

Judd E Hollander

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412
papers

22,601
citations

75
h-index

136
g-index

444
ext. papers

25,389
ext. citations

4
avg, IF

6.49
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
412	Rapid measurement of B-type natriuretic peptide in the emergency diagnosis of heart failure. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2002 , 347, 161-7	59.2	2595
411	B-type natriuretic peptide and clinical judgment in emergency diagnosis of heart failure: analysis from Breathing Not Properly (BNP) Multinational Study. <i>Circulation</i> , 2002 , 106, 416-22	16.7	692
410	Cognitive therapy for the prevention of suicide attempts: a randomized controlled trial. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2005 , 294, 563-70	27.4	660
409	CT angiography for safe discharge of patients with possible acute coronary syndromes. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2012 , 366, 1393-403	59.2	511
408	B-type natriuretic peptide and renal function in the diagnosis of heart failure: an analysis from the Breathing Not Properly Multinational Study. <i>American Journal of Kidney Diseases</i> , 2003 , 41, 571-9	7.4	401
407	Emergency department crowding is associated with poor care for patients with severe pain. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2008 , 51, 1-5	2.1	398
406	Bedside B-Type natriuretic peptide in the emergency diagnosis of heart failure with reduced or preserved ejection fraction. Results from the Breathing Not Properly Multinational Study. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2003 , 41, 2010-7	15.1	360
405	Primary results of the Rapid Emergency Department Heart Failure Outpatient Trial (REDHOT). A multicenter study of B-type natriuretic peptide levels, emergency department decision making, and outcomes in patients presenting with shortness of breath. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2004 , 44, 1328-33	15.1	351
404	Management of cocaine-associated chest pain and myocardial infarction: a scientific statement from the American Heart Association Acute Cardiac Care Committee of the Council on Clinical Cardiology. <i>Circulation</i> , 2008 , 117, 1897-907	16.7	276
403	Aortoesophageal fistula: a comprehensive review of the literature. <i>American Journal of Medicine</i> , 1991 , 91, 279-87	2.4	246
402	The effect of emergency department crowding on patient satisfaction for admitted patients. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2008 , 15, 825-31	3.4	238
401	What is an acceptable risk of major adverse cardiac event in chest pain patients soon after discharge from the Emergency Department?: a clinical survey. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2013 , 166, 752-4	3.2	235
400	BNP Consensus Panel 2004: A clinical approach for the diagnostic, prognostic, screening, treatment monitoring, and therapeutic roles of natriuretic peptides in cardiovascular diseases. <i>Congestive Heart Failure</i> , 2004 , 10, 1-30		230
399	Diagnosis of acute aortic dissection by D-dimer: the International Registry of Acute Aortic Dissection Substudy on Biomarkers (IRAD-Bio) experience. <i>Circulation</i> , 2009 , 119, 2702-7	16.7	227
398	The impact of emergency department crowding measures on time to antibiotics for patients with community-acquired pneumonia. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2007 , 50, 510-6	2.1	220
397	Wound registry: development and validation. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1995 , 25, 675-85	2.1	218
396	Sexual dysfunction and cardiac risk (the Second Princeton Consensus Conference). <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2005 , 96, 313-21	3	216

395	The management of cocaine-associated myocardial ischemia. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 1995 , 333, 1267-72	59.2	213
394	The association between emergency department crowding and adverse cardiovascular outcomes in patients with chest pain. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2009 , 16, 617-25	3.4	210
393	Prospective multicenter evaluation of cocaine-associated chest pain. Cocaine Associated Chest Pain (COCHPA) Study Group. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 1994 , 1, 330-9	3.4	210
392	How obesity affects the cut-points for B-type natriuretic peptide in the diagnosis of acute heart failure. Results from the Breathing Not Properly Multinational Study. <i>American Heart Journal</i> , 2006 , 151, 999-1005	4.9	205
391	Patient Perceptions of Telehealth Primary Care Video Visits. <i>Annals of Family Medicine</i> , 2017 , 15, 225-229	3.9	190
390	Application of the TIMI risk score for unstable angina and non-ST elevation acute coronary syndrome to an unselected emergency department chest pain population. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2006 , 13, 13-8	3.4	190
389	Impact of age, race, and sex on the ability of B-type natriuretic peptide to aid in the emergency diagnosis of heart failure: results from the Breathing Not Properly (BNP) multinational study. <i>American Heart Journal</i> , 2004 , 147, 1078-84	4.9	190
388	The association between emergency department crowding and hospital performance on antibiotic timing for pneumonia and percutaneous intervention for myocardial infarction. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2006 , 13, 873-8	3.4	180
387	A prospective, multicenter derivation of a biomarker panel to assess risk of organ dysfunction, shock, and death in emergency department patients with suspected sepsis. <i>Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2009 , 37, 96-104	1.4	173
386	Evaluation and management of traumatic lacerations. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 1997 , 337, 1142-8	39.2	163
385	Assessment of airway visualization: validation of the percentage of glottic opening (POGO) scale. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 1998 , 5, 919-23	3.4	162
384	The cyanoacrylate topical skin adhesives. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2008 , 26, 490-6	2.9	161
383	Prospective validation of the Thrombolysis in Myocardial Infarction Risk Score in the emergency department chest pain population. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2006 , 48, 252-9	2.1	161
382	IFCC educational materials on selected analytical and clinical applications of high sensitivity cardiac troponin assays. <i>Clinical Biochemistry</i> , 2015 , 48, 201-3	3.5	158
381	Gender disparity in analgesic treatment of emergency department patients with acute abdominal pain. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2008 , 15, 414-8	3.4	152
380	Development and validation of a novel scar evaluation scale. <i>Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery</i> , 2007 , 120, 1892-1897	2.7	141
379	Laceration management. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1999 , 34, 356-67	2.1	132
378	Cocaine-induced myocardial infarction: an analysis and review of the literature. <i>Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1992 , 10, 169-77	1.5	131

377	Assessment of laryngeal view: percentage of glottic opening score vs Cormack and Lehane grading. <i>Canadian Journal of Anaesthesia</i> , 1999 , 46, 987-90	3	129
376	Coronary computed tomographic angiography for rapid discharge of low-risk patients with potential acute coronary syndromes. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2009 , 53, 295-304	2.1	128
375	Copeptin helps in the early detection of patients with acute myocardial infarction: primary results of the CHOPIN trial (Copeptin Helps in the early detection Of Patients with acute myocardial INfarction). <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2013 , 62, 150-160	15.1	127
374	Impact of atrial fibrillation on the diagnostic performance of B-type natriuretic peptide concentration in dyspneic patients: an analysis from the breathing not properly multinational study. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2005 , 46, 838-44	15.1	126
373	Relationship between obesity and B-type natriuretic peptide levels. <i>Archives of Internal Medicine</i> , 2004 , 164, 2247-52		123
372	Closure of lacerations and incisions with octylcyanoacrylate: a multicenter randomized controlled trial. <i>Surgery</i> , 2002 , 131, 270-6	3.6	120
371	Prospective, randomized, controlled trial of tissue adhesive (2-octylcyanoacrylate) vs standard wound closure techniques for laceration repair. Stony Brook Octylcyanoacrylate Study Group. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 1998 , 5, 94-9	3.4	112
370	The financial burden of emergency department congestion and hospital crowding for chest pain patients awaiting admission. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2005 , 45, 110-7	2.1	112
369	2013 ACCF/AHA key data elements and definitions for measuring the clinical management and outcomes of patients with acute coronary syndromes and coronary artery disease: a report of the American College of Cardiology Foundation/American Heart Association Task Force on Clinical Data Standards (Writing Committee to Develop Acute Coronary Syndromes and Coronary Artery Disease Clinical Data Standards). <i>Circulation</i> , 2013 , 127, 1957-89	16.7	111
368	Uncovering heart failure in patients with a history of pulmonary disease: rationale for the early use of B-type natriuretic peptide in the emergency department. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2003 , 10, 198-204	3.4	111
367	Validation of a brief observation period for patients with cocaine-associated chest pain. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2003 , 348, 510-7	59.2	109
366	Head-elevated laryngoscopy position: improving laryngeal exposure during laryngoscopy by increasing head elevation. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2003 , 41, 322-30	2.1	106
365	Identifying patients for early discharge: performance of decision rules among patients with acute chest pain. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2013 , 168, 795-802	3.2	104
364	Diagnostic value of B-Type natriuretic peptide and chest radiographic findings in patients with acute dyspnea. <i>American Journal of Medicine</i> , 2004 , 116, 363-8	2.4	104
363	One-year outcomes following coronary computerized tomographic angiography for evaluation of emergency department patients with potential acute coronary syndrome. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2009 , 16, 693-8	3.4	101
362	The effect of physician risk tolerance and the presence of an observation unit on decision making for ED patients with chest pain. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2010 , 28, 771-9	2.9	100
361	Standardized reporting guidelines for studies evaluating risk stratification of emergency department patients with potential acute coronary syndromes. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2004 , 44, 589-598	2.1	100
360	The diagnostic accuracy of plasma neutrophil gelatinase-associated lipocalin in the prediction of acute kidney injury in emergency department patients with suspected sepsis. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2010 , 56, 52-59.e1	2.1	99

359	Sexual dysfunction and cardiac risk (the Second Princeton Consensus Conference). <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2005 , 96, 85M-93M	3	99
358	Cocaine-associated chest pain: how common is myocardial infarction?. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2000 , 7, 873-7	3.4	98
357	SCCT guidelines on the use of coronary computed tomographic angiography for patients presenting with acute chest pain to the emergency department: a report of the Society of Cardiovascular Computed Tomography Guidelines Committee. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Computed Tomography</i> , 2014 , 8, 654-72	2.8	95
356	Practical implementation of the guidelines for unstable angina/non-ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction in the emergency department: a scientific statement from the American Heart Association Council on Clinical Cardiology (Subcommittee on Acute Cardiac Care), Council on Cardiovascular Nursing, and Quality of Care and Outcomes Research Interdisciplinary Working Group. <i>Circulation</i> , 2014 , 129, 1053-62	16.7	95
355	TOX-ACLS: toxicologic-oriented advanced cardiac life support. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2001 , 37, S78-90	2.1	95
354	Cocaine-Associated Myocardial Infarction. <i>Archives of Internal Medicine</i> , 1995 , 155, 1081		95
353	Diagnostic accuracy of the TIMI risk score in patients with chest pain in the emergency department: a meta-analysis. <i>Cmaj</i> , 2010 , 182, 1039-44	3.5	94
352	A randomized, controlled trial of a simple emergency department intervention to improve the rate of primary care follow-up for patients with acute asthma exacerbations. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2001 , 38, 115-22	2.1	93
351	Chest pain associated with cocaine: an assessment of prevalence in suburban and urban emergency departments. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1995 , 26, 671-6	2.1	93
350	A neural computational aid to the diagnosis of acute myocardial infarction. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2002 , 39, 366-73	2.1	91
349	The association between emergency department crowding and analgesia administration in acute abdominal pain patients. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2009 , 16, 603-8	3.4	88
348	The Internet Tracking Registry of Acute Coronary Syndromes (i*trACS): a multicenter registry of patients with suspicion of acute coronary syndromes reported using the standardized reporting guidelines for emergency department chest pain studies. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2006 , 48, 466-77	2.1	88
347	Risk factors for infection in patients with traumatic lacerations. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2001 , 8, 716-20	3.4	87
346	Racial disparities in emergency department length of stay for admitted patients in the United States. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2009 , 16, 403-10	3.4	85
345	Incremental benefit of individual American College of Surgeons trauma triage criteria. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 1996 , 3, 992-1000	3.4	85
344	Pretest probability assessment derived from attribute matching. <i>BMC Medical Informatics and Decision Making</i> , 2005 , 5, 26	3.6	82
343	2013 ACCF/AHA key data elements and definitions for measuring the clinical management and outcomes of patients with acute coronary syndromes and coronary artery disease: a report of the American College of Cardiology Foundation/American Heart Association Task Force on clinical data standards (writing committee to develop acute coronary syndromes and coronary artery disease comprehensive standardized data definitions for acute coronary syndrome research in emergency departments in Australasia. <i>EMA - Emergency Medicine Australasia</i> , 2010 , 22, 35-55	15.1	81
342	Comprehensive standardized data definitions for acute coronary syndrome research in emergency departments in Australasia. <i>EMA - Emergency Medicine Australasia</i> , 2010 , 22, 35-55	1.5	81

341	The role of cardiac risk factor burden in diagnosing acute coronary syndromes in the emergency department setting. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2007 , 49, 145-52, 152.e1	2.1	81
340	Patient returns to the emergency department: the time-to-return curve. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2014 , 21, 864-71	3.4	79
339	Combination of Goldman risk and initial cardiac troponin I for emergency department chest pain patient risk stratification. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2001 , 8, 696-702	3.4	76
338	Return visits to the emergency department: the patient perspective. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015 , 65, 377-386.e3	2.1	75
337	Shared decision making in patients with low risk chest pain: prospective randomized pragmatic trial. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2016 , 355, i6165	5.9	75
336	Randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial of diazepam, nitroglycerin, or both for treatment of patients with potential cocaine-associated acute coronary syndromes. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2000 , 7, 878-85	3.4	75
335	Predictors of elevated B-type natriuretic peptide concentrations in dyspneic patients without heart failure: an analysis from the breathing not properly multinational study. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2005 , 45, 573-80	2.1	73
334	N-Terminal Pro-B-Type Natriuretic Peptide in the Emergency Department: The ICON-RELOADED Study. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2018 , 71, 1191-1200	15.1	72
333	Management of lacerations in the emergency department. <i>Emergency Medicine Clinics of North America</i> , 2003 , 21, 205-31	1.9	72
332	A multicenter randomized controlled trial comparing central laboratory and point-of-care cardiac marker testing strategies: the Disposition Impacted by Serial Point of Care Markers in Acute Coronary Syndromes (DISPO-ACS) trial. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2009 , 53, 321-8	2.1	70
331	The association between physician risk tolerance and imaging use in abdominal pain. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2009 , 27, 552-7	2.9	70
330	Primary closure of mammalian bites. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2000 , 7, 157-61	3.4	70
329	Comparison of plain, warmed, and buffered lidocaine for anesthesia of traumatic wounds. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1995 , 26, 121-5	2.1	70
328	Efficacy of High-Sensitivity Troponin T in Identifying Very-Low-Risk Patients With Possible Acute Coronary Syndrome. <i>JAMA Cardiology</i> , 2018 , 3, 104-111	16.2	69
327	Effect of recent cocaine use on the specificity of cardiac markers for diagnosis of acute myocardial infarction. <i>American Heart Journal</i> , 1998 , 135, 245-52	4.9	68
326	Cocaine-associated chest pain: one-year follow-up. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 1995 , 2, 179-84	3.4	66
325	Preliminary experience with the smooth muscle troponin-like protein, calponin, as a novel biomarker for diagnosing acute aortic dissection. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2008 , 29, 1439-45	9.5	65
324	National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute working group on emergency department management of acute heart failure: research challenges and opportunities. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2010 , 56, 343-51	15.1	64

323	Drug screening versus history in detection of substance use in ED psychiatric patients. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2001 , 19, 49-51	2.9	63
322	Computed tomography coronary angiography for rapid disposition of low-risk emergency department patients with chest pain syndromes. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2007 , 14, 112-6	3.4	62
321	Alternating day emergency medicine and anesthesia resident responsibility for management of the trauma airway: a study of laryngoscopy performance and intubation success. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2004 , 43, 48-53	2.1	62
320	ED crowding is associated with variable perceptions of care compromise. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2007 , 14, 1176-81	3.4	61
319	A neural network aid for the early diagnosis of cardiac ischemia in patients presenting to the emergency department with chest pain. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2002 , 40, 575-83	2.1	61
318	Cocaine-associated myocardial infarction. Clinical safety of thrombolytic therapy. Cocaine Associated Myocardial Infarction (CAMI) Study Group. <i>Chest</i> , 1995 , 107, 1237-41	5.3	61
317	Standardized reporting guidelines for studies evaluating risk stratification of ED patients with potential acute coronary syndromes. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2004 , 11, 1331-40	3.4	60
316	Pressure dynamics of various irrigation techniques commonly used in the emergency department. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1994 , 24, 36-40	2.1	60
315	Enhancing the value of journal club: use of a structured review instrument. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1996 , 14, 561-3	2.9	59
314	Nitroglycerin in the treatment of cocaine associated chest pain--clinical safety and efficacy. <i>Journal of Toxicology: Clinical Toxicology</i> , 1994 , 32, 243-56		59
313	Door-to-ECG time in patients with chest pain presenting to the ED. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2006 , 24, 1-7	2.9	58
312	Clinical safety of lidocaine in patients with cocaine-associated myocardial infarction. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1995 , 26, 702-6	2.1	58
311	Illicit stimulant use in a United States heart failure population presenting to the emergency department (from the Acute Decompensated Heart Failure National Registry Emergency Module). <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2008 , 102, 1216-9	3	57
310	B-type natriuretic peptide and echocardiographic determination of ejection fraction in the diagnosis of congestive heart failure in patients with acute dyspnea. <i>Chest</i> , 2005 , 128, 21-9	5.3	57
309	Irrigation in facial and scalp lacerations: does it alter outcome?. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1998 , 31, 73-7	2.1	56
308	The impact of trauma activations on the care of emergency department patients with potential acute coronary syndromes. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2006 , 48, 347-53	2.1	56
307	Is the initial diagnostic impression of "noncardiac chest pain" adequate to exclude cardiac disease?. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2004 , 44, 565-74	2.1	56
306	Uncovering Heart Failure in Patients with a History of Pulmonary Disease: Rationale for the Early Use of B-type Natriuretic Peptide in the Emergency Department. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2003 , 10, 198-204	3.4	56

305	"Abnormal" electrocardiograms in patients with cocaine-associated chest pain are due to "normal" variants. <i>Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1994 , 12, 199-205	1.5	56
304	Early management of patients with acute heart failure: state of the art and future directions. A consensus document from the society for academic emergency medicine/heart failure society of America acute heart failure working group. <i>Journal of Cardiac Failure</i> , 2015 , 21, 27-43	3.3	55
303	Diagnostic accuracy of clinical prediction rules to exclude acute coronary syndrome in the emergency department setting: a systematic review. <i>Canadian Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2008 , 10, 373-82	0.6	55
302	Practical implementation of the Guidelines for Unstable Angina/Non-ST-Segment Elevation Myocardial Infarction in the emergency department. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2005 , 46, 185-97	2.1	55
301	Academic associate program: integrating clinical emergency medicine research with undergraduate education. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 1997 , 4, 225-30	3.4	54
300	Patient priorities with traumatic lacerations. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2000 , 18, 683-6	2.9	54
299	State-of-the-Art Evaluation of Emergency Department Patients Presenting With Potential Acute Coronary Syndromes. <i>Circulation</i> , 2016 , 134, 547-64	16.7	53
298	The effect of emergency department crowding on length of stay and medication treatment times in discharged patients with acute asthma. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2010 , 17, 834-9	3.4	52
297	International variations in the clinical, diagnostic, and treatment characteristics of emergency department patients with acute heart failure syndromes. <i>European Journal of Heart Failure</i> , 2010 , 12, 1253-60	12.3	52
296	Lack of association between left bundle-branch block and acute myocardial infarction in symptomatic ED patients. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2009 , 27, 916-21	2.9	51
295	Disposition of emergency department patients diagnosed with acute heart failure: an international emergency medicine perspective. <i>European Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2017 , 24, 2-12	2.3	50
294	Aortoesophageal fistula: recognition and diagnosis in the emergency department. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1998 , 32, 502-5	2.1	50
293	Gray zone BNP levels in heart failure patients in the emergency department: results from the Rapid Emergency Department Heart Failure Outpatient Trial (REDHOT) multicenter study. <i>American Heart Journal</i> , 2006 , 151, 1006-11	4.9	50
292	Determinants of poor outcome after laceration and surgical incision repair. <i>Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery</i> , 2002 , 110, 429-35; discussion 436-7	2.7	50
291	Risk stratification of emergency department patients with acute coronary syndromes using P-selectin. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 1999 , 34, 95-105	15.1	50
290	Poor correlation of short- and long-term cosmetic appearance of repaired lacerations. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 1995 , 2, 983-7	3.4	50
289	Emergency department patient preferences for boarding locations when hospitals are at full capacity. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2008 , 51, 9-12, 12.e1-3	2.1	49
288	Bronchodilator therapy in acute decompensated heart failure patients without a history of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2008 , 51, 25-34	2.1	49

287	Evaluation of American College of Surgeons trauma triage criteria in a suburban and rural setting. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1996 , 14, 124-9	2.9	47
286	Evaluation of a new assay for cardiac troponin I vs creatine kinase-MB for the diagnosis of acute myocardial infarction. Biochemical Markers for Acute Myocardial Ischemia (BAMI) Study Group. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 1997 , 4, 6-12	3.4	45
285	Relationship of B-type natriuretic peptide and anemia in patients with and without heart failure: a substudy from the Breathing Not Properly (BNP) Multinational Study. <i>American Journal of Hematology</i> , 2005 , 80, 174-80	7.1	45
284	"I'm Just a Patient": Fear and Uncertainty as Drivers of Emergency Department Use in Patients With Chronic Disease. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2016 , 68, 536-543	2.1	45
283	National trends in ED lacerations between 1992 and 2002. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2006 , 24, 183-8	2.9	43
282	An Innovative Strategy for Conducting Clinical Research: The Academic Associate Program. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2002 , 9, 134-137	3.4	43
281	Association of training level and short-term cosmetic appearance of repaired lacerations. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 1996 , 3, 378-83	3.4	43
280	Rapid Emergency Department Heart Failure Outpatients Trial (REDHOT II): a randomized controlled trial of the effect of serial B-type natriuretic peptide testing on patient management. <i>Circulation: Heart Failure</i> , 2009 , 2, 287-93	7.6	42
279	Outcome of patients who refused out-of-hospital medical assistance. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1996 , 14, 23-6	2.9	42
278	Effect of Tamsulosin on Passage of Symptomatic Ureteral Stones: A Randomized Clinical Trial. <i>JAMA Internal Medicine</i> , 2018 , 178, 1051-1057	11.5	41
277	Diagnostic accuracy of a point-of-care troponin I assay for acute myocardial infarction within 3 hours after presentation in early presenters to the emergency department with chest pain. <i>American Heart Journal</i> , 2012 , 163, 74-80.e4	4.9	41
276	Characteristics and outcomes of young adults who present to the emergency department with chest pain. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2001 , 8, 703-8	3.4	41
275	Gender bias in cardiovascular testing persists after adjustment for presenting characteristics and cardiac risk. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2007 , 14, 599-605	3.4	41
274	Triple rule-out computed tomographic angiography for chest pain: a diagnostic systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2013 , 20, 861-71	3.4	40
273	Comparison of patient satisfaction and practitioner satisfaction with wound appearance after traumatic wound repair. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 1997 , 4, 133-7	3.4	40
272	Lack of utility of telemetry monitoring for identification of cardiac death and life-threatening ventricular dysrhythmias in low-risk patients with chest pain. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2004 , 43, 71-6	2.1	40
271	Patient and Health System Experience With Implementation of an Enterprise-Wide Telehealth Scheduled Video Visit Program: Mixed-Methods Study. <i>JMIR Medical Informatics</i> , 2018 , 6, e10	3.6	40
270	2007 focused update to the ACC/AHA guidelines for the management of patients with ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction: implications for emergency department practice. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2008 , 52, 344-355.e1	2.1	39

269	Assessment of the standardized reporting guidelines ECG classification system: the presenting ECG predicts 30-day outcomes. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2004 , 44, 206-12	2.1	39
268	Bimanual laryngoscopy: a videographic study of external laryngeal manipulation by novice intubators. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2002 , 40, 30-7	2.1	39
267	Evaluation of a Clinical Decision Rule for Young Adult Patients with Chest Pain. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2005 , 12, 26-31	3.4	39
266	The impact of race on the acute management of chest pain. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2003 , 10, 1199-208	3.4	39
265	Presurgical Assessment Using Telemedicine Technology: Impact on Efficiency, Effectiveness, and Patient Experience of Care. <i>Telemedicine Journal and E-Health</i> , 2019 , 25, 137-142	5.9	39
264	Evaluation and management of the patient who has cocaine-associated chest pain. <i>Cardiology Clinics</i> , 2006 , 24, 103-14	2.5	38
263	Society of Chest Pain Centers recommendations for the evaluation and management of the observation stay acute heart failure patient-parts 1-6. <i>Acute Cardiac Care</i> , 2009 , 11, 3-42		37
262	Gender Bias in Cardiovascular Testing Persists after Adjustment for Presenting Characteristics and Cardiac Risk. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2007 , 14, 599-605	3.4	37
261	Comparison of forearm and upper arm blood pressures. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 1999 , 3, 123-6	2.8	36
260	Impact of interventions for patients refusing emergency medical services transport. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 1995 , 2, 480-5	3.4	36
259	When do patients need admission to a telemetry bed?. <i>Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2007 , 33, 53-60	1.5	35
258	On-demand synchronous audio video telemedicine visits are cost effective. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2019 , 37, 890-894	2.9	34
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