

Peter V Hodson

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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69
papers

4,356
citations

117619

34
h-index

106340

65
g-index

69
all docs

69
docs citations

69
times ranked

3476
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Polycyclic aromatic compounds in the Canadian Environment: Aquatic and terrestrial environments. Environmental Pollution, 2021, 285, 117442.	7.5	24
2	The bioavailability of oil droplets trapped in river gravel by hyporheic flows. Environmental Pollution, 2021, 269, 116110.	7.5	7
3	Effects on Trout Alevins of Chronic Exposures to Chemically Dispersed Access Western Blend and Cold Lake Blend Diluted Bitumens. Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry, 2020, 39, 1620-1633.	4.3	5
4	Temperature determines the rate at which retene affects trout embryos, not the concentration that is toxic. Aquatic Toxicology, 2020, 222, 105471.	4.0	5
5	Transcriptional responses in newly-hatched Japanese medaka (<i>Oryzias latipes</i>) associated with developmental malformations following diluted bitumen exposure. Comparative Biochemistry and Physiology Part D: Genomics and Proteomics, 2020, 35, 100685.	1.0	5
6	Impact of chemical pollution on Atlantic eels: Facts, research needs, and implications for management. Current Opinion in Environmental Science and Health, 2019, 11, 26-36.	4.1	14
7	Oil toxicity test methods must be improved. Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry, 2019, 38, 302-311.	4.3	44
8	Comparative toxicity of two diluted bitumens to developing yellow perch (<i>Perca flavescens</i>). Science of the Total Environment, 2019, 655, 977-985.	8.0	20
9	An Embryonic Field of Study: The Aquatic Fate and Toxicity of Diluted Bitumen. Bulletin of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology, 2018, 100, 8-13.	2.7	36
10	Dioxin-like contaminants are no longer a risk to the American eel (<i>Anguilla rostrata</i>) in Lake Ontario. Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry, 2018, 37, 1061-1070.	4.3	2
11	Cold Lake Blend diluted bitumen toxicity to the early development of Japanese medaka. Environmental Pollution, 2017, 225, 579-586.	7.5	44
12	Responses of an American eel brain endothelial-like cell line to selenium deprivation and to selenite, selenate, and selenomethionine additions in different exposure media. In Vitro Cellular and Developmental Biology - Animal, 2017, 53, 940-953.	1.5	5
13	The Toxicity to Fish Embryos of PAH in Crude and Refined Oils. Archives of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology, 2017, 73, 12-18.	4.1	93
14	Development of a cell line from the American eel brain expressing endothelial cell properties. In Vitro Cellular and Developmental Biology - Animal, 2016, 52, 395-409.	1.5	25
15	Tracking pesticide use in the Saint Lawrence River and its ecological impacts during the World Exposition of 1967 in Montreal, Canada. Science of the Total Environment, 2016, 572, 498-507.	8.0	6
16	Environmental effects of the Deepwater Horizon oil spill: A review. Marine Pollution Bulletin, 2016, 110, 28-51.	5.0	527
17	Retene causes multifunctional transcriptomic changes in the heart of rainbow trout (<i>Oncorhynchus</i>)	4.0	18
18	Temporal variations in embryotoxicity of Lake Ontario American eel (<i>Anguilla rostrata</i>) extracts to developing <i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i> . Science of the Total Environment, 2016, 541, 765-775.	8.0	4

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19	Trends of persistent organic pollutants in American eel (<i>Anguilla rostrata</i>) from eastern Lake Ontario, Canada, and their potential effects on recruitment. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2015, 529, 231-242.	8.0	23
20	Quantitative structure–activity relationships for chronic toxicity of alkyl-chrysenes and alkyl-benz[a]anthracenes to Japanese medaka embryos (<i>Oryzias latipes</i>). <i>Aquatic Toxicology</i> , 2015, 159, 109-118.	4.0	56
21	Identification of compounds in heavy fuel oil that are chronically toxic to rainbow trout embryos by effects-driven chemical fractionation. <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 2014, 33, 825-835.	4.3	68
22	Oil and oil dispersant do not cause synergistic toxicity to fish embryos. <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 2014, 33, 107-114.	4.3	71
23	Chronic toxicity of heavy fuel oils to fish embryos using multiple exposure scenarios. <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 2014, 33, 677-687.	4.3	43
24	Effects-driven chemical fractionation of heavy fuel oil to isolate compounds toxic to trout embryos. <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 2014, 33, 814-824.	4.3	34
25	Brominated flame retardants and Dechloranes in European and American eels from glass to silver life stages. <i>Chemosphere</i> , 2014, 116, 104-111.	8.2	21
26	Qualitative analysis of halogenated organic contaminants in American eel by gas chromatography/time-of-flight mass spectrometry. <i>Chemosphere</i> , 2014, 116, 98-103.	8.2	8
27	Evaluating toxicity of heavy fuel oil fractions using complementary modeling and biomimetic extraction methods. <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 2014, 33, 2094-2104.	4.3	31
28	Mercury concentrations in amphipods and fish of the Saint Lawrence River (Canada) are unrelated to concentrations of legacy mercury in sediments. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2014, 494-495, 218-228.	8.0	21
29	Ebullition rates and mercury concentrations in St. Lawrence river sediments and a benthic invertebrate. <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 2013, 32, 857-865.	4.3	14
30	Spatial trends of dioxin-like compounds in Atlantic anguillid eels. <i>Chemosphere</i> , 2013, 91, 1439-1446.	8.2	19
31	Spatial trends of organochlorinated pesticides, polychlorinated biphenyls, and polybrominated diphenyl ethers in Atlantic Anguillid eels. <i>Chemosphere</i> , 2013, 90, 1719-1728.	8.2	26
32	History of environmental contamination by oil sands extraction. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2013, 110, 1569-1570.	7.1	30
33	Effects-driven chemical design: the acute toxicity of CO ₂ -triggered switchable surfactants to rainbow trout can be predicted from octanol-water partition coefficients. <i>Green Chemistry</i> , 2012, 14, 357-362.	9.0	41
34	Toxicity of hydroxylated alkyl-phenanthrenes to the early life stages of Japanese medaka (<i>Oryzias</i>). <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 2012, 31, 754-765.	4.0	78
35	Comparative toxicity of four chemically dispersed and undispersed crude oils to rainbow trout embryos. <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 2012, 31, 754-765.	4.3	70
36	Toxicity of crude oil chemically dispersed in a wave tank to embryos of Atlantic herring (<i>Clupea</i>). <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 2012, 31, 754-765.	4.3	51

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37	AhR2-mediated, CYP1A-independent cardiovascular toxicity in zebrafish (<i>Danio rerio</i>) embryos exposed to retene. <i>Aquatic Toxicology</i> , 2011, 101, 165-174.	4.0	111
38	Measuring the toxicity of alkylphenanthrenes to early life stages of medaka (<i>Oryzias latipes</i>) using partition-controlled delivery. <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 2011, 30, 487-495.	4.3	96
39	Toxicity Effects of Chemically-Dispersed Crude Oil on Fish. <i>International Oil Spill Conference Proceedings</i> , 2011, 2011, abs163.	0.1	7
40	Toxicity of dispersed weathered crude oil to early life stages of Atlantic herring (<i>Clupea</i>) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 50 622 Td	4.3	60
41	Oil sands development contributes elements toxic at low concentrations to the Athabasca River and its tributaries. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2010, 107, 16178-16183.	7.1	377
42	Oil sands development contributes polycyclic aromatic compounds to the Athabasca River and its tributaries. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2009, 106, 22346-22351.	7.1	322
43	Oil dispersion increases the apparent bioavailability and toxicity of diesel to rainbow trout (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>). <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 2009, 28, 595-602.	4.3	66
44	EMBRYOTOXICITY OF RETENE IN COTREATMENT WITH 2-AMINOANTHRACENE, A CYTOCHROME P4501A INHIBITOR, IN RAINBOW TROUT (<i>ONCORHYNCHUS MYKISS</i>). <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 2009, 28, 1304.	4.3	16
45	Spatial and Temporal Trends of Mercury Concentrations in Young-of-the-Year Spottail Shiners (<i>Notropis hudsonius</i>) in the St. Lawrence River at Cornwall, ON. <i>Archives of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology</i> , 2008, 54, 473-481.	4.1	23
46	Spatial and Seasonal Patterns of Mercury Concentrations in Fish from the St. Lawrence River at Cornwall, Ontario: Implications for Monitoring. <i>Journal of Great Lakes Research</i> , 2008, 34, 72-85.	1.9	27
47	Evidence for multiple mechanisms of toxicity in larval rainbow trout (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>) co-treated with retene and 1-naphthoflavone. <i>Aquatic Toxicology</i> , 2008, 88, 200-206.	4.0	36
48	Nonadditive effects of PAHs on Early Vertebrate Development: mechanisms and implications for risk assessment. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2008, 105, 5-23.	3.1	146
49	Inhibition of CYP1A enzymes by 1-naphthoflavone causes both synergism and antagonism of retene toxicity to rainbow trout (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>). <i>Aquatic Toxicology</i> , 2007, 81, 275-285.	4.0	57
50	Influence of salinity and fish species on PAH uptake from dispersed crude oil. <i>Marine Pollution Bulletin</i> , 2006, 52, 1182-1189.	5.0	114
51	IS OXIDATIVE STRESS THE MECHANISM OF BLUE SAC DISEASE IN RETENE-EXPOSED TROUT LARVAE?. <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 2005, 24, 694.	4.3	37
52	Accumulation of Trace Metals in Freshwater Invertebrates in Stormwater Management Facilities. <i>Water Quality Research Journal of Canada</i> , 2004, 39, 362-373.	2.7	11
53	Regiospecific synthesis of alkylphenanthrenes using a combined directed ortho and remote metalation Å– SuzukiÅ–Miyaura cross coupling strategy. <i>Canadian Journal of Chemistry</i> , 2004, 82, 195-205.	1.1	28
54	TOXICITY OF OIL SANDS TO EARLY LIFE STAGES OF FATHEAD MINNOWS (<i>PIMEPHALES PROMELAS</i>). <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 2004, 23, 1709.	4.3	140

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55	Oil dispersant increases PAH uptake by fish exposed to crude oil. <i>Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety</i> , 2004, 59, 300-308.	6.0	216
56	Partition-Controlled Delivery of Toxicants: A Novel In Vivo Approach for Embryo Toxicity Testing. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2003, 37, 2262-2266.	10.0	71
57	CYP1A INDUCTION AND BLUE SAC DISEASE IN EARLY DEVELOPMENTAL STAGES OF RAINBOW TROUT (ONCORHYNCHUS MYKISS) EXPOSED TO RETENE. <i>Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health - Part A: Current Issues</i> , 2003, 66, 627-646.	2.3	77
58	CYP1A Induction and Blue SAC Disease in Early Developmental Stages of Rainbow Trout (Oncorhynchus Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 2003, 66, 526-646.	2.3	18
59	Binding of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) to teleost aryl hydrocarbon receptors (AHRs). <i>Comparative Biochemistry and Physiology - B Biochemistry and Molecular Biology</i> , 2002, 133, 55-68.	1.6	145
60	Bioavailability to juvenile rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) of retene and other mixed-function oxygenase active compounds from sediments. <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 2002, 21, 121-128.	4.3	45
61	Altering cytochrome P4501A activity affects polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon metabolism and toxicity in rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss). <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 2002, 21, 1845-1853.	4.3	105
62	Ethoxyresorufin-O-deethylase induction in trout exposed to mixtures of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons. <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 2001, 20, 1244-1251.	4.3	57
63	ETHOXYRESORUFIN-O-DEETHYLASE INDUCTION IN TROUT EXPOSED TO MIXTURES OF POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS. <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 2001, 20, 1244.	4.3	30
64	Toxicity of retene to early life stages of two freshwater fish species. <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 1999, 18, 2070-2077.	4.3	169
65	Kinetics of mixed function oxygenase induction and retene excretion in retene-exposed rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss). <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 1999, 18, 2268-2274.	4.3	30
66	TOXICITY OF RETENE TO EARLY LIFE STAGES OF TWO FRESHWATER FISH SPECIES. <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 1999, 18, 2070.	4.3	6
67	KINETICS OF MIXED FUNCTION OXYGENASE INDUCTION AND RETENE EXCRETION IN RETENE-EXPOSED RAINBOW TROUT (ONCORHYNCHUS MYKISS). <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 1999, 18, 2268.	4.3	8
68	Chronic retene exposure causes sustained induction of CYP1A activity and protein in rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss). <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 1998, 17, 2347-2353.	4.3	80
69	Temperature-induced changes in pentachlorophenol chronic toxicity to early life stages of rainbow trout. <i>Aquatic Toxicology</i> , 1981, 1, 113-127.	4.0	36