## Russell Enscore

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3012958/publications.pdf

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17	1 100	759055	887953
17	1,109 citations	12	17
papers	citations	h-index	g-index
17	17	17	830
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	An Evaluation of Removal Trapping to Control Rodents Inside Homes in a Plague-Endemic Region of Rural Northwestern Uganda. Vector-Borne and Zoonotic Diseases, 2018, 18, 458-463.	0.6	11
2	Acquisition of Bartonella elizabethae by Experimentally Exposed Oriental Rat Fleas (Xenopsylla) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT Entomology, 2018, 55, 1292-1298.	/Overlock 0.9	10 Tf 50 70 5
3	Rat Fall Surveillance Coupled with Vector Control and Community Education as a Plague Prevention Strategy in the West Nile Region, Uganda. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2018, 98, 238-247.	0.6	7
4	Small-Scale Die-Offs in Woodrats Support Long-Term Maintenance of Plague in the U.S. Southwest. Vector-Borne and Zoonotic Diseases, 2017, 17, 635-644.	0.6	24
5	Bartonella melophagi in blood of domestic sheep (Ovis aries) and sheep keds (Melophagus ovinus) from the southwestern US: Cultures, genetic characterization, and ecological connections. Veterinary Microbiology, 2016, 190, 43-49.	0.8	45
6	Evaluation and Modification of Off-Host Flea Collection Techniques Used in Northwest Uganda: Laboratory and Field Studies. Journal of Medical Entomology, 2012, 49, 210-214.	0.9	8
7	Climate Predictors of the Spatial Distribution of Human Plague Cases in the West Nile Region of Uganda. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2012, 86, 514-523.	0.6	23
8	Changing Socioeconomic Indicators of Human Plague, New Mexico, USA. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2012, 18, 1151-1154.	2.0	5
9	Annual Seroprevalence of <i>Yersinia pestis </i> in Coyotes as Predictors of Interannual Variation in Reports of Human Plague Cases in Arizona, United States. Vector-Borne and Zoonotic Diseases, 2011, 11, 1439-1446.	0.6	16
10	Landscape and Residential Variables Associated with Plague-Endemic Villages in the West Nile Region of Uganda. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2011, 84, 435-442.	0.6	37
11	Assessing Human Risk of Exposure to Plague Bacteria in Northwestern Uganda Based on Remotely Sensed Predictors. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2010, 82, 904-911.	0.6	34
12	Range-wide Determinants of Plague Distribution in North America. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2010, 83, 736-742.	0.6	42
13	Human Plague in the Southwestern United States, 1957–2004: Spatial Models of Elevated Risk of Human Exposure toYersinia pestis. Journal of Medical Entomology, 2007, 44, 530-537.	0.9	44
14	Treatment of Black-Tailed Prairie Dog Burrows with Deltamethrin to Control Fleas (Insecta:) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Ove	erlock 10 T	rf 50 222 To
15	Modeling relationships between climate and the frequency of human plague cases in the southwestern United States, 1960-1997 American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2002, 66, 186-196.	0.6	147
16	A Household-Based, Case-Control Study of Environmental Factors Associated with Hantavirus Pulmonary Syndrome in the Southwestern United States. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 1995, 52, 393-397.	0.6	66
17	Serologic and Genetic Identification of Peromyscus maniculatus as the Primary Rodent Reservoir for a New Hantavirus in the Southwestern United States. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 1994, 169, 1271-1280.	1.9	499