Brigid M Regan

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Development and Validation of a Prediction Model for Early Diagnosis of <i>SCN1A</i> -Related Epilepsies. Neurology, 2022, 98, .	1.1	24
2	Association of <i>SLC32A1</i> Missense Variants With Genetic Epilepsy With Febrile Seizures Plus. Neurology, 2021, 96, e2251-e2260.	1.1	13
3	Integrated in silico and experimental assessment of disease relevance of <i>PCDH19</i> Âmissense variants. Human Mutation, 2021, 42, 1030-1041.	2.5	1
4	Sub-genic intolerance, ClinVar, and the epilepsies: A whole-exome sequencing study of 29,165 individuals. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2021, 108, 965-982.	6.2	35
5	Familial adult myoclonic epilepsy type 1 SAMD12 TTTCA repeat expansion arose 17,000 years ago and is present in Sri Lankan and Indian families. European Journal of Human Genetics, 2020, 28, 973-978.	2.8	23
6	Disruptive mutations in TANC2 define a neurodevelopmental syndrome associated with psychiatric disorders. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 4679.	12.8	43
7	Intronic ATTTC repeat expansions in STARD7 in familial adult myoclonic epilepsy linked to chromosome 2. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 4920.	12.8	99
8	Aberrant Inclusion of a Poison Exon Causes Dravet Syndrome and Related SCN1A-Associated Genetic Epilepsies. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2018, 103, 1022-1029.	6.2	76
9	Real-world utility of whole exome sequencing with targeted gene analysis for focal epilepsy. Epilepsy Research, 2017, 131, 1-8.	1.6	93
10	High Rate of Recurrent De Novo Mutations in Developmental and Epileptic Encephalopathies. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2017, 101, 664-685.	6.2	337
11	De Novo Mutations in PPP3CA Cause Severe Neurodevelopmental Disease with Seizures. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2017, 101, 516-524.	6.2	43
12	Prevalence of Pathogenic Copy Number Variation in Adults With Pediatric-Onset Epilepsy and Intellectual Disability. JAMA Neurology, 2017, 74, 1301.	9.0	72
13	Exomeâ€based analysis of cardiac arrhythmia, respiratory control, and epilepsy genes in sudden unexpected death in epilepsy. Annals of Neurology, 2016, 79, 522-534.	5.3	216
14	A targeted resequencing gene panel for focal epilepsy. Neurology, 2016, 86, 1605-1612.	1.1	48
15	<i>PRIMA1</i> mutation: a new cause of nocturnal frontal lobe epilepsy. Annals of Clinical and Translational Neurology, 2015, 2, 821-830.	3.7	21
16	Epileptic spasms are a feature of <i>DEPDC5</i> mTORopathy. Neurology: Genetics, 2015, 1, e17.	1.9	63
17	16p11.2 600 kb Duplications confer risk for typical and atypical Rolandic epilepsy. Human Molecular Genetics, 2014, 23, 6069-6080.	2.9	61
18	Genetic analysis of <i>PHOX2B</i> in sudden unexpected death in epilepsy cases. Neurology, 2014, 83, 1018-1021.	1.1	19

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19	Mutations in mammalian target of rapamycin regulator <i>DEPDC5</i> cause focal epilepsy with brain malformations. Annals of Neurology, 2014, 75, 782-787.	5.3	193
20	GRIN2A mutations cause epilepsy-aphasia spectrum disorders. Nature Genetics, 2013, 45, 1073-1076.	21.4	326
21	Mutations in DEPDC5 cause familial focal epilepsy with variable foci. Nature Genetics, 2013, 45, 546-551.	21.4	301
22	Family studies of individuals with eyelid myoclonia with absences. Epilepsia, 2012, 53, 2141-2148.	5.1	32