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List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Classification of highâ€grade cervical intraepithelial neoplasia by p16 ^{ink4a} , Kiâ€67, <scp>HPV E4</scp> and <i><scp>FAM19A4</scp>/<scp>miR124</scp>â€2</i> methylation status demonstrates considerable heterogeneity with potential consequences for management. International Journal of Cancer, 2021, 149, 707-716.	5.1	26
2	Evaluation of six methylation markers derived from genome-wide screens for detection of cervical precancer and cancer. Epigenomics, 2020, 12, 1569-1578.	2.1	15
3	Long-term CIN3+ risk of HPV positive women after triage with FAM19A4/miR124-2 methylation analysis. Gynecologic Oncology, 2019, 154, 368-373.	1.4	32
4	Complementarity between miRNA expression analysis and DNA methylation analysis in hrHPV-positive cervical scrapes for the detection of cervical disease. Epigenetics, 2019, 14, 558-567.	2.7	7
5	Cervical cancer risk in HPVâ€positive women after a negative <i>FAM19A4/mir124â€2</i> methylation test: A post hoc analysis in the POBASCAM trial with 14 year followâ€up. International Journal of Cancer, 2018, 143, 1541-1548.	5.1	63
6	Defining hrHPV genotypes in cervical intraepithelial neoplasia by laser capture microdissection supports reflex triage of self-samples using HPV16/18 and FAM19A4/miR124-2 methylation. Gynecologic Oncology, 2018, 151, 311-318.	1.4	7
7	Genome-wide DNA Methylation Profiling Reveals Methylation Markers Associated with 3q Gain for Detection of Cervical Precancer and Cancer. Clinical Cancer Research, 2017, 23, 3813-3822.	7.0	68
8	Validation of the FAM19A4 / mir124-2 DNA methylation test for both lavage- and brush-based self-samples to detect cervical (pre)cancer in HPV-positive women. Gynecologic Oncology, 2016, 141, 341-347.	1.4	80
9	Management of high-risk HPV-positive women for detection of cervical (pre)cancer. Expert Review of Molecular Diagnostics, 2016, 16, 961-974.	3.1	45
10	FAM19A4 methylation analysis in self-samples compared with cervical scrapes for detecting cervical (pre)cancer in HPV-positive women. British Journal of Cancer, 2016, 115, 579-587.	6.4	55
11	Comparing the performance of <i>FAM19A4</i> methylation analysis, cytology and HPV16/18 genotyping for the detection of cervical (pre)cancer in highâ€risk HPVâ€positive women of a gynecologic outpatient population (COMETH study). International Journal of Cancer, 2016, 138, 992-1002.	5.1	60
12	Combined <i>CADM1</i> / <i>MAL</i> Methylation and Cytology Testing for Colposcopy Triage of High-Risk HPV-Positive Women. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2014, 23, 1933-1937.	2.5	39
13	<i>CADM1</i> , <i>MAL</i> and <i>miR124-2</i> methylation analysis in cervical scrapes to detect cervical and endometrial cancer. Journal of Clinical Pathology, 2014, 67, 1067-1071.	2.0	82
14	Methylation Analysis of the <i>FAM19A4</i> Gene in Cervical Scrapes Is Highly Efficient in Detecting Cervical Carcinomas and Advanced CIN2/3 Lesions. Cancer Prevention Research, 2014, 7, 1251-1257.	1.5	97
15	Development of a multiplex methylation-specific PCR as candidate triage test for women with an HPV-positive cervical scrape. BMC Cancer, 2012, 12, 551.	2.6	54