

Paola Casanello

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

82
papers

2,535
citations

159525

30
h-index

214721

47
g-index

97
all docs

97
docs citations

97
times ranked

2857
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Prevalence of filaggrin loss-of-function variants in Chilean population with and without atopic dermatitis. <i>International Journal of Dermatology</i> , 2022, 61, 310-315.	0.5	8
2	Exposome and foetoplacental vascular dysfunction in gestational diabetes mellitus. <i>Molecular Aspects of Medicine</i> , 2022, 87, 101019.	2.7	10
3	Interactions between a polygenic risk score for plasma docosahexaenoic fatty acid concentration, eating behaviour, and body composition in children. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2022, , .	1.6	0
4	The effects of a combined intervention (docosahexaenoic acid supplementation and home-based) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 50 <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2021, 224, 526.e1-526.e25.	0.7	5
5	Maternal Obesity Is Associated With Higher Cord Blood Adipokines in Offspring Most Notably in Females. <i>Journal of Pediatric Gastroenterology and Nutrition</i> , 2021, 73, 264-270.	0.9	9
6	Gestational diabetes and foetoplacental vascular dysfunction. <i>Acta Physiologica</i> , 2021, 232, e13671.	1.8	25
7	The asthma predictive index as a surrogate diagnostic tool in preschoolers: Analysis of a longitudinal birth cohort. <i>Pediatric Pulmonology</i> , 2021, 56, 3183-3188.	1.0	7
8	Folates transport in placentas. , 2020, , 345-365.		1
9	Adipokines underlie the early origins of obesity and associated metabolic comorbidities in the offspring of women with pregestational obesity. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Basis of Disease</i> , 2020, 1866, 165558.	1.8	18
10	Leptin in Cord Blood Associates with Asthma Risk at Age 3 in the Offspring of Women with Gestational Obesity. <i>Annals of the American Thoracic Society</i> , 2020, 17, 1583-1589.	1.5	23
11	Role of ROS/RNS in Preeclampsia: Are Connexins the Missing Piece?. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2020, 21, 4698.	1.8	10
12	Effectiveness of a normative nutrition intervention in Chilean pregnant women on maternal and neonatal outcomes: the CHIMINCs study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2020, 112, 991-1001.	2.2	10
13	Maternal obesity is associated with a sex-specific epigenetic programming in human neonatal monocytes. <i>Epigenomics</i> , 2020, 12, 1999-2018.	1.0	4
14	Evaluation of the Stability of Fatty Acids in Erythrocytes from Human Umbilical Cord. <i>Lipids</i> , 2020, 55, 53-62.	0.7	0
15	Early origins of allergy and asthma (ARIES): study protocol for a prospective prenatal birth cohort in Chile. <i>BMC Pediatrics</i> , 2020, 20, 164.	0.7	7
16	In placenta of women with pregestational obesity, DHA supplementation generates an imbalance in the expression of pro and anti-inflammatory genes. <i>Placenta</i> , 2019, 83, e24-e25.	0.7	0
17	DHA supplementation in women with pregestational obesity does not affect the offspring's adiposity neither at birth nor at 4 months of age.. <i>Placenta</i> , 2019, 83, e75.	0.7	0
18	Human umbilical artery endothelial cells from Large-for-Gestational-Age newborn have increased antioxidant efficiency and gene expression. <i>Journal of Cellular Physiology</i> , 2019, 234, 18571-18586.	2.0	1

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19	LGA newborn from patients with pregestational obesity present reduced adiponectin-mediated vascular relaxation and endothelial dysfunction in fetoplacental arteries. <i>Journal of Cellular Physiology</i> , 2018, 233, 6723-6733.	2.0	11
20	Effectiveness on maternal and offspring metabolic control of a home-based dietary counseling intervention and DHA supplementation in obese/overweight pregnant women (MIGHT study): A randomized controlled trial Study protocol. <i>Contemporary Clinical Trials</i> , 2018, 70, 35-40.	0.8	8
21	Chronic Intermittent Hypoxia-Induced Vascular Dysfunction in Rats is Reverted by N-Acetylcysteine Supplementation and Arginase Inhibition. <i>Frontiers in Physiology</i> , 2018, 9, 901.	1.3	18
22	IL-10 expression in macrophages from neonates born from obese mothers is suppressed by IL-4 and LPS/INF-3. <i>Journal of Cellular Physiology</i> , 2017, 232, 3693-3701.	2.0	22
23	N-Acetylcysteine, a glutathione precursor, reverts vascular dysfunction and endothelial epigenetic programming in intrauterine growth restricted guinea pigs. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2017, 595, 1077-1092.	1.3	39
24	Expression of teneurins is associated with tumor differentiation and patient survival in ovarian cancer. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0177244.	1.1	30
25	Markers of early endothelial dysfunction in intrauterine growth restriction-derived human umbilical vein endothelial cells revealed by 2D-DIGE and mass spectrometry analyses. <i>Placenta</i> , 2016, 41, 14-26.	0.7	18
26	Pre-gestational overweight in guinea pig sows induces fetal vascular dysfunction and increased rate of large and small fetuses. <i>Journal of Developmental Origins of Health and Disease</i> , 2016, 7, 237-243.	0.7	6
27	Assessment of <i>in vivo</i> fetal growth and placental vascular function in a novel intrauterine growth restriction model of progressive uterine artery occlusion in guinea pigs. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2016, 594, 1553-1561.	1.3	30
28	Arginase-2 is cooperatively up-regulated by nitric oxide and histone deacetylase inhibition in human umbilical artery endothelial cells. <i>Biochemical Pharmacology</i> , 2016, 99, 53-59.	2.0	15
29	Antioxidant treatment with N-acetyl cysteine reduced the hypertension induced by intermittent hypoxia in a rat model of obstructive sleep apnoea. <i>Autonomic Neuroscience: Basic and Clinical</i> , 2015, 192, 67.	1.4	0
30	Oxidative stress as common trait of endothelial dysfunction in chorionic arteries from fetuses with IUGR and LGA. <i>Placenta</i> , 2015, 36, 552-558.	0.7	41
31	Adiponectin receptor 1 expression in human umbilical artery endothelial cells (HUAEC) from large fetuses (LGA) of obese women is related to eNOS activation. <i>Placenta</i> , 2015, 36, 493.	0.7	0
32	Arginase endothelial nitric oxide synthase imbalance contributes to endothelial dysfunction during chronic intermittent hypoxia. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2015, 33, 515-524.	0.3	25
33	Effectiveness of a normative nutrition intervention (diet, physical activity and breastfeeding) on maternal nutrition and offspring growth: the Chilean maternal and infant nutrition cohort study (CHiMINCs). <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , 2015, 15, 175.	0.9	13
34	Micro-RNAs Let7e and 126 in Plasma as Markers of Metabolic Dysfunction in 10 to 12 Years Old Children. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0128140.	1.1	30
35	The placental pursuit for an adequate oxidant balance between the mother and the fetus. <i>Frontiers in Pharmacology</i> , 2014, 5, 149.	1.6	72
36	Foetal and umbilical vascular reactivity in a model of IUGR through gradual uterine artery occlusion in guinea pigs. <i>Placenta</i> , 2014, 35, A43-A44.	0.7	0

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37	Role of oxidative stress status on the impaired eNOS-dependent relaxation in placental chorionic arteries of intrauterine growth restricted (IUGR) and macrosomic fetuses from obese mothers (FMOM). <i>Placenta</i> , 2014, 35, A34.	0.7	0
38	Long-term Impact of Early Life Events on Physiology and Behaviour. <i>Journal of Neuroendocrinology</i> , 2014, 26, 587-602.	1.2	57
39	Histone deacetylase activity and nitric oxide control the expression of eNOS and arginase-2 in human umbilical artery endothelium in intrauterine growth restriction. <i>Placenta</i> , 2014, 35, A37.	0.7	0
40	Endothelial heterogeneity in the umbilico-placental unit: DNA methylation as an innuendo of epigenetic diversity. <i>Frontiers in Pharmacology</i> , 2014, 5, 49.	1.6	21
41	Intervention Strategies for Preventing Low Birthweight in Developing Countries: Importance of Considering Multiple Interactive Factors. <i>Nestle Nutrition Institute Workshop Series</i> , 2013, 74, 31-52.	1.5	8
42	5- α -reductonucleotidase mediates multiple-drug resistance in glioblastoma multiforme cells. <i>Journal of Cellular Physiology</i> , 2013, 228, 602-608.	2.0	72
43	Endothelial eNOS/arginase imbalance contributes to vascular dysfunction in IUGR umbilical and placental vessels. <i>Placenta</i> , 2013, 34, 20-28.	0.7	70
44	Conceptual basis for prescriptive growth standards from conception to early childhood: present and future. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2013, 120, 3-8.	1.1	19
45	Role of DNA methyltransferase 1 on the altered eNOS expression in human umbilical endothelium from intrauterine growth restricted fetuses. <i>Epigenetics</i> , 2013, 8, 944-952.	1.3	64
46	Gestational Diabetes Reduces Adenosine Transport in Human Placental Microvascular Endothelium, an Effect Reversed by Insulin. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e40578.	1.1	62
47	Role of arginase-2 and eNOS in the differential vascular reactivity and hypoxia-induced endothelial response in umbilical arteries and veins. <i>Placenta</i> , 2012, 33, 360-366.	0.7	38
48	Review: Differential placental macrovascular and microvascular endothelial dysfunction in gestational diabetes. <i>Placenta</i> , 2011, 32, S159-S164.	0.7	100
49	Role of nitric oxide in placental vascular development and function. <i>Placenta</i> , 2011, 32, 797-805.	0.7	172
50	Hypoxia-reduced nitric oxide synthase activity is partially explained by higher arginase-2 activity and cellular redistribution in human umbilical vein endothelium. <i>Placenta</i> , 2011, 32, 932-940.	0.7	55
51	Insulin-stimulated L-arginine transport requires <i>SLC7A1</i> gene expression and is associated with human umbilical vein relaxation. <i>Journal of Cellular Physiology</i> , 2011, 226, 2916-2924.	2.0	61
52	Insulin Restores Gestational Diabetes Mellitus-Reduced Adenosine Transport Involving Differential Expression of Insulin Receptor Isoforms in Human Umbilical Vein Endothelium. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2011, 60, 1677-1687.	0.3	101
53	Increased expression of the multidrug resistance-associated protein 1 (MRP1) in kidney glomeruli of streptozotocin-induced diabetic rats. <i>Biological Chemistry</i> , 2011, 392, 529-37.	1.2	17
54	Fetoplacental Vascular Endothelial Dysfunction as an Early Phenomenon in the Programming of Human Adult Diseases in Subjects Born from Gestational Diabetes Mellitus or Obesity in Pregnancy. <i>Experimental Diabetes Research</i> , 2011, 2011, 1-18.	3.8	51

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55	Functional Link Between Adenosine and Insulin: A Hypothesis for Fetoplacental Vascular Endothelial Dysfunction in Gestational Diabetes. <i>Current Vascular Pharmacology</i> , 2011, 9, 750-762.	0.8	21
56	Nitric oxide reduces SLC29A1 promoter activity and adenosine transport involving transcription factor complex hCHOP/C/EBP β in human umbilical vein endothelial cells from gestational diabetes. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2010, 86, 45-54.	1.8	49
57	Functional evidences of fetal endothelial dysfunction as a programmed phenomenon in pregnancy diseases. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2010, 24, 403.4.	0.2	0
58	Brain Natriuretic Peptide (BNP) Produced by the Human Chorionamnion May Mediate Pregnancy Myometrial Quiescence. <i>Reproductive Sciences</i> , 2009, 16, 32-42.	1.1	15
59	Reduced l-Arginine Transport and Nitric Oxide Synthesis in Human Umbilical Vein Endothelial Cells from Intrauterine Growth Restriction Pregnancies is Not Further Altered by Hypoxia. <i>Placenta</i> , 2009, 30, 625-633.	0.7	39
60	TGF- β 1 inhibits expression and activity of hENT1 in a nitric oxide-dependent manner in human umbilical vein endothelium. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2009, 82, 458-467.	1.8	20
61	Equilibrative Nucleoside Transporters in Fetal Endothelial Dysfunction in Diabetes Mellitus and Hyperglycaemia. <i>Current Vascular Pharmacology</i> , 2009, 7, 435-449.	0.8	31
62	Epigenetics: New Concepts of Old Phenomena in Vascular Physiology. <i>Current Vascular Pharmacology</i> , 2009, 7, 513-520.	0.8	38
63	High D-glucose reduces SLC29A1 promoter activity and adenosine transport involving specific protein 1 in human umbilical vein endothelium. <i>Journal of Cellular Physiology</i> , 2008, 215, 645-656.	2.0	27
64	Human Equilibrative Nucleoside Transporters 1 and 2 may be Differentially Modulated by A2B Adenosine Receptors in Placenta Microvascular Endothelial Cells from Pre-eclampsia. <i>Placenta</i> , 2008, 29, 816-825.	0.7	60
65	D-glucose increases the expression and activity of hCAT-1 and Sp1 binding to SLC7A1 promoter in human umbilical vein endothelium. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2008, 22, 964.4.	0.2	0
66	Carbon monoxide: a novel pulmonary artery vasodilator in neonatal llamas of the Andean altiplano. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2007, 77, 197-201.	1.8	38
67	Equilibrative Nucleoside (ENTs) and Cationic Amino Acid (CATs) Transporters: Implications in Foetal Endothelial Dysfunction in Human Pregnancy Diseases. <i>Current Vascular Pharmacology</i> , 2007, 5, 69-84.	0.8	51
68	D-glucose stimulation of l-arginine transport and nitric oxide synthesis results from activation of mitogen-activated protein kinases p42/44 and Smad2 requiring functional type II TGF- β 2 receptors in human umbilical vein endothelium. <i>Journal of Cellular Physiology</i> , 2007, 212, 626-632.	2.0	23
69	Nitric oxide reduces transcriptional promoter activity of SLC29A1 for human equilibrative nucleoside transporter 1 in umbilical vein endothelium from gestational diabetes. <i>Vascular Pharmacology</i> , 2006, 45, e46.	1.0	0
70	d-glucose increased l-arginine transport and nitric oxide synthesis through an autocrine mechanism involving TGF- β 1 and TGF- β 2 receptor II (T β RII) in human umbilical vein endothelium. <i>Vascular Pharmacology</i> , 2006, 45, e137-e138.	1.0	0
71	Nitric oxide reduces adenosine transporter ENT1 gene (SLC29A1) promoter activity in human fetal endothelium from gestational diabetes. <i>Journal of Cellular Physiology</i> , 2006, 208, 451-460.	2.0	48
72	Insulin restores glucose inhibition of adenosine transport by increasing the expression and activity of the equilibrative nucleoside transporter 2 in human umbilical vein endothelium. <i>Journal of Cellular Physiology</i> , 2006, 209, 826-835.	2.0	44

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73	Equilibrative nucleoside transporter 2 is expressed in human umbilical vein endothelium, but is not involved in the inhibition of adenosine transport induced by hyperglycaemia. <i>Placenta</i> , 2005, 26, 641-653.	0.7	28
74	Equilibrative Nucleoside Transporter 1 Expression Is Downregulated by Hypoxia in Human Umbilical Vein Endothelium. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2005, 97, 16-24.	2.0	77
75	Role of adenosine transport in gestational diabetes-induced l-arginine transport and nitric oxide synthesis in human umbilical vein endothelium. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2004, 560, 111-122.	1.3	87
76	Cell signalling-mediated increase of mRNA expression for cationic amino acid transporters-1 and -2 and membrane hyperpolarization in human umbilical vein endothelial cells. <i>Pflugers Archiv European Journal of Physiology</i> , 2004, 448, 383-94.	1.3	45
77	Hyperglycaemia Inhibits Thymidine Incorporation and Cell Growth via Protein Kinase C, Mitogen-Activated Protein Kinases and Nitric Oxide in Human Umbilical Vein Endothelium. <i>Experimental Physiology</i> , 2003, 88, 209-219.	0.9	30
78	Nitric Oxide Synthesis Requires Activity of the Cationic and Neutral Amino Acid Transport System y+ L in Human Umbilical vein Endothelium. <i>Experimental Physiology</i> , 2003, 88, 699-710.	0.9	44
79	Rapid Stimulation of l-Arginine Transport by d-Glucose Involves p42/44 mapk and Nitric Oxide in Human Umbilical Vein Endothelium. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2003, 92, 64-72.	2.0	52
80	Inhibition of Nitrobenzylthioinosine-Sensitive Adenosine Transport by Elevated d-Glucose Involves Activation of P 2Y2 Purinoceptors in Human Umbilical Vein Endothelial Cells. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2002, 90, 570-577.	2.0	59
81	Intrauterine Growth Retardation Is Associated With Reduced Activity and Expression of the Cationic Amino Acid Transport Systems y + /hCAT-1 and y + /hCAT-2B and Lower Activity of Nitric Oxide Synthase in Human Umbilical Vein Endothelial Cells. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2002, 91, 127-134.	2.0	85
82	Epigenetic Programming of Cardiovascular Disease by Perinatal Hypoxia and Fetal Growth Restriction. , 0, , .		2