I Colin Prentice

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

283 papers	59,094 citations	109 h-index	242 g-index
376 ext. papers	67,156 ext. citations	9.7 avg, IF	7.3 L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
283	Ecosystem Photosynthesis in Land-Surface Models: A First-Principles Approach Incorporating Acclimation. *Journal of Advances in Modeling Earth Systems*, **2022**, 14,	7.1	2
282	Atmospheric dryness reduces photosynthesis along a large range of soil water deficits.. *Nature Communications*, **2022**, 13, 989	17.4	6
281	Rising CO and warming reduce global canopy demand for nitrogen.. *New Phytologist*, **2022**,	9.8	4
280	CO fertilization of terrestrial photosynthesis inferred from site to global scales.. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, **2022**, 119, e2115627119	11.5	3
279	Accounting for atmospheric carbon dioxide variations in pollen-based reconstruction of past hydroclimates. *Global and Planetary Change*, **2022**, 211, 103790	4.2	1
278	Reconstructing burnt area during the Holocene: an Iberian case study. *Climate of the Past*, **2022**, 18, 1189-1201	3.9	0
277	Optimality-based modelling of climate impacts on global potential wheat yield. *Environmental Research Letters*, **2021**, 16, 114013	6.2	3
276	Global decadal variability of plant carbon isotope discrimination and its link to gross primary production. *Global Change Biology*, **2021**,	11.4	3
275	Global climate and nutrient controls of photosynthetic capacity. *Communications Biology*, **2021**, 4, 462	6.7	6
274	The importance of antecedent vegetation and drought conditions as global drivers of burnt area. *Biogeosciences*, **2021**, 18, 3861-3879	4.6	4
273	The impact of methodological decisions on climate reconstructions using WA-PLS. *Quaternary Research*, **2021**, 99, 341-356	1.9	4
272	Predictability of leaf traits with climate and elevation: a case study in Gongga Mountain, China. *Tree Physiology*, **2021**, 41, 1336-1352	4.2	5
271	Dry corridors opened by fire and low CO2 in Amazonian rainforest during the Last Glacial Maximum. *Nature Geoscience*, **2021**, 14, 578-585	18.3	4
270	Eco-evolutionary optimality as a means to improve vegetation and land-surface models. *New Phytologist*, **2021**, 231, 2125-2141	9.8	10
269	Coordination of plant hydraulic and photosynthetic traits: confronting optimality theory with field measurements. *New Phytologist*, **2021**, 232, 1286-1296	9.8	3
268	Global variation in the fraction of leaf nitrogen allocated to photosynthesis. *Nature Communications*, **2021**, 12, 4866	17.4	5
267	Vegetation responses to climate extremes recorded by remotely sensed atmospheric formaldehyde. *Global Change Biology*, **2021**,	11.4	3

266	AusTraits, a curated plant trait database for the Australian flora. *Scientific Data*, **2021**, 8, 254	8.2	6
265	A constraint on historic growth in global photosynthesis due to increasing CO. *Nature*, **2021**, 600, 253-258	50.4	5
264	The climatic space of European pollen taxa. *Ecology*, **2020**, 101, e03055	4.6	3
263	Organizing principles for vegetation dynamics. *Nature Plants*, **2020**, 6, 444-453	11.5	32
262	When and where soil is important to modify the carbon and water economy of leaves. *New Phytologist*, **2020**, 228, 121-135	9.8	6
261	P-model v1.0: an optimality-based light use efficiency model for simulating ecosystem gross primary production. *Geoscientific Model Development*, **2020**, 13, 1545-1581	6.3	32
260	A new multivariable benchmark for Last Glacial Maximum climate simulations. *Climate of the Past*, **2020**, 16, 699-712	3.9	9
259	Components of leaf-trait variation along environmental gradients. *New Phytologist*, **2020**, 228, 82-94	9.8	33
258	Acclimation of leaf respiration consistent with optimal photosynthetic capacity. *Global Change Biology*, **2020**, 26, 2573	11.4	37
257	Extending a first-principles primary production model to predict wheat yields. *Agricultural and Forest Meteorology*, **2020**, 287, 107932	5.8	6
256	A theory of plant function helps to explain leaf-trait and productivity responses to elevation. *New Phytologist*, **2020**, 226, 1274-1284	9.8	15
255	Quantitative assessment of fire and vegetation properties in simulations with fire-enabled vegetation models from the Fire Model Intercomparison Project. *Geoscientific Model Development*, **2020**, 13, 3299-3318	6.3	31
254	Recent trends in gross primary production and their drivers: analysis and modelling at flux-site and global scales. *Environmental Research Letters*, **2020**, 15, 124050	6.2	11
253	Historical changes in the stomatal limitation of photosynthesis: empirical support for an optimality principle. *New Phytologist*, **2020**, 225, 2484-2497	9.8	28
252	TRY plant trait database - enhanced coverage and open access. *Global Change Biology*, **2020**, 26, 119-188	11.4	399
251	Impacts of soil water stress on the acclimated stomatal limitation of photosynthesis: Insights from stable carbon isotope data. *Global Change Biology*, **2020**, 26, 7158-7172	11.4	13
250	Forest production efficiency increases with growth temperature. *Nature Communications*, **2020**, 11, 5322	17.4	21
249	An improved statistical approach for reconstructing past climates from biotic assemblages. *Proceedings of the Royal Society A: Mathematical, Physical and Engineering Sciences*, **2020**, 476, 20200346	2.4	3

248	N₂O changes from the Last Glacial Maximum to the preindustrial Part 2: terrestrial N₂O emissions and carbon itrogen cycle interactions. *Biogeosciences*, **2020**, 17, 3511-3543	4.6	3
247	Plant respiration: Controlled by photosynthesis or biomass?. *Global Change Biology*, **2020**, 26, 1739-1753	11.4	26
246	A Method for Generating Coherent Spatially Explicit Maps of Seasonal Paleoclimates From Site-Based Reconstructions. *Journal of Advances in Modeling Earth Systems*, **2020**, 12, e2019MS001630	7.1	2
245	P-model v1.0: An optimality-based light use efficiency model for simulating ecosystem gross primary production **2019**,		1
244	Drought impacts on terrestrial primary production underestimated by satellite monitoring. *Nature Geoscience*, **2019**, 12, 264-270	18.3	154
243	Is NPP proportional to GPP? Waring hypothesis 20 years on. *Tree Physiology*, **2019**, 39, 1473-1483	4.2	51
242	Observed and modelled historical trends in the water-use efficiency of plants and ecosystems. *Global Change Biology*, **2019**, 25, 2242-2257	11.4	49
241	Nitrogen and phosphorus constrain the CO2 fertilization of global plant biomass. *Nature Climate Change*, **2019**, 9, 684-689	21.4	125
240	Comment on "The global tree restoration potential". *Science*, **2019**, 366,	33.3	41
239	Quantifying leaf-trait covariation and its controls across climates and biomes. *New Phytologist*, **2019**, 221, 155-168	9.8	31
238	Global photosynthetic capacity is optimized to the environment. *Ecology Letters*, **2019**, 22, 506-517	10	80
237	The validity of optimal leaf traits modelled on environmental conditions. *New Phytologist*, **2019**, 221, 1409-1423	9.8	24
236	Bridging Drought Experiment and Modeling: Representing the Differential Sensitivities of Leaf Gas Exchange to Drought. *Frontiers in Plant Science*, **2018**, 9, 1965	6.2	16
235	Quantifying soil moisture impacts on light use efficiency across biomes. *New Phytologist*, **2018**, 218, 1430-1449	9.8	103
234	A continental-scale assessment of variability in leaf traits: Within species, across sites and between seasons. *Functional Ecology*, **2018**, 32, 1492-1506	5.6	35
233	The biomass burning contribution to climate arbon-cycle feedback. *Earth System Dynamics*, **2018**, 9, 663-677	4.8	15
232	Global mapping of potential natural vegetation: an assessment of machine learning algorithms for estimating land potential. *PeerJ*, **2018**, 6, e5457	3.1	42
231	Ecosystem responses to elevated CO governed by plant-soil interactions and the cost of nitrogen acquisition. *New Phytologist*, **2018**, 217, 507-522	9.8	98

230	The China Plant Trait Database: toward a comprehensive regional compilation of functional traits for land plants. *Ecology*, **2018**, 99, 500	4.6	32
229	Functional trait variation related to gap dynamics in tropical moist forests: A vegetation modelling perspective. *Perspectives in Plant Ecology, Evolution and Systematics*, **2018**, 35, 52-64	3	4
228	Thermal acclimation of leaf photosynthetic traits in an evergreen woodland, consistent with the coordination hypothesis. *Biogeosciences*, **2018**, 15, 3461-3474	4.6	20
227	Latitudinal limits to the predicted increase of the peatland carbon sink with warming. *Nature Climate Change*, **2018**, 8, 907-913	21.4	105
226	Frost and leaf-size gradients in forests: global patterns and experimental evidence. *New Phytologist* , **2018**, 219, 565-573	9.8	19
225	Response to Comment on "Mycorrhizal association as a primary control of the CO2 fertilization effect". *Science*, **2017**, 355, 358	33.3	3
224	Transforming conservation science and practice for a postnormal world. *Conservation Biology*, **2017**, 31, 1008-1017	6	68
223	Changes in biomass allocation buffer low CO effects on tree growth during the last glaciation. *Scientific Reports*, **2017**, 7, 43087	4.9	1
222	A roadmap for improving the representation of photosynthesis in Earth system models. *New Phytologist*, **2017**, 213, 22-42	9.8	245
221	Reconstructing ice-age palaeoclimates: Quantifying low-CO2 effects on plants. *Global and Planetary Change*, **2017**, 149, 166-176	4.2	21
220	Modelling the demand for new nitrogen fixation by terrestrial ecosystems. *Biogeosciences*, **2017**, 14, 2003-2017	4.6	14
219	The Fire Modeling Intercomparison Project (FireMIP), phase 1: experimental and analytical protocols with detailed model descriptions. *Geoscientific Model Development*, **2017**, 10, 1175-1197	6.3	106
218	Leaf nitrogen from first principles: field evidence for adaptive variation with climate. *Biogeosciences*, **2017**, 14, 481-495	4.6	43
217	Simple process-led algorithms for simulating habitats (SPLASH v.1.0): robust indices of radiation, evapotranspiration and plant-available moisture. *Geoscientific Model Development*, **2017**, 10, 689-708	6.3	43
216	Carbon nitrogen interactions in idealized simulations with JSBACH (version 3.10). *Geoscientific Model Development*, **2017**, 10, 2009-2030	6.3	31
215	Global climatic drivers of leaf size. *Science*, **2017**, 357, 917-921	33.3	334
214	Biophysical homoeostasis of leaf temperature: A neglected process for vegetation and land-surface modelling. *Global Ecology and Biogeography*, **2017**, 26, 998-1007	6.1	32
213	Photosynthetic responses to altitude: an explanation based on optimality principles. *New Phytologist*, **2017**, 213, 976-982	9.8	45

212	Towards a universal model for carbon dioxide uptake by plants. *Nature Plants*, **2017**, 3, 734-741	11.5	139
211	Reduced streamflow in water-stressed climates consistent with CO2 effects on vegetation. *Nature Climate Change*, **2016**, 6, 75-78	21.4	146
210	What have we learnt from palaeoclimate simulations?. *Journal of Quaternary Science*, **2016**, 31, 363-385	2.3	42
209	A model analysis of climate and CO2 controls on tree growth and carbon allocation in a semi-arid woodland. *Ecological Modelling*, **2016**, 342, 175-185	3	5
208	Recent pause in the growth rate of atmospheric CO due to enhanced terrestrial carbon uptake. *Nature Communications*, **2016**, 7, 13428	17.4	195
207	Increased light-use efficiency in northern terrestrial ecosystems indicated by CO2 and greening observations. *Geophysical Research Letters*, **2016**, 43, 11,339	4.9	23
206	A test of the One-point method For estimating maximum carboxylation capacity from field-measured, light-saturated photosynthesis. *New Phytologist*, **2016**, 210, 1130-44	9.8	92
205	Mycorrhizal association as a primary control of the CO fertilization effect. *Science*, **2016**, 353, 72-4	33.3	277
204	Long-term water stress leads to acclimation of drought sensitivity of photosynthetic capacity in xeric but not riparian Eucalyptus species. *Annals of Botany*, **2016**, 117, 133-44	4.1	39
203	The global spectrum of plant form and function. *Nature*, **2016**, 529, 167-71	50.4	1191
202	Terrestrial biosphere changes over the last 120 kyr. *Climate of the Past*, **2016**, 12, 51-73	3.9	31
201	Role of zooplankton dynamics for Southern Ocean phytoplankton biomass and global biogeochemical cycles. *Biogeosciences*, **2016**, 13, 4111-4133	4.6	53
200	Climate-driven expansion of blanket bogs in Britain during the Holocene. *Climate of the Past*, **2016**, 12, 129-136	3.9	14
199	The status and challenge of global fire modelling. *Biogeosciences*, **2016**, 13, 3359-3375	4.6	193
198	Terrestrial nitrogen cycling in Earth system models revisited. *New Phytologist*, **2016**, 210, 1165-8	9.8	22
197	Vegetation plays an important role in mediating future water resources. *Environmental Research Letters*, **2016**, 11, 094022	6.2	14
196	Satellite based estimates underestimate the effect of CO2 fertilization on net primary productivity. *Nature Climate Change*, **2016**, 6, 892-893	21.4	52
195	Species-specific photorespiratory rate, drought tolerance and isoprene emission rate in plants. *Plant Signaling and Behavior*, **2015**, 10, e990830	2.5	11

194	Optimal stomatal behaviour around the world. *Nature Climate Change*, **2015**, 5, 459-464	21.4	264
193	Global effects of soil and climate on leaf photosynthetic traits and rates. *Global Ecology and Biogeography*, **2015**, 24, 706-717	6.1	179
192	Morphological and moisture availability controls of the leaf area-to-sapwood area ratio: analysis of measurements on Australian trees. *Ecology and Evolution*, **2015**, 5, 1263-70	2.8	19
191	Reliable, robust and realistic: the three R© of next-generation land-surface modelling. *Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics*, **2015**, 15, 5987-6005	6.8	118
190	Effects of fire and CO2 on biogeography and primary production in glacial and modern climates. *New Phytologist*, **2015**, 208, 987-94	9.8	22
189	Do land surface models need to include differential plant species responses to drought? Examining model predictions across a mesic-xeric gradient in Europe. *Biogeosciences*, **2015**, 12, 7503-7518	4.6	52
188	Responses of leaf traits to climatic gradients: adaptive variation versus compositional shifts. *Biogeosciences*, **2015**, 12, 5339-5352	4.6	33
187	Using ecosystem experiments to improve vegetation models. *Nature Climate Change*, **2015**, 5, 528-534	21.4	191
186	Global variability in leaf respiration in relation to climate, plant functional types and leaf traits. *New Phytologist*, **2015**, 206, 614-36	9.8	244
185	Climate model benchmarking with glacial and mid-Holocene climates. *Climate Dynamics*, **2014**, 43, 671-688	4.2	145
184	A model of plant isoprene emission based on available reducing power captures responses to atmospheric CO *New Phytologist*, **2014**, 203, 125-39	9.8	64
183	Balancing the costs of carbon gain and water transport: testing a new theoretical framework for plant functional ecology. *Ecology Letters*, **2014**, 17, 82-91	10	220
182	Evolution of isoprene emission capacity in plants. *Trends in Plant Science*, **2014**, 19, 439-46	13.1	35
181	Comprehensive ecosystem model-data synthesis using multiple data sets at two temperate forest free-air CO2 enrichment experiments: Model performance at ambient CO2 concentration. *Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences*, **2014**, 119, 937-964	3.7	83
180	Climate versus carbon dioxide controls on biomass burning: a model analysis of the glacial nterglacial contrast. *Biogeosciences*, **2014**, 11, 6017-6027	4.6	8
179	Simulation of tree-ring widths with a model for primary production, carbon allocation, and growth. *Biogeosciences*, **2014**, 11, 6711-6724	4.6	33
178	Causal relationships versus emergent patterns in the global controls of fire frequency. *Biogeosciences*, **2014**, 11, 5087-5101	4.6	88
177	Biophsyical constraints on gross primary production by the terrestrial biosphere. *Biogeosciences*, **2014**, 11, 5987-6001	4.6	50

176	Short-term water stress impacts on stomatal, mesophyll and biochemical limitations to photosynthesis differ consistently among tree species from contrasting climates. *Tree Physiology*, **2014**, 34, 1035-46	4.2	85
175	Improved simulation of fire–vegetation interactions in the Land surface Processes and eXchanges dynamic global vegetation model (LPX-Mv1). *Geoscientific Model Development*, **2014**, 7, 2411-2433	6.3	24
174	Where does the carbon go? A model-data intercomparison of vegetation carbon allocation and turnover processes at two temperate forest free-air CO2 enrichment sites. *New Phytologist*, **2014**, 203, 883-99	9.8	194
173	Evaluation of 11 terrestrial carbon-nitrogen cycle models against observations from two temperate Free-Air CO2 Enrichment studies. *New Phytologist*, **2014**, 202, 803-822	9.8	300
172	Increased ratio of electron transport to net assimilation rate supports elevated isoprenoid emission rate in eucalypts under drought. *Plant Physiology*, **2014**, 166, 1059-72	6.6	19
171	Isoprene emissions track the seasonal cycle of canopy temperature, not primary production: evidence from remote sensing. *Biogeosciences*, **2014**, 11, 3437-3451	4.6	7
170	Untangling the confusion around land carbon science and climate change mitigation policy. *Nature Climate Change*, **2013**, 3, 552-557	21.4	160
169	Volatile isoprenoid emissions from plastid to planet. *New Phytologist*, **2013**, 197, 49-57	9.8	116
168	The optimal stomatal response to atmospheric CO2 concentration: Alternative solutions, alternative interpretations. *Agricultural and Forest Meteorology*, **2013**, 182-183, 200-203	5.8	56
167	Multiple greenhouse-gas feedbacks from the land biosphere under future climate change scenarios. *Nature Climate Change*, **2013**, 3, 666-672	21.4	161
166	Blanket peat biome endangered by climate change. *Nature Climate Change*, **2013**, 3, 152-155	21.4	91
165	How should we model plant responses to drought? An analysis of stomatal and non-stomatal responses to water stress. *Agricultural and Forest Meteorology*, **2013**, 182-183, 204-214	5.8	190
164	Dynamic Global Vegetation Models **2013**, 670-689		19
163	Forest water use and water use efficiency at elevated CO2 : a model-data intercomparison at two contrasting temperate forest FACE sites. *Global Change Biology*, **2013**, 19, 1759-79	11.4	271
162	Data-based modelling and environmental sensitivity of vegetation in China. *Biogeosciences*, **2013**, 10, 5817-5830	4.6	18
161	Precipitation scaling with temperature in warm and cold climates: An analysis of CMIP5 simulations. *Geophysical Research Letters*, **2013**, 40, 4018-4024	4.9	44
160	Stable isotope and modelling evidence for CO₂ as a driver of glacial–interglacial vegetation shifts in southern Africa. *Biogeosciences*, **2013**, 10, 2001-2010	4.6	25
159	A comprehensive benchmarking system for evaluating global vegetation models. *Biogeosciences*, **2013**, 10, 3313-3340	4.6	101

158	Evaluation of biospheric components in Earth system models using modern and palaeo-observations: the state-of-the-art. *Biogeosciences*, **2013**, 10, 8305-8328	4.6	10
157	A worldwide analysis of trends in water-balance evapotranspiration. *Hydrology and Earth System Sciences*, **2013**, 17, 4177-4187	5.5	46
156	Climate-related changes in peatland carbon accumulation during the last millennium. *Biogeosciences*, **2013**, 10, 929-944	4.6	209
155	Relationships between human population density and burned area at continental and global scales. *PLoS ONE*, **2013**, 8, e81188	3.7	53
154	Modelling terrestrial nitrous oxide emissions and implications for climate feedback. *New Phytologist*, **2012**, 196, 472-488	9.8	87
153	A global model for the uptake of atmospheric hydrogen by soils. *Global Biogeochemical Cycles*, **2012**, 26,	5.9	9
152	Predictability of biomass burning in response to climate changes. *Global Biogeochemical Cycles*, **2012**, 26, n/a-n/a	5.9	161
151	Large inert carbon pool in the terrestrial biosphere during the Last Glacial Maximum. *Nature Geoscience*, **2012**, 5, 74-79	18.3	120
150	Primary production in forests and grasslands of China: contrasting environmental responses of light- and water-use efficiency models. *Biogeosciences*, **2012**, 9, 4689-4705	4.6	12
149	A framework for benchmarking land models. *Biogeosciences*, **2012**, 9, 3857-3874	4.6	238
148	Modeling fire and the terrestrial carbon balance. *Global Biogeochemical Cycles*, **2011**, 25, n/a-n/a	5.9	132
147	Beyond predictions: biodiversity conservation in a changing climate. *Science*, **2011**, 332, 53-8	33.3	1160
146	Improving assessment and modelling of climate change impacts on global terrestrial biodiversity. *Trends in Ecology and Evolution*, **2011**, 26, 249-59	10.9	230
145	Evaluation of global continental hydrology as simulated by the Land-surface Processes and eXchanges Dynamic Global Vegetation Model. *Hydrology and Earth System Sciences*, **2011**, 15, 91-105	5.5	37
144	Constraining global methane emissions and uptake by ecosystems. *Biogeosciences*, **2011**, 8, 1643-1665	4.6	168
143	Reconciling the optimal and empirical approaches to modelling stomatal conductance. *Global Change Biology*, **2011**, 17, 2134-2144	11.4	595
142	TRY a global database of plant traits. *Global Change Biology*, **2011**, 17, 2905-2935	11.4	1623
141	Evidence of a universal scaling relationship for leaf CO2 drawdown along an aridity gradient. *New Phytologist*, **2011**, 190, 169-180	9.8	90

140	Global vegetation and terrestrial carbon cycle changes after the last ice age. *New Phytologist*, **2011**, 189, 988-998	9.8	208
139	Herbivores enable plant survival under nutrient limited conditions in a model grazing system. *Ecological Modelling*, **2011**, 222, 381-397	3	6
138	Pollen-based continental climate reconstructions at 6 and 21 ka: a global synthesis. *Climate Dynamics*, **2011**, 37, 775-802	4.2	414
137	Ecophysiological and bioclimatic foundations for a global plant functional classification. *Journal of Vegetation Science*, **2010**, 21, 300-317	3.1	150
136	The influence of vegetation, fire spread and fire behaviour on biomass burning and trace gas emissions: results from a process-based model. *Biogeosciences*, **2010**, 7, 1991-2011	4.6	301
135	From biota to chemistry and climate: towards a comprehensive description of trace gas exchange between the biosphere and atmosphere. *Biogeosciences*, **2010**, 7, 121-149	4.6	74
134	Implementation and evaluation of a new methane model within a dynamic global vegetation model: LPJ-WHyMe v1.3.1. *Geoscientific Model Development*, **2010**, 3, 565-584	6.3	217
133	Atmospheric science. The burning issue. *Science*, **2010**, 330, 1636-7	33.3	20
132	Palaeovegetation in China during the late Quaternary: Biome reconstructions based on a global scheme of plant functional types. *Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology*, **2010**, 289, 44-61	2.9	126
131	Ecosystem effects of CO₂ concentration: evidence from past climates. *Climate of the Past*, **2009**, 5, 297-307	3.9	93
130	Trends in the sources and sinks of carbon dioxide. *Nature Geoscience*, **2009**, 2, 831-836	18.3	1453
129	Integrating peatlands and permafrost into a dynamic global vegetation model: 1. Evaluation and sensitivity of physical land surface processes. *Global Biogeochemical Cycles*, **2009**, 23, n/a-n/a	5.9	140
128	Integrating peatlands and permafrost into a dynamic global vegetation model: 2. Evaluation and sensitivity of vegetation and carbon cycle processes. *Global Biogeochemical Cycles*, **2009**, 23, n/a-n/a	5.9	109
127	Fire in the Earth system. *Science*, **2009**, 324, 481-4	33.3	1799
126	Lessons Learned from IPCC AR4: Scientific Developments Needed to Understand, Predict, and Respond to Climate Change. *Bulletin of the American Meteorological Society*, **2009**, 90, 497-514	6.1	38
125	CO2 fertilization in temperate FACE experiments not representative of boreal and tropical forests. *Global Change Biology*, **2008**, 14, 1531-1542	11.4	249
124	Terrestrial nitrogen cycle simulation with a dynamic global vegetation model. *Global Change Biology*, **2008**, 14, 1745-1764	11.4	132
123	Evaluation of the terrestrial carbon cycle, future plant geography and climate-carbon cycle feedbacks using five Dynamic Global Vegetation Models (DGVMs). *Global Change Biology*, **2008**, 14, 2015-2039	11.4	955

122	Climate and human influences on global biomass burning over the past two millennia. *Nature Geoscience*, **2008**, 1, 697-702	18.3	584
121	Mid- to Late Holocene climate change: an overview. *Quaternary Science Reviews*, **2008**, 27, 1791-1828	3.9	1166
120	Changes in fire regimes since the Last Glacial Maximum: an assessment based on a global synthesis and analysis of charcoal data. *Climate Dynamics*, **2008**, 30, 887-907	4.2	487
119	Projected Changes in Terrestrial Carbon Storage in Europe under Climate and Land-use Change, 1990–2100. *Ecosystems*, **2007**, 10, 380-401	3.9	105
118	Process-based estimates of terrestrial ecosystem isoprene emissions: incorporating the effects of a direct CO₂-isoprene interaction. *Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics*, **2007**, 7, 31-53	6.8	237
117	Dynamic Global Vegetation Modeling: Quantifying Terrestrial Ecosystem Responses to Large-Scale Environmental Change **2007**, 175-192		174
116	Impact of climate variability on present and Holocene vegetation: A model-based study. *Ecological Modelling*, **2006**, 191, 469-486	3	44
115	A climate-change risk analysis for world ecosystems. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, **2006**, 103, 13116-20	11.5	468
114	Implementing plant hydraulic architecture within the LPJ Dynamic Global Vegetation Model. *Global Ecology and Biogeography*, **2006**, 15, 567-577	6.1	120
113	Terrestrial biosphere carbon storage under alternative climate projections. *Climatic Change*, **2006**, 74, 97-122	4.5	122
112	Climate change threats to plant diversity in Europe. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, **2005**, 102, 8245-50	11.5	1598
111	Ecosystem service supply and vulnerability to global change in Europe. *Science*, **2005**, 310, 1333-7	33.3	1181
110	A dynamic global vegetation model for studies of the coupled atmosphere-biosphere system. *Global Biogeochemical Cycles*, **2005**, 19,	5.9	1481
109	Modeling glacial-interglacial changes in global fire regimes and trace gas emissions. *Global Biogeochemical Cycles*, **2005**, 19,	5.9	35
108	Global consequences of land use. *Science*, **2005**, 309, 570-4	33.3	7529
107	Simulated and Observed Preindustrial to Modern Vegetation and Climate Changes*. *Journal of Climate*, **2005**, 18, 3650-3671	4.4	43
106	Relationships among fire frequency, rainfall and vegetation patterns in the wet–dry tropics of northern Australia: an analysis based on NOAA-AVHRR data. *Global Ecology and Biogeography*, **2005**, 14, 439-454	6.1	62
105	Comparing and evaluating process-based ecosystem model predictions of carbon and water fluxes in major European forest biomes.. *Global Change Biology*, **2005**, 11, 2211-2233	11.4	231

104	Ecosystem dynamics based on plankton functional types for global ocean biogeochemistry models. *Global Change Biology*, **2005**, 11, 051013014052005-???	11.4	162
103	Long-term sensitivity of soil carbon turnover to warming. *Nature*, **2005**, 433, 298-301	50.4	905
102	Pollen-based reconstructions of biome distributions for Australia, Southeast Asia and the Pacific (SEAPAC region) at 0, 6000 and 18,000 14C yr BP. *Journal of Biogeography*, **2004**, 31, 1381-1444	4.1	121
101	Sensitivity of a dynamic global vegetation model to climate and atmospheric CO2. *Global Change Biology*, **2004**, 10, 1223-1239	11.4	61
100	Transient simulations of Holocene atmospheric carbon dioxide and terrestrial carbon since the Last Glacial Maximum. *Global Biogeochemical Cycles*, **2004**, 18, n/a-n/a	5.9	174
99	Mid-Holocene climates of the Americas: a dynamical response to changed seasonality. *Climate Dynamics*, **2003**, 20, 663-688	4.2	153
98	. *Tellus, Series B: Chemical and Physical Meteorology*, **2003**, 55, 649-656	3.3	85
97	Evaluation of ecosystem dynamics, plant geography and terrestrial carbon cycling in the LPJ dynamic global vegetation model. *Global Change Biology*, **2003**, 9, 161-185	11.4	2307
96	Climate change and Arctic ecosystems: 1. Vegetation changes north of 55°N between the last glacial maximum, mid-Holocene, and present. *Journal of Geophysical Research*, **2003**, 108,		220
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