

# Jonathan A Myers

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

69  
papers

6,655  
citations

136885

32  
h-index

114418

63  
g-index

73  
all docs

73  
docs citations

73  
times ranked

9102  
citing authors

| #  | ARTICLE  | IF  | CITATIONS |
|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 1  | Disentangling the importance of ecological niches from stochastic processes across scales. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2011, 366, 2351-2363. | 1.8 | 1,161     |
| 2  | Disentangling the Drivers of $\beta^2$ Diversity Along Latitudinal and Elevational Gradients. <i>Science</i> , 2011, 333, 1755-1758.   | 6.0 | 617       |
| 3  | <sc>CTFS</sc>â€œForest<sc>GEO</sc>: a worldwide network monitoring forests in an era of global change. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2015, 21, 528-549.   | 4.2 | 473       |
| 4  | Betaâ€œdiversity in temperate and tropical forests reflects dissimilar mechanisms of community assembly. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2013, 16, 151-157.   | 3.0 | 370       |
| 5  | Global importance of largeâ€œdiameter trees. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2018, 27, 849-864.   | 2.7 | 330       |
| 6  | Seed arrival, ecological filters, and plant species richness: a metaâ€œanalysis. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2009, 12, 1250-1260.   | 3.0 | 298       |
| 7  | Carbohydrate storage enhances seedling shade and stress tolerance in a neotropical forest. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2007, 95, 383-395.  | 1.9 | 290       |
| 8  | Fire as a fundamental ecological process: Research advances and frontiers. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2020, 108, 2047-2069.   | 1.9 | 281       |
| 9  | Seed dispersal by white-tailed deer: implications for long-distance dispersal, invasion, and migration of plants in eastern North America. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2004, 139, 35-44.                  | 0.9 | 253       |
| 10 | Plant diversity increases with the strength of negative density dependence at the global scale. <i>Science</i> , 2017, 356, 1389-1392.   | 6.0 | 222       |
| 11 | DISPERSAL OF TRILLIUM SEEDS BY DEER: IMPLICATIONS FOR LONG-DISTANCE MIGRATION OF FOREST HERBS. <i>Ecology</i> , 2003, 84, 1067-1072.   | 1.5 | 206       |
| 12 | Inferring local ecological processes amid species pool influences. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2012, 27, 600-607.   | 4.2 | 188       |
| 13 | Disturbance alters betaâ€œdiversity but not the relative importance of community assembly mechanisms. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2015, 103, 1291-1299.  | 1.9 | 124       |
| 14 | ForestGEO: Understanding forest diversity and dynamics through a global observatory network. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2021, 253, 108907.   | 1.9 | 122       |
| 15 | Stochastic and deterministic drivers of spatial and temporal turnover in breeding bird communities. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2013, 22, 202-212.                                  | 2.7 | 121       |
| 16 | Global maps of soil temperature. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2022, 28, 3110-3144.   | 4.2 | 113       |
| 17 | Seed arrival and ecological filters interact to assemble high-diversity plant communities. <i>Ecology</i> , 2011, 92, 676-686.   | 1.5 | 110       |
| 18 | Direct and indirect effects of climate on richness drive the latitudinal diversity gradient in forest trees. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2019, 22, 245-255.   | 3.0 | 92        |

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|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 19 | Negative density dependence is stronger in resource-rich environments and diversifies communities when stronger for common but not rare species. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2016, 19, 657-667.                                    | 3.0 | 86        |
| 20 | Dispersal and neutral sampling mediate contingent effects of disturbance on plant beta-diversity: a meta-analysis. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2017, 20, 347-356.  | 3.0 | 72        |
| 21 | Elevational Gradients in $\beta^2$ -Diversity Reflect Variation in the Strength of Local Community Assembly Mechanisms across Spatial Scales. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0121458.   | 1.1 | 68        |
| 22 | Wildfire disturbance and productivity as drivers of plant species diversity across spatial scales. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2015, 6, 1-14.  | 1.0 | 66        |
| 23 | Local immigration, competition from dominant guilds, and the ecological assembly of high-diversity pine savannas. <i>Ecology</i> , 2009, 90, 2745-2754.   | 1.5 | 65        |
| 24 | Ontogenetic trait variation influences tree community assembly across environmental gradients. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2014, 5, 1-20.  | 1.0 | 64        |
| 25 | Integrating species traits into species pools. <i>Ecology</i> , 2018, 99, 1265-1276.  | 1.5 | 55        |
| 26 | When does intraspecific trait variation contribute to functional beta-diversity?. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2016, 104, 487-496.   | 1.9 | 52        |
| 27 | Ecological drivers of spatial community dissimilarity, species replacement and species nestedness across temperate forests. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2018, 27, 581-592.   | 2.7 | 48        |
| 28 | Continent-wide tree fecundity driven by indirect climate effects. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 1242.  | 5.8 | 46        |
| 29 | Tree-mycorrhizal associations detected remotely from canopy spectral properties. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2016, 22, 2596-2607.  | 4.2 | 45        |
| 30 | The beta-diversity of species interactions: Untangling the drivers of geographic variation in plant-pollinator diversity and function across scales. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2016, 103, 118-128.                    | 0.8 | 43        |
| 31 | Is there tree senescence? The fecundity evidence. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2021, 118, .   | 3.3 | 42        |
| 32 | Fuels and fires influence vegetation via above- and belowground pathways in a high-diversity plant community. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2015, 103, 1009-1019.   | 1.9 | 35        |
| 33 | Wildfires Influence Abundance, Diversity, and Intraspecific and Interspecific Trait Variation of Native Bees and Flowering Plants Across Burned and Unburned Landscapes. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2019, 7, . | 1.1 | 35        |
| 34 | Accurate forest projections require long-term wood decay experiments because plant trait effects change through time. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 864-875.   | 4.2 | 34        |
| 35 | Patterns of nitrogen-fixing tree abundance in forests across Asia and America. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2019, 107, 2598-2610.  | 1.9 | 29        |
| 36 | Arbuscular mycorrhizal trees influence the latitudinal beta-diversity gradient of tree communities in forests worldwide. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 3137.   | 5.8 | 28        |

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|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 37 | The promise and pitfalls of $\beta$ -diversity in ecology and conservation. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2016, 27, 1081-1083.  | 1.1 | 27        |
| 38 | North American tree migration paced by climate in the West, lagging in the East. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2022, 119, .                               | 3.3 | 27        |
| 39 | Mature Andean forests as globally important carbon sinks and future carbon refuges. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 2138.   | 5.8 | 26        |
| 40 | Negative density dependence mediates biodiversity-productivity relationships across scales. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2017, 1, 1107-1115.  | 3.4 | 25        |
| 41 | Untangling the importance of niche breadth and niche position as drivers of tree species abundance and occupancy across biogeographic regions. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2020, 29, 1542-1553.         | 2.7 | 22        |
| 42 | Species Diversity Associated with Foundation Species in Temperate and Tropical Forests. <i>Forests</i> , 2019, 10, 128.  | 0.9 | 21        |
| 43 | Local species diversity, $\beta$ -diversity and climate influence the regional stability of bird biomass across North America. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2020, 287, 20192520. | 1.2 | 21        |
| 44 | Limits to reproduction and seed size-number trade-offs that shape forest dominance and future recovery. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2022, 13, 2381.   | 5.8 | 21        |
| 45 | Small-Scale Variation in Fuel Loads Differentially Affects Two Co-Dominant Bunchgrasses in a Species-Rich Pine Savanna. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e29674.   | 1.1 | 18        |
| 46 | Conspecific negative density dependence and why its study should not be abandoned. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2021, 12, e03322.  | 1.0 | 16        |
| 47 | Using codispersion analysis to quantify and understand spatial patterns in species-environment relationships. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2016, 211, 735-749.   | 3.5 | 15        |
| 48 | Groundcover community assembly in high-diversity pine savannas: seed arrival and fire-generated environmental filtering. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2017, 8, e01716.   | 1.0 | 15        |
| 49 | Beta diversity as a driver of forest biomass across spatial scales. <i>Ecology</i> , 2022, 103, .  | 1.5 | 15        |
| 50 | Chemical Similarity of Co-occurring Trees Decreases With Precipitation and Temperature in North American Forests. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 9, .   | 1.1 | 13        |
| 51 | <i>allodb</i> : An R package for biomass estimation at globally distributed extratropical forest plots. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2022, 13, 330-338.   | 2.2 | 11        |
| 52 | Globally, tree fecundity exceeds productivity gradients. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2022, 25, 1471-1482.   | 3.0 | 11        |
| 53 | Response to Comment on "Plant diversity increases with the strength of negative density dependence at the global scale". <i>Science</i> , 2018, 360, .   | 6.0 | 9         |
| 54 | Wildfire severity alters drivers of interaction beta-diversity in plant-bee networks. <i>Ecography</i> , 2022, 2022, .   | 2.1 | 9         |

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|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 55 | Landscape Physiognomy Influences Abundance of the Lone Star Tick, <i>Amblyomma americanum</i> (Ixodida: Tj ETQq1 1,0.784314 rgBT / Dv  | 0.9 | 14        |
| 56 | Biotic and abiotic drivers of plantâ€“pollinator community assembly across wildfire gradients. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2021, 109, 1000-1013.   | 1.9 | 8         |
| 57 | Direct estimates of downslope deadwood movement over 30 years in a temperate forest illustrate impacts of treefall on forest ecosystem dynamics. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2016, 46, 351-361. | 0.8 | 7         |
| 58 | Response to Comment on â€œPlant diversity increases with the strength of negative density dependence at the global scaleâ€“. <i>Science</i> , 2018, 360, .   | 6.0 | 6         |
| 59 | Mechanisms of community assembly explaining betaâ€“diversity patterns across biogeographic regions. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2021, 32, e13032.   | 1.1 | 5         |
| 60 | The evolutionary assembly of forest communities along environmental gradients: recent diversification or sorting of preâ€“adapted clades?. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2021, 232, 2506-2519.                        | 3.5 | 4         |
| 61 | Snail herbivory affects seedling establishment in a temperate forest in the Ozarks. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2019, 107, 1828-1838.  | 1.9 | 2         |
| 62 | Landscape context mediates the relationship between plant functional traits and decomposition. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2019, 438, 377-391.   | 1.8 | 1         |
| 63 | Prairie plants harbor distinct and beneficial root-endophytic bacterial communities. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020, 15, e0234537.   | 1.1 | 0         |
| 64 | Prairie plants harbor distinct and beneficial root-endophytic bacterial communities. , 2020, 15, e0234537.   |     | 0         |
| 65 | Prairie plants harbor distinct and beneficial root-endophytic bacterial communities. , 2020, 15, e0234537.   |     | 0         |
| 66 | Prairie plants harbor distinct and beneficial root-endophytic bacterial communities. , 2020, 15, e0234537.   |     | 0         |
| 67 | Prairie plants harbor distinct and beneficial root-endophytic bacterial communities. , 2020, 15, e0234537.   |     | 0         |
| 68 | Prairie plants harbor distinct and beneficial root-endophytic bacterial communities. , 2020, 15, e0234537.   |     | 0         |
| 69 | Prairie plants harbor distinct and beneficial root-endophytic bacterial communities. , 2020, 15, e0234537.   |     | 0         |