

Ines Blix

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

28
papers

585
citations

623188

14
h-index

642321

23
g-index

31
all docs

31
docs citations

31
times ranked

793
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Worry and mental health in the Covid-19 pandemic: vulnerability factors in the general Norwegian population. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2021, 21, 928.	1.2	61
2	Centrality of Event and Symptoms of Posttraumatic Stress Disorder After the 2011 Oslo Bombing Attack. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2014, 28, 249-253.	0.9	39
3	Thinking that one's life was in danger: perceived life threat in individuals directly or indirectly exposed to terror. <i>British Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2016, 209, 306-310.	1.7	37
4	Trauma exposure in childhood impairs the ability to recall specific autobiographical memories in late adolescence. <i>Journal of Traumatic Stress</i> , 2010, 23, 240-247.	1.0	33
5	Gender Differences in Posttraumatic Stress Symptoms after a Terrorist Attack: A Network Approach. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2017, 8, 2091.	1.1	33
6	Posttraumatic growth, posttraumatic stress and psychological adjustment in the aftermath of the 2011 Oslo bombing attack. <i>Health and Quality of Life Outcomes</i> , 2013, 11, 160.	1.0	32
7	The Launching and Ensnaring Effects of Construing a Traumatic Event as Central to One's Identity and Life Story. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2016, 30, 526-531.	0.9	28
8	Towards an exposure-dependent model of post-traumatic stress: longitudinal course of post-traumatic stress symptomatology and functional impairment after the 2011 Oslo bombing. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2016, 46, 3241-3254.	2.7	28
9	Posttraumatic growth and centrality of event: A longitudinal study in the aftermath of the 2011 Oslo bombing.. <i>Psychological Trauma: Theory, Research, Practice, and Policy</i> , 2015, 7, 18-23.	1.4	27
10	Loss of Trust May Never Heal. Institutional Trust in Disaster Victims in a Long-Term Perspective: Associations With Social Support and Mental Health. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2018, 9, 1204.	1.1	26
11	Prevalence and Course of Symptom-Defined PTSD in Individuals Directly or Indirectly Exposed to Terror: A Longitudinal Study. <i>Psychiatry (New York)</i> , 2017, 80, 171-183.	0.3	24
12	Trusting Others During a Pandemic: Investigating Potential Changes in Generalized Trust and Its Relationship With Pandemic-Related Experiences and Worry. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2021, 12, 698519.	1.1	20
13	Mental time travel after trauma: The specificity and temporal distribution of autobiographical memories and future-directed thoughts. <i>Memory</i> , 2011, 19, 956-967.	0.9	17
14	The aftermath of terrorism: posttraumatic stress and functional impairment after the 2011 Oslo bombing. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2015, 6, 1156.	1.1	17
15	Intentional Forgetting of Emotional Words after Trauma: A Study with Victims of Sexual Assault. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2011, 2, 235.	1.1	15
16	Brain Activity in Response to Trauma-specific, Negative, and Neutral Stimuli. A fMRI Study of Recent Road Traffic Accident Survivors. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2016, 7, 1173.	1.1	15
17	Does optimism act as a buffer against posttraumatic stress over time? A longitudinal study of the protective role of optimism after the 2011 Oslo bombing.. <i>Psychological Trauma: Theory, Research, Practice, and Policy</i> , 2017, 9, 207-213.	1.4	15
18	Long-term mental health and social support in victims of disaster: comparison with a general population sample. <i>BJPsych Open</i> , 2019, 5, e2.	0.3	15

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	For Whom Does Time Heal Wounds? Individual Differences in Stability and Change in Posttraumatic Stress After the 2011 Oslo Bombing. <i>Journal of Traumatic Stress</i> , 2017, 30, 19-26.	1.0	14
20	Latent classes of posttraumatic stress and growth. <i>Anxiety, Stress and Coping</i> , 2015, 28, 272-286.	1.7	13
21	Thinking About What Might Have Happened: Counterfactual Thinking and Posttraumatic Stress in Individuals Directly and Indirectly Exposed to the 2011 Oslo Bombing. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2016, 30, 983-991.	0.9	13
22	Imagining What Could Have Happened: Types and Vividness of Counterfactual Thoughts and the Relationship With Post-traumatic Stress Reactions. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2018, 9, 515.	1.1	12
23	Trauma in the third decade: Ruminative coping, social relationships and posttraumatic stress symptoms. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2021, 278, 601-606.	2.0	11
24	Retrieval-induced forgetting after trauma: A study with victims of sexual assault. <i>Cognition and Emotion</i> , 2012, 26, 321-331.	1.2	9
25	Posttraumatic Growth—An Antecedent and Outcome of Posttraumatic Stress. <i>Clinical Psychological Science</i> , 2016, 4, 620-628.	2.4	9
26	No buffer effect of perceived social support for people exposed to violence during the COVID-19 pandemic: a cross-sectional community study. <i>European Journal of Psychotraumatology</i> , 2021, 12, 1990551.	0.9	5
27	Investigating the frequency of intrusive memories after 24 hours using a visuospatial interference intervention: a follow-up and extension. <i>HÅgare Utbildning</i> , 2021, 12, 1953788.	1.4	4
28	Vivid memories of distant trauma: Examining the characteristics of trauma memories and the relationship with the centrality of event and posttraumatic stress 26 years after trauma. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2020, 34, 678-684.	0.9	2