

Wieland Fricke

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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67
papers

3,468
citations

101535

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all docs

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docs citations

71
times ranked

3321
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Salinity and night-time transpiration under current climate scenarios. <i>Advances in Botanical Research</i> , 2022, , 221-248.	1.1	0
2	Salt stress reduces root water uptake in barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i> L.) through modification of the transcellular transport path. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2021, 44, 458-475.	5.7	24
3	A redundant hydraulic function of root hairs in barley plants grown in hydroponics. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2021, 48, 448.	2.1	1
4	Apoplastic barriers, aquaporin gene expression and root and cell hydraulic conductivity in phosphate-limited sheepgrass plants. <i>Physiologia Plantarum</i> , 2020, 168, 118-132.	5.2	25
5	Energy costs of salt tolerance in crop plants. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2020, 225, 1072-1090.	7.3	284
6	Energy costs of salinity tolerance in crop plants: night-time transpiration and growth. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2020, 225, 1152-1165.	7.3	29
7	Photosynthetically active radiation impacts significantly on root and cell hydraulics in barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i> L.). <i>Physiologia Plantarum</i> , 2020, 170, 357-372.	5.2	7
8	Cortex cell hydraulic conductivity, endodermal apoplastic barriers and root hydraulics change in barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i> L.) in response to a low supply of N and P. <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2019, 124, 1091-1107.	2.9	18
9	Night-Time Transpiration – Favouring Growth?. <i>Trends in Plant Science</i> , 2019, 24, 311-317.	8.8	54
10	Zinc treatment of hydroponically grown barley plants causes a reduction in root and cell hydraulic conductivity and isoform-dependent decrease in aquaporin gene expression. <i>Physiologia Plantarum</i> , 2018, 164, 176-190.	5.2	31
11	The Pressure Is On – Epiphyte Water-Relations Altered Under Elevated CO ₂ . <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2018, 9, 1758.	3.6	5
12	Root and cell hydraulic conductivity, apoplastic barriers and aquaporin gene expression in barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i> L.) grown with low supply of potassium. <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2018, 122, 1131-1141.	2.9	27
13	Night-time transpiration in barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>) facilitates respiratory carbon dioxide release and is regulated during salt stress. <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2018, 122, 569-582.	2.9	30
14	Plant Aquaporins and Cell Elongation. <i>Signaling and Communication in Plants</i> , 2017, , 107-131.	0.7	5
15	Aquaporins and Root Water Uptake. <i>Signaling and Communication in Plants</i> , 2017, , 133-153.	0.7	47
16	Changes in root hydraulic conductivity facilitate the overall hydraulic response of rice (<i>Oryza sativa</i>) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 5	5.8	45
17	Water transport and energy. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2017, 40, 977-994.	5.7	42
18	Exogenous application of abscisic acid (ABA) increases root and cell hydraulic conductivity and abundance of some aquaporin isoforms in the ABA-deficient barley mutant Az34. <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2016, 118, 777-785.	2.9	58

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19	Rapid changes in root hydraulic conductivity and aquaporin expression in rice (<i>Oryza sativa</i> L.) in response to shoot removal – xylem tension as a possible signal. <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2016, 118, 809-819.	2.9	39
20	The significance of water co-transport for sustaining transpirational water flow in plants: a quantitative approach. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2015, 66, 731-739.	4.8	25
21	Limitation of Cell Elongation in Barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i> L.) Leaves Through Mechanical and Tissue-Hydraulic Properties. <i>Plant and Cell Physiology</i> , 2015, 56, 1364-1373.	3.1	7
22	Do root hydraulic properties change during the early vegetative stage of plant development in barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>)?. <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2014, 113, 385-402.	2.9	43
23	Root hydraulics in salt-stressed wheat. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2014, 41, 366.	2.1	17
24	Root Aquaporins. <i>Soil Biology</i> , 2014, , 269-296.	0.8	2
25	Plant Single Cell Sampling. , 2013, 953, 209-231.		2
26	Apoplast Acidification in Growing Barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i> L.) Leaves. <i>Journal of Plant Growth Regulation</i> , 2013, 32, 131-139.	5.1	9
27	Plasma membrane H ⁺ -ATPase gene expression, protein level and activity in growing and non-growing regions of barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>) leaves. <i>Physiologia Plantarum</i> , 2012, 144, 382-393.	5.2	10
28	Short-term control of maize cell and root water permeability through plasma membrane aquaporin isoforms. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2012, 35, 185-198.	5.7	127
29	Single-Cell Sampling and Analysis (SiCSA). , 2012, 913, 79-100.		1
30	Water uptake by seminal and adventitious roots in relation to whole-plant water flow in barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i> L.). <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2011, 62, 717-733.	4.8	105
31	Aquaporin-facilitated water uptake in barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i> L.) roots. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2011, 62, 4115-4126.	4.8	114
32	Developmental pattern of aquaporin expression in barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i> L.) leaves. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2011, 62, 4127-4142.	4.8	70
33	In planta function of compatible solute transporters of the AtProT family. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2011, 62, 787-796.	4.8	100
34	Root pressure and a solute reflection coefficient close to unity exclude a purely apoplastic pathway of radial water transport in barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>). <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2010, 187, 159-170.	7.3	100
35	Potassium channels in barley: cloning, functional characterization and expression analyses in relation to leaf growth and development. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2009, 32, 1761-1777.	5.7	70
36	Electrophysiological characterization of pathways for K ⁺ uptake into growing and non-growing leaf cells of barley. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2009, 32, 1778-1790.	5.7	14

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37	HvPIP1;6, a Barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i> L.) Plasma Membrane Water Channel Particularly Expressed in Growing Compared with Non-Growing Leaf Tissues. <i>Plant and Cell Physiology</i> , 2007, 48, 1132-1147.	3.1	44
38	Cuticular permeance in relation to wax and cutin development along the growing barley (<i>Hordeum</i>) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 5	3.2	53
39	Cloning and expression analysis of candidate genes involved in wax deposition along the growing barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>) leaf. <i>Planta</i> , 2007, 226, 1459-1473.	3.2	44
40	The short-term growth response to salt of the developing barley leaf. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2006, 57, 1079-1095.	4.8	150
41	Water permeability differs between growing and non-growing barley leaf tissues. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2006, 58, 377-390.	4.8	68
42	Solute and Water Relations of Growing Plant Cells. , 2006, , 7-31.		4
43	Salinity and the growth of non-halophytic grass leaves: the role of mineral nutrient distribution. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2005, 32, 973.	2.1	53
44	Cuticular wax deposition in growing barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>) leaves commences in relation to the point of emergence of epidermal cells from the sheaths of older leaves. <i>Planta</i> , 2005, 222, 472-483.	3.2	67
45	Rapid and tissue-specific changes in ABA and in growth rate in response to salinity in barley leaves. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2004, 55, 1115-1123.	4.8	195
46	Solute sorting in grass leaves: the transpiration stream. <i>Planta</i> , 2004, 219, 507-14.	3.2	11
47	Rapid and tissue-specific accumulation of solutes in the growth zone of barley leaves in response to salinity. <i>Planta</i> , 2004, 219, 515-25.	3.2	42
48	<i>Thellungiella halophila</i> , a salt-tolerant relative of <i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i> , possesses effective mechanisms to discriminate between potassium and sodium. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2004, 27, 1-14.	5.7	172
49	Biophysical Limitation of Cell Elongation in Cereal Leaves. <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2002, 90, 157-167.	2.9	71
50	The Biophysics of Leaf Growth in Salt-Stressed Barley. A Study at the Cell Level. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2002, 129, 374-388.	4.8	180
51	Biophysical limitation of leaf cell elongation in source-reduced barley. <i>Planta</i> , 2002, 215, 327-338.	3.2	18
52	Turgor pressure, membrane tension and the control of exocytosis in higher plants. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2000, 23, 999-1003.	5.7	30
53	Water movement between epidermal cells of barley leaves – a symplastic connection?. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2000, 23, 991-997.	5.7	19
54	XET-related genes and growth kinematics in barley leaves. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 1999, 22, 331-332.	5.7	6

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55	Control of leaf cell elongation in barley. Generation rates of osmotic pressure and turgor, and growth-associated water potential gradients. <i>Planta</i> , 1998, 206, 53-65.	3.2	54
56	Cell turgor, osmotic pressure and water potential in the upper epidermis of barley leaves in relation to cell location and in response to NaCl and air humidity. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 1997, 48, 45-58.	4.8	38
57	Why do leaves and leaf cells of N-limited barley elongate at reduced rates?. <i>Planta</i> , 1997, 202, 522-530.	3.2	82
58	Turgor-regulation during extension growth and osmotic stress of maize roots. An example of single-cell mapping. , 1997, , 11-21.		9
59	The intercellular distribution of vacuolar solutes in the epidermis and mesophyll of barley leaves changes in response to NaCl. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 1996, 47, 1413-1426.	4.8	84
60	Turgor-regulation during extension growth and osmotic stress of maize roots. An example of single-cell mapping. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 1996, 187, 11-21.	3.7	41
61	Mannitol and hexoses are components of Buller's drop. <i>Mycological Research</i> , 1995, 99, 833-838.	2.5	45
62	Vacuolar solutes in the upper epidermis of barley leaves. <i>Planta</i> , 1995, 196, 40.	3.2	44
63	Cells of the Upper and Lower Epidermis of Barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i> L.) Leaves Exhibit Distinct Patterns of Vacuolar Solute. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 1994, 104, 1201-1208.	4.8	35
64	Concentrations of inorganic and organic solutes in extracts from individual epidermal, mesophyll and bundle-sheath cells of barley leaves. <i>Planta</i> , 1994, 192, 310.	3.2	90
65	Epidermal solute concentrations and osmolality in barley leaves studied at the single-cell level. <i>Planta</i> , 1994, 192, 317.	3.2	38
66	Glutamine synthetase and glutamate synthase activities in high ammonium grown wheat cells. <i>Phytochemistry</i> , 1993, 34, 637-644.	2.9	8
67	Malate: A Possible Source of Error in the NAD Glutamate Dehydrogenase Assay. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 1992, 43, 1515-1518.	4.8	21