

Elaine Hsiao

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

52
papers

12,136
citations

168829

31
h-index

214428

50
g-index

55
all docs

55
docs citations

55
times ranked

15578
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The Gut Microbiome as a Regulator of the Neuroimmune Landscape. <i>Annual Review of Immunology</i> , 2022, 40, 143-167.	9.5	24
2	Are changes in the gut microbiome a contributor or consequence of autism—why not both?. <i>Cell Reports Medicine</i> , 2022, 3, 100505.	3.3	2
3	Interactions between the gut microbiome and ketogenic diet in refractory epilepsy. <i>International Review of Neurobiology</i> , 2022, , 217-249.	0.9	9
4	IL-33 Changes Our “Gut Feelings” about Serotonin. <i>Immunity</i> , 2021, 54, 9-11.	6.6	3
5	Gut microbial taxa elevated by dietary sugar disrupt memory function. <i>Translational Psychiatry</i> , 2021, 11, 194.	2.4	50
6	SnapShot: The microbiota-gut-brain axis. <i>Cell</i> , 2021, 184, 2524-2524.e1.	13.5	79
7	Roles for the gut microbiota in regulating neuronal feeding circuits. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2021, 131, .	3.9	26
8	Interactions between maternal fluoxetine exposure, the maternal gut microbiome and fetal neurodevelopment in mice. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2021, 410, 113353.	1.2	7
9	Malnutrition and the microbiome as modifiers of early neurodevelopment. <i>Trends in Neurosciences</i> , 2021, 44, 753-764.	4.2	18
10	Alterations in the gut microbiota contribute to cognitive impairment induced by the ketogenic diet and hypoxia. <i>Cell Host and Microbe</i> , 2021, 29, 1378-1392.e6.	5.1	49
11	Early life adversity predicts brain-gut alterations associated with increased stress and mood. <i>Neurobiology of Stress</i> , 2021, 15, 100348.	1.9	22
12	Signaling inflammation across the gut-brain axis. <i>Science</i> , 2021, 374, 1087-1092.	6.0	210
13	Emerging roles for the intestinal microbiome in epilepsy. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2020, 135, 104576.	2.1	86
14	The Microbiome as a Modifier of Neurodegenerative Disease Risk. <i>Cell Host and Microbe</i> , 2020, 28, 201-222.	5.1	120
15	Analysis of brain networks and fecal metabolites reveals brain “gut alterations in premenopausal females with irritable bowel syndrome. <i>Translational Psychiatry</i> , 2020, 10, 367.	2.4	17
16	Host Genetic Background and Gut Microbiota Contribute to Differential Metabolic Responses to Fructose Consumption in Mice. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2020, 150, 2716-2728.	1.3	15
17	The maternal microbiome modulates fetal neurodevelopment in mice. <i>Nature</i> , 2020, 586, 281-286.	13.7	280
18	Ketone Bodies Exert Ester-Ordinary Suppression of Bifidobacteria and Th17 Cells. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2020, 31, 1049-1051.	7.2	4

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Indigenous Microbiota Protects against Inflammation-Induced Osteonecrosis. <i>Journal of Dental Research</i> , 2020, 99, 676-684.	2.5	15
20	Mitochondrial and Purinergic Dysregulation Promote Abnormal Behavior in Mice. <i>Trends in Immunology</i> , 2020, 41, 97-99.	2.9	1
21	Toward Understanding Microbiome-Neuronal Signaling. <i>Molecular Cell</i> , 2020, 78, 577-583.	4.5	73
22	Gut microbes tune inflammation and lifespan in a mouse model of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. <i>Nature</i> , 2020, 582, 34-35.	13.7	2
23	A novel pathway for microbial metabolism of levodopa. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2019, 25, 1195-1197.	15.2	17
24	Perinatal Interactions between the Microbiome, Immunity, and Neurodevelopment. <i>Immunity</i> , 2019, 50, 18-36.	6.6	103
25	Intestinal serotonin and fluoxetine exposure modulate bacterial colonization in the gut. <i>Nature Microbiology</i> , 2019, 4, 2064-2073.	5.9	264
26	Microbiomes as sources of emergent host phenotypes. <i>Science</i> , 2019, 365, 1405-1409.	6.0	208
27	Evidence for an association of gut microbial Clostridia with brain functional connectivity and gastrointestinal sensorimotor function in patients with irritable bowel syndrome, based on tripartite network analysis. <i>Microbiome</i> , 2019, 7, 45.	4.9	83
28	Maternal immune activation: reporting guidelines to improve the rigor, reproducibility, and transparency of the model. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2019, 44, 245-258.	2.8	180
29	Gut Microbes Join the Social Network. <i>Neuron</i> , 2019, 101, 196-198.	3.8	7
30	The gut microbiota mediates reward and sensory responses associated with regimen-selective morphine dependence. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2018, 43, 2606-2614.	2.8	130
31	Defining Dysbiosis in Disorders of Movement and Motivation. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2018, 38, 9414-9422.	1.7	17
32	The Gut Microbiota Mediates the Anti-Seizure Effects of the Ketogenic Diet. <i>Cell</i> , 2018, 173, 1728-1741.e13.	13.5	628
33	Correlation of tryptophan metabolites with connectivity of extended central reward network in healthy subjects. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0201772.	1.1	53
34	Linking the Gut Microbiota to a Brain Neurotransmitter. <i>Trends in Neurosciences</i> , 2018, 41, 413-414.	4.2	56
35	Interactions between the microbiota, immune and nervous systems in health and disease. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2017, 20, 145-155.	7.1	1,266
36	The Microbiome and Host Behavior. <i>Annual Review of Neuroscience</i> , 2017, 40, 21-49.	5.0	394

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37	Microbes REV up Host Metabolism around the Clock. <i>Immunity</i> , 2017, 47, 618-620.	6.6	2
38	Emerging Roles for the Gut Microbiome in Autism Spectrum Disorder. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2017, 81, 411-423.	0.7	418
39	The placental interleukin-6 signaling controls fetal brain development and behavior. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2017, 62, 11-23.	2.0	186
40	Modeling the Maternal Immune Activation Risk Factor for Schizophrenia. <i>Handbook of Behavioral Neuroscience</i> , 2016, 23, 175-191.	0.7	1
41	Immune Dysfunction in Autism Spectrum Disorder. , 2016, , 65-82.		1
42	The Microbial Olympics 2016. <i>Nature Microbiology</i> , 2016, 1, 16122.	5.9	7
43	Indigenous Bacteria from the Gut Microbiota Regulate Host Serotonin Biosynthesis. <i>Cell</i> , 2015, 161, 264-276.	13.5	2,423
44	Gastrointestinal Issues in Autism Spectrum Disorder. <i>Harvard Review of Psychiatry</i> , 2014, 22, 104-111.	0.9	147
45	Maternal immune activation causes age- and region-specific changes in brain cytokines in offspring throughout development. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2013, 31, 54-68.	2.0	297
46	Microbiota Modulate Behavioral and Physiological Abnormalities Associated with Neurodevelopmental Disorders. <i>Cell</i> , 2013, 155, 1451-1463.	13.5	2,596
47	Immune Dysregulation in Autism Spectrum Disorder. <i>International Review of Neurobiology</i> , 2013, 113, 269-302.	0.9	73
48	Modeling an autism risk factor in mice leads to permanent immune dysregulation. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2012, 109, 12776-12781.	3.3	307
49	Maternal immune activation yields offspring displaying mouse versions of the three core symptoms of autism. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2012, 26, 607-616.	2.0	550
50	Placental regulation of maternal-fetal interactions and brain development. <i>Developmental Neurobiology</i> , 2012, 72, 1317-1326.	1.5	160
51	Immune Involvement in Autism Spectrum Disorder as a Basis for Animal Models. <i>Autism-open Access</i> , 2012, 01, .	0.2	0
52	Activation of the maternal immune system induces endocrine changes in the placenta via IL-6. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2011, 25, 604-615.	2.0	316