List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Psychosocial Effects of the Loop Open-Source Automated Insulin Delivery System. Journal of Diabetes Science and Technology, 2023, 17, 1440-1447.	1.3	4
2	Predicting optimal use of continuous glucose monitors in adolescents with type 1 diabetes: It's about benefit and burden. Journal of Pediatric Nursing, 2022, 62, 23-29.	0.7	4
3	Teamwork, Targets, Technology, and Tight Control in Newly Diagnosed Type 1 Diabetes: the Pilot 4T Study. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2022, 107, 998-1008.	1.8	34
4	Telehealth for people with diabetes: poised for a new approach. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the, 2022, 10, 8-10.	5.5	9
5	Open-source automated insulin delivery: international consensus statement and practical guidance for health-care professionals. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the, 2022, 10, 58-74.	5.5	61
6	Predicting Success with a First-Generation Hybrid Closed-Loop Artificial Pancreas System Among Children, Adolescents, and Young Adults with Type 1 Diabetes: A Model Development and Validation Study. Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics, 2022, 24, 157-166.	2.4	7
7	Randomized Trial of Closed-Loop Control in Very Young Children with Type 1 Diabetes. New England Journal of Medicine, 2022, 386, 209-219.	13.9	99
8	Qualitative Study of User Experiences with Loop, an Open-Source Automated Insulin Delivery System. Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics, 2022, 24, 416-423.	2.4	7
9	Algorithm-Enabled, Personalized Glucose Management for Type 1 Diabetes at the Population Scale: Prospective Evaluation in Clinical Practice. JMIR Diabetes, 2022, 7, e27284.	0.9	10
10	Hybrid closed-loop glucose control compared with sensor augmented pump therapy in older adults with type 1 diabetes: an open-label multicentre, multinational, randomised, crossover study. The Lancet Healthy Longevity, 2022, 3, e135-e142.	2.0	38
11	Cambridge hybrid closed-loop algorithm in children and adolescents with type 1 diabetes: a multicentre 6-month randomised controlled trial. The Lancet Digital Health, 2022, 4, e245-e255.	5.9	33
12	Lived experience of <scp>CamAPS FX</scp> closed loop system in youth with type 1 diabetes and their parents. Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism, 2022, 24, 2309-2318.	2.2	12
13	How introduction of automated insulin delivery systems may influence psychosocial outcomes in adults with type 1 diabetes: Findings from the first investigation with the Omnipod® 5 System. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2022, 190, 109998.	1.1	15
14	A Real-World Prospective Study of the Safety and Effectiveness of the Loop Open Source Automated Insulin Delivery System. Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics, 2021, 23, 367-375.	2.4	80
15	A retrospective multisite examination of depression screening practices, scores, and correlates in pediatric diabetes care. Translational Behavioral Medicine, 2021, 11, 122-131.	1.2	18
16	Multisite Examination of Depression Screening Scores and Correlates Among Adolescents and Young Adults With Type 2 Diabetes. Canadian Journal of Diabetes, 2021, 45, 411-416.	0.4	9
17	A comparison of two hybrid closed-loop systems in adolescents and young adults with type 1 diabetes (FLAIR): a multicentre, randomised, crossover trial. Lancet, The, 2021, 397, 208-219.	6.3	206
18	Assessing the efficacy, safety and utility of closed-loop insulin delivery compared with sensor-augmented pump therapy in very young children with type 1 diabetes (KidsAP02 study): an open-label, multicentre, multinational, randomised cross-over study protocol. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e042790.	0.8	10

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19	Provider Implicit Bias Impacts Pediatric Type 1 Diabetes Technology Recommendations in the United States: Findings from The Gatekeeper Study. Journal of Diabetes Science and Technology, 2021, 15, 1027-1033.	1.3	54
20	Cost considerations for adoption of diabetes technology are pervasive: A qualitative study of persons living with type 1 diabetes and their families. Diabetic Medicine, 2021, 38, e14575.	1.2	16
21	â€~l was ready for it at the beginning': Parent experiences with early introduction of continuous glucose monitoring following their child's Type 1 diabetes diagnosis. Diabetic Medicine, 2021, 38, e14567.	1.2	20
22	Barriers to Technology Use and Endocrinology Care for Underserved Communities With Type 1 Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2021, 44, 1480-1490.	4.3	56
23	Do baseline resilience profiles moderate the effects of a resilience-enhancing intervention for adolescents with type I diabetes?. Health Psychology, 2021, 40, 337-346.	1.3	3
24	Examining Indirect Effects of Anxiety on Glycated Hemoglobin via Automatic Negative Thinking and Diabetes-Specific Distress in Adolescents With Type 1 Diabetes. Canadian Journal of Diabetes, 2021, 45, 473-480.	0.4	6
25	Health-Related Quality of Life and Treatment Satisfaction in Parents and Children with Type 1 Diabetes Using Closed-Loop Control. Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics, 2021, 23, 401-409.	2.4	27
26	ONBOARD: A Feasibility Study of a Telehealth-Based Continuous Glucose Monitoring Adoption Intervention for Adults with Type 1 Diabetes. Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics, 2021, 23, 818-827.	2.4	7
27	Democratizing type 1 diabetes specialty care in the primary care setting to reduce health disparities: project extension for community healthcare outcomes (ECHO) T1D. BMJ Open Diabetes Research and Care, 2021, 9, e002262.	1.2	20
28	Clinically Serious Hypoglycemia Is Rare and Not Associated With Time-in-range in Youth With New-onset Type 1 Diabetes. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2021, 106, 3239-3247.	1.8	13
29	Lived Experience of Advanced Hybrid Closed-Loop Versus Hybrid Closed-Loop: Patient-Reported Outcomes and Perspectives. Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics, 2021, 23, 857-861.	2.4	28
30	Help when you need it: Perspectives of adults with T1D on the support and training they would have wanted when starting CGM. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2021, 180, 109048.	1.1	7
31	A Lesson From 2020: Public Health Matters for Both COVID-19 and Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2021, 44, 8-10.	4.3	8
32	Do Youth Want Psychosocial Screenings in Diabetes Clinic? Profiles of Acceptability. Journal of Pediatric Psychology, 2021, 46, 332-340.	1.1	3
33	Discontinued Use of the Loop Insulin Dosing System: A Mixed-Methods Investigation. Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics, 2021, , .	2.4	11
34	Trust in hybrid closed loop among people with diabetes: Perspectives of experienced system users. Journal of Health Psychology, 2020, 25, 429-438.	1.3	40
35	Depression in context: Important considerations for youth with type 1 vs type 2 diabetes. Pediatric Diabetes, 2020, 21, 135-142.	1.2	15
36	A Comment on "â€~Do It Yourself ' (DIY)-Automated Insulin Delivery (AID) Systems: Current Status from a German Point of View†Time for Legitimate Co-Creation. Journal of Diabetes Science and Technology, 2020, 14, 1141-1141.	1.3	3

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37	Improving Clinical Outcomes in Newly Diagnosed Pediatric Type 1 Diabetes: Teamwork, Targets, Technology, and Tight Control—The 4T Study. Frontiers in Endocrinology, 2020, 11, 360.	1.5	39
38	Diabetes Telehealth Solutions: Improving Self-Management Through Remote Initiation of Continuous Glucose Monitoring. Journal of the Endocrine Society, 2020, 4, bvaa076.	0.1	22
39	mHealth for pediatric chronic pain: state of the art and future directions. Expert Review of Neurotherapeutics, 2020, 20, 1177-1187.	1.4	17
40	Barriers to Continuous Glucose Monitoring in People With Type 1 Diabetes: Clinician Perspectives. Diabetes Spectrum, 2020, 33, 324-330.	0.4	14
41	CGM Initiation Soon After Type 1 Diabetes Diagnosis Results in Sustained CGM Use and Wear Time. Diabetes Care, 2020, 43, e3-e4.	4.3	39
42	Effect of Continuous Glucose Monitoring on Glycemic Control in Adolescents and Young Adults With Type 1 Diabetes. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2020, 323, 2388.	3.8	238
43	Cost, Hassle, and On-Body Experience: Barriers to Diabetes Device Use in Adolescents and Potential Intervention Targets. Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics, 2020, 22, 760-767.	2.4	72
44	Exposure to Closed Loop Barriers Using Virtual Reality. Journal of Diabetes Science and Technology, 2020, 14, 837-843.	1.3	2
45	Exercising with an automated insulin delivery system: qualitative insight into the hopes and expectations of people with type 1 diabetes. Practical Diabetes, 2020, 37, 19-23.	0.1	1
46	Diabetes-Specific Self-Compassion: A New Measure for Parents of Youth With Type 1 Diabetes. Journal of Pediatric Psychology, 2020, 45, 488-497.	1.1	8
47	Parental Perspectives: Identifying Profiles of Parental Attitudes and Barriers Related to Diabetes Device Use. Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics, 2020, 22, 674-680.	2.4	7
48	An exploratory assessment of pediatric patient and parent needs after implantable cardioverter defibrillator implant. PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology, 2020, 43, 289-296.	0.5	4
49	Putting Continuous Glucose Monitoring to Work for People With Type 1 Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2020, 43, 19-21.	4.3	17
50	Assessing the effect of closed-loop insulin delivery from onset of type 1 diabetes in youth on residual beta-cell function compared to standard insulin therapy (CLOuD study): a randomised parallel study protocol. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e033500.	0.8	14
51	Primary Care Providers in California and Florida Report Low Confidence in Providing Type 1 Diabetes Care. Clinical Diabetes, 2020, 38, 159-165.	1.2	18
52	58-LB: Barriers to Technology Use for Underserved Communities with Type 1 Diabetes. Diabetes, 2020, 69, 58-LB.	0.3	2
53	You, me, and diabetes: Intimacy and technology among adults with T1D and their partners Families, Systems and Health, 2020, 38, 418-427.	0.4	7
54	Supporting Teen Problem-Solving (STEPS) 3 year outcomes: Preventing diabetes-specific emotional distress and depressive symptoms in adolescents with type 1 diabetes Journal of Consulting and Clinical Psychology, 2020, 88, 1019-1031.	1.6	20

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55	Hemoglobin A1c Trajectory in Pediatric Patients with Newly Diagnosed Type 1 Diabetes. Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics, 2019, 21, 456-461.	2.4	26
56	Assessing strengths of children with type 1 diabetes: Validation of the Diabetes Strengths and Resilience (DSTAR) measure for ages 9 to 13. Pediatric Diabetes, 2019, 20, 1007-1015.	1.2	10
57	Realizing a Closed-Loop (Artificial Pancreas) System for the Treatment of Type 1 Diabetes. Endocrine Reviews, 2019, 40, 1521-1546.	8.9	64
58	Feasibility Studies of an Insulin-Only Bionic Pancreas in a Home-Use Setting. Journal of Diabetes Science and Technology, 2019, 13, 1001-1007.	1.3	8
59	A mobile app identifies momentary psychosocial and contextual factors related to mealtime self-management in adolescents with type 1 diabetes. Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA, 2019, 26, 1627-1631.	2.2	9
60	Graded exposure treatment for adolescents with chronic pain (GET Living): Protocol for a randomized controlled trial enhanced with single case experimental design. Contemporary Clinical Trials Communications, 2019, 16, 100448.	0.5	17
61	One Year Clinical Experience of the First Commercial Hybrid Closed-Loop System. Diabetes Care, 2019, 42, 2190-2196.	4.3	168
62	Optimizing the use of continuous glucose monitoring in young children with type 1 diabetes with an adaptive study design and multiple randomizations. Contemporary Clinical Trials, 2019, 82, 60-65.	0.8	1
63	Assessing the efficacy, safety and utility of 6-month day-and-night automated closed-loop insulin delivery under free-living conditions compared with insulin pump therapy in children and adolescents with type 1 diabetes: an open-label, multicentre, multinational, single-period, randomised, parallel group study protocol. BMI Open. 2019. 9. e027856.	0.8	14
64	Diabetes-Related Emotional Distress Over Time. Pediatrics, 2019, 143, e20183011.	1.0	38
65	CGM Benefits and Burdens: Two Brief Measures of Continuous Glucose Monitoring. Journal of Diabetes Science and Technology, 2019, 13, 1135-1141.	1.3	33
66	Correlates of health care use among White and minority men and women with diabetes: An NHANES study. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2019, 150, 122-128.	1.1	6
67	Connecting the Dots: Validation of Time in Range Metrics With Microvascular Outcomes. Diabetes Care, 2019, 42, 345-348.	4.3	36
68	Response to Comment on Young-Hyman et al. Psychosocial Care for People With Diabetes: A Position Statement of the American Diabetes Association. Diabetes Care 2016;39:2126–2140. Diabetes Care, 2018, 41, e33-e34.	4.3	4
69	Psychometric Properties of the Problem Areas in Diabetes: Teen and Parent of Teen Versions. Journal of Pediatric Psychology, 2018, 43, 561-571.	1.1	71
70	Automated Insulin Delivery Systems: Hopes and Expectations of Family Members. Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics, 2018, 20, 222-228.	2.4	22
71	Sharing and helping: predictors of adolescents' willingness to share diabetes personal health information with peers. Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA, 2018, 25, 135-141.	2.2	28
72	Adapting and validating a measure of diabetes-specific self-compassion. Journal of Diabetes and Its Complications, 2018, 32, 196-202.	1.2	20

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73	The dawn of automated insulin delivery: A new clinical framework to conceptualize insulin administration. Pediatric Diabetes, 2018, 19, 14-17.	1.2	23
74	Psychosocial and Human Factors During a Trial of a Hybrid Closed Loop System for Type 1 Diabetes Management. Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics, 2018, 20, 648-653.	2.4	29
75	From Wary Wearers to d-Embracers: Personas of Readiness to Use Diabetes Devices. Journal of Diabetes Science and Technology, 2018, 12, 1101-1107.	1.3	31
76	Diabetes symptoms predictors of health-related quality of life in adolescents and young adults with type 1 or type 2 diabetes. Quality of Life Research, 2018, 27, 2295-2303.	1.5	5
77	Big Topics forDiabetes Carein 2018: Clinical Guidelines, Costs of Diabetes, and Information Technology. Diabetes Care, 2018, 41, 1327-1329.	4.3	4
78	Mobile Momentary Assessment and Biobehavioral Feedback for Adolescents with Type 1 Diabetes: Feasibility and Engagement Patterns. Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics, 2018, 20, 465-474.	2.4	18
79	Diabetes management mediating effects between diabetes symptoms and health-related quality of life in adolescents and young adults with type 1 diabetes. Pediatric Diabetes, 2018, 19, 1322-1330.	1.2	23
80	Preventing Diabetes Distress in Adolescents With Type 1 Diabetes: Results 1 Year After Participation in the STePS Program. Diabetes Care, 2018, 41, 1623-1630.	4.3	51
81	ISPAD Clinical Practice Consensus Guidelines 2018: Diabetes technologies. Pediatric Diabetes, 2018, 19, 302-325.	1.2	170
82	Using Cluster Analysis to Understand Clinician Readiness to Promote Continuous Glucose Monitoring Adoption. Journal of Diabetes Science and Technology, 2018, 12, 1108-1115.	1.3	32
83	PedsQL 3.2 Diabetes Module for Children, Adolescents, and Young Adults: Reliability and Validity in Type 1 Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2018, 41, 2064-2071.	4.3	72
84	Type 1 Diabetes in Children and Adolescents: A Position Statement by the American Diabetes Association. Diabetes Care, 2018, 41, 2026-2044.	4.3	288
85	ISPAD Clinical Practice Consensus Guidelines 2018: Diabetes in adolescence. Pediatric Diabetes, 2018, 19, 250-261.	1.2	111
86	Stabilization of glycemic control and improved quality of life using a shared medical appointment model in adolescents with type 1 diabetes in suboptimal control. Pediatric Diabetes, 2017, 18, 204-212.	1.2	26
87	Optimal Use of Diabetes Devices: Clinician Perspectives on Barriers and Adherence to Device Use. Journal of Diabetes Science and Technology, 2017, 11, 484-492.	1.3	82
88	The Diabetes Strengths and Resilience Measure for Adolescents With Type 1 Diabetes (DSTAR-Teen): Validation of a New, Brief Self-Report Measure. Journal of Pediatric Psychology, 2017, 42, 995-1005.	1.1	47
89	Expectations and Attitudes of Individuals With Type 1 Diabetes After Using a Hybrid Closed Loop System. The Diabetes Educator, 2017, 43, 223-232.	2.6	78
90	Feasibility of Long-Term Closed-Loop Control: A Multicenter 6-Month Trial of 24/7 Automated Insulin Delivery. Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics, 2017, 19, 18-24.	2.4	120

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91	Diabetes Device Use in Adults With Type 1 Diabetes: Barriers to Uptake and Potential Intervention Targets. Diabetes Care, 2017, 40, 181-187.	4.3	203
92	Implementation of Depression Screening and Global Health Assessment in Pediatric Subspecialty Clinics. Journal of Adolescent Health, 2017, 61, 591-598.	1.2	44
93	Response to Comments on Young-Hyman et al. Psychosocial Care for People With Diabetes: A Position Statement of the American Diabetes Association. Diabetes Care 2016;39:2126–2140. Diabetes Care, 2017, 40, e131-e132.	4.3	12
94	What End Users and Stakeholders Want From Automated Insulin Delivery Systems. Diabetes Care, 2017, 40, 1453-1461.	4.3	45
95	Biopsychosocial Aspects of Weight Management in Type 1 Diabetes: a Review and Next Steps. Current Diabetes Reports, 2017, 17, 58.	1.7	46
96	Avoidant coping and diabetes-related distress: Pathways to adolescents' Type 1 diabetes outcomes Health Psychology, 2017, 36, 236-244.	1.3	56
97	Quality of Life of College Students Living With Type 1 Diabetes. Western Journal of Nursing Research, 2016, 38, 1595-1610.	0.6	28
98	Psychosocial Care for People With Diabetes: A Position Statement of the American Diabetes Association. Diabetes Care, 2016, 39, 2126-2140.	4.3	694
99	Whose quality of life is it anyway? Discrepancies between youth and parent health-related quality of life ratings in type 1 and type 2 diabetes. Quality of Life Research, 2016, 25, 1113-1121.	1.5	48
100	A randomized clinical trial aimed at preventing poor psychosocial and glycemic outcomes in teens with type 1 diabetes (T1D). Contemporary Clinical Trials, 2016, 49, 78-84.	0.8	19
101	Diabetes Technology. Journal of Diabetes Science and Technology, 2016, 10, 852-858.	1.3	76
102	Insulin pump use and glycemic control in adolescents with type 1 diabetes: Predictors of change in method of insulin delivery across two years. Pediatric Diabetes, 2015, 16, 592-599.	1.2	47
103	The Emerging Diabetes Online Community. Current Diabetes Reviews, 2015, 11, 261-272.	0.6	94
104	Depressive Symptoms in a Trial Behavioral Family Systems Therapy for Diabetes: A Post Hoc Analysis of Change. Diabetes Care, 2015, 38, 1435-1440.	4.3	20
105	Technology Use for Diabetes Problem Solving in Adolescents with Type 1 Diabetes: Relationship to Glycemic Control. Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics, 2015, 17, 449-454.	2.4	18
106	PsychDT Working Group. Journal of Diabetes Science and Technology, 2015, 9, 925-928.	1.3	13
107	Resilience in Youth and Families Living With Pediatric Health and Developmental Conditions: Introduction to the Special Issue on Resilience. Journal of Pediatric Psychology, 2015, 40, 835-839.	1.1	62
108	Psychosocial Assessment of Artificial Pancreas (AP): Commentary and Review of Existing Measures and Their Applicability in AP Research. Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics, 2015, 17, 295-300.	2.4	39

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109	From Individuals to International Policy: Achievements and Ongoing Needs in Diabetes Advocacy. Current Diabetes Reports, 2015, 15, 59.	1.7	12
110	Use of Commonly Available Technologies for Diabetes Information and Self-Management Among Adolescents With Type 1 Diabetes and Their Parents: A Web-Based Survey Study. Interactive Journal of Medical Research, 2015, 4, e24.	0.6	44
111	Effective strategies for encouraging behavior change in people with diabetes. Diabetes Management, 2015, 5, 499-510.	0.5	20
112	Illness representations predict adherence in adolescents and young adults with type 1 diabetes. Psychology and Health, 2014, 29, 985-998.	1.2	21
113	Psychosocial Burden and Glycemic Control During the First 6 Years of Diabetes: Results From the SEARCH for Diabetes in Youth Study. Journal of Adolescent Health, 2014, 55, 498-504.	1.2	146
114	Autonomy support and responsibility-sharing predict blood glucose monitoring frequency among youth with diabetes Health Psychology, 2014, 33, 1224-1231.	1.3	39
115	Diabetes Self-Management Profile Short Form: A Preliminary Report. Journal of Clinical Psychology in Medical Settings, 2013, 20, 107-113.	0.8	2
116	Impact of blood glucose monitoring affect on family conflict and glycemic control in adolescents with type 1 diabetes. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2013, 99, 130-135.	1.1	12
117	Improving Depression Screening for Adolescents With Type 1 Diabetes. Pediatrics, 2013, 132, e1395-e1402.	1.0	102
118	Predictors of Deteriorations in Diabetes Management and Control in Adolescents With Type 1 Diabetes. Journal of Adolescent Health, 2013, 52, 28-34.	1.2	197
119	How poorer quality of life in adolescence predicts subsequent type 1 diabetes management and counseling, 2013, 91, 120-125.	1.0	54
120	Identification of Minimal Clinically Important Difference Scores of the PedsQL in Children, Adolescents, and Young Adults With Type 1 and Type 2 Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2013, 36, 1891-1897.	4.3	88
121	Cognitive–behavioral therapy for adolescents with Type 1 diabetes and subclinical depressive symptoms. Diabetes Management, 2013, 3, 207-215.	0.5	19
122	Metabolic and Inflammatory Links to Depression in Youth With Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2012, 35, 2443-2446.	4.3	80
123	Pediatric Self-management: A Framework for Research, Practice, and Policy. Pediatrics, 2012, 129, e473-e485.	1.0	420
124	Changes in Treatment Adherence and Glycemic Control During the Transition to Adolescence in Type 1 Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2012, 35, 1219-1224.	4.3	139
125	Caregiver reports of provider recommended frequency of blood glucose monitoring and actual testing frequency for youth with type 1 diabetes. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2012, 95, 68-75.	1.1	9
126	Practice-Based Evidence for Children and Adolescents: Advancing the Research Agenda in Schools. School Psychology Review, 2012, 41, 215-235.	1.8	46

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127	Demographic and Clinical Correlates of Diabetes-Related Quality of Life among Youth with Type 1 Diabetes. Journal of Pediatrics, 2012, 161, 201-207.e2.	0.9	102
128	Psychological screening in adolescents with type 1 diabetes predicts outcomes one year later. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2011, 94, 39-44.	1.1	96
129	Development and initial validation of the barriers to diabetes adherence measure for adolescents. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2011, 94, 77-83.	1.1	75
130	Reducing stress in adolescents with diabetes: what can be done?. Diabetes Management, 2011, 1, 5-8.	0.5	1
131	Prediction of Adolescents' Glycemic Control 1 Year After Diabetes-Specific Family Conflict. JAMA Pediatrics, 2011, 165, 624.	3.6	60
132	Blood glucose monitoring and glycemic control in adolescents with type 1 diabetes: meter downloads versus self-report. Pediatric Diabetes, 2011, 12, no-no.	1.2	48
133	Depressive symptoms predict change in glycemic control in adolescents with type 1 diabetes: rates, magnitude, and moderators of change. Pediatric Diabetes, 2011, 12, 718-723.	1.2	92
134	Explaining the family conflict-glycemic control link through psychological variables in adolescents with type 1 diabetes. Journal of Behavioral Medicine, 2011, 34, 268-274.	1.1	41
135	Taking Evidence-Based Coping Skills Training to the Internet. Current Diabetes Reports, 2011, 11, 464-466.	1.7	1
136	From Caregiver Psychological Distress to Adolescent Glycemic Control: The Mediating Role of Perceived Burden around Diabetes Management. Journal of Pediatric Psychology, 2011, 36, 196-205.	1.1	52
137	Sociodemographic and psychosocial factors associated with continuous subcutaneous insulin infusion in adolescents with type 1 diabetes. Pediatric Diabetes, 2010, 11, 337-344.	1.2	28
138	Preconception Counseling for Adolescent Females with Type 1 Diabetes: The READY-Girls Program. Current Diabetes Reports, 2010, 10, 393-395.	1.7	3
139	Health-Related Quality of Life Across Pediatric Chronic Conditions. Journal of Pediatrics, 2010, 156, 639-644.	0.9	176
140	Correlates of glycemic control and quality of life outcomes in adolescents with type 1 diabetes. Pediatric Diabetes, 2010, 11, 563-571.	1.2	51
141	Anxiety Symptoms in Adolescents with Type 1 Diabetes: Association with Blood Glucose Monitoring and Glycemic Control. Journal of Pediatric Psychology, 2010, 35, 415-425.	1.1	170
142	Interventions With Adherence-Promoting Components in Pediatric Type 1 Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2010, 33, 1658-1664.	4.3	161
143	Responsibility Sharing between Adolescents with Type 1 Diabetes and Their Caregivers: Importance of Adolescent Perceptions on Diabetes Management and Control. Journal of Pediatric Psychology, 2010, 35, 1168-1177.	1.1	74
144	Blood Glucose Monitoring and Glycemic Control in Adolescence: Contribution of Diabetes-Specific Responsibility and Family Conflict. Journal of Adolescent Health, 2010, 47, 191-197.	1.2	129

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145	Depressive symptoms in adolescents with type 1 diabetes: Associations with longitudinal outcomes. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2010, 88, e35-e37.	1.1	56
146	A meta-systems approach to evidence-based practice for children and adolescents American Psychologist, 2010, 65, 85-97.	3.8	171
147	Association Between Adherence and Glycemic Control in Pediatric Type 1 Diabetes: A Meta-analysis. Pediatrics, 2009, 124, e1171-e1179.	1.0	292
148	Depressive Symptoms and Glycemic Control in Adolescents With Type 1 Diabetes: Mediational role of blood glucose monitoring. Diabetes Care, 2009, 32, 804-806.	4.3	130
149	A multisite trial of a clinic-integrated intervention for promoting family management of pediatric type 1 diabetes: feasibility and design. Pediatric Diabetes, 2009, 10, 105-115.	1.2	49
150	Aade Position Statement. The Diabetes Educator, 2008, 34, 439-443.	2.6	11
151	The Influence of Caregiver Depressive Symptoms on Proxy Report of Youth Depressive Symptoms: A Test of the Depression-Distortion Hypothesis in Pediatric Type 1 Diabetes. Journal of Pediatric Psychology, 2008, 34, 294-303.	1.1	30
152	Diabetes Problem Solving by Youths with Type 1 Diabetes and their Caregivers: Measurement, Validation, and Longitudinal Associations with Glycemic Control. Journal of Pediatric Psychology, 2008, 33, 875-884.	1.1	73
153	Updated and Revised Diabetes Family Conflict Scale. Diabetes Care, 2007, 30, 1764-1769.	4.3	214
154	Participant and Parent Experiences in the Parenteral Insulin Arm of the Diabetes Prevention Trial for Type 1 Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2007, 30, 2193-2198.	4.3	19
155	Maternal understanding of infant diabetes risk: Differential effects of maternal anxiety and depression. Genetics in Medicine, 2006, 8, 665-670.	1.1	19
156	Depressive Symptoms in Children and Adolescents With Type 1 Diabetes: Association with diabetes-specific characteristics. Diabetes Care, 2006, 29, 1389-1389.	4.3	317
157	Depressive Symptoms in Mothers of Infants Identified as Genetically at Risk for Type 1 Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2005, 28, 1898-1903.	4.3	19
158	Outcomes of Parent-Child Interaction Therapy: A Comparison of Treatment Completers and Study Dropouts One to Three Years Later. Child and Family Behavior Therapy, 2005, 26, 1-22.	0.5	144
159	The Blood Glucose Monitoring Communication Questionnaire: An instrument to measure affect specific to blood glucose monitoring. Diabetes Care, 2004, 27, 2610-2615.	4.3	51