Jean A Welsh

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3052544/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

44 papers 3,186 citations

20 h-index 36 g-index

44 all docs

44 docs citations

times ranked

44

4682 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Longitudinal associations of total and trunk fat in childhood and adolescence and risk of hepatic steatosis at 24 years. Pediatric Obesity, 2021, 16, e12773.	2.8	2
2	Associations between Free Sugar and Sugary Beverage Intake in Early Childhood and Adult NAFLD in a Population-Based UK Cohort. Children, 2021, 8, 290.	1.5	4
3	Associations of maternal diet and nutritional status with offspring hepatic steatosis in the Avon longitudinal study of parents and children. BMC Nutrition, 2021, 7, 28.	1.6	3
4	Dietary and Health Correlates of Sweetened Beverage Intake: Sources of Variability in the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES). Nutrients, 2021, 13, 2703.	4.1	4
5	Dietary sugar restriction reduces hepatic de novo lipogenesis in adolescent boys with fatty liver disease. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2021, 131, .	8.2	33
6	Production-related contaminants (pesticides, antibiotics and hormones) in organic and conventionally produced milk samples sold in the USA. Public Health Nutrition, 2019, 22, 2972-2980.	2.2	30
7	Effect of a Low Free Sugar Diet vs Usual Diet on Nonalcoholic Fatty Liver Disease in Adolescent Boys. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2019, 321, 256.	7.4	163
8	Truncalâ€toâ€leg fat ratio and cardiometabolic disease risk factors in US adolescents: NHANES 2003â€2006. Pediatric Obesity, 2019, 14, e12509.	2.8	12
9	Elementary school physical activity opportunities and physical fitness of students: A statewide cross-sectional study of schools. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0210444.	2.5	13
10	Trends in Low-Calorie Sweetener Consumption Among Pregnant Women in the United States. Current Developments in Nutrition, 2019, 3, nzz004.	0.3	20
11	Association of Sugary Beverage Consumption With Mortality Risk in US Adults. JAMA Network Open, 2019, 2, e193121.	5 . 9	90
12	Consumption of lowâ€calorie sweetened beverages is associated with higher total energy and sugar intake among children, NHANES 2011–2016. Pediatric Obesity, 2019, 14, e12535.	2.8	25
13	Associations of Added Sugar from All Sources and Sugar-Sweetened Beverages with Regional Fat Deposition in US Adolescents: NHANES 1999–2006. Current Developments in Nutrition, 2019, 3, nzz130.	0.3	4
14	Impact of a Georgia elementary school-based intervention on physical activity opportunities: A quasi-experimental study. Journal of Science and Medicine in Sport, 2019, 22, 191-195.	1.3	8
15	Impact of an American board of pediatrics maintenance of certification (MOC) on weight-related counseling at well-child check-ups. Patient Education and Counseling, 2019, 102, 113-118.	2.2	2
16	A randomized, controlled, crossover pilot study of losartan for pediatric nonalcoholic fatty liver disease. Pilot and Feasibility Studies, 2018, 4, 109.	1.2	19
17	Arsenic exposure and risk of nonalcoholic fatty liver disease (NAFLD) among U.S. adolescents and adults: an association modified by race/ethnicity, NHANES 2005–2014. Environmental Health, 2018, 17, 6.	4.0	69
18	A systematic review of the association between consumption of sugarâ€containing beverages and excess weight gain among children under age 12. Journal of Public Health Dentistry, 2017, 77, S43-S66.	1.2	47

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Intake of Added Sugars During the Early Toddler Period. Nutrition Today, 2017, 52, S60-S68.	1.0	13
20	Added Sugars and Cardiovascular Disease Risk in Children: A Scientific Statement From the American Heart Association. Circulation, 2017, 135, e1017-e1034.	1.6	380
21	The Impact of Parents' Categorization of Their Own Weight and Their Child's Weight on Healthy Lifestyle Promoting Beliefs and Practices. Journal of Obesity, 2015, 2015, 1-7.	2.7	20
22	Usual Intake of Added Sugars and Lipid Profiles Among the U.S. Adolescents: National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, 2005–2010. Journal of Adolescent Health, 2015, 56, 352-359.	2.5	23
23	Changing Beverage Consumption Patterns Have Resulted in Fewer Liquid Calories in the Diets of US Children: National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 2001-2010. Journal of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics, 2015, 115, 559-566.e4.	0.8	83
24	Brief Training in Patient-Centered Counseling for Healthy Weight Management Increases Counseling Self-efficacy and Goal Setting Among Pediatric Primary Care Providers. Clinical Pediatrics, 2015, 54, 425-429.	0.8	18
25	Replacement of Sugarâ€Sweetened Beverages with Water and its Impact on Insulin Sensitivity Among Overweight Adolescents and Young Adults. FASEB Journal, 2015, 29, 584.12.	0.5	0
26	Liquid vs. Solid Added Sugar Intake and Measures of Adiposity Among U.S. Teens. FASEB Journal, 2015, 29, LB297.	0.5	0
27	Pregnancy Weight Management among Women's Health Providers: Knowledge, Perceptions and Practices. FASEB Journal, 2015, 29, 908.2.	0.5	0
28	Knowledge and Behaviors Related to Current Diet and Physical Activity Guidelines and Recommendations among African American Parents of Young Children. FASEB Journal, 2015, 29, 911.9.	0.5	0
29	Impact of Reducing Sugarâ€Sweetened Beverage Consumption on Total Calorie and Sugar Intake. FASEB Journal, 2015, 29, 584.14.	0.5	0
30	Challenges and Successes of a Multidisciplinary Pediatric Obesity Treatment Program. Nutrition in Clinical Practice, 2014, 29, 780-785.	2.4	13
31	Consumption of Less Than 10% of Total Energy From Added Sugars is Associated With Increasing HDL in Females During Adolescence: A Longitudinal Analysis. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2014, 3, e000615.	3.7	29
32	Increasing Prevalence of Nonalcoholic Fatty Liver Disease Among United States Adolescents, 1988-1994 to 2007-2010. Journal of Pediatrics, 2013, 162, 496-500.e1.	1.8	401
33	The sugar-sweetened beverage wars. Current Opinion in Endocrinology, Diabetes and Obesity, 2013, 20, 401-406.	2.3	46
34	Fructose reduction improves CVD risk in adolescents with NAFLD. FASEB Journal, 2013, 27, 857.11.	0.5	0
35	Low-calorie sweetener consumption is increasing in the United States. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2012, 96, 640-646.	4.7	173
36	Children with NAFLD Are More Sensitive to the Adverse Metabolic Effects of Fructose Beverages than Children without NAFLD. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2012, 97, E1088-E1098.	3.6	70

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	The Role of Added Sugars in Pediatric Obesity. Pediatric Clinics of North America, 2011, 58, 1455-1466.	1.8	67
38	Reply to BP Marriott et al. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2011, 94, 1653.	4.7	0
39	Consumption of added sugars is decreasing in the United States. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2011, 94, 726-734.	4.7	356
40	Consumption of Added Sugars and Indicators of Cardiovascular Disease Risk Among US Adolescents. Circulation, 2011, 123, 249-257.	1.6	228
41	Caloric Sweetener Consumption and Dyslipidemia Among US Adults. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2010, 303, 1490.	7.4	229
42	Dietary fructose consumption among US children and adults: the Third National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey. Medscape Journal of Medicine, 2008, 10, 160.	0.6	244
43	Overweight Among Low-Income Preschool Children Associated With the Consumption of Sweet Drinks: Missouri, 1999-2002. Pediatrics, 2005, 115, e223-e229.	2.1	244
44	Impact of a Brief Training on Motivational Interviewing and the 5A's Approach on Weightâ€Related Counseling Practices of Pediatricians. Obesity Science and Practice, 0, , .	1.9	1