

# PÃ¸r Anders Granhag

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3284666/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

88  
papers

2,308  
citations

236925

25  
h-index

254184

43  
g-index

89  
all docs

89  
docs citations

89  
times ranked

771  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The shift-of-strategy (SoS) approach: using evidence strategically to influence suspectsâ€™ counter-interrogation strategies. <i>Psychology, Crime and Law</i> , 2023, 29, 696-721.	1.0	2
2	Swedish police officers' strategies when interviewing suspects who decline to answer questions. <i>Legal and Criminological Psychology</i> , 2023, 28, 45-59.	2.0	1
3	The Scharff technique: training military intelligence officers to elicit information from small cells of sources. <i>Psychology, Crime and Law</i> , 2020, 26, 438-460.	1.0	4
4	How do the questions asked affect suspects' perceptions of the interviewer's prior knowledge?. <i>Journal of Investigative Psychology and Offender Profiling</i> , 2020, 17, 160-172.	0.6	2
5	Eliciting intelligence from sources informed about counterâ€™interrogation strategies: An experimental study on the Scharff technique. <i>Journal of Investigative Psychology and Offender Profiling</i> , 2020, 17, 191-211.	0.6	2
6	Subjective likelihood and the construal level of future events: A replication study of Wakslak, Trope, Liberman, and Alony (2006).. <i>Journal of Personality and Social Psychology</i> , 2020, 119, e27-e37.	2.8	6
7	The mental representation of true and false intentions: a comparison of schema-consistent and schema-inconsistent tasks. <i>Cognitive Research: Principles and Implications</i> , 2019, 4, 29.	2.0	1
8	Eliciting human intelligence: The effects of social exclusion and inclusion on information disclosure. <i>Journal of Investigative Psychology and Offender Profiling</i> , 2019, 16, 3-17.	0.6	0
9	Reading Lies: Nonverbal Communication and Deception. <i>Annual Review of Psychology</i> , 2019, 70, 295-317.	17.7	101
10	Visuospatial counterâ€™interrogation strategies by liars familiar with the alibi setting. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2018, 32, 105-116.	1.6	10
11	Taking the stand: defendant statements in court cases of alleged sexual abuse against infants, toddlers and preschoolers. <i>Psychology, Crime and Law</i> , 2018, 24, 744-759.	1.0	4
12	Facilitating disclosure in intelligence interviews: The joint influence of helpfulness priming and interpersonal approach. <i>Journal of Investigative Psychology and Offender Profiling</i> , 2018, 15, 319-334.	0.6	3
13	Facilitating memoryâ€™based lie detection in immediate and delayed interviewing: The role of mnemonics. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2018, 32, 561-574.	1.6	11
14	Drawing what lies ahead: False intentions are more abstractly depicted than true intentions. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2018, 32, 518-522.	1.6	6
15	The Devil's Advocate approach: An interview technique for assessing consistency among deceptive and truthâ€™telling pairs of suspects. <i>Legal and Criminological Psychology</i> , 2018, 23, 37-52.	2.0	6
16	Alcohol Intoxicated Witnesses: Perception of Aggression and Guilt in Intimate Partner Violence. <i>Journal of Interpersonal Violence</i> , 2017, 32, 3448-3474.	2.0	5
17	Witnesses stumbling down memory lane: The effects of alcohol intoxication, retention interval, and repeated interviewing. <i>Memory</i> , 2017, 25, 531-543.	1.7	35
18	Task-related spontaneous thought: A novel direction in the study of true and false intentions.. <i>Journal of Applied Research in Memory and Cognition</i> , 2017, 6, 93-103.	1.1	4

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	To wait or not to wait? Improving results when interviewing intoxicated witnesses to violence. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Psychology</i> , 2017, 58, 15-22.	1.5	22
20	Gathering human intelligence via repeated interviewing: further empirical tests of the Scharff technique. <i>Psychology, Crime and Law</i> , 2017, 23, 666-681.	1.0	10
21	Partners under Pressure: Examining the Consistency of True and False Alibi Statements. <i>Behavioral Sciences and the Law</i> , 2017, 35, 75-90.	0.8	10
22	Interviewing asylum seekers: A vignette study on the questions asked to assess credibility of claims about origin and persecution. <i>Journal of Investigative Psychology and Offender Profiling</i> , 2017, 14, 3-22.	0.6	16
23	A Goal-Activation Framework of True and False Intentions. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2017, 31, 678-684.	1.6	1
24	The provenance of Å©migrÅ©s: the validity of measuring knowledge of places. <i>Psychology, Crime and Law</i> , 2017, 23, 553-574.	1.0	8
25	Drawing-based deception detection techniques: a state-of-the-art review. <i>Crime Psychology Review</i> , 2017, 3, 23-38.	1.4	13
26	Police officers' use of evidence to elicit admissions in a fictitious criminal case. <i>Journal of Investigative Psychology and Offender Profiling</i> , 2017, 14, 60-73.	0.6	3
27	Training Police Investigators to Interview to Detect False Intentions. <i>Journal of Police and Criminal Psychology</i> , 2017, 32, 152-162.	1.9	4
28	Do True and False Intentions Differ in Level of Abstraction? A Test of Construal Level Theory in Deception Contexts. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2017, 8, 2037.	2.1	6
29	Eliciting information from small cells of sources. <i>Journal of Policing, Intelligence and Counter Terrorism</i> , 2016, 11, 143-162.	0.9	11
30	Discriminating between true and false intent among small cells of suspects. <i>Legal and Criminological Psychology</i> , 2016, 21, 344-357.	2.0	16
31	Discriminating Between Statements of True and False Intent: The Impact of Repeated Interviews and Strategic Questioning. <i>Journal of Applied Security Research</i> , 2016, 11, 1-17.	1.2	9
32	How to make perpetrators in denial disclose more information about their crimes. <i>Psychology, Crime and Law</i> , 2016, 22, 561-580.	1.0	19
33	The sinking of M/V Estonia: An archival study of the survivors's witness reports. <i>Nordic Psychology</i> , 2016, 68, 244-256.	0.8	0
34	Techniques for Eliciting Human Intelligence: Examining Possible Order Effects of the Scharff Tactics. <i>Psychiatry, Psychology and Law</i> , 2016, 23, 275-287.	1.2	4
35	Factors Affecting Two Types of Memory Specificity: Particularization of Episodes and Details. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0166469.	2.5	5
36	The effect of odour reinstatement on children's episodic memory. <i>Psychology, Crime and Law</i> , 2015, 21, 471-481.	1.0	4

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Alcohol intoxicated eyewitnesses' memory of intimate partner violence. <i>Psychology, Crime and Law</i> , 2015, 21, 156-171.	1.0	20
38	Detecting False Intent Amongst Small Cells of Suspects: Single Versus Repeated Interviews. <i>Journal of Investigative Psychology and Offender Profiling</i> , 2015, 12, 142-157.	0.6	18
39	Mimicry and Investigative Interviewing: Using Deliberate Mimicry to Elicit Information and Cues to Deceit. <i>Journal of Investigative Psychology and Offender Profiling</i> , 2015, 12, 217-230.	0.6	19
40	Small Cells of Suspects: Eliciting Cues to Deception by Strategic Interviewing. <i>Journal of Investigative Psychology and Offender Profiling</i> , 2015, 12, 127-141.	0.6	18
41	“We’ll Take It from Here”: The Effect of Changing Interviewers in Information Gathering Interviews. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2014, 28, 908-916.	1.6	18
42	“Mapping” deception in adolescents: Eliciting cues to deceit through an unanticipated spatial drawing task. <i>Legal and Criminological Psychology</i> , 2014, 19, 179-188.	2.0	33
43	Interviewing to Detect Deception: When to Disclose the Evidence?. <i>Journal of Police and Criminal Psychology</i> , 2014, 29, 87-94.	1.9	23
44	Preventing Future Crimes. <i>European Psychologist</i> , 2014, 19, 195-206.	3.1	32
45	Two heads are better than one? How to effectively use two interviewers to elicit cues to deception. <i>Legal and Criminological Psychology</i> , 2013, 18, 324-340.	2.0	42
46	Markers of good planning behavior as a cue for separating true and false intent. <i>PsyCh Journal</i> , 2013, 2, 183-189.	1.1	21
47	Back to the Future: Asking About Mental Images to Discriminate Between True and False Intentions. <i>Journal of Psychology: Interdisciplinary and Applied</i> , 2013, 147, 619-640.	1.6	27
48	Spatial and Temporal Details in Intentions: A Cue to Detecting Deception. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2013, 27, 101-106.	1.6	25
49	Angry Voices from the Past and Present: Effects on Adults' and Children's Earwitness Memory. <i>Journal of Investigative Psychology and Offender Profiling</i> , 2013, 10, 57-70.	0.6	10
50	Counter-Interrogation Strategies when Anticipating Questions on Intentions. <i>Journal of Investigative Psychology and Offender Profiling</i> , 2013, 10, 125-138.	0.6	29
51	Expect the Unexpected? Variations in Question Type Elicit Cues to Deception in Joint Interviewer Contexts. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2013, 27, 336-343.	1.6	23
52	Intending or Pretending? Automatic Evaluations of Goal Cues Discriminate True and False Intentions. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2013, 27, 173-177.	1.6	12
53	True and false intentions: asking about the past to detect lies about the future. <i>Psychology, Crime and Law</i> , 2013, 19, 673-685.	1.0	43
54	Counter-Interrogation Strategies among Small Cells of Suspects. <i>Psychiatry, Psychology and Law</i> , 2013, 20, 705-712.	1.2	17

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
55	Enhancing Adults' and Children's Earwitness Memory: Examining Three Types of Interviews. <i>Psychiatry, Psychology and Law</i> , 2013, 20, 216-229.	1.2	11
56	Eliciting cues to deception and truth: What matters are the questions asked.. <i>Journal of Applied Research in Memory and Cognition</i> , 2012, 1, 110-117.	1.1	236
57	Overhearing the Planning of A Crime: Do Adults Outperform Children As Earwitnesses?. <i>Journal of Police and Criminal Psychology</i> , 2011, 26, 118-127.	1.9	13
58	A comparison between lying about intentions and past activities: Verbal cues and detection accuracy. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2011, 25, 212-218.	1.6	47
59	Episodic future thought: Illuminating the trademarks of forming true and false intentions. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2011, 25, 274-280.	1.6	45
60	Investigators under influence: How social norms activate goal-directed processing of criminal evidence. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2011, 25, 548-553.	1.6	24
61	Drawings as an innovative and successful lie detection tool. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2010, 24, 587-594.	1.6	21
62	Skulking around the dinosaur: Eliciting cues to children's deception via strategic disclosure of evidence. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2010, 24, 925-940.	1.6	30
63	In-court versus out-of-court testimonies: Children's experiences and adults' assessments. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2010, 24, 941-955.	1.6	23
64	Perception of line-up suggestiveness: effects of identification outcome knowledge. <i>Journal of Investigative Psychology and Offender Profiling</i> , 2010, 7, 214-230.	0.6	2
65	Children's Reports of Verbal Sexual Abuse: Effects of Police Officers' Interviewing Style. <i>Psychiatry, Psychology and Law</i> , 2009, 16, 340-354.	1.2	10
66	Police officers' views of effective interview tactics with suspects: The effects of weight of case evidence and discomfort with ambiguity. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2009, 23, 468-481.	1.6	24
67	The usual and the unusual suspects: level of suspicion and counter-interrogation tactics. <i>Journal of Investigative Psychology and Offender Profiling</i> , 2009, 6, 129-137.	0.6	34
68	Internet-initiated sexual abuse: adolescent victims' reports about <i>On</i> - and <i>Off</i> -line sexual activities. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2008, 22, 1260-1274.	1.6	32
69	A new theoretical perspective on deception detection: On the psychology of instrumental mind-reading. <i>Psychology, Crime and Law</i> , 2008, 14, 189-200.	1.0	182
70	Children's truthful and deceptive testimonies: How camera perspective affects adult observers' perception and assessment. <i>Psychology, Crime and Law</i> , 2008, 14, 381-396.	1.0	12
71	A sexual abuse case study: Children's memories and reports. <i>Psychiatry, Psychology and Law</i> , 2007, 14, 120-129.	1.2	39
72	Children's prepared and unprepared lies: can adults see through their strategies?. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2007, 21, 457-471.	1.6	42

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
73	The camera perspective bias: a case study. <i>Journal of Investigative Psychology and Offender Profiling</i> , 2007, 4, 199-208.	0.6	11
74	Children's live and videotaped testimonies: How presentation mode affects observers' perception, assessment and memory. <i>Legal and Criminological Psychology</i> , 2007, 12, 333-348.	2.0	33
75	Children recalling an event repeatedly: Effects on RM and CBCA scores. <i>Legal and Criminological Psychology</i> , 2006, 11, 81-98.	2.0	26
76	Eyewitnesses under influence: How feedback affects the realism in confidence judgements. <i>Psychology, Crime and Law</i> , 2006, 12, 25-38.	1.0	15
77	Eyewitness testimony: tracing the beliefs of Swedish legal professionals. <i>Behavioral Sciences and the Law</i> , 2005, 23, 709-727.	0.8	38
78	Police Interrogation from a Social Psychology Perspective. <i>Policing and Society</i> , 2005, 15, 379-399.	2.5	38
79	Assessing children's statements: the impact of a repeated experience on CBCA and RM ratings. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2004, 18, 653-668.	1.6	45
80	THE COGNITIVE INTERVIEW AND ITS EFFECT ON WITNESSES'™ CONFIDENCE. <i>Psychology, Crime and Law</i> , 2004, 10, 37-52.	1.0	20
81	SUSPICIOUS MINDS: CRIMINALS' ABILITY TO DETECT DECEPTION. <i>Psychology, Crime and Law</i> , 2004, 10, 83-95.	1.0	50
82	Affecting the perception of verbal cues to deception. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2003, 17, 35-49.	1.6	11
83	Children's recall and the cognitive interview: do the positive effects hold over time?. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2003, 17, 203-214.	1.6	47
84	Increased realism in eyewitness confidence judgements: the effect of dyadic collaboration. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2003, 17, 545-561.	1.6	18
85	How to Detect Deception? Arresting the Beliefs of Police Officers, Prosecutors and Judges. <i>Psychology, Crime and Law</i> , 2003, 9, 19-36.	1.0	183
86	Deception among pairs: "Let's say we had lunch and hope they will swallow it!" <i>Psychology, Crime and Law</i> , 2003, 9, 109-124.	1.0	53
87	Deception Detection: Interrogators' and Observers' Decoding of Consecutive Statements. <i>Journal of Psychology: Interdisciplinary and Applied</i> , 2001, 135, 603-620.	1.6	43
88	Effects of preconceptions on deception detection and new answers to why lie-catchers often fail. <i>Psychology, Crime and Law</i> , 2000, 6, 197-218.	1.0	56