

# Carl W Wardhaugh

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3175232/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

19  
papers

408  
citations

933447

10  
h-index

839539

18  
g-index

19  
all docs

19  
docs citations

19  
times ranked

612  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Compound Specific Trends of Chemical Defences in Ficus Along an Elevational Gradient Reflect a Complex Selective Landscape. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2020, 46, 442-454.	1.8	11
2	Temporal variation in abundance of leaf litter beetles and ants in an Australian lowland tropical rainforest is driven by climate and litter fall. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2018, 27, 2625-2640.	2.6	9
3	How many species of arthropods visit flowers?. <i>Arthropod-Plant Interactions</i> , 2015, 9, 547-565.	1.1	93
4	The specialization and structure of antagonistic and mutualistic networks of beetles on rainforest canopy trees. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2015, 114, 287-295.	1.6	19
5	The spatial and temporal distributions of arthropods in forest canopies: uniting disparate patterns with hypotheses for specialisation. <i>Biological Reviews</i> , 2014, 89, 1021-1041.	10.4	62
6	Canopy invertebrate community composition on rainforest trees: Different microhabitats support very different invertebrate communities. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2014, 39, 367-377.	1.5	11
7	Low host specificity of beetles associated with fruit falls in lowland tropical rainforest of north-east Australia. <i>Austral Entomology</i> , 2014, 53, 75-82.	1.4	4
8	Body size variation among invertebrates inhabiting different canopy microhabitat: flower visitors are smaller. <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , 2013, 38, 101-111.	2.2	11
9	Variation in beetle community structure across five microhabitats in Australian tropical rainforest trees. <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , 2013, 6, 463-472.	3.0	19
10	Insects on flowers. <i>Communicative and Integrative Biology</i> , 2013, 6, e22509.	1.4	1
11	Specialization of rainforest canopy beetles to host trees and microhabitats: not all specialists are leaf-feeding herbivores. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2013, 109, 215-228.	1.6	24
12	Estimation of biomass from body length and width for tropical rainforest canopy invertebrates. <i>Australian Journal of Entomology</i> , 2013, 52, 291-298.	1.1	29
13	The Importance of Flowers for Beetle Biodiversity and Abundance. , 2013, , 275-288.		0
14	Feeding guild structure of beetles on Australian tropical rainforest trees reflects microhabitat resource availability. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2012, 81, 1086-1094.	2.8	44
15	The Overlooked Biodiversity of Flower-Visiting Invertebrates. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e45796.	2.5	37
16	Vertical stratification in the spatial distribution of the beech scale insect ( <i>Ultracoelostoma assimile</i> ) in <i>Nothofagus</i> tree canopies in New Zealand. <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , 2006, 31, 185-195.	2.2	17
17	Establishment success of sooty beech scale insects, <i>Ultracoelostoma</i> sp., on different host tree species in New Zealand. <i>Journal of Insect Science</i> , 2006, 6, 1-9.	1.5	5
18	Density-dependent effects on the reproductive fitness of the New Zealand beech scale insect ( <i>Ultracoelostoma assimile</i> ) across multiple spatial scales. <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , 2005, 30, 733-738.	2.2	8

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	The effect of introduced wasp ( <i>Vespula vulgaris</i> , Hymenoptera: Vespidae) predation on the dispersive life history stages of beech scale insects ( <i>Ultracoelostoma</i> spp., Homoptera:) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 BT / Overlock 10 T	0.784314	10