

# Verity G Salmon

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3443320/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

25  
papers

1,150  
citations

706676

14  
h-index

721071

23  
g-index

31  
all docs

31  
docs citations

31  
times ranked

2034  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Whole-Ecosystem Warming Increases Plant-Available Nitrogen and Phosphorus in an Ombrotrophic Bog. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2023, 26, 86-113.	1.6	13
2	Assessing dynamic vegetation model parameter uncertainty across Alaskan arctic tundra plant communities. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2022, 32, e02499.	1.8	3
3	High nitrate variability on an Alaskan permafrost hillslope dominated by alder shrubs. <i>Cryosphere</i> , 2022, 16, 1889-1901.	1.5	3
4	Topographical Controls on Hillslope-Scale Hydrology Drive Shrub Distributions on the Seward Peninsula, Alaska. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2021, 126, e2020JG005823.	1.3	13
5	Solar position confounds the relationship between ecosystem function and vegetation indices derived from solar and photosynthetically active radiation fluxes. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2021, 298-299, 108291.	1.9	10
6	Integrating Arctic Plant Functional Types in a Land Surface Model Using Above- and Belowground Field Observations. <i>Journal of Advances in Modeling Earth Systems</i> , 2021, 13, e2020MS002396.	1.3	27
7	Landscape-scale characterization of Arctic tundra vegetation composition, structure, and function with a multi-sensor unoccupied aerial system. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2021, 16, 085005.	2.2	9
8	Nitrogen and phosphorus cycling in an ombrotrophic peatland: a benchmark for assessing change. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2021, 466, 649-674.	1.8	15
9	Shallow soils are warmer under trees and tall shrubs across Arctic and Boreal ecosystems. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2021, 16, 015001.	2.2	39
10	A starting guide to root ecology: strengthening ecological concepts and standardising root classification, sampling, processing and trait measurements. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2021, 232, 973-1122.	3.5	216
11	A Multi-Sensor Unoccupied Aerial System Improves Characterization of Vegetation Composition and Canopy Properties in the Arctic Tundra. <i>Remote Sensing</i> , 2020, 12, 2638.	1.8	24
12	Direct observation of permafrost degradation and rapid soil carbon loss in tundra. <i>Nature Geoscience</i> , 2019, 12, 627-631.	5.4	137
13	Alder Distribution and Expansion Across a Tundra Hillslope: Implications for Local N Cycling. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2019, 10, 1099.	1.7	37
14	Long-term warming research in high-latitude ecosystems: Responses from polar ecosystems and implications for future climate. , 2019, , 441-487.		2
15	Using Stable Carbon Isotopes of Seasonal Ecosystem Respiration to Determine Permafrost Carbon Loss. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2019, 124, 46-60.	1.3	8
16	Divergent patterns of experimental and model-derived permafrost ecosystem carbon dynamics in response to Arctic warming. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2018, 13, 105002.	2.2	31
17	Biotic responses buffer warming-induced soil organic carbon loss in Arctic tundra. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2018, 24, 4946-4959.	4.2	21
18	Adding Depth to Our Understanding of Nitrogen Dynamics in Permafrost Soils. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2018, 123, 2497-2512.	1.3	73

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Nonlinear $\text{CO}_2$ flux response to 7 years of experimentally induced permafrost thaw. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2017, 23, 3646-3666.	4.2	64
20	Tundra is a consistent source of $\text{CO}_2$ at a site with progressive permafrost thaw during 6 years of chamber and eddy covariance measurements. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2017, 122, 1471-1485.	1.3	29
21	Nitrogen availability increases in a tundra ecosystem during five years of experimental permafrost thaw. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2016, 22, 1927-1941.	4.2	153
22	Experimental Warming Alters Productivity and Isotopic Signatures of Tundra Mosses. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2015, 18, 1070-1082.	1.6	34
23	Permafrost thaw and soil moisture driving $\text{CO}_2$ and $\text{CH}_4$ release from upland tundra. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2015, 120, 525-537.	1.3	163
24	Contrasting effects of long term versus short-term nitrogen addition on photosynthesis and respiration in the Arctic. <i>Plant Ecology</i> , 2013, 214, 1273-1286.	0.7	13
25	We Must Stop Fossil Fuel Emissions to Protect Permafrost Ecosystems. <i>Frontiers in Environmental Science</i> , 0, 10, .	1.5	9