

Lisa M Mcandrew

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3042067/lisa-m-mcandrew-publications-by-year.pdf>

Version: 2024-04-28

This document has been generated based on the publications and citations recorded by exaly.com. For the latest version of this publication list, visit the link given above.

The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

52
papers

827
citations

16
h-index

27
g-index

60
ext. papers

983
ext. citations

3.6
avg, IF

4.01
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
52	Under-recognition of medically unexplained symptom conditions among US Veterans with Gulf War Illness. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021 , 16, e0259341	3.7	0
51	Understanding VeteransTCausal Attributions of Physical Symptoms. <i>International Journal of Behavioral Medicine</i> , 2021 , 28, 299-307	2.6	0
50	Rapid review of virus risk communication interventions: Directions for COVID-19. <i>Patient Education and Counseling</i> , 2021 , 104, 1834-1859	3.1	5
49	Symptom attribution to a medically unexplained syndrome is associated with greater perceived severity and bothersomeness of symptoms in US military veterans. <i>Psychology and Health</i> , 2021 , 1-18	2.9	0
48	Veterans with Gulf War Illness perceptions of management strategies. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 2021 , 279, 119219	6.8	1
47	Protocol for a type 1 hybrid effectiveness/implementation clinical trial of collaborative specialty care for Veterans with Gulf War Illness. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 2021 , 292, 120004	6.8	
46	"Because the country, it seems though, has turned their back on me": Experiences of institutional betrayal among veterans living with Gulf War Illness. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2021 , 284, 114211	5.1	4
45	Healthcare providersTperceived learning needs and barriers to providing care for chronic multisymptom illness and environmental exposure concerns. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 2021 , 284, 119757	6.8	2
44	Interrelationships between symptom burden and health functioning and health care utilization among veterans with persistent physical symptoms. <i>BMC Family Practice</i> , 2020 , 21, 124	2.6	0
43	Are Common Sense Model constructs and self-efficacy simultaneously correlated with self-management behaviors and health outcomes: A systematic review. <i>Health Psychology Open</i> , 2020 , 7, 2055102919898846	1.9	13
42	Doctor Recommendations are Related to Patient Interest and Use of Behavioral Treatment for Chronic Pain and Addiction. <i>Journal of Pain</i> , 2020 , 21, 979-987	5.2	3
41	Mutual maintenance of PTSD and physical symptoms for Veterans returning from deployment. <i>Hgre Utbildning</i> , 2019 , 10, 1608717	5	13
40	Coping with Medically Unexplained Physical Symptoms: the Role of Illness Beliefs and Behaviors. <i>International Journal of Behavioral Medicine</i> , 2019 , 26, 665-672	2.6	8
39	Cultural incongruity predicts adjustment to college for student veterans. <i>Journal of Counseling Psychology</i> , 2019 , 66, 678-689	3.6	3
38	Medically Unexplained Physical Symptoms: What They Are and Why Counseling Psychologists Should Care about Them. <i>Counseling Psychologist</i> , 2019 , 47, 741-769	1.9	5
37	Empirical Evaluation of VeteransTPerceived Non-Concordance with Providers Regarding Medically Unexplained Symptoms. <i>Counseling Psychologist</i> , 2019 , 47, 770-795	1.9	2
36	Introducing the System for Observing Medical Alliances (SOMA): A Tool for Studying Concordance in Patient-Physician Relationships. <i>Counseling Psychologist</i> , 2019 , 47, 796-819	1.9	2

35	Using the common-sense model to understand health outcomes for medically unexplained symptoms: a meta-analysis. <i>Health Psychology Review</i> , 2019 , 13, 427-446	7.1	17
34	Helpful ways providers can communicate about persistent medically unexplained physical symptoms. <i>BMC Family Practice</i> , 2019 , 20, 13	2.6	7
33	Developing a Problem-Solving Treatment for Gulf War Illness: Cognitive Rehabilitation of Veterans with Complex Post-Deployment Health Concerns. <i>Clinical Social Work Journal</i> , 2018 , 46, 100-109	1.7	9
32	Longitudinal relationship between onset of physical symptoms and functional impairment. <i>Journal of Behavioral Medicine</i> , 2018 , 41, 819-826	3.6	2
31	The Common Sense of Counseling Psychology: Introducing the Common-Sense Model of Self-Regulation. <i>Counselling Psychology Quarterly</i> , 2018 , 31, 497-512	2.5	6
30	Management of Skin and Soft-Tissue Infections Before and After Clinical Pathway Implementation. <i>Clinical Pediatrics</i> , 2018 , 57, 660-666	1.2	4
29	Telephone-Based versus In-Person Delivery of Cognitive Behavioral Treatment for Veterans with Chronic Multisymptom Illness: A Controlled, Randomized Trial. <i>Military Behavioral Health</i> , 2018 , 6, 56-65	0.6	3
28	Chronic Multisymptom Illness Among Iraq/Afghanistan-Deployed US Veterans and Their Healthcare Utilization Within the Veterans Health Administration. <i>Journal of General Internal Medicine</i> , 2018 , 33, 1419-1422	4	4
27	High healthcare utilization near the onset of medically unexplained symptoms. <i>Journal of Psychosomatic Research</i> , 2017 , 98, 98-105	4.1	19
26	Evaluating challenges for improving medically unexplained symptoms in US military veterans via provider communication. <i>Patient Education and Counseling</i> , 2017 , 100, 1580-1587	3.1	6
25	Less Engagement in Pleasure Activities is associated with poorer quality of life for Veterans with Comorbid Post-Deployment Conditions. <i>Military Psychology</i> , 2017 , 29, 74-81	0.9	2
24	Resilience during war: Better unit cohesion and reductions in avoidant coping are associated with better mental health function after combat deployment. <i>Psychological Trauma: Theory, Research, Practice, and Policy</i> , 2017 , 9, 52-61	7.8	16
23	Iraq and Afghanistan Veterans report symptoms consistent with chronic multisymptom illness one year after deployment. <i>Journal of Rehabilitation Research and Development</i> , 2016 , 53, 59-70		31
22	Fibromyalgia syndrome care of Iraq- and Afghanistan-deployed Veterans in Veterans Health Administration. <i>Journal of Rehabilitation Research and Development</i> , 2016 , 53, 45-58		8
21	Risk of hospitalization due to motor vehicle crashes among Iraq and Afghanistan War Veterans diagnosed with traumatic brain injury. <i>NeuroRehabilitation</i> , 2016 , 39, 351-61	2	4
20	Comparison of the functional health limitations of Iraq or Afghanistan Veterans to Desert Shield/Storm Veterans with chronic fatigue syndrome. <i>Military Behavioral Health</i> , 2016 , 4, 299-306	0.6	11
19	Chronic multisymptom illness among female Veterans deployed to Iraq and Afghanistan. <i>Medical Care</i> , 2015 , 53, S143-8	3.1	10
18	Sleep problems may mediate associations between rumination and PTSD and depressive symptoms among OIF/OEF veterans. <i>Psychological Trauma: Theory, Research, Practice, and Policy</i> , 2015 , 7, 76-84	7.8	29

17	Using the common sense model of self-regulation to understand the relationship between symptom reporting and trait negative affect. <i>International Journal of Behavioral Medicine</i> , 2014 , 21, 989-994	2.6	19
16	What pre-deployment and early post-deployment factors predict health function after combat deployment?: a prospective longitudinal study of Operation Enduring Freedom (OEF)/Operation Iraqi Freedom (OIF) soldiers. <i>Health and Quality of Life Outcomes</i> , 2013 , 11, 73	3	25
15	Self-reported stressors of National Guard women veterans before and after deployment: the relevance of interpersonal relationships. <i>Journal of General Internal Medicine</i> , 2013 , 28 Suppl 2, S549-554	4	15
14	Challenges to healthy eating for people with diabetes in a low-income, minority neighborhood. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2013 , 36, 2895-901	14.6	30
13	The impact of self-monitoring of blood glucose on a behavioral weight loss intervention for patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>The Diabetes Educator</i> , 2013 , 39, 397-405	2.5	17
12	Using the Common Sense Model of Self-regulation to review the effects of self-monitoring of blood glucose on glycemic control for non-insulin-treated adults with type 2 diabetes. <i>The Diabetes Educator</i> , 2013 , 39, 541-59	2.5	25
11	Rumination moderates the associations between PTSD and depressive symptoms and risky behaviors in U. S. veterans. <i>Journal of Traumatic Stress</i> , 2012 , 25, 583-6	3.8	23
10	A retrospective cohort study of U.S. service members returning from Afghanistan and Iraq: is physical health worsening over time?. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2012 , 12, 1124	4.1	15
9	Verbal learning and memory in older adults with minor and major depression. <i>Archives of Clinical Neuropsychology</i> , 2012 , 27, 196-207	2.7	19
8	Environmental exposure and health of Operation Enduring Freedom/Operation Iraqi Freedom veterans. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2012 , 54, 665-9	2	24
7	Prevalence of environmental and other military exposure concerns in Operation Enduring Freedom and Operation Iraqi Freedom veterans. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2012 , 54, 659-64	2	18
6	Organizational psychosocial factors and deployment-related exposure concerns in Afghanistan/Iraq War veterans. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2012 , 54, 670-6	2	4
5	Association between self-monitoring of blood glucose and diet among minority patients with diabetes. <i>Journal of Diabetes</i> , 2011 , 3, 147-52	3.8	11
4	Factors related to perceived diabetes control are not related to actual glucose control for minority patients with diabetes. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2010 , 33, 736-8	14.6	15
3	When, why and for whom there is a relationship between physical activity and menopause symptoms. <i>Maturitas</i> , 2009 , 64, 119-25	5	50
2	Using the common sense model to design interventions for the prevention and management of chronic illness threats: from description to process. <i>British Journal of Health Psychology</i> , 2008 , 13, 195-204	8.3	172
1	Does patient blood glucose monitoring improve diabetes control? A systematic review of the literature. <i>The Diabetes Educator</i> , 2007 , 33, 991-1011; discussion 1012-3	2.5	76