

# Fabrice Demeter

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3012165/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

19  
papers

1,092  
citations

567281

15  
h-index

713466

21  
g-index

21  
all docs

21  
docs citations

21  
times ranked

1337  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The prehistoric peopling of Southeast Asia. <i>Science</i> , 2018, 361, 88-92.	12.6	291
2	Anatomically modern human in Southeast Asia (Laos) by 46 ka. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2012, 109, 14375-14380.	7.1	163
3	Enamel proteome shows that Gigantopithecus was an early diverging pongine. <i>Nature</i> , 2019, 576, 262-265.	27.8	82
4	The Middle Pleistocene mammalian fauna from Tam Hang karstic deposit, northern Laos: New data and evolutionary hypothesis. <i>Quaternary International</i> , 2011, 245, 315-332.	1.5	60
5	Late Pleistocene mammalian assemblages of Southeast Asia: New dating, mortality profiles and evolution of the predator–prey relationships in an environmental context. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2015, 422, 101-127.	2.3	59
6	Early Modern Humans and Morphological Variation in Southeast Asia: Fossil Evidence from Tam Pa Ling, Laos. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0121193.	2.5	53
7	Evidence for increased hominid diversity in the Early to Middle Pleistocene of Indonesia. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2019, 3, 755-764.	7.8	51
8	Zinc isotopes in Late Pleistocene fossil teeth from a Southeast Asian cave setting preserve paleodietary information. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2020, 117, 4675-4681.	7.1	44
9	Additional evidence for early modern human morphological diversity in Southeast Asia at Tam Pa Ling, Laos. <i>Quaternary International</i> , 2018, 466, 93-106.	1.5	36
10	Nam Lot (MIS 5) and Duoi U'Oi (MIS 4) Southeast Asian sites revisited: Zooarchaeological and isotopic evidences. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2018, 512, 132-144.	2.3	33
11	Early Modern Humans from Tam Pã Ling, Laos. <i>Current Anthropology</i> , 2017, 58, S527-S538.	1.6	32
12	A rhinocerotid-dominated megafauna at the MIS6-5 transition: The late Middle Pleistocene Coc Muoi assemblage, Lang Son province, Vietnam. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2018, 186, 123-141.	3.0	31
13	Tam Hang Rockshelter: Preliminary Study of a Prehistoric Site in Northern Laos. <i>Asian Perspectives</i> , 2009, 48, 291-308.	0.1	21
14	Trophic ecology of a Late Pleistocene early modern human from tropical Southeast Asia inferred from zinc isotopes. <i>Journal of Human Evolution</i> , 2021, 161, 103075.	2.6	21
15	A Middle Pleistocene Denisovan molar from the Annamite Chain of northern Laos. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2022, 13, 2557.	12.8	20
16	Evolution of the Hoabinhian Techno-Complex of Tam Hang Rock Shelter in Northeastern Laos. <i>Archaeological Discovery</i> , 2015, 03, 140-157.	0.5	15
17	Environmental conditions framing the first evidence of modern humans at Tam Pã Ling, Laos: A stable isotope record from terrestrial gastropod carbonates. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2018, 511, 352-363.	2.3	14
18	A multi-proxy approach to exploring Homo sapiens™ arrival, environments and adaptations in Southeast Asia. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021, 11, 21080.	3.3	12

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Understanding Late Pleistocene human land preference using ecological niche models in an Australasian test case. <i>Quaternary International</i> , 2020, 563, 13-28.	1.5	2