Stephen Compton

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Association of Fig Pollinating Wasps and Fig Nematodes inside Male and Female Figs of a Dioecious Fig Tree in Sumatra, Indonesia. Insects, 2022, 13, 320.	1.0	2
2	Asymmetric sharing of pollinator fig wasps between two sympatric dioecious fig trees: a reflection of supply and demand or differences in the size of their figs?. , 2022, 63, 7.		5
3	Impacts of a biocontrol agent on invasive Ageratina adenophora in Southwest China: Friend or foe?. Biological Control, 2021, 152, 104471.	1.4	3
4	Dual effects of insect fecundity overdispersion on the Wolbachia establishment and the implications for epidemic biocontrol. Journal of Pest Science, 2021, 94, 1519-1529.	1.9	1
5	Making the most of your pollinators: An epiphytic fig tree encourages its pollinators to roam between figs. Ecology and Evolution, 2021, 11, 6371-6380.	0.8	5
6	Molecular mechanisms of mutualistic and antagonistic interactions in a plant–pollinator association. Nature Ecology and Evolution, 2021, 5, 974-986.	3.4	30
7	More examples of breakdown the 1:1 partner specificity between figs and fig wasps. , 2021, 62, 15.		5
8	The genetic consequences of habitat specificity for fig trees in southern African fragmented forests. Acta Oecologica, 2020, 102, 103506.	0.5	7
9	No escape: most insect colonisers of an introduced fig tree in Cyprus come from the plant's native range. Biological Invasions, 2020, 22, 211-216.	1.2	7
10	Conservation implications of fine scale population genetic structure of Ficus species in South African forests. Forest Ecology and Management, 2020, 474, 118387.	1.4	3
11	Few figs for frugivores: Riparian fig trees in Zimbabwe may not be a dry season keystone resource. African Journal of Ecology, 2020, 58, 778-785.	0.4	6
12	Agents sans frontiers: cross-border aquatic weed biological control in the rivers of southern Mozambique. African Journal of Aquatic Science, 2020, 45, 329-335.	0.5	4
13	Evolution of growth traits in invasive <scp><i>Pereskia aculeata</i><lscp> (Cactaceae): testing the <scp>EICA</scp> hypothesis using its specialist herbivore, <scp><i>Catorhintha schaffneri</i></scp> (Coreidae). Pest Management Science, 2020, 76, 4046-4056.</lscp></scp>	1.7	4
14	Sky islands as foci for divergence of fig trees and their pollinators in southwest China. Molecular Ecology, 2020, 29, 762-782.	2.0	18
15	Loss of top-down biotic interactions changes the relative benefits for obligate mutualists. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2019, 286, 20182501.	1.2	13
16	Testing the thermal limits of <i>Eccritotarsus catarinensis</i> : a case of thermal plasticity. Biocontrol Science and Technology, 2019, 29, 565-577.	0.5	8
17	Multiple parapatric pollinators have radiated across a continental fig tree displaying clinal genetic variation. Molecular Ecology, 2019, 28, 2391-2405.	2.0	47
18	Nest site choice by the intertidal spider <i>Desis formidabilis</i> (Araneae: Desidae) and nest utilisation by its hymenopteran egg parasitoid. Ecological Entomology, 2019, 44, 62-70.	1.1	4

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19	Hostâ€parasitoid relationships within figs of an invasive fig tree: a fig wasp community structured by gall size. Insect Conservation and Diversity, 2018, 11, 341-351.	1.4	10
20	Plant–herbivore–parasitoid interactions in an experimental freshwater tritrophic system: higher trophic levels modify competitive interactions between invasive macrophytes. Hydrobiologia, 2018, 817, 307-318.	1.0	2
21	Spatial variation in pollinator gall failure within figs of the gynodioecious Ficus hirta. Acta Oecologica, 2018, 90, 75-80.	0.5	6
22	A new species of Silba (Diptera; Lonchaeidae) associated with figs. Zootaxa, 2018, 4455, 196-200.	0.2	3
23	Fifty years later, figs and their associated communities. Acta Oecologica, 2018, 90, 1-3.	0.5	2
24	Style length variation in male and female figs: development, inheritance, and control of pollinator oviposition. Entomologia Experimentalis Et Applicata, 2017, 162, 41-50.	0.7	2
25	Constraints on convergence: hydrophobic hind legs allow some male pollinator fig wasps early access to submerged females. Journal of Natural History, 2017, 51, 761-782.	0.2	2
26	Predicting the risk of non-target damage to a close relative of a target weed using sequential no-choice tests, paired-choice tests and olfactory discrimination experiments. Biocontrol Science and Technology, 2017, 27, 364-377.	0.5	9
27	Interaction between temperature and water nutrient levels on the fitness of Eccritotarsus catarinensis (Hemiptera: Miridae), a biological control agent of water hyacinth. Biological Control, 2017, 106, 83-88.	1.4	11
28	Floral constraint resulting from intersexual mimicry in a gynodioecious fig tree. Entomological Science, 2016, 19, 290-295.	0.3	1
29	Extremely high proportions of male flowers and geographic variation in floral ratios within male figs of <i>Ficus tikoua</i> despite pollinators displaying active pollen collection. Ecology and Evolution, 2016, 6, 607-619.	0.8	7
30	Chilocoris capensis n. sp., the first species of the genus Chilocoris Mayr, 1865 (Hemiptera: Heteroptera:) Tj ETQc burrower bugs. Zootaxa, 2016, 4147, 564.	0 0 0 rgB ⁻ 0.2	[/Overlock 10 1
31	Seed predators can increase nectar volumes in an alpine daisy: but do the insects benefit?. Plant Ecology, 2016, 217, 1195-1205.	0.7	3
32	Non-pollinator fig wasp impact on the reproductive success of an invasive fig tree: why so little?. Biocontrol Science and Technology, 2016, 26, 1432-1443.	0.5	1
33	First record of a non-pollinating fig wasp (Hymenoptera: Sycophaginae) from Dominican amber, with estimation of the size of its host figs. Journal of Natural History, 2016, 50, 2237-2247.	0.2	7
34	Seasonality of Leaf and Fig Production in Ficus squamosa, a Fig Tree with Seeds Dispersed by Water. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0152380.	1.1	8
35	Insect responses to host plant provision beyond natural boundaries: latitudinal and altitudinal variation in a Chinese fig wasp community. Ecology and Evolution, 2015, 5, 3642-3656.	0.8	7
36	A comparison of pollinator fig wasp development in figs of <i><scp>F</scp>icus montana</i> and its hybrids with <i><scp>F</scp>icus asperifolia</i> . Entomologia Experimentalis Et Applicata, 2015, 156, 225-237.	0.7	8

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37	Movements of genes between populations: are pollinators more effective at transferring their own or plant genetic markers?. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2015, 282, 20150290.	1.2	34
38	The fig wasp followers and colonists of a widely introduced fig tree, <i>Ficus microcarpa</i> . Insect Conservation and Diversity, 2015, 8, 322-336.	1.4	27
39	Complementary fruiting phenologies facilitate sharing of one pollinator fig wasp by two fig trees. Journal of Plant Ecology, 2015, 8, 197-206.	1.2	14
40	Betweenâ€species facilitation by male fig wasps in shared figs. Ecological Entomology, 2015, 40, 428-436.	1.1	2
41	Spatial heterogeneity and host repression in fig-fig wasp mutualism. Science China Life Sciences, 2015, 58, 492-500.	2.3	4
42	Ability to gall: the ultimate basis of host specificity in fig wasps?. Ecological Entomology, 2015, 40, 280-291.	1.1	14
43	The impact of fig wasps (Chalcidoidea), new to the Mediterranean, on reproduction of an invasive fig tree Ficus microcarpa (Moraceae) and their potential for its biological control. Biological Control, 2015, 81, 21-30.	1.4	10
44	Female figs as traps: Their impact on the dynamics of an experimental fig tree-pollinator-parasitoid community. Acta Oecologica, 2015, 62, 1-9.	0.5	2
45	Interactions between pollinator and nonâ€pollinator fig wasps: correlations between their numbers can be misleading. Entomological Science, 2015, 18, 230-236.	0.3	11
46	Premature Attraction of Pollinators to Inaccessible Figs of Ficus altissima: A Search for Ecological and Evolutionary Consequences. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e86735.	1.1	5
47	Riparian Ficus Tree Communities: The Distribution and Abundance of Riparian Fig Trees in Northern Thailand. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e108945.	1.1	18
48	Phenological Adaptations in Ficus tikoua Exhibit Convergence with Unrelated Extra-Tropical Fig Trees. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e114344.	1.1	13
49	Life in the leaf-litter: a novel metal detector technique to investigate the over-wintering survival of rare, case-bearing beetle larvae. Journal of Insect Conservation, 2014, 18, 1163-1169.	0.8	3
50	Foundress Fig Wasps are More Likely to Re-emerge From Older Figs. Journal of Insect Behavior, 2014, 27, 786-790.	0.4	1
51	Floral ratios in the figs of Ficus montana span the range from actively to passively pollinated fig trees. Acta Oecologica, 2014, 57, 67-72.	0.5	5
52	Some pollinators are more equal than others: Factors influencing pollen loads and seed set capacity of two actively and passively pollinating fig wasps. Acta Oecologica, 2014, 57, 73-79.	0.5	19
53	First record of an apparently rare fig wasp feeding strategy: obligate seed predation. Ecological Entomology, 2014, 39, 492-500.	1.1	12
54	Fig wasps from the centre of figs have more chances to mate, more offspring and more female-biased offspring sex ratios. Animal Behaviour, 2014, 98, 19-25.	0.8	13

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55	A switch from mutualist to exploiter is reflected in smaller egg loads and increased larval mortalities in a â€~cheater' fig wasp. Acta Oecologica, 2014, 57, 51-57.	0.5	10
56	Distribution of nuclear mitochondrial pseudogenes in three pollinator fig wasps associated with Ficus pumila. Acta Oecologica, 2014, 57, 142-149.	0.5	3
57	Living on the edge: Fig tree phenology at the northern range limit of monoecious Ficus in China. Acta Oecologica, 2014, 57, 135-141.	0.5	12
58	Competitive Exclusion among Fig Wasps Achieved via Entrainment of Host Plant Flowering Phenology. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e97783.	1.1	17
59	Variation in inflorescence size in a dioecious fig tree and its consequences for the plant and its pollinator fig wasp. Plant Systematics and Evolution, 2013, 299, 927-934.	0.3	10
60	How limited is dispersal in the rare beetle, Cryptocephalus decemmaculatus (Chrysomelidae,) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT	/Oyerlock	10 ₃ Tf 50 542
61	Contrasting genetic responses to population fragmentation in a coevolving fig and fig wasp across a mainland–island archipelago. Molecular Ecology, 2013, 22, 4384-4396.	2.0	26
62	Parasitism of a pollinator fig wasp: mortalities are higher in figs with more pollinators, but are not related to local densities of figs. Ecological Entomology, 2013, 38, 478-484.	1.1	19
63	Fig Wasps (Hymenoptera: Chalcidoidea: Agaonidae, Pteromalidae) Associated with Asian Fig Trees (<i>Ficus</i> , Moraceae) in Southern Africa: Asian Followers and African Colonists. African Invertebrates, 2013, 54, 381-400.	0.5	26
64	Secondary galling: a novel feeding strategy among â€~nonâ€pollinating' fig wasps from <i>Ficus curtipes</i> . Ecological Entomology, 2013, 38, 381-389.	1.1	19
65	The mechanism of pollinator specificity between two sympatric fig varieties: a combination of olfactory signals and contact cues. Annals of Botany, 2013, 111, 173-181.	1.4	38
66	The wasps, bees and ants (Insecta: Vespida=Hymenoptera) from the Insect Limestone (Late Eocene) of the Isle of Wight, UK. Earth and Environmental Science Transactions of the Royal Society of Edinburgh, 2013, 104, 335-446.	0.3	48
67	Putting your eggs in several baskets: oviposition in a wasp that walks between several figs. Entomologia Experimentalis Et Applicata, 2013, 149, 85-93.	0.7	15
68	Larger Fig Wasps Are More Careful About Which Figs to Enter – With Good Reason. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e74117.	1.1	14
69	Only pollinator fig wasps have males that collaborate to release their females from figs of an Asian fig tree. Biology Letters, 2012, 8, 344-346.	1.0	27

70Fig Wasps as Vectors of Mites and Nematodes. African Entomology, 2012, 20, 101-110.0.6

71	Age at pollination modifies relative male and female reproductive success in a monoecious fig tree. Symbiosis, 2012, 57, 73-81.	1.2	7

⁷² â€[¬]Pushâ€[™] and â€[¬]pullâ€[™] responses by fig wasps to volatiles released by their host figs. Chemoecology, 2012, 22 217-227. 16

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73	Costs of inflorescence longevity for an Asian fig tree and its pollinator. Evolutionary Ecology, 2012, 26, 513-527.	0.5	11
74	Factors Influencing Realized Sex Ratios in Fig Wasps: Double Oviposition and Larval Mortalities. Journal of Insect Behavior, 2012, 25, 254-263.	0.4	26
75	Fig trees at the northern limit of their range: the distributions of cryptic pollinators indicate multiple glacial refugia. Molecular Ecology, 2012, 21, 1687-1701.	2.0	62
76	Moving Your Sons to Safety: Galls Containing Male Fig Wasps Expand into the Centre of Figs, Away From Enemies. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e30833.	1.1	24
77	A comparison of growth and reproduction, under laboratory conditions, of males and females of a dioecious fig tree. Plant Systematics and Evolution, 2011, 296, 245-253.	0.3	17
78	The impact of a gall midge on the reproductive success of Ficus benjamina, a potentially invasive fig tree. Biological Control, 2011, 59, 228-233.	1.4	15
79	Genetic diversity and differentiation of the extremely dwarf Ficus tikoua in Southwestern China. Biochemical Systematics and Ecology, 2011, 39, 441-448.	0.6	30
80	Chromosome numbers are not fixed in Agaonidae (Hymenoptera: Chalcidoidea). Symbiosis, 2011, 53, 131-137.	1.2	3
81	Sexual differences in the attractiveness of figs to pollinators: females stay attractive for longer. Ecological Entomology, 2011, 36, 417-424.	1.1	16
82	Herbivory of tropical rain forest tree seedlings correlates with future mortality. Ecology, 2010, 91, 1092-1101.	1.5	61
83	Dispersal of fig seeds in the Cook Islands: introduced frugivores are no substitutes for natives. Biodiversity and Conservation, 2010, 19, 1905-1916.	1.2	13
84	The reproductive success of Ficus altissima and its pollinator in a strongly seasonal environment: Xishuangbanna, Southwestern China. Plant Ecology, 2010, 209, 227-236.	0.7	32
85	Reproductive strategies of two forms of flightless males in a nonâ€pollinating fig wasp under partial local mate competition. Ecological Entomology, 2010, 35, 691-697.	1.1	9
86	Ancient fig wasps indicate at least 34 Myr of stasis in their mutualism with fig trees. Biology Letters, 2010, 6, 838-842.	1.0	57
87	Wind-borne insects mediate directional pollen transfer between desert fig trees 160 kilometers apart. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2009, 106, 20342-20347.	3.3	178
88	Floral Characteristics of <1>Ficus curtipes and the Oviposition Behavior of Its Pollinator Fig Wasp. Annals of the Entomological Society of America, 2009, 102, 556-559.	1.3	8
89	Host pollination mode and mutualist pollinator presence: net effect of internally ovipositing parasite in the fig–wasp mutualism. Die Naturwissenschaften, 2009, 96, 543-549.	0.6	8
90	A Fig Crop Pollinated by Three or More Species of Agaonid Fig Wasps. African Entomology, 2009, 17, 215-222.	0.6	37

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91	The Influence of Soil Type on Rain Forest Insect Herbivore Communities. Biotropica, 2008, 40, 707-713.	0.8	3
92	The mechanism of sex ratio adjustment in a pollinating fig wasp. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2008, 275, 1603-1610.	1.2	47
93	Reconstruction of fig wasp mating structure: how many mothers share a fig?. Ecological Entomology, 2007, 32, 485-491.	1.1	14
94	Characterization of microsatellite loci in the African fig Ficus sycomorus L. (Moraceae). Molecular Ecology Notes, 2007, 7, 1175-1177.	1.7	18
95	Explaining Leaf Herbivory Rates on Tree Seedlings in a Malaysian Rain Forest. Biotropica, 2007, 39, 416-421.	0.8	23
96	Seedling species determines rates of leaf herbivory in a Malaysian rain forest. Journal of Tropical Ecology, 2006, 22, 513-519.	0.5	17
97	The Tongan flying fox Pteropus tonganus: status, public attitudes and conservation in the Cook Islands. Oryx, 2005, 39, 196-203.	0.5	24
98	Do Fig Wasps Produce Mixed Paternity Clutches?. Journal of Insect Behavior, 2005, 18, 351-362.	0.4	18
99	Sex ratio strategies and the evolution of cue use. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2005, 272, 1287-1294.	1.2	24
100	Putting your sons in the right place: the spatial distribution of fig wasp offspring inside figs. Ecological Entomology, 2005, 30, 210-219.	1.1	10
101	Oviposition strategies, host coercion and the stable exploitation of figs by wasps. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2004, 271, 1185-1195.	1.2	39
102	Fig choice by the pollinator of a gynodioecious fig: selection to rush, or intersexual mimicry?. Oikos, 2003, 101, 180-186.	1.2	17
103	Foundress re-emergence and fig permeability in fig tree-wasp mutualisms. Journal of Evolutionary Biology, 2003, 16, 1186-1195.	0.8	29
104	Subpopulations ofCryptocephalusbeetles (Coleoptera: Chrysomelidae): geographically close but genetically far. Diversity and Distributions, 2003, 9, 29-42.	1.9	7
105	A novel technique for relocating concealed insects. Ecological Entomology, 2002, 27, 251-253.	1.1	8
106	The effects of ants' nests on the physical, chemical and hydrological properties of a rangeland soil in semi-arid Spain. Geoderma, 2002, 105, 1-20.	2.3	90
107	Can seed protection lead to dioecy in Ficus?. Oikos, 2002, 96, 386-388.	1.2	7
108	Quantitative tests of sex ratio models in a pollinating fig wasp. Animal Behaviour, 2002, 64, 23-32.	0.8	33

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109	Phylogenetic relationships, historical biogeography and character evolution of fig-pollinating wasps. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2001, 268, 685-694.	1.2	225
110	Figâ€eating by vertebrate frugivores: a global review. Biological Reviews, 2001, 76, 529-572.	4.7	396
111	Title is missing!. Plant Ecology, 2001, 153, 121-132.	0.7	42
112	Skewed paternity and sex allocation in hermaphroditic plants and animals. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2001, 268, 2143-2147.	1.2	26
113	Effects of Selective Logging on the Butterflies of a Bornean Rainforest. Conservation Biology, 2000, 14, 1055-1065.	2.4	104
114	Coincya wrightii (O.E. Schulz) Stace (Rhynchosinapis wrightii (O.E. Schulz) Dandy ex A.R. Clapham). Journal of Ecology, 2000, 88, 535-547.	1.9	4
115	The Flight Heights of Chalcid Wasps (Hymenoptera, Chalcidoidea) in a Lowland Bornean Rain Forest: Fig Wasps are the High Fliers1. Biotropica, 2000, 32, 515-522.	0.8	68
116	The contribution of rabbits (Oryctolagus cuniculus L.) to soil fertility in semi-arid Spain. Biology and Fertility of Soils, 2000, 31, 379-384.	2.3	57
117	Foraging, food selection and worker size in the seed harvesting ant Messor bouvieri. Oecologia, 2000, 125, 35-44.	0.9	55
118	The Flight Heights of Chalcid Wasps (Hymenoptera, Chalcidoidea) in a Lowland Bornean Rain Forest: Fig Wasps are the High Fliers1. Biotropica, 2000, 32, 515.	0.8	13
119	Old World fruit bats can be long–distance seed dispersers through extended retention of viable seeds in the gut. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 1999, 266, 219-223.	1.2	169
120	Sex allocation and local mate competition in Old World non-pollinating fig wasps. Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology, 1999, 46, 95-102.	0.6	40
121	Population Persistence, Pollination Mutualisms, and Figs in Fragmented Tropical Landscapes. Conservation Biology, 1998, 12, 1416-1420.	2.4	14
122	Geographic and taxonomic distribution of a positive interaction: ant-tended homopterans indirectly benefit figs across southern Africa. Oecologia, 1998, 116, 373-380.	0.9	25
123	Responses of slug numbers and slug damage to crops in a silvoarable agroforestry landscape. Journal of Applied Ecology, 1998, 35, 252-260.	1.9	21
124	Virginity in haplodiploid populations: a comparison of estimation methods. Ecological Entomology, 1998, 23, 207-210.	1.1	18
125	Population Persistence, Pollination Mutualisms, and Figs in Fragmented Tropical Landscapes. Conservation Biology, 1998, 12, 1416-1420.	2.4	17
126	Regulation of Seed and Pollinator Production in the Fig-Fig Wasp Mutualism. Journal of Animal Ecology, 1996, 65, 170.	1.3	129

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127	Sequential oviposition and optimal sex ratios in pollinating fig wasps. Ecological Entomology, 1996, 21, 300-302.	1.1	24
128	The biology of fig trees and their associated animals. Journal of Biogeography, 1996, 23, 405-407.	1.4	27
129	Convergent evolution of agaonine and sycoecine (Agaonidae, Chalcidoidea) head shape in response to the constraints of host fig morphology. Journal of Biogeography, 1996, 23, 415-424.	1.4	91
130	Seed dispersal in an African fig tree: birds as high quantity, low quality dispersers?. Journal of Biogeography, 1996, 23, 553-563.	1.4	34
131	The role of animals in the colonization of the Krakatau Islands by fig trees (Ficus species). Journal of Biogeography, 1996, 23, 577-592.	1.4	54
132	Pollinator Limitation of Fig Tree Reproduction on the Island of Anak Krakatau (Indonesia). Biotropica, 1994, 26, 180.	0.8	60
133	Responses of fig wasps to host plant volatile cues. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 1994, 20, 785-802.	0.9	68
134	Dispersal of adult female fig wasps: <i>1. Arrivals and departures</i> . Entomologia Experimentalis Et Applicata, 1994, 73, 221-229.	0.7	41
135	Dispersal of adult female fig wasps: <i>2. Movements between trees</i> . Entomologia Experimentalis Et Applicata, 1994, 73, 231-238.	0.7	48
136	Fig volatiles: Their role in attracting pollinators and maintaining pollinator specificity. Plant Systematics and Evolution, 1993, 186, 147-156.	0.3	106
137	Breakdown of Pollinator Specificity in an African Fig Tree. Biotropica, 1992, 24, 544.	0.8	62
138	Ant-Herbivore Interactions: Reasons for the Absence of Benefits to a Fern with Foliar Nectaries Vanessa K. Rashbrook. Ecology, 1992, 73, 2167-2174.	1.5	94
139	African Fig Wasp Communities: Undersaturation and Latitudinal Gradients in Species Richness. Journal of Animal Ecology, 1992, 61, 361.	1.3	96
140	Determinants of species richness in southern African fig wasp assemblages. Oecologia, 1992, 91, 68-74.	0.9	77
141	MORACEAE. Bothalia, 1992, 22, 46-47.	0.2	0
142	New species of <i>Megaselia</i> (Diptera: Phoridae) whose larvae live in fig syconia (Urticales:) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT 203-219.	/Overlock 0.2	10 Tf 50 147 15
143	Ants Disperse the Elaiosome-Bearing Eggs of an African Stick Insect. Psyche: Journal of Entomology, 1991, 98, 207-213.	0.4	26

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145	Gamergate reproduction in the antStreblognathus aethiopicus Smith (Hymenoptera: Formicidae:) Tj ETQq1 1 0.7	784314 rgi 0.74 rgi	BT JOverlock
146	Regional diversity, local community structure and vacant niches: the herbivorous arthropods of bracken in South Africa. Ecological Entomology, 1989, 14, 365-373.	1.1	32
147	Biocontrol of British bracken: the potential of two moths from Southern Africa. Annals of Applied Biology, 1988, 112, 479-490.	1.3	18
148	Variation in the colour of the keel petals in Lotus corniculatus L. 5. Successional differences in the distribution of dark-keeled plants. Heredity, 1988, 61, 235-245.	1.2	7
149	Complex Interactions Between Mutualisms: Ants Tending Homopterans Protect Fig Seeds and Pollinators. Ecology, 1988, 69, 1302-1305.	1.5	87
150	<i>Aganais speciosa</i> and <i>Danaus chrysippus</i> (Lepidoptera) sabotage the latex defences of their host plants. Ecological Entomology, 1987, 12, 115-118.	1.1	27
151	Rhodanese in insects. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 1985, 11, 45-50.	0.9	40
152	An investigation of the responses of herbivores to cyanogenesis in Lotus corniculatus L Biological Journal of the Linnean Society, 1985, 26, 21-38.	0.7	37
153	On the polymorphism of cyanogenesis in Lotus corniculatus L. IX. Selective herbivory in natural populations at Porthdafarch, Anglesey. Heredity, 1983, 51, 537-548.	1.2	15
154	Selection of cyanogenesis in the leaves and petals of Lotus corniculatus L. at high latitudes. Oecologia, 1983, 60, 353-358.	0.9	19