## FranÃ\sois Lebourgeois

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3372699/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

22 papers 1,003

567281 15 h-index 713466 21 g-index

22 all docs 22 docs citations 22 times ranked 1393 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	The 2018 European heatwave led to stem dehydration but not to consistent growth reductions in forests. Nature Communications, 2022, 13, 28.	12.8	66
2	Long-term monitoring of activities of badgers (Meles meles L.) in a broadleaved forest in France. European Journal of Wildlife Research, $2021,67,1$ .	1.4	2
3	Contrasting Resource Dynamics in Mast Years for European Beech and Oakâ€"A Continental Scale Analysis. Frontiers in Forests and Global Change, 2021, 4, .	2.3	16
4	Decreasing stand density favors resistance, resilience, and recovery of Quercus petraea trees to a severe drought, particularly on dry sites. Annals of Forest Science, 2020, 77, 1.	2.0	15
5	Le blaireau européen (Meles meles L.). Synthèse des connaissances européennes. Partie 1 : choix de l'habitat, structure et densité spatiale des terriers. Revue Forestiere Francaise, 2020, 72, 11-32.	0.2	O
6	Le blaireau européen (Meles meles L.). Synthà se des connaissances européennes. Partie 2 : groupes familiaux, dynamiques des populations et domaines vitaux. Revue Forestiere Francaise, 2020, 72, 99-118.	0.2	1
7	When do dendrometric rules fail? Insights from 20†years of experimental thinnings on sessile oak in the GIS Coop network. Forest Ecology and Management, 2019, 433, 276-286.	3.2	9
8	GIS Coop: networks of silvicultural trials for supporting forest management under changing environment. Annals of Forest Science, 2018, 75, 1.	2.0	19
9	Assessing the roles of temperature, carbon inputs and airborne pollen as drivers of fructification in European temperate deciduous forests. European Journal of Forest Research, 2018, 137, 349-365.	2.5	31
10	Climatically controlled reproduction drives interannual growth variability in a temperate tree species. Ecology Letters, 2018, 21, 1833-1844.	6.4	92
11	Radial growth resilience of sessile oak after drought is affected by site water status, stand density, and social status. Trees - Structure and Function, 2017, 31, 517-529.	1.9	44
12	Adapter les itinéraires sylvicoles pour atténuer les effets du changement climatique. Résultats pour la chênaie sessiliflore française à partir des réseaux d'expérimentations sylvicoles. Revue Forestiere Francaise, 2017, , 11.	0.2	2
13	Soil aeration, water deficit, nitrogen availability, acidity and temperature all contribute to shaping tree species distribution in temperate forests. Journal of Vegetation Science, 2016, 27, 387-399.	2.2	37
14	Stand density, tree social status and water stress influence allocation in height and diameter growth of <i>Quercus petraea</i> (Liebl.). Tree Physiology, 2015, 35, 1035-1046.	3.1	50
15	Growth partitioning in forest stands is affected by stand density and summer drought in sessile oak and Douglas-fir. Forest Ecology and Management, 2014, 334, 358-368.	3.2	32
16	An Approach for Quantifying and Correcting Sample Size-Related Bias in Population Estimates of Climate-Tree Growth Relationships. Forest Science, 2013, 59, 444-452.	1.0	10
17	Size-mediated climate–growth relationships in temperate forests: A multi-species analysis. Forest Ecology and Management, 2011, 261, 1382-1391.	3.2	147

Spatial variation and temporal instability in climate-growth relationships of sessile oak (Quercus) Tj ETQq0.00 rgBT<sub>1</sub>/Qverlock  $\frac{1}{70}$ 0 Tf 50 6

Consequences of decreasing the number of cored trees per plot on chronology statistics and climate–growth relationships: a multispecies analysis in a temperate climate. Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 2011, 41, 2413-2422.  Simulating phenological shifts in French temperate forests under two climatic change scenarios and four driving global circulation models. International Journal of Biometeorology, 2010, 54, 563-581.  Sensitivity of French temperate coniferous forests to climate variability and extreme events ( <i>Abies) Tj ETQq1 1 0,784314 rggT / 0.1000 rgg / 0.1</i>	#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
Sensitivity of French temperate coniferous forests to climate variability and extreme events ( <i>Abies) Ti FTOo1 1 0.784314 rgBT (</i>	19	Consequences of decreasing the number of cored trees per plot on chronology statistics and climate $\hat{a} \in \mathbb{C}$ growth relationships: a multispecies analysis in a temperate climate. Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 2011, 41, 2413-2422.	1.7	19
Sensitivity of French temperate coniferous forests to climate variability and extreme events ( <i>Abies) Tj ETQq1 1 0,784314 rggT /0</i>	20	Simulating phenological shifts in French temperate forests under two climatic change scenarios and four driving global circulation models. International Journal of Biometeorology, 2010, 54, 563-581.	3.0	72
2.2 107	21	Sensitivity of French temperate coniferous forests to climate variability and extreme events ( <i>Abies) Tj ETQq1</i>	1 0,7843	14 rgBT /Overl

Climate-tree-growth relationships of Quercus petraea Mill. stand in the Forest of Berc  $\tilde{A}$  © ( $\hat{a}$   $\in$   $\infty$  Futaie des) Tj ETQq0 0.0 rg BT /Qyerlock 10 102