

Maria Ines Varela-Silva

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

39
papers

1,077
citations

566801

15
h-index

414034

32
g-index

40
all docs

40
docs citations

40
times ranked

1239
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Differences in nutritional status between rural and urban Yucatec Maya children: The importance of early life conditions. <i>American Journal of Biological Anthropology</i> , 2022, 178, 205-222.	0.6	2
2	Birth weight and body composition in 6- to 8-year-old Maya children. <i>American Journal of Human Biology</i> , 2021, 33, e23542.	0.8	4
3	The timing of adrenarche in Maya girls, Merida, Mexico. <i>American Journal of Human Biology</i> , 2021, 33, e23465.	0.8	5
4	Maternal Grandmothers' Household Residency, Children's Growth, and Body Composition Are Not Related in Urban Maya Families from Yucatan. <i>Human Nature</i> , 2021, 32, 434-449.	0.8	0
5	Birth weight, birth order, and age at first solid food introduction influence child growth and body composition in 6- to 8-year-old Maya children: The importance of the first 1000 days of life. <i>American Journal of Human Biology</i> , 2020, 32, e23385.	0.8	8
6	Globalization and Children's Diets: The Case of Yucatan, Mexico. , 2020, , 39-63.		5
7	The Urban Maya from Yucatan; Dealing with the Biological Burden of the Past and a Degenerative Present. , 2020, , 77-96.		1
8	Growth Stunting and Low Height-for-Age in the Yucatan Peninsula. , 2020, , 65-75.		2
9	Caesarean birth and adiposity parameters in 6- to 8-year-old urban Maya children from two cities of Yucatan, Mexico. <i>American Journal of Human Biology</i> , 2019, 31, e23217.	0.8	10
10	Body proportionality and adiposity are not related in 6- to 8-year-old Yucatec Maya children. <i>American Journal of Human Biology</i> , 2019, 31, e23254.	0.8	0
11	Body Mass Index in Mother and Child Dyads and its Association With Household Size and Parents' Education in 2 Urban Settings of Yucatan, Mexico. <i>Food and Nutrition Bulletin</i> , 2019, 40, 383-392.	0.5	5
12	Living conditions and change in age of menarche in adult Maya mothers and daughters from Yucatan, Mexico. <i>American Journal of Human Biology</i> , 2018, 30, e23087.	0.8	10
13	Associations between anthropometric indicators of adiposity and body fat percentage in normal weight young adults. <i>Anthropological Review</i> , 2018, 81, 174-181.	0.2	3
14	GROWING UP IN PORTUGAL: CAPE VERDEAN ANCESTRY CHILDREN EXHIBIT LOW OVERWEIGHT AND OBESITY COMPARED WITH PORTUGUESE IN URBAN LISBON. <i>Journal of Biosocial Science</i> , 2017, 49, 842-857.	0.5	2
15	Human biology of poverty. <i>Annals of Human Biology</i> , 2016, 43, 99-101.	0.4	2
16	Deep data science to prevent and treat growth faltering in Maya children. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2016, 70, 679-680.	1.3	8
17	Intergenerational changes in knee height among Maya mothers and their adult daughters from Merida, Mexico. <i>American Journal of Human Biology</i> , 2015, 27, 792-797.	0.8	9
18	Intergenerational influences on the growth of Maya children: The effect of living conditions experienced by mothers and maternal grandmothers during their childhood. <i>American Journal of Human Biology</i> , 2015, 27, 494-500.	0.8	10

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19	Globalization and children's diets: The case of Maya of Mexico and Central America. <i>Anthropological Review</i> , 2014, 77, 11-32.	0.2	34
20	Maternal short stature does not predict their children's fatness indicators in a nutritional dual-burden sample of urban Mexican Maya. <i>American Journal of Physical Anthropology</i> , 2014, 153, 627-634.	2.1	13
21	Socio-demographic and behavioral risk factors associated with the high prevalence of overweight and obesity in portuguese children. <i>American Journal of Human Biology</i> , 2013, 25, 733-742.	0.8	57
22	Nutritional status of Maya children, their mothers, and their grandmothers residing in the City of Merida, Mexico: Revisiting the leg-length hypothesis. <i>American Journal of Human Biology</i> , 2013, 25, 659-665.	0.8	33
23	Dietetic characteristics of a sample of Mayan dual burden households in Merida, Yucatan, Mexico. <i>Archivos Latinoamericanos De Nutricion</i> , 2013, 63, 209-17.	0.3	5
24	Fat free mass explains the relationship between stunting and energy expenditure in urban Mexican Maya children. <i>Annals of Human Biology</i> , 2012, 39, 432-439.	0.4	32
25	Leg Length and Anthropometric Applications: Effects on Health and Disease. , 2012, , 769-783.		4
26	The nutritional dual-burden in developing countries--how is it assessed and what are the health implications?. <i>Collegium Antropologicum</i> , 2012, 36, 39-45.	0.1	49
27	Logistics of using the Actiheart physical activity monitors in urban Mexico among 7-to 9-year-old children. <i>American Journal of Human Biology</i> , 2011, 23, 426-428.	0.8	6
28	How useful is BMI in predicting adiposity indicators in a sample of Maya children and women with high levels of stunting?. <i>American Journal of Human Biology</i> , 2011, 23, 780-789.	0.8	19
29	Leg Length, Body Proportion, and Health: A Review with a Note on Beauty. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2010, 7, 1047-1075.	1.2	284
30	Growth and nutritional status of Portuguese children from Lisbon, and their parents. Notes on time trends between 1971 and 2001. <i>Annals of Human Biology</i> , 2010, 37, 702-716.	0.4	8
31	Height and relative leg length as indicators of the quality of the environment among Mozambican juveniles and adolescents. <i>American Journal of Human Biology</i> , 2009, 21, 200-209.	0.8	30
32	Influence of maternal stature, pregnancy age, and infant birth weight on growth during childhood in Yucatan, Mexico: A test of the intergenerational effects hypothesis. <i>American Journal of Human Biology</i> , 2009, 21, 657-663.	0.8	103
33	Leg length, proportion, health and beauty: a review. <i>Anthropologischer Anzeiger</i> , 2009, 67, 439-459.	0.2	12
34	Fatness biases the use of estimated leg length as an epidemiological marker for adults in the NHANES III sample. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2008, 37, 201-209.	0.9	60
35	Life history trade-offs in human growth: Adaptation or pathology?. <i>American Journal of Human Biology</i> , 2007, 19, 631-642.	0.8	127
36	Behavioral, environmental, metabolic and intergenerational components of early life undernutrition leading to later obesity in developing nations and in minority groups in the U.S.A. <i>Collegium Antropologicum</i> , 2007, 31, 39-46.	0.1	21

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37	Economic and anthropological assessments of the health of children in Maya immigrant families in the US. <i>Economics and Human Biology</i> , 2003, 1, 145-160.	0.7	50
38	Anthropometric Variation and Health: A Biocultural Model of Human Growth. <i>Journal of Children S Health</i> , 2003, 1, 149-172.	0.3	16
39	Does Immigration Help or Harm Children's Health? The Mayan Case. <i>Social Science Quarterly</i> , 2002, 83, 994-1002.	0.9	26