

# Brun Jean-Frédéric

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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papers

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citations

567281

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docs citations

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#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Metabolic Influences Modulating Erythrocyte Deformability and Eryptosis. <i>Metabolites</i> , 2022, 12, 4.	2.9	26
2	Beyond the Calorie Paradigm: Taking into Account in Practice the Balance of Fat and Carbohydrate Oxidation during Exercise?. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2022, 14, 1605.	4.1	11
3	Impact of a Mobile Telerehabilitation Solution on Metabolic Health Outcomes and Rehabilitation Adherence in Patients With Obesity: Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>JMIR MHealth and UHealth</i> , 2021, 9, e28242.	3.7	8
4	The 6-minute walk-test in type 2 diabetics predicts to some extent maximal aerobic capacity but not its training-induced improvement. <i>Annals of Musculoskeletal Medicine</i> , 2020, , 003-009.	0.6	1
5	Leg electrical resistance predicts venous blood viscosity and hematocrit. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2019, 71, 397-402.	1.7	3
6	Shear-dependency of the predicted ideal hematocrit. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2019, 71, 379-385.	1.7	1
7	Fetal growth retardation and hemorheological predictors of oxygen delivery in hypertensive vs normotensive pregnant women. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2019, 71, 387-396.	1.7	0
8	Blood rheology as a mirror of endocrine and metabolic homeostasis in health and disease1. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2018, 69, 239-265.	1.7	10
9	The ESCHM "1st Hemorheology Days", 19 - 21 July 2017 in Puchberg/Schneeberg, Austria. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2018, 69, 491-492.	1.7	0
10	Seeking the optimal hematocrit: May hemorheological modelling provide a solution?. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2018, 69, 493-501.	1.7	6
11	Long term (3 years) weight loss after low intensity endurance training targeted at the level of maximal muscular lipid oxidation. <i>Integrative Obesity and Diabetes</i> , 2018, 4, .	0.2	13
12	Purified egg protein supplementation has beneficial effects on body composition, metabolism and eating behavior and results in a more sustained weight loss than low fat diet. <i>Integrative Obesity and Diabetes</i> , 2018, 4, .	0.2	0
13	Exercise-induced changes in hematocrit and hematocrit/viscosity ratio in male rugby players. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2017, 64, 817-826.	1.7	4
14	Rise in RBC aggregability and concomitant decrease in blood pressure 10 days after injection of the long acting erythropoietin analogue methoxy polyethylene glycol-epoetin- $\beta^2$ (MIRCERAA <sup>®</sup> ). <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2017, 64, 809-816.	1.7	1
15	One-year follow-up of blood viscosity factors and hematocrit/viscosity ratio in elite soccer players. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2017, 64, 799-808.	1.7	4
16	"Optimal" vs actual hematocrit in obesity and overweight. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2017, 64, 593-601.	1.7	1
17	Segmental bioelectrical impedance analysis (SBIA) and blood rheology: Reducing the gap between in vivo and in vitro?. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2017, 64, 603-611.	1.7	5
18	Hematocrit and hematocrit viscosity ratio during exercise in athletes: Even closer to predicted optimal values?. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2017, 64, 777-787.	1.7	3

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19	Actual vs optimal fetal hematocrit measured with punctures of cord blood in utero: Relationship with umbilical artery resistance. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2017, 64, 789-797.	1.7	1
20	Hemorheologic effects of low intensity endurance training in type 2 diabetic patients: A pilot study. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2016, 61, 579-589.	1.7	1
21	γ-cell pancreatic dysfunction plays a role in hyperglycemic peaks observed after gastric bypass surgery of obese patients. <i>Surgery for Obesity and Related Diseases</i> , 2016, 12, 795-802.	1.2	7
22	Post-prandial hypoglycemia results from a non-glucose-dependent inappropriate insulin secretion in Roux-en-Y gastric bypassed patients. <i>Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental</i> , 2016, 65, 18-26.	3.4	23
23	Are overall adiposity and abdominal adiposity separate or redundant determinants of blood viscosity?. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2015, 61, 31-38.	1.7	4
24	Are metabolically healthy obese patients also hemorheologically healthy?. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2015, 61, 39-46.	1.7	9
25	Individualized Exercise Training at Maximal Fat Oxidation Combined with Fruit and Vegetable-Rich Diet in Overweight or Obese Women: The LIPOXmax Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0139246.	2.5	32
26	Exercise Makes More than an Energy Deficit: Toward Improved Protocols for the Management of Obesity?. <i>EBioMedicine</i> , 2015, 2, 1862-1863.	6.1	7
27	Versatility of "hemorheologic fitness" according to exercise intensity: emphasis on the "healthy primitive lifestyle". <i>Korea Australia Rheology Journal</i> , 2014, 26, 249-253.	1.7	4
28	Grape Polyphenols Prevent Fructose-Induced Oxidative Stress and Insulin Resistance in First-Degree Relatives of Type 2 Diabetic Patients. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2013, 36, 1454-1461.	8.6	113
29	Assessment of insulin sensitivity (S I) and glucose effectiveness (S G) from a standardized hyperglucidic breakfast test in type 2 diabetics exhibiting various levels of insulin resistance. <i>Acta Diabetologica</i> , 2013, 50, 143-153.	2.5	15
30	Exercise hemorheology: Moving from old simplistic paradigms to a more complex picture. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2013, 55, 15-27.	1.7	20
31	Obesity-related increase in whole blood viscosity includes different profiles according to fat localization. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2013, 55, 63-73.	1.7	41
32	Nutritional and metabolic determinants of blood rheology differ between trained and sedentary individuals. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2013, 55, 39-54.	1.7	7
33	Relationships between insulin sensitivity measured with the oral minimal model and blood rheology. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2012, 51, 29-34.	1.7	15
34	Minimal model-derived insulin sensitivity, insulin secretion and glucose tolerance: relationships with blood rheology. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2012, 51, 21-27.	1.7	11
35	Blood rheology and body composition as determinants of exercise performance in male soccer players. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2011, 49, 225-230.	1.7	4
36	Both overall adiposity and abdominal adiposity increase blood viscosity by separate mechanisms. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2011, 48, 257-263.	1.7	16

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37	Body composition and exercise performance as determinants of blood rheology in middle-aged patients exhibiting the metabolic syndrome. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2011, 49, 215-223.	1.7	8
38	Blood rheology and body composition as determinants of exercise performance in female rugby players. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2011, 49, 207-214.	1.7	11
39	Effects of exercise training on blood rheology: A meta-analysis. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2011, 49, 199-205.	1.7	18
40	Interrelationships among body composition, blood rheology and exercise performance. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2011, 49, 183-197.	1.7	7
41	Prediction of RBC aggregability and deformability by whole body bioimpedance measurements analyzed according to Hanai's mixture conductivity theory. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2011, 47, 151-161.	1.7	3
42	Prediction of hematocrit and red cell deformability with whole body biological impedance. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2010, 44, 237-244.	1.7	5
43	Hemorheological alterations related to training and overtraining. <i>Biorheology</i> , 2010, 47, 95-115.	0.4	56
44	Oxidative mechanisms at rest and during exercise. <i>Clinica Chimica Acta</i> , 2007, 383, 1-20.	1.1	11
45	Evaluation of insulin sensitivity and glucose effectiveness during a standardized breakfast test: comparison with the minimal model analysis of an intravenous glucose tolerance test. <i>Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental</i> , 2006, 55, 676-690.	3.4	37
46	Limited Accuracy of Surrogates of Insulin Resistance during Puberty in Obese and Lean Children at Risk for Altered Glucoregulation. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2005, 90, 761-767.	3.6	45
47	Relationship between blood lactate concentration and substrate utilization during exercise in type 2 diabetic postmenopausal women. <i>Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental</i> , 2005, 54, 1102-1107.	3.4	31
48	Substrate oxidation during exercise at moderate and hard intensity in middle-aged and young athletes vs sedentary men. <i>Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental</i> , 2005, 54, 1411-1419.	3.4	21
49	Assessment of single-dose benzodiazepines on insulin secretion, insulin sensitivity and glucose effectiveness in healthy volunteers: a double-blind, placebo-controlled, randomized cross-over trial [ISRCTN08745124]. <i>BMC Clinical Pharmacology</i> , 2004, 4, 3.	2.5	18
50	Nutrition as a determinant of blood rheology and fibrinogen in athletes. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2004, 30, 1-8.	1.7	9
51	Reciprocal relationships between blood lactate and hemorheology in athletes: another hemorheologic paradox?. <i>Clinical Hemorheology and Microcirculation</i> , 2004, 30, 331-7.	1.7	8
52	In vitro influence of zinc and magnesium on the deformability of red blood cells artificially hardened by heating. <i>Biological Trace Element Research</i> , 1995, 47, 247-255.	3.5	9
53	Subjects with substituted hypothyroidism oxidize more lipids and carbohydrates during exercise. <i>Annals of Musculoskeletal Medicine</i> , 0, , 013-016.	0.6	0
54	Exercise targeted at the level of maximal lipid oxidation (LIPOXmax) improves weight loss, decreases orexigenic pulsions and increases satiety after sleeve gastrectomy. <i>Global Journal of Obesity, Diabetes and Metabolic Syndrome</i> , 0, , 017-021.	0.3	1