

# Martin L Nielsen

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

53  
papers

4,576  
citations

172207

29  
h-index

174990

52  
g-index

55  
all docs

55  
docs citations

55  
times ranked

4571  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Association of alcohol use with years lived without major chronic diseases: A multicohort study from the IPD-Work consortium and UK Biobank. <i>Lancet Regional Health - Europe, The</i> , 2022, 19, 100417.	3.0	4
2	Prospective Associations Between Fixed-Term Contract Positions and Mental Illness Rates in Denmark's General Workforce: Protocol for a Cohort Study. <i>JMIR Research Protocols</i> , 2021, 10, e24392.	0.5	2
3	Long working hours and psychiatric treatment: A Danish follow-up study. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2021, 47, 191-199.	1.7	1
4	Long working hours and psychiatric treatment: A Danish follow-up study. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2021, 47, 191-199.	1.7	1
5	Job Strain as a Risk Factor for Peripheral Artery Disease: A Multi-Cohort Study. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2020, 9, e013538.	1.6	13
6	Association of Healthy Lifestyle With Years Lived Without Major Chronic Diseases. <i>JAMA Internal Medicine</i> , 2020, 180, 760.	2.6	140
7	Prospective Associations Between Working Time Arrangements and Psychiatric Treatment in Denmark: Protocol for a Cohort Study. <i>JMIR Research Protocols</i> , 2020, 9, e18236.	0.5	5
8	Shift work and use of psychotropic medicine: a follow-up study with register linkage. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2020, 46, 350-355.	1.7	10
9	Long working hours and stroke among employees in the general workforce of Denmark. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Public Health</i> , 2018, 46, 368-374.	1.2	23
10	Long Working Hours and Risk of Venous Thromboembolism. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2018, 29, e42-e44.	1.2	7
11	Long working hours and depressive symptoms: systematic review and meta-analysis of published studies and unpublished individual participant data. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2018, 44, 239-250.	1.7	135
12	Job strain as a risk factor for clinical depression: systematic review and meta-analysis with additional individual participant data. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2017, 47, 1342-1356.	2.7	314
13	Effort-Reward Imbalance at Work and Incident Coronary Heart Disease. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2017, 28, 619-626.	1.2	224
14	Changes in Allostatic Load during workplace reorganization. <i>Journal of Psychosomatic Research</i> , 2017, 103, 34-41.	1.2	10
15	Long working hours as a risk factor for atrial fibrillation: a multi-cohort study. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2017, 38, 2621-2628.	1.0	76
16	Long working hours and cancer risk: a multi-cohort study. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2016, 114, 813-818.	2.9	17
17	Job insecurity and risk of diabetes: a meta-analysis of individual participant data. <i>Cmaj</i> , 2016, 188, E447-E455.	0.9	47
18	Job Strain and the Risk of Stroke. <i>Stroke</i> , 2015, 46, 557-559.	1.0	97

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Long working hours and alcohol use: systematic review and meta-analysis of published studies and unpublished individual participant data. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2015, 350, g7772-g7772.	3.0	152
20	Long working hours, socioeconomic status, and the risk of incident type 2 diabetes: a meta-analysis of published and unpublished data from 222â€¹120 individuals. <i>Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology, the</i> , 2015, 3, 27-34.	5.5	197
21	Long working hours and risk of coronary heart disease and stroke: a systematic review and meta-analysis of published and unpublished data for 603â€¹838 individuals. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2015, 386, 1739-1746.	6.3	529
22	Workplace Re-organization and Changes in Physiological Stress Markers. <i>Occupational Medicine &amp; Health Affairs</i> , 2014, 02, .	0.1	1
23	Job strain and COPD exacerbations: an individual-participant meta-analysis. <i>European Respiratory Journal</i> , 2014, 44, 247-251.	3.1	11
24	Job strain and the risk of severe asthma exacerbations: a meta-analysis of individualâ€¹participant data from 100â€¹000 <scp>E</scp>uropean men and women. <i>Allergy: European Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2014, 69, 775-783.	2.7	18
25	Job Strain as a Risk Factor for Type 2 Diabetes: A Pooled Analysis of 124,808 Men and Women. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2014, 37, 2268-2275.	4.3	185
26	Is the association between high strain work and depressive symptoms modified by private life social support: a cohort study of 1,074 Danish employees?. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2014, 14, 698.	1.2	9
27	Job Strain and the Risk of Inflammatory Bowel Diseases: Individual-Participant Meta-Analysis of 95â€¹000 Men and Women. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e88711.	1.1	17
28	Perceived job insecurity as a risk factor for incident coronary heart disease: systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2013, 347, f4746-f4746.	3.0	181
29	Work stress and risk of cancer: meta-analysis of 5700 incident cancer events in 116 000 European men and women. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2013, 346, f165-f165.	3.0	112
30	Study protocol for examining job strain as a risk factor for severe unipolar depression in an individual participant meta-analysis of 14 European cohorts. <i>F1000Research</i> , 2013, 2, 233.	0.8	3
31	Job Strain as a Risk Factor for Leisure-Time Physical Inactivity: An Individual-Participant Meta-Analysis of Up to 170,000 Men and Women: The IPD-Work Consortium. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2012, 176, 1078-1089.	1.6	198
32	Job strain as a risk factor for coronary heart disease: a collaborative meta-analysis of individual participant data. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2012, 380, 1491-1497.	6.3	786
33	Effort reward imbalance, and salivary cortisol in the morning. <i>Biological Psychology</i> , 2012, 89, 342-348.	1.1	14
34	Job Strain and Tobacco Smoking: An Individual-Participant Data Meta-Analysis of 166 130 Adults in 15 European Studies. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e35463.	1.1	102
35	Job strain in relation to body mass index: pooled analysis of 160â€¹f000 adults from 13 cohort studies. <i>Journal of Internal Medicine</i> , 2012, 272, 65-73.	2.7	132
36	Job Strain and Alcohol Intake: A Collaborative Meta-Analysis of Individual-Participant Data from 140 000 Men and Women. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e40101.	1.1	93

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37	Effort reward imbalance is associated with vagal withdrawal in Danish public sector employees. <i>International Journal of Psychophysiology</i> , 2011, 81, 218-224.	0.5	15
38	Development of depressive symptoms and depression during organizational change – a two-year follow-up study of civil servants. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2010, 36, 445-448.	1.7	14
39	Workplace restructurings in intervention studies – a challenge for design, analysis and interpretation. <i>BMC Medical Research Methodology</i> , 2008, 8, 39.	1.4	41
40	Social inequalities in injury occurrence and in disability retirement attributable to injuries: a 5 year follow-up study of a 2.1 million gainfully employed people. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2007, 7, 215.	1.2	13
41	Prospective Analysis of Disability Retirement as a Consequence of Injuries in a Labour Force Population. <i>Journal of Occupational Rehabilitation</i> , 2007, 17, 11-18.	1.2	7
42	Analyzing sickness absence with statistical models for survival data. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2007, 33, 233-239.	1.7	45
43	Multilevel Analysis of Workplace and Individual Risk Factors for Long-Term Sickness Absence. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2006, 48, 923-929.	0.9	41
44	Psychosocial Work Environment Predictors of Short and Long Spells of Registered Sickness Absence During a 2-year Follow Up. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2006, 48, 591-598.	0.9	97
45	Psychosocial work environment and registered absence from work: Estimating the etiologic fraction. <i>American Journal of Industrial Medicine</i> , 2006, 49, 187-196.	1.0	34
46	Workplace Levels of Psychosocial Factors as Prospective Predictors of Registered Sickness Absence. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2005, 47, 933-940.	0.9	46
47	Impact of the psychosocial work environment on registered absence from work: A two-year longitudinal study using the IPAW cohort. <i>Work and Stress</i> , 2004, 18, 323-335.	2.8	59
48	Occupational Factors and 5-Year Weight Change Among Men in a Danish National Cohort.. <i>Health Psychology</i> , 2004, 23, 283-288.	1.3	67
49	The Intervention Project on Absence and Well-being (IPAW): Design and results from the baseline of a 5-year study. <i>Work and Stress</i> , 2002, 16, 191-206.	2.8	50
50	Life Expectancies Among Survivors of Acute Cerebrovascular Disease. <i>Stroke</i> , 2001, 32, 1739-1744.	1.0	28
51	The Danish psychosocial work environment and symptoms of stress: The main, mediating and moderating role of sense of coherence. <i>Work and Stress</i> , 2001, 15, 241-253.	2.8	101
52	Traffic-Related Air Pollution: Exposure and Health Effects in Copenhagen Street Cleaners and Cemetery Workers. <i>Archives of Environmental Health</i> , 1995, 50, 207-213.	0.4	51
53	Study protocol for examining job strain as a risk factor for severe unipolar depression in an individual participant meta-analysis of 14 European cohorts. <i>F1000Research</i> , 0, 2, 233.	0.8	1