

Catherine J Abrial

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

39
papers

1,639
citations

361045

20
h-index

288905

40
g-index

40
all docs

40
docs citations

40
times ranked

2718
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Multicenter randomized phase II study comparing docetaxel plus curcumin versus docetaxel plus placebo in first-line treatment of metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer. <i>Cancer Medicine</i> , 2021, 10, 2332-2340.	1.3	24
2	Platelet-to-Lymphocyte Ratio Is Associated With Favorable Response to Neoadjuvant Chemotherapy in Triple Negative Breast Cancer: A Study on 120 Patients. <i>Frontiers in Oncology</i> , 2021, 11, 678315.	1.3	17
3	Treatment-Induced Cardiotoxicity in Breast Cancer: A Review of the Interest of Practicing a Physical Activity. <i>Oncology</i> , 2019, 96, 223-234.	0.9	27
4	Impact of Chemotherapy-induced Menopause in Women of Childbearing Age With Non-metastatic Breast Cancer – Preliminary Results From the MENOCOR Study. <i>Clinical Breast Cancer</i> , 2019, 19, e74-e84.	1.1	14
5	Weight Evolution During Endocrine Therapy for Breast Cancer in Postmenopausal Patients: Effect of Initial Fat Mass Percentage and Previous Adjuvant Treatments. <i>Clinical Breast Cancer</i> , 2018, 18, e1093-e1102.	1.1	4
6	A Retrospective Study on the Onset of Menopause after Chemotherapy: Analysis of Data Extracted from the Jean Perrin Comprehensive Cancer Center Database Concerning 345 Young Breast Cancer Patients Diagnosed between 1994 and 2012. <i>Oncology</i> , 2017, 92, 255-263.	0.9	6
7	<i>TERT</i> promoter status and gene copy number gains: effect on <i>TERT</i> expression and association with prognosis in breast cancer. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2017, 8, 77540-77551.	0.8	34
8	Multicentric neoadjuvant pilot Phase II study of cetuximab combined with docetaxel in operable triple negative breast cancer. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2016, 138, 2274-2280.	2.3	45
9	ERCC1 and telomere status in breast tumours treated with neoadjuvant chemotherapy and their association with patient prognosis. <i>Journal of Pathology: Clinical Research</i> , 2016, 2, 234-246.	1.3	18
10	The New Combination Docetaxel, Prednisone and Curcumin in Patients with Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer: A Pilot Phase II Study. <i>Oncology</i> , 2016, 90, 69-78.	0.9	109
11	BCRP and P-gp relay overexpression in triple negative basal-like breast cancer cell line: a prospective role in resistance to Olaparib. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2015, 5, 12670.	1.6	32
12	Everolimus in Metastatic Breast Cancer: Clinical Experience as a Late Treatment Line. <i>Oncology</i> , 2015, 89, 319-331.	0.9	3
13	Can pathologic complete response (pCR) be used as a surrogate marker of survival after neoadjuvant therapy for breast cancer?. <i>Critical Reviews in Oncology/Hematology</i> , 2015, 95, 88-104.	2.0	72
14	Is It Important to Adapt Neoadjuvant Chemotherapy to the Visible Clinical Response? An Open Randomized Phase II Study Comparing Response-Guided and Standard Treatments in HER2-Negative Operable Breast Cancer. <i>Oncologist</i> , 2015, 20, 243-244.	1.9	4
15	Prognostic Factors in Operable Breast Cancer Treated with Neoadjuvant Chemotherapy: Towards a Quantification of Residual Disease. <i>Oncology</i> , 2015, 88, 261-272.	0.9	5
16	Neurotoxicity as a Prognostic Factor in Patients with Metastatic Breast Cancer Treated with Ixabepilone as a First-Line Therapy. <i>Oncology</i> , 2015, 88, 180-188.	0.9	4
17	Multicentric neoadjuvant phase II study of panitumumab combined with an anthracycline/taxane-based chemotherapy in operable triple-negative breast cancer: identification of biologically defined signatures predicting treatment impact. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2014, 25, 1570-1577.	0.6	90
18	Long-term Significance (15 years) of Pathological Complete Response after Dose-dense Neoadjuvant Chemotherapy in Breast Cancer. <i>Breast Journal</i> , 2013, 19, 448-450.	0.4	2

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19	Temozolomide and unusual indications: Review of literature. <i>Cancer Treatment Reviews</i> , 2013, 39, 125-135.	3.4	71
20	Intraoperative Imprint Cytology Examination of Sentinel Lymph Nodes After Neoadjuvant Chemotherapy in Breast Cancer Patients. <i>Annals of Surgical Oncology</i> , 2010, 17, 2132-2137.	0.7	14
21	Weight change during chemotherapy changes the prognosis in non metastatic breast cancer for the worse. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 2010, 10, 648.	1.1	97
22	Phase I dose escalation trial of docetaxel plus curcumin in patients with advanced and metastatic breast cancer. <i>Cancer Biology and Therapy</i> , 2010, 9, 8-14.	1.5	306
23	Dietary Methionine Restriction with FOLFOX Regimen as First Line Therapy of Metastatic Colorectal Cancer: A Feasibility Study. <i>Oncology</i> , 2010, 78, 205-209.	0.9	46
24	Clinicopathological Factors and Nomograms Predicting Nonsentinel Lymph Node Metastases After Neoadjuvant Chemotherapy in Breast Cancer Patients. <i>Annals of Surgical Oncology</i> , 2009, 16, 1946-1951.	0.7	5
25	Metastatic Breast Cancer: Overall Survival Related to Successive Chemotherapies. What Do We Gain After the Third Line?. <i>Cancer Investigation</i> , 2009, 27, 81-85.	0.6	20
26	Does Regional Lymph Node Irradiation Improve the Outcome of NO and pNO Breast Cancer?. <i>Cancer Investigation</i> , 2009, 28, 195-200.	0.6	3
27	Sentinel Lymph Node Biopsy After Neoadjuvant Chemotherapy Is Accurate in Breast Cancer Patients with a Clinically Negative Axillary Nodal Status at Presentation. <i>Annals of Surgical Oncology</i> , 2008, 15, 1316-1321.	0.7	80
28	Comparison of the prognostic significance of Chevallier and Sataloff's pathologic classifications after neoadjuvant chemotherapy of operable breast cancer. <i>Human Pathology</i> , 2008, 39, 1221-1228.	1.1	60
29	p53 status and efficacy of primary anthracyclines/alkylating agent-based regimen according to breast cancer molecular classes. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2008, 19, 1261-1265.	0.6	53
30	Measurement of Residual Disease After Neoadjuvant Chemotherapy. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2008, 26, 3094-3094.	0.8	12
31	Changes and Predictive and Prognostic Value of the Mitotic Index, Ki-67, Cyclin D1, and Cyclo-oxygenase-2 in 710 Operable Breast Cancer Patients Treated with Neoadjuvant Chemotherapy. <i>Oncologist</i> , 2008, 13, 1235-1245.	1.9	56
32	A New Prognostic Classification After Primary Chemotherapy for Breast Cancer: Residual Disease in Breast and Nodes (RDBN). <i>Cancer Journal (Sudbury, Mass)</i> , 2008, 14, 128-132.	1.0	35
33	Changes in and Prognostic Value of Hormone Receptor Status in a Series of Operable Breast Cancer Patients Treated with Neoadjuvant Chemotherapy. <i>Oncologist</i> , 2007, 12, 636-643.	1.9	76
34	Achieving Higher Pathological Complete Response Rates in HER2-Positive Patients With Induction Chemotherapy Without Trastuzumab in Operable Breast Cancer. <i>Oncologist</i> , 2007, 12, 390-396.	1.9	16
35	Mammalian Target of Rapamycin Inhibitors in Combination with Letrozole in Breast Cancer. <i>Clinical Breast Cancer</i> , 2006, 7, 336-338.	1.1	49
36	Tumor Parameters, Clinical and Pathological Responses, Medical Management, and Survival Through Time on 710 Operable Breast Cancers. <i>Medical Oncology</i> , 2005, 22, 233-240.	1.2	7

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37	High prognostic significance of residual disease after neoadjuvant chemotherapy: a retrospective study in 710 patients with operable breast cancer. <i>Breast Cancer Research and Treatment</i> , 2005, 94, 255-263.	1.1	93
38	Pathological and Clinical Response of a Primary Chemotherapy Regimen Combining Vinorelbine, Epirubicin, and Paclitaxel as Neoadjuvant Treatment in Patients with Operable Breast Cancer. <i>Oncologist</i> , 2005, 10, 242-249.	1.9	11
39	Neoadjuvant FEC 100 for Operable Breast Cancer: Eight-Year Experience at Centre Jean Perrin. <i>Clinical Breast Cancer</i> , 2004, 5, 303-307.	1.1	14