Lise Hestbaek

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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172386 143943 3,519 91 29 57 citations h-index g-index papers 97 97 97 2944 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Exceeding 2-h sedentary time per day is not associated with moderate to severe spinal pain in 11- to 13-year-olds: a cross-sectional analysis. European Journal of Pediatrics, 2022, 181, 653-659.	1.3	2
2	Spinal pain in childhood: prevalence, trajectories, and diagnoses in children 6 to 17Âyears of age. European Journal of Pediatrics, 2022, 181, 1727-1736.	1.3	12
3	Effectiveness of chiropractic manipulation versus sham manipulation for recurrent headaches in children aged 7–14 years - a randomised clinical trial. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2021, 29, 1.	0.6	13
4	Spinal pain in pre-adolescence and the relation with screen time and physical activity behavior. BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders, 2021, 22, 393.	0.8	18
5	Early identification of toe walking gait in preschool children - Development and application of a quasi-automated video screening procedure. Clinical Biomechanics, 2021, 84, 105321.	0.5	1
6	The effect of chiropractic care on infantile colic: results from a single-blind randomised controlled trial. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2021, 29, 15.	0.6	8
7	Identifying potential treatment effect modifiers of the effectiveness of chiropractic care to infants with colicAthrough prespecified secondary analyses of a randomised controlled trial. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2021, 29, 16.	0.6	1
8	The Young Disability Questionnaire-Spine: item development, pilot testing and conceptualisation of a questionnaire to measure consequences of spinal pain in children. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e045580.	0.8	3
9	Spinal pain increases the risk of becoming overweight in Danish schoolchildren. Scientific Reports, 2021, 11, 10235.	1.6	2
10	Effects of weekly pain monitoring on back pain outcomes: a non-randomised controlled study. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2021, 29, 37.	0.6	3
11	The Effect of a Structured Intervention to Improve Motor Skills in Preschool Children: Results of a Randomized Controlled Trial Nested in a Cohort Study of Danish Preschool Children, the MiPS Study. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 12272.	1.2	3
12	Rehabilitative management of back pain in children: protocol for a mixed studies systematic review. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e038534.	0.8	1
13	What are important consequences in children with non-specific spinal pain? A qualitative study of Danish children aged 9–12 years. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e037315.	0.8	9
14	Musculoskeletal pain distribution in 1,000 Danish schoolchildren aged 8–16 years. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2020, 28, 45.	0.6	6
15	Baseline Characteristics May Help Indicate the Best Choice of Health Care Provider for Back Pain Patients in Primary Care: Results From a Prospective Cohort Study. Journal of Manipulative and Physiological Therapeutics, 2020, 43, 13-23.	0.4	3
16	Early-life programming of pain sensation? Spinal pain in pre-adolescents with pain experience in early life. European Journal of Pediatrics, 2019, 178, 1903-1911.	1.3	7
17	Effectiveness of chiropractic manipulation versus sham manipulation on recurrent headaches in children aged $7\hat{a}\in 14$ years, Protocol for a randomized clinical trial. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2019, 27, 40.	0.6	4
18	Contrasting real time quantitative measures (weekly SMS) to patients' retrospective appraisal of their one-year's course of low back pain; a probing mixed-methods study. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2019, 27, 12.	0.6	6

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19	Epidemiology of spinal pain in children: a study within the Danish National Birth Cohort. European Journal of Pediatrics, 2019, 178, 695-706.	1.3	41
20	Pubertal development and growth are prospectively associated with spinal pain in young people (CHAMPS study-DK). European Spine Journal, 2019, 28, 1565-1571.	1.0	19
21	Chiropractic maintenance care - what's new? A systematic review of the literature. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2019, 27, 63.	0.6	18
22	Potential treatment effect modifiers for manipulative therapy for children complaining of spinal pain. Secondary analyses of a randomised controlled trial. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2019, 27, 59.	0.6	1
23	The association between psychological and social factors and spinal pain in adolescents. European Journal of Pediatrics, 2019, 178, 275-286.	1.3	28
24	Are frequent measurements in back pain research harmful? Two comparisons of back pain in groups with or without frequent follow-up. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2018, 26, 51.	0.6	2
25	Conservative care with or without manipulative therapy in the management of back and/or neck pain in Danish children aged 9–15: a randomised controlled trial nested in a school-based cohort. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e021358.	0.8	14
26	Does lower extremity pain precede spinal pain? A longitudinal study. European Journal of Pediatrics, 2018, 177, 1803-1810.	1.3	6
27	Does a Diagnostic Classification Algorithm Help to Predict the Course of Low Back Pain? A Study of Danish Chiropractic Patients With 1-Year Follow-up. Journal of Orthopaedic and Sports Physical Therapy, 2018, 48, 837-846.	1.7	6
28	The effect of chiropractic treatment on infantile colic: study protocol for a single-blind randomized controlled trial. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2018, 26, 17.	0.6	5
29	Individual courses of low back pain in adult Danes: a cohort study with 4-year and 8-year follow-up. BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders, 2017, 18, 28.	0.8	10
30	Spinal pain in Danish school children – how often and how long? The CHAMPS Study-DK. BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders, 2017, 18, 67.	0.8	37
31	Identifying subgroups of patients using latent class analysis: should we use a single-stage or a two-stage approach? A methodological study using a cohort of patients with low back pain. BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders, 2017, 18, 57.	0.8	14
32	Measuring Musculoskeletal Pain in Infants, Children, and Adolescents. Journal of Orthopaedic and Sports Physical Therapy, 2017, 47, 712-730.	1.7	27
33	Does Motor Development in Infancy Predict Spinal Pain in Later Childhood? A Cohort Study. Journal of Orthopaedic and Sports Physical Therapy, 2017, 47, 763-768.	1.7	4
34	Leg pain location and neurological signs relate to outcomes in primary care patients with low back pain. BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders, 2017, 18, 133.	0.8	15
35	Spinal pain and co-occurrence with stress and general well-being among young adolescents: a study within the Danish National Birth Cohort. European Journal of Pediatrics, 2017, 176, 807-814.	1.3	28
36	Prevalence and incidence of musculoskeletal extremity complaints in children and adolescents. A systematic review. BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders, 2017, 18, 418.	0.8	33

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37	Generalised joint hypermobility and shoulder joint hypermobility, \hat{a} isk of upper body musculoskeletal symptoms and reduced quality of life in the general population. BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders, 2017, 18, 226.	0.8	17
38	How can latent trajectories of back pain be translated into defined subgroups?. BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders, 2017, 18, 285.	0.8	30
39	Latent class analysis derived subgroups of low back pain patients – do they have prognostic capacity?. BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders, 2017, 18, 345.	0.8	19
40	Musculoskeletal extremity pain in Danish school children – how often and for how long? The CHAMPS study-DK. BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders, 2017, 18, 492.	0.8	15
41	Influence of motor skills training on children's development evaluated in the Motor skills in PreSchool (MiPS) study-DK: study protocol for a randomized controlled trial, nested in a cohort study. Trials, 2017, 18, 400.	0.7	35
42	Using existing questionnaires in latent class analysis: should we use summary scores or single items as input? A methodological study using a cohort of patients with low back pain. Clinical Epidemiology, 2016, 8, 73.	1.5	25
43	Musculoskeletal pain in children and adolescents. Brazilian Journal of Physical Therapy, 2016, 20, 275-284.	1.1	167
44	The most physically active Danish adolescents are at increased risk for developing spinal pain: a two-year prospective cohort study. BMJ Open Sport and Exercise Medicine, 2016, 2, e000097.	1.4	18
45	Children and adolescents presenting to chiropractors in Norway: National Health Insurance data and a detailed survey. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2016, 24, 29.	0.6	9
46	Whose pain is it anyway? Comparability of pain reports from children and their parents. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2016, 24, 24.	0.6	36
47	Conservative care with or without manipulative therapy in the management of back and neck pain in Danish children aged 9–15. Study protocol for a randomized controlled trial. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2016, 24, 5.	0.6	7
48	Validity of Commonly Used Clinical Tests to Diagnose and Screen for Spinal Pain in Adolescents: A School-Based Cohort Study in 1300 Danes Aged 11–15 Years. Journal of Manipulative and Physiological Therapeutics, 2016, 39, 76-87.	0.4	4
49	Core Competencies of the Certified Pediatric Doctor of Chiropractic. Journal of Evidence-Based Complementary & Alternative Medicine, 2016, 21, 110-114.	1.5	8
50	Prediction of outcome in patients with low back pain – A prospective cohort study comparing clinicians' predictions with those of the Start Back Tool. Manual Therapy, 2016, 21, 120-127.	1.6	42
51	The prognostic ability of the STarT Back Tool was affected by episode duration. European Spine Journal, 2016, 25, 936-944.	1.0	27
52	What influences retrospective self-appraised recovery status among Danes with low-back problems? A comparative qualitative investigation. Journal of Rehabilitation Medicine, 2015, 47, 741-747.	0.8	10
53	Patients with low back pain had distinct clinical course patterns that wereÂtypically neither complete recovery nor constant pain. A latent classÂanalysis of longitudinal data. Spine Journal, 2015, 15, 885-894.	0.6	93
54	The use of diagnostic coding in chiropractic practice. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2015, 23, 8.	0.6	2

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55	Clinical examination findings as prognostic factors in low back pain: a systematic review of the literature. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2015, 23, 13.	0.6	22
56	Do recovery expectations change over time?. European Spine Journal, 2015, 24, 218-226.	1.0	18
57	Expectation of Recovery From Low Back Pain. Spine, 2014, 39, 81-90.	1.0	45
58	Self-reported musculoskeletal pain predicts long-term increase in general health care use: A population-based cohort study with 20-year follow-up. Scandinavian Journal of Public Health, 2014, 42, 698-704.	1.2	32
59	Low Back Pain in Primary Care: A Description of 1250 Patients with Low Back Pain in Danish General and Chiropractic Practice. International Journal of Family Medicine, 2014, 2014, 1-7.	1.2	43
60	Large cohort study finds a statistically significant association between excessive crying in early infancy and subsequent ear symptoms. Acta Paediatrica, International Journal of Paediatrics, 2014, 103, e206-e211.	0.7	5
61	Screening of the spine in adolescents: inter- and intra-rater reliability and measurement error of commonly used clinical tests. BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders, 2014, 15, 37.	0.8	19
62	Brief screening questions for depression in chiropractic patients with low back pain: identification of potentially useful questions and test of their predictive capacity. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2014, 22, 4.	0.6	4
63	Spinal pain in adolescents: prevalence, incidence, and course: a school-based two-year prospective cohort study in 1,300 Danes aged 11–13. BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders, 2014, 15, 187.	0.8	61
64	Development of the young spine questionnaire. BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders, 2013, 14, 185.	0.8	39
65	Low back pain across the life course. Best Practice and Research in Clinical Rheumatology, 2013, 27, 591-600.	1.4	168
66	The Nordic maintenance care program: what is maintenance care? Interview based survey of Danish chiropractors. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2013, 21, 27.	0.6	16
67	Patterns of musculoskeletal pain in the population: A latent class analysis using a nationally representative interviewerâ€based survey of 4817 <scp>D</scp> anes. European Journal of Pain, 2013, 17, 452-460.	1.4	61
68	The Nordic Maintenance Care Program: Maintenance care – what happens during the consultation? Observations and patient questionnaires. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2012, 20, 25.	0.6	14
69	Chiropractic Care and Public Health: Answering Difficult Questions About Safety, Care Through the Lifespan, and Community Action. Journal of Manipulative and Physiological Therapeutics, 2012, 35, 493-513.	0.4	23
70	Creating European guidelines for Chiropractic Incident Reporting and Learning Systems (CIRLS): relevance and structure. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2011, 19, 9.	0.6	13
71	The evidence base for chiropractic treatment of musculoskeletal conditions in children and adolescents: The emperor's new suit?. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2010, 18, 15.	1.6	31
72	The Nordic maintenance care program: what are the indications for maintenance care in patients with low back pain? A survey of the members of the Danish Chiropractors' Association. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2010, 18, 25.	1.6	18

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73	Chiropractic and children: Is more research enough?. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2010, 18, 11.	1.6	6
74	The Nordic Maintenance Care Program - Time intervals between treatments of patients with low back pain: how close and who decides?. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2010, 18, 5.	1.6	16
75	The clinical aspects of the acute facet syndrome: results from a structured discussion among European chiropractors. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2009, 17, 2.	1.6	11
76	A Description of Children and Adolescents in Danish Chiropractic Practice: Results from a Nationwide Survey. Journal of Manipulative and Physiological Therapeutics, 2009, 32, 607-615.	0.4	36
77	Children and Chiropractic Care: A Window of Opportunity. Journal of Manipulative and Physiological Therapeutics, 2009, 32, 603-605.	0.4	5
78	High-level physical activity in childhood seems to protect against low back pain in early adolescence. Spine Journal, 2009, 9, 134-141.	0.6	79
79	Financial compensation and vocational recovery: a prospective study of secondary care neck and back patients. Scandinavian Journal of Rheumatology, 2009, 38, 481-487.	0.6	14
80	Does socioeconomic status in adolescence predict low back pain in adulthood? A repeated cross-sectional study of 4,771 Danish adolescents. European Spine Journal, 2008, 17, 1727-1734.	1.0	45
81	Maintenance care in chiropractic – what do we know?. Chiropractic & Manual Therapies, 2008, 16, 3.	1.6	31
82	Are lifestyle-factors in adolescence predictors for adult low back pain? A cross-sectional and prospective study of young twins. BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders, 2006, 7, 27.	0.8	98
83	Manual Examination of the Spine: A Systematic Critical Literature Review of Reproducibility. Journal of Manipulative and Physiological Therapeutics, 2006, 29, 475-485.e10.	0.4	157
84	The Course of Low Back Pain From Adolescence to Adulthood. Spine, 2006, 31, 468-472.	1.0	341
85	Is comorbidity in adolescence a predictor for adult low back pain? A prospective study of a young population. BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders, 2006, 7, 29.	0.8	124
86	Low back pain in military recruits in relation to social background and previous low back pain. A cross-sectional and prospective observational survey. BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders, 2005, 6, 25.	0.8	20
87	Comorbidity With Low Back Pain. Spine, 2004, 29, 1483-1491.	1.0	93
88	Heredity of Low Back Pain in a Young Population: A Classical Twin Study. Twin Research and Human Genetics, 2004, 7, 16-26.	1.3	86
89	Low back pain: what is the long-term course? A review of studies of general patient populations. European Spine Journal, 2003, 12, 149-165.	1.0	519
90	Is low back pain part of a general health pattern or is it a separate and distinctive entity? A critical literature review of comorbidity with low back pain. Journal of Manipulative and Physiological Therapeutics, 2003, 26, 243-252.	0.4	106

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91	The course of low back pain in a general population. results from a 5-year prospective study. Journal of Manipulative and Physiological Therapeutics, 2003, 26, 213-219.	0.4	126