Jian-li Ding

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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279798 265206 1,979 42 63 23 h-index citations g-index papers 69 69 69 1334 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Monitoring Oasis Cotton Fields Expansion in Arid Zones Using the Google Earth Engine: A Case Study in the Ogan-Kucha River Oasis, Xinjiang, China. Remote Sensing, 2022, 14, 225.	4.0	10
2	Estimation of Soil Organic Matter in Arid Zones with Coupled Environmental Variables and Spectral Features. Sensors, 2022, 22, 1194.	3.8	2
3	Research on Vegetation Coverage Dynamics and Prediction in the Taitema Lake Region. Water (Switzerland), 2022, 14, 725.	2.7	2
4	Machine learning driven by environmental covariates to estimate high-resolution PM2.5 in data-poor regions. PeerJ, 2022, 10, e13203.	2.0	4
5	Updated soil salinity with fine spatial resolution and high accuracy: The synergy of Sentinel-2 MSI, environmental covariates and hybrid machine learning approaches. Catena, 2022, 212, 106054.	5.0	51
6	Changes in soil organic carbon stocks from 1980â€1990 and 2010â€2020 in the northwest arid zone of China. Land Degradation and Development, 2022, 33, 2713-2727.	3.9	7
7	Exploring the potential of UAV hyperspectral image for estimating soil salinity: Effects of optimal band combination algorithm and random forest. Spectrochimica Acta - Part A: Molecular and Biomolecular Spectroscopy, 2022, 279, 121416.	3.9	21
8	Using spatiotemporal fusion algorithms to fill in potentially absent satellite images for calculating soil salinity: A feasibility study. International Journal of Applied Earth Observation and Geoinformation, 2022, 111, 102839.	1.9	2
9	Revealing the scale―and locationâ€specific variation and control factors of soil salinity using biâ€dimensional empirical modal decomposition. Land Degradation and Development, 2022, 33, 3446-3460.	3.9	1
10	Multidimensional soil salinity data mining and evaluation from different satellites. Science of the Total Environment, 2022, 846, 157416.	8.0	8
11	Predicting land change trends and water consumption in typical arid regions using multi-models and multiple perspectives. Ecological Indicators, 2022, 141, 109110.	6.3	7
12	Strategies for the efficient estimation of soil organic matter in salt-affected soils through Vis-NIR spectroscopy: Optimal band combination algorithm and spectral degradation. Geoderma, 2021, 382, 114729.	5.1	53
13	Ebinur Lake wetland identification and its spatio-temporal dynamic changes. Journal of Natural Resources, 2021, 36, 1949.	0.6	1
14	Soil salinization monitoring in the Werigan-Kuqa Oasis, China, based on a Three-Dimensional Feature Space Model with Machine Learning Algorithm Remote Sensing Letters, 2021, 12, 269-277.	1.4	7
15	Radiative forcing of black carbon in seasonal snow of wintertime based on remote sensing over Xinjiang, China. Atmospheric Environment, 2021, 247, 118204.	4.1	2
16	Digital Mapping of Soil Organic Carbon Using Sentinel Series Data: A Case Study of the Ebinur Lake Watershed in Xinjiang. Remote Sensing, 2021, 13, 769.	4.0	22
17	Multi-U-Net: Residual Module under Multisensory Field and Attention Mechanism Based Optimized U-Net for VHR Image Semantic Segmentation. Sensors, 2021, 21, 1794.	3.8	6
18	Digital mapping of soil salinization based on Sentinel-1 and Sentinel-2 data combined with machine learning algorithms. Regional Sustainability, 2021, 2, 177-188.	2.3	24

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19	Validation and comparison of high-resolution MAIAC aerosol products over Central Asia. Atmospheric Environment, 2021, 251, 118273.	4.1	34
20	Estimating Agricultural Soil Moisture Content through UAV-Based Hyperspectral Images in the Arid Region. Remote Sensing, 2021, 13, 1562.	4.0	51
21	Characteristics of dust aerosols and identification of dust sources in Xinjiang, China. Atmospheric Environment, 2021, 262, 118651.	4.1	21
22	Bivariate empirical mode decomposition of the spatial variation in the soil organic matter content: A case study from NW China. Catena, 2021, 206, 105572.	5.0	21
23	Precipitation events determine the spatiotemporal distribution of playa surface salinity in arid regions: evidence from satellite data fused via the enhanced spatial and temporal adaptive reflectance fusion model. Catena, 2021, 206, 105546.	5.0	12
24	Comparisons of random forest and stochastic gradient treeboost algorithms for mapping soil electrical conductivity with multiple subsets using Landsat OLI and DEM/GIS-based data at a type oasis in Xinjiang, China. European Journal of Remote Sensing, 2021, 54, 158-181.	3.5	6
25	Machine learning method for quick identification of water quality index (WQI) based on Sentinel-2 MSI data: Ebinur Lake case study. Water Science and Technology: Water Supply, 2021, 21, 1291-1312.	2.1	11
26	Analysis on the Spatio-Temporal Changes of LST and Its Influencing Factors Based on VIC Model in the Arid Region from 1960 to 2017: An Example of the Ebinur Lake Watershed, Xinjiang, China. Remote Sensing, 2021, 13, 4867.	4.0	9
27	Evaluation of Total Nitrogen in Water via Airborne Hyperspectral Data: Potential of Fractional Order Discretization Algorithm and Discrete Wavelet Transform Analysis. Remote Sensing, 2021, 13, 4643.	4.0	16
28	Prediction of soil organic matter in northwestern China using fractional-order derivative spectroscopy and modified normalized difference indices. Catena, 2020, 185, 104257.	5.0	77
29	Machine learning-based detection of soil salinity in an arid desert region, Northwest China: A comparison between Landsat-8 OLI and Sentinel-2 MSI. Science of the Total Environment, 2020, 707, 136092.	8.0	130
30	Regional scale soil moisture content estimation based on multi-source remote sensing parameters. International Journal of Remote Sensing, 2020, 41, 3346-3367.	2.9	21
31	Using MODIS data to analyse the ecosystem water use efficiency spatial-temporal variations across Central Asia from 2000 to 2014. Environmental Research, 2020, 182, 108985.	7.5	28
32	Updated information on soil salinity in a typical oasis agroecosystem and desert-oasis ecotone: Case study conducted along the Tarim River, China. Science of the Total Environment, 2020, 716, 135387.	8.0	21
33	Impacts of topographic factors on regional snow cover characteristics. Water Science and Engineering, 2020, 13, 171-180.	3.2	18
34	Combination of efficient signal pre-processing and optimal band combination algorithm to predict soil organic matter through visible and near-infrared spectra. Spectrochimica Acta - Part A: Molecular and Biomolecular Spectroscopy, 2020, 240, 118553.	3.9	52
35	Deep learning-based rapid recognition of oasis-desert ecotone plant communities using UAV low-altitude remote-sensing data. Environmental Earth Sciences, 2020, 79, 1.	2.7	12
36	Characteristics of aerosol optical depth over land types in central Asia. Science of the Total Environment, 2020, 727, 138676.	8.0	23

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37	AGA-SVR-based selection of feature subsets and optimization of parameter in regional soil salinization monitoring. International Journal of Remote Sensing, 2020, 41, 4470-4495.	2.9	25
38	Retrieval of Fine-Resolution Aerosol Optical Depth (AOD) in Semiarid Urban Areas Using Landsat Data: A Case Study in Urumqi, NW China. Remote Sensing, 2020, 12, 467.	4.0	15
39	Assessing arid Inland Lake Watershed Area and Vegetation Response to Multiple Temporal Scales of Drought Across the Ebinur Lake Watershed. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 1354.	3.3	18
40	The Capability of Integrating Optical and Microwave Data for Detecting Soil Moisture in an Oasis Region. Remote Sensing, 2020, 12, 1358.	4.0	7
41	Temporal and spatial variability in snow cover over the Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region, China, from 2001 to 2015. PeerJ, 2020, 8, e8861.	2.0	9
42	Snowmelt modeling using two melt-rate models in the Urumqi River watershed, Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region, China. Journal of Mountain Science, 2019, 16, 2271-2284.	2.0	10
43	Capability of Sentinel-2 MSI data for monitoring and mapping of soil salinity in dry and wet seasons in the Ebinur Lake region, Xinjiang, China. Geoderma, 2019, 353, 172-187.	5.1	193
44	Soil Moisture Retrival Based on Sentinel-1 Imagery under Sparse Vegetation Coverage. Sensors, 2019, 19, 589.	3.8	38
45	Dynamic detection of water surface area of Ebinur Lake using multi-source satellite data (Landsat and) Tj ETQq1 1	l <u>0</u> .78431 5.0	4 rgBT /Ove
46	Combining UAV-based hyperspectral imagery and machine learning algorithms for soil moisture content monitoring. Peerl, 2019, 7, e6926.	2.0	113
47	Modeling variations in soil salinity in the oasis of Junggar Basin, China. Land Degradation and Development, 2018, 29, 551-562.	3.9	38
48	Estimation of soil salt content (SSC) in the Ebinur Lake Wetland National Nature Reserve (ELWNNR), Northwest China, based on a Bootstrap-BP neural network model and optimal spectral indices. Science of the Total Environment, 2018, 615, 918-930.	8.0	127
49	Quantitative estimation of soil salinity by means of different modeling methods and visible-near infrared (VIS–NIR) spectroscopy, Ebinur Lake Wetland, Northwest China. PeerJ, 2018, 6, e4703.	2.0	61
50	A WFS-SVM Model for Soil Salinity Mapping in Keriya Oasis, Northwestern China Using Polarimetric Decomposition and Fully PolSAR Data. Remote Sensing, 2018, 10, 598.	4.0	25
51	Machine-learning-based quantitative estimation of soil organic carbon content by VIS/NIR spectroscopy. Peerl, 2018, 6, e5714.	2.0	37
52	Characterizing urban expansion of Korla City and its spatial-temporal patterns using remote sensing and GIS methods. Journal of Arid Land, 2017, 9, 458-470.	2.3	15
53	Quantitative Estimation of Organic Matter Content in Arid Soil Using Vis-NIR Spectroscopy Preprocessed by Fractional Derivative. Journal of Spectroscopy, 2017, 2017, 1-9.	1.3	16
54	Quantitative Estimating Salt Content of Saline Soil Using Laboratory Hyperspectral Data Treated by Fractional Derivative. Journal of Spectroscopy, 2016, 2016, 1-11.	1.3	24

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55	Effects of shallow groundwater table and salinity on soil salt dynamics in the Keriya Oasis, Northwestern China. Environmental Earth Sciences, 2016, 75, 1.	2.7	48
56	Monitoring Soil Salinization in Keriya River Basin, Northwestern China Using Passive Reflective and Active Microwave Remote Sensing Data. Remote Sensing, 2015, 7, 8803-8829.	4.0	47
57	Urban Land Use Classification Using LiDAR Geometric, Spatial Autocorrelation and Lacunarity Features Combined with Postclassification Processing Method. Canadian Journal of Remote Sensing, 2015, 41, 334-345.	2.4	2
58	Dielectric properties of saline soil based on a modified Dobson dielectric model. Journal of Arid Land, 2015, 7, 696-705.	2.3	13
59	The influence of natural and human factors in the shrinking of the Ebinur Lake, Xinjiang, China, during the 1972–2013 period. Environmental Monitoring and Assessment, 2015, 187, 4128.	2.7	50
60	Stand structure and height-diameter relationship of a degraded Populus euphratica forest in the lower reaches of the Tarim River, Northwest China. Journal of Arid Land, 2015, 7, 544-554.	2.3	15
61	Monitoring and evaluating spatial variability of soil salinity in dry and wet seasons in the Werigan–Kuqa Oasis, China, using remote sensing and electromagnetic induction instruments. Geoderma, 2014, 235-236, 316-322.	5.1	125
62	Detecting soil salinity with arid fraction integrated index and salinity index in feature space using Landsat TM imagery. Journal of Arid Land, 2013, 5, 340-353.	2.3	29
63	Spectral reflectance properties of major objects in desert oasis: a case study of the Weigan–Kuqa river delta oasis in Xinjiang, China. Environmental Monitoring and Assessment, 2012, 184, 5105-5119.	2.7	8