

Catherine D Darker

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

60
papers

881
citations

623188

14
h-index

525886

27
g-index

62
all docs

62
docs citations

62
times ranked

1347
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Peer-Delivery of a Gender-Specific Smoking Cessation Intervention for Women Living in Disadvantaged Communities in Ireland We Can Quit2 (WCQ2)â€”A Pilot Cluster Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2022, 24, 564-573.	1.4	5
2	An application of PRECIS-2 to evaluate trial design in a pilot cluster randomised controlled trial of a community-based smoking cessation intervention for women living in disadvantaged areas of Ireland. <i>Pilot and Feasibility Studies</i> , 2022, 8, 19.	0.5	1
3	The We Can Quit2 Smoking Cessation Trial: Knowledge Exchange and Dissemination Following a Community-Based Participatory Research Approach. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2022, 19, 2333.	1.2	0
4	Early Intervention in Psychosis services: A systematic review and narrative synthesis of the barriers and facilitators to implementation. <i>European Psychiatry</i> , 2022, 65, 1-44.	0.1	20
5	Non-adherence to COVID-19 containment behaviours: results from an all-Ireland telephone survey. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2022, 22, 898.	1.2	4
6	Can a practice pharmacist improve prescribing safety and reduce costs in polypharmacy patients? A pilot study of an intervention in an Irish general practice setting. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2022, 12, e050261.	0.8	4
7	The effectiveness of smoking cessation interventions for socio-economically disadvantaged women: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Systematic Reviews</i> , 2022, 11, .	2.5	2
8	Development and proposed evaluation of an eHealth learning tool for undergraduate university students in Ireland. <i>Health Promotion International</i> , 2021, , .	0.9	2
9	Bordering on crisis: A qualitative analysis of focus group, social media, and news media perspectives on the Republic of Ireland-Northern Ireland border during the â€”first waveâ€”™ of the COVID-19 pandemic. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2021, 282, 114111.	1.8	10
10	P45â€”..The we can quit2 smoking cessation trial knowledge exchange and dissemination: priorities from a community perspective, and recommendations for future research and policy. , 2021, , .		0
11	Media Representations of Science during the First Wave of the COVID-19 Pandemic: A Qualitative Analysis of News and Social Media on the Island of Ireland. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021, 18, 9542.	1.2	7
12	A Cluster-Randomised Crossover Pilot Feasibility Study of a Multicomponent Intervention to Reduce Occupational Sedentary Behaviour in Professional Male Employees. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021, 18, 9292.	1.2	4
13	Developing a health promoting university in Trinity College Dublinâ€”overview and outline process evaluation. <i>Health Promotion International</i> , 2021, , .	0.9	4
14	Factors influencing the performance of community health volunteers working within urban informal settlements in low- and middle-income countries: a qualitative meta-synthesis review. <i>Human Resources for Health</i> , 2021, 19, 144.	1.1	7
15	Obstacles to Public Health that even Pandemics cannot Overcome: The Politics of Covid-19 on the Island of Ireland. <i>Irish Studies in International Affairs</i> , 2021, 32, 225-246.	0.1	1
16	A theory-based multicomponent intervention to reduce occupational sedentary behaviour in professional male workers: protocol for a cluster randomised crossover pilot feasibility study. <i>Pilot and Feasibility Studies</i> , 2020, 6, 175.	0.5	4
17	Determinants of healthcare seeking for childhood illnesses among caregivers of under-five children in urban slums in Malawi: a population-based cross-sectional study. <i>BMC Pediatrics</i> , 2020, 20, 20.	0.7	26
18	Study protocol for the COvid-19 Toolbox for All IslaNd (CONTAIN) project: A cross-border analysis in Ireland to disentangle psychological, behavioural, media and governmental responses to COVID-19. <i>HRB Open Research</i> , 2020, 3, 48.	0.3	3

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19	Study protocol for the COvid-19 Toolbox for All IslaNd (CONTAIN) project: A cross-border analysis in Ireland to disentangle psychological, behavioural, media and governmental responses to COVID-19. HRB Open Research, 2020, 3, 48.	0.3	3
20	Is the Urban Child Health Advantage Declining in Malawi?: Evidence from Demographic and Health Surveys and Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys. Journal of Urban Health, 2019, 96, 131-143.	1.8	10
21	Analysis of low birth weight first-born babies by geography and deprivation as an aid to policy and service targeting. Journal of Public Health, 2019, 42, e66-e73.	1.0	1
22	Examining total and domain-specific sedentary behaviour using the socio-ecological model â€“ a cross-sectional study of Irish adults. BMC Public Health, 2019, 19, 1155.	1.2	11
23	eHealth-based intervention to increase physical activity levels in people with cancer: protocol of a feasibility trial in an Irish acute hospital setting. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e024999.	0.8	1
24	We Can Quit2 (WCQ2): a community-based intervention on smoking cessation for women living in disadvantaged areas of Irelandâ€™ study protocol for a pilot cluster randomised controlled trial. Pilot and Feasibility Studies, 2019, 5, 138.	0.5	6
25	Patient, family and clinician preferences for the intensity and implementation of patient and family participation in healthcare design and delivery in psychiatry. European Journal of Psychiatry, 2019, 33, 8-16.	0.7	1
26	Smoking cessation programmes for women living in disadvantaged communities, â€œWe Can Quit 2â€ A systematic review protocol. HRB Open Research, 2019, 2, 10.	0.3	3
27	Demographic factors and attitudes that influence the support of the general public for the introduction of universal healthcare in Ireland: A national survey. Health Policy, 2018, 122, 147-156.	1.4	9
28	A naturalistic longitudinal analysis of postâ€ detoxification outcomes in opioidâ€ dependent patients. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2018, 37, S339-S347.	1.1	9
29	The barriers and facilitators to the implementation of National Clinical Programmes in Ireland: using the MRC framework for process evaluations. BMC Health Services Research, 2018, 18, 733.	0.9	24
30	What influences where they seek care? Caregiversâ€™ preferences for under-five child healthcare services in urban slums of Malawi: A discrete choice experiment. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0189940.	1.1	15
31	Feasibility of a physical activity pathway for Irish primary care physiotherapy services. Physiotherapy, 2017, 103, 106-112.	0.2	5
32	Participation of patients and family members in healthcare services at the service and national levels: A lesson learned in Dublin, Ireland. Patient Education and Counseling, 2017, 100, 583-591.	1.0	8
33	The sedentary profile of primary care patients. Journal of Public Health, 2016, 39, fdw048.	1.0	0
34	Screening and Brief Interventions for Illicit Drug Use and Alcohol Use in Methadone Maintained Opiate-Dependent Patients: Results of a Pilot Cluster Randomized Controlled Trial Feasibility Study. Substance Use and Misuse, 2016, 51, 1104-1115.	0.7	10
35	Tailoring a brief intervention for illicit drug use and alcohol use in Irish methadone maintained opiate dependent patients: a qualitative process. BMC Psychiatry, 2016, 16, 373.	1.1	5
36	Determinants of self-rated health in an Irish deprived suburban population â€“ a cross sectional face-to-face household survey. BMC Public Health, 2016, 16, 767.	1.2	12

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37	Healthcare seeking practices and barriers to accessing under-five child health services in urban slums in Malawi: a qualitative study. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2016, 16, 410.	0.9	39
38	Location and deprivation are important influencers of physical activity in primary care populations. <i>Public Health</i> , 2016, 136, 80-86.	1.4	3
39	Demographic and clinical factors predicting retention in methadone maintenance: results from an Irish cohort. <i>Irish Journal of Medical Science</i> , 2016, 185, 433-441.	0.8	15
40	Young people in drug treatment in Ireland: their views on substance use aetiology, trajectory, parents' role in substance use and coping skills. <i>Irish Journal of Psychological Medicine</i> , 2015, 32, 247-258.	0.7	0
41	Psychosocial interventions for benzodiazepine harmful use, abuse or dependence. <i>The Cochrane Library</i> , 2015, , CD009652.	1.5	57
42	“So prohibition can work?” Changes in use of novel psychoactive substances among adolescents attending a drug and alcohol treatment service following a legislative ban. <i>International Journal of Drug Policy</i> , 2015, 26, 887-889.	1.6	60
43	Methadone-maintained patients in primary care have higher rates of chronic disease and multimorbidity, and use health services more intensively than matched controls. <i>European Journal of General Practice</i> , 2014, 20, 275-280.	0.9	27
44	Alcohol consumption in pregnancy: results from the general practice setting. <i>Irish Journal of Medical Science</i> , 2013, 183, 231-40.	0.8	3
45	Promotion of physical activity in primary care: knowledge and practice of general practitioners and physiotherapists. <i>Zeitschrift Fur Gesundheitswissenschaften</i> , 2013, 21, 63-69.	0.8	30
46	Establishing a general practitioner led minor injury service: mixed methods evaluation at 10 months with an emphasis on use of radiology by GPs in the out-of-hours setting. <i>Irish Journal of Medical Science</i> , 2013, 182, 213-216.	0.8	1
47	Onset of Cocaine Use. <i>Journal of Addiction Medicine</i> , 2013, 7, 183-188.	1.4	13
48	The Systematic Development of a Brief Intervention to Increase Walking in the General Public Using an “Extended” Theory of Planned Behavior. <i>Journal of Physical Activity and Health</i> , 2013, 10, 940-948.	1.0	17
49	A qualitative study of the perceived impact of a community mobilisation intervention to reduce alcohol consumption among amateur sportsmen. <i>Irish Journal of Psychological Medicine</i> , 2013, 30, 57-66.	0.7	3
50	Situational and psycho-social factors associated with relapse following residential detoxification in a population of Irish opioid dependent patients. <i>Irish Journal of Psychological Medicine</i> , 2012, 29, 72-79.	0.7	12
51	Non-attendance at counselling therapy in cocaine-using methadone-maintained patients: lessons learnt from an abandoned randomised controlled trial. <i>Irish Journal of Medical Science</i> , 2012, 181, 483-489.	0.8	12
52	Brief interventions are effective in reducing alcohol consumption in opiate dependent methadone-maintained patients: Results from an implementation study. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2012, 31, 348-356.	1.1	25
53	A telephone survey of parental attitudes and behaviours regarding teenage drinking. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2010, 10, 297.	1.2	12
54	Primary medical care in Irish prisons. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2010, 10, 74.	0.9	11

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55	An intervention to promote walking amongst the general population based on an "extended" theory of planned behaviour: A waiting list randomised controlled trial. <i>Psychology and Health</i> , 2010, 25, 71-88.	1.2	137
56	What sense do people make of a theory of planned behaviour questionnaire?. <i>Journal of Health Psychology</i> , 2009, 14, 861-871.	1.3	70
57	An exploration of walking behaviour"An interpretative phenomenological approach. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2007, 65, 2172-2183.	1.8	60
58	Are beliefs elicited biased by question order? A theory of planned behaviour belief elicitation study about walking in the UK general population. <i>British Journal of Health Psychology</i> , 2007, 12, 93-110.	1.9	30
59	Smoking cessation programmes for women living in disadvantaged communities, "We Can Quit 2" A systematic review protocol. <i>HRB Open Research</i> , 0, 2, 10.	0.3	0
60	Smoking cessation programmes for women living in disadvantaged communities, "We Can Quit 2" A systematic review protocol. <i>HRB Open Research</i> , 0, 2, 10.	0.3	0