrome features. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 71, 110620 | 4.8 | 15 |
| 325 | Effect of a 2-year diet intervention with walnuts on cognitive decline. The Walnuts And Healthy Aging (WAHA) study: a randomized controlled trial. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 111, 590-600 | 7 | 34 |
| 324 | Lipidomic profiling identifies signatures of metabolic risk. <i>EBioMedicine</i> , 2020 , 51, 102520 | 8.8 | 27 |
| 323 | Carbohydrate quality changes and concurrent changes in cardiovascular risk factors: a longitudinal analysis in the PREDIMED-Plus randomized trial. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 111, 291-306 | 7 | 22 |

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| 322 | Mediterranean Diet and Atherothrombosis Biomarkers: A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2020 , 64, e2000350 | 5.9 | 6 |
| 321 | Dietary Quality Changes According to the Preceding Maximum Weight: A Longitudinal Analysis in the PREDIMED-Plus Randomized Trial. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020 , 12, | 6.7 | 1 |
| 320 | Sex-Specific Differences in the Control of Serum Concentrations of Glycine in Subjects with Metabolic Syndrome and Mendelian Randomization Analysis for Obesity. <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 4, 1243-1243 | 0.4 | 78 |
| 319 | Taste Perception Profiles and Adiposity in Older Adults with Metabolic Syndrome □ PREDIMED-Plus. <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 4, 1635-1635 | 0.4 | 78 |
| 318 | Relationship between olive oil consumption and ankle-brachial pressure index in a population at high cardiovascular risk. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2020 , 314, 48-57 | 3.1 | 1 |
| 317 | Low Serum Choline Concentrations Are Associated with Worse Cognitive Performance in Subjects with Metabolic Syndrome. <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 4, 1200-1200 | 0.4 | 78 |
| 316 | Remnant Cholesterol, Not LDL Cholesterol, Is Associated With Incident Cardiovascular Disease. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2020 , 76, 2712-2724 | 15.1 | 58 |
| 315 | Adherence to the Mediterranean Lifestyle and Desired Body Weight Loss in a Mediterranean Adult Population with Overweight: A PREDIMED-Plus Study. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020 , 12, | 6.7 | 8 |
| 314 | High Plasma Glutamate and a Low Glutamine-to-Glutamate Ratio Are Associated with Increased Risk of Heart Failure but Not Atrial Fibrillation in the Prevenci3 con Dieta Mediterr3nea (PREDIMED) Study. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 150, 2882-2889 | 4.1 | 3 |
| 313 | Diet quality and nutrient density in subjects with metabolic syndrome: Influence of socioeconomic status and lifestyle factors. A cross-sectional assessment in the PREDIMED-Plus study. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 39, 1161-1173 | 5.9 | 17 |
| 312 | High sleep variability predicts a blunted weight loss response and short sleep duration a reduced decrease in waist circumference in the PREDIMED-Plus Trial. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2020 , 44, 330-339 | 5.5 | 10 |
| 311 | Nutrient adequacy and diet quality in a Mediterranean population with metabolic syndrome: A cross-sectional study. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 39, 853-861 | 5.9 | 2 |
| 310 | Effect of changes in adherence to Mediterranean diet on nutrient density after 1-year of follow-up: results from the PREDIMED-Plus Study. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 59, 2395-2409 | 5.2 | 4 |
| 309 | Transcriptional response to a Mediterranean diet intervention exerts a modulatory effect on neuroinflammation signaling pathway. <i>Nutritional Neuroscience</i> , 2020 , 1-10 | 3.6 | 3 |
| 308 | Leisure-Time Physical Activity, Sedentary Behaviour and Diet Quality are Associated with Metabolic Syndrome Severity: The PREDIMED-Plus Study. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020 , 12, | 6.7 | 10 |
| 307 | Association of Birth Weight With Type 2 Diabetes and Glycemic Traits: A Mendelian Randomization Study. <i>JAMA Network Open</i> , 2019 , 2, e1910915 | 10.4 | 14 |
| 306 | Dairy Intake and Body Composition and Cardiometabolic Traits among Adults: Mendelian Randomization Analysis of 182041 Individuals from 18 Studies. <i>Clinical Chemistry</i> , 2019 , 65, 751-760 | 5.5 | 11 |
| 305 | Cytoskeletal transgelin 2 contributes to gender-dependent adipose tissue expandability and immune function. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2019 , 33, 9656-9671 | 0.9 | 1 |

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| 304 | Plasma Metabolites Associated with Coffee Consumption: A Metabolomic Approach within the PREDIMED Study. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2019 , 11, | 6.7 | 11 |
| 303 | Effect of a high-fat Mediterranean diet on bodyweight and waist circumference: a prespecified secondary outcomes analysis of the PREDIMED randomised controlled trial. <i>Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology</i> , 2019 , 7, e6-e17 | 18.1 | 47 |
| 302 | Association between taste perception and adiposity in overweight or obese older subjects with metabolic syndrome and identification of novel taste-related genes. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 109, 1709-1723 | 7 | 21 |
| 301 | Dietary Diversity and Nutritional Adequacy among an Older Spanish Population with Metabolic Syndrome in the PREDIMED-Plus Study: A Cross-Sectional Analysis. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2019 , 11, | 6.7 | 14 |
| 300 | Fatty Acids Composition of Blood Cell Membranes and Peripheral Inflammation in the PREDIMED Study: A Cross-Sectional Analysis. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2019 , 11, | 6.7 | 10 |
| 299 | Sleep Duration is Inversely Associated with Serum Uric Acid Concentrations and Uric Acid to Creatinine Ratio in an Elderly Mediterranean Population at High Cardiovascular Risk. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2019 , 11, | 6.7 | 6 |
| 298 | Nut Consumptions as a Marker of Higher Diet Quality in a Mediterranean Population at High Cardiovascular Risk. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2019 , 11, | 6.7 | 9 |
| 297 | Plasma metabolites predict both insulin resistance and incident type 2 diabetes: a metabolomics approach within the Prevenci3 con Dieta Mediterr3nea (PREDIMED) study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 109, 626-634 | 7 | 19 |
| 296 | Association Between Fatty Acids of Blood Cell Membranes and Incidence of Coronary Heart Disease. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 2019 , 39, 819-825 | 9.4 | 10 |
| 295 | Dietary inflammatory index and all-cause mortality in large cohorts: The SUN and PREDIMED studies. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 38, 1221-1231 | 5.9 | 55 |
| 294 | Changes in arginine are inversely associated with type 2 diabetes: A case-cohort study in the PREDIMED trial. <i>Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism</i> , 2019 , 21, 397-401 | 6.7 | 10 |
| 293 | Nutrigenomics 2019 , 256-266 | | |
| 292 | Genetic Basis of Obesity 2019 , 346-352 | | |
| 291 | High plasma glutamate and low glutamine-to-glutamate ratio are associated with type 2 diabetes: Case-cohort study within the PREDIMED trial. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2019 , 29, 1040-1049 | 4.5 | 26 |
| 290 | A Mediterranean Diet Rich in Extra-Virgin Olive Oil Is Associated with a Reduced Prevalence of Nonalcoholic Fatty Liver Disease in Older Individuals at High Cardiovascular Risk. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 149, 1920-1929 | 4.1 | 35 |
| 289 | Long Daytime Napping Is Associated with Increased Adiposity and Type 2 Diabetes in an Elderly Population with Metabolic Syndrome. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , 2019 , 8, | 5.1 | 9 |
| 288 | Role of HDL function and LDL atherogenicity on cardiovascular risk: A comprehensive examination. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019 , 14, e0218533 | 3.7 | 19 |
| 287 | Total and Subtypes of Dietary Fat Intake and Its Association with Components of the Metabolic Syndrome in a Mediterranean Population at High Cardiovascular Risk. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2019 , 11, | 6.7 | 30 |

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|-----|--|------|-----|
| 286 | Benefits of the Mediterranean diet: Epidemiological and molecular aspects. <i>Molecular Aspects of Medicine</i> , 2019 , 67, 1-55 | 16.7 | 77 |
| 285 | Effect of a Nutritional and Behavioral Intervention on Energy-Reduced Mediterranean Diet Adherence Among Patients With Metabolic Syndrome: Interim Analysis of the PREDIMED-Plus Randomized Clinical Trial. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2019 , 322, 1486-1499 | 27.4 | 38 |
| 284 | Candidate Gene and Genome-Wide Association Studies for Circulating Leptin Levels Reveal Population and Sex-Specific Associations in High Cardiovascular Risk Mediterranean Subjects. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2019 , 11, | 6.7 | 10 |
| 283 | Metabolites related to purine catabolism and risk of type 2 diabetes incidence; modifying effects of the TCF7L2-rs7903146 polymorphism. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019 , 9, 2892 | 4.9 | 12 |
| 282 | Associations between Dietary Polyphenols and Type 2 Diabetes in a Cross-Sectional Analysis of the PREDIMED-Plus Trial: Role of Body Mass Index and Sex. <i>Antioxidants</i> , 2019 , 8, | 7.1 | 17 |
| 281 | Isotemporal substitution of inactive time with physical activity and time in bed: cross-sectional associations with cardiometabolic health in the PREDIMED-Plus study. <i>International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity</i> , 2019 , 16, 137 | 8.4 | 7 |
| 280 | Cohort Profile: Design and methods of the PREDIMED-Plus randomized trial. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2019 , 48, 387-388o | 7.8 | 87 |
| 279 | Plasma Acylcarnitines and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes in a Mediterranean Population at High Cardiovascular Risk. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2019 , 104, 1508-1519 | 5.6 | 31 |
| 278 | Dieta mediterránea hipocalórica y factores de riesgo cardiovascular: análisis transversal de PREDIMED-Plus. <i>Revista Espanola De Cardiologia</i> , 2019 , 72, 925-934 | 1.5 | 10 |
| 277 | Genome-Wide Association Study (GWAS) on Bilirubin Concentrations in Subjects with Metabolic Syndrome: Sex-Specific GWAS Analysis and Gene-Diet Interactions in a Mediterranean Population. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2019 , 11, | 6.7 | 12 |
| 276 | Adherence to an Energy-restricted Mediterranean Diet Score and Prevalence of Cardiovascular Risk Factors in the PREDIMED-Plus: A Cross-sectional Study. <i>Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed)</i> , 2019 , 72, 925-934 | 0.7 | 11 |
| 275 | Dairy products intake and the risk of incident cataracts surgery in an elderly Mediterranean population: results from the PREDIMED study. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 58, 619-627 | 5.2 | 2 |
| 274 | Legume consumption and risk of all-cause, cardiovascular, and cancer mortality in the PREDIMED study. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 38, 348-356 | 5.9 | 49 |
| 273 | The red blood cell proportion of arachidonic acid relates to shorter leukocyte telomeres in Mediterranean elders: A secondary analysis of a randomized controlled trial. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 38, 958-961 | 5.9 | 7 |
| 272 | Effect of a Lifestyle Intervention Program With Energy-Restricted Mediterranean Diet and Exercise on Weight Loss and Cardiovascular Risk Factors: One-Year Results of the PREDIMED-Plus Trial. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2019 , 42, 777-788 | 14.6 | 123 |
| 271 | Plasma branched chain/aromatic amino acids, enriched Mediterranean diet and risk of type 2 diabetes: case-cohort study within the PREDIMED Trial. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2018 , 61, 1560-1571 | 10.3 | 53 |
| 270 | Advances in Understanding the Molecular Basis of the Mediterranean Diet Effect. <i>Annual Review of Food Science and Technology</i> , 2018 , 9, 227-249 | 14.7 | 29 |
| 269 | Plasma lipidome patterns associated with cardiovascular risk in the PREDIMED trial: A case-cohort study. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2018 , 253, 126-132 | 3.2 | 30 |

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| 268 | Effects of the Ser326Cys Polymorphism in the DNA Repair OGG1 Gene on Cancer, Cardiovascular, and All-Cause Mortality in the PREDIMED Study: Modulation by Diet. <i>Journal of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics</i> , 2018 , 118, 589-605 | 3.9 | 11 |
| 267 | Long-chain n-3 PUFA supplied by the usual diet decrease plasma stearoyl-CoA desaturase index in non-hypertriglyceridemic older adults at high vascular risk. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 37, 157-162 | 5.9 | 4 |
| 266 | Legume consumption is inversely associated with type 2 diabetes incidence in adults: A prospective assessment from the PREDIMED study. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 37, 906-913 | 5.9 | 71 |
| 265 | Dietary Inflammatory Index and liver status in subjects with different adiposity levels within the PREDIMED trial. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 37, 1736-1743 | 5.9 | 28 |
| 264 | Epigenomics and metabolomics reveal the mechanism of the APOA2-saturated fat intake interaction affecting obesity. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 108, 188-200 | 7 | 29 |
| 263 | Association of Tryptophan Metabolites with Incident Type 2 Diabetes in the PREDIMED Trial: A Case-Cohort Study. <i>Clinical Chemistry</i> , 2018 , 64, 1211-1220 | 5.5 | 42 |
| 262 | Retraction and Republication: Primary Prevention of Cardiovascular Disease with a Mediterranean Diet. <i>N Engl J Med</i> 2013;368:1279-90. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2018 , 378, 2441-2442 | 59.2 | 113 |
| 261 | Primary Prevention of Cardiovascular Disease with a Mediterranean Diet Supplemented with Extra-Virgin Olive Oil or Nuts. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2018 , 378, e34 | 59.2 | 1232 |
| 260 | Mediterranean diet and quality of life: Baseline cross-sectional analysis of the PREDIMED-PLUS trial. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018 , 13, e0198974 | 3.7 | 65 |
| 259 | A Guide to Applying the Sex-Gender Perspective to Nutritional Genomics. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2018 , 11, | 6.7 | 25 |
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