

Ross K Meentemeyer

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

68
papers

4,686
citations

117625

34
h-index

102487

66
g-index

68
all docs

68
docs citations

68
times ranked

6536
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Changing disturbance regimes, ecological memory, and forest resilience. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2016, 14, 369-378.	4.0	947
2	Equilibrium or not? Modelling potential distribution of invasive species in different stages of invasion. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2012, 18, 73-83.	4.1	259
3	Invasive species distribution modeling (iSDM): Are absence data and dispersal constraints needed to predict actual distributions?. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2009, 220, 3248-3258.	2.5	229
4	Continental-scale quantification of landscape values using social media data. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2016, 113, 12974-12979.	7.1	224
5	Forest species diversity reduces disease risk in a generalist plant pathogen invasion. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2011, 14, 1108-1116.	6.4	143
6	Modeling when, where, and how to manage a forest epidemic, motivated by sudden oak death in California. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2016, 113, 5640-5645.	7.1	141
7	Effects of dam operation and land use on stream channel morphology and riparian vegetation. <i>Geomorphology</i> , 2006, 82, 412-429.	2.6	134
8	A geographic analysis of wind turbine placement in Northern California. <i>Energy Policy</i> , 2006, 34, 2137-2149.	8.8	133
9	Mapping the risk of establishment and spread of sudden oak death in California. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2004, 200, 195-214.	3.2	125
10	Ecosystem transformation by emerging infectious disease: loss of large tanoak from California forests. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2012, 100, 712-722.	4.0	111
11	LiDAR-Landsat data fusion for large-area assessment of urban land cover: Balancing spatial resolution, data volume and mapping accuracy. <i>ISPRS Journal of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing</i> , 2012, 74, 110-121.	11.1	105
12	Quantifying the visual-sensory landscape qualities that contribute to cultural ecosystem services using social media and LiDAR. <i>Ecosystem Services</i> , 2018, 31, 326-335.	5.4	91
13	Exploring perceived restoration potential of urban green enclosure through immersive virtual environments. <i>Journal of Environmental Psychology</i> , 2018, 55, 99-109.	5.1	90
14	Accounting for multi-scale spatial autocorrelation improves performance of invasive species distribution modelling (iSDM). <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2012, 39, 42-55.	3.0	88
15	Impact of sudden oak death on tree mortality in the Big Sur ecoregion of California. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2008, 10, 1243-1255.	2.4	85
16	Apparent competition in canopy trees determined by pathogen transmission rather than susceptibility. <i>Ecology</i> , 2010, 91, 327-333.	3.2	85
17	Forecasts of urbanization scenarios reveal trade-offs between landscape change and ecosystem services. <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2017, 32, 617-634.	4.2	81
18	Simulating urbanization scenarios reveals tradeoffs between conservation planning strategies. <i>Landscape and Urban Planning</i> , 2015, 136, 28-39.	7.5	80

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19	Landscape Epidemiology and Control of Pathogens with Cryptic and Long-Distance Dispersal: Sudden Oak Death in Northern Californian Forests. <i>PLoS Computational Biology</i> , 2012, 8, e1002328.	3.2	78
20	Effects of LiDAR point density and landscape context on estimates of urban forest biomass. <i>ISPRS Journal of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing</i> , 2015, 101, 310-322.	11.1	77
21	Predicting Forest Microclimate in Heterogeneous Landscapes. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2009, 12, 1158-1172.	3.4	71
22	Citizen science helps predict risk of emerging infectious disease. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2015, 13, 189-194.	4.0	66
23	Automated mapping of conformity between topographic and geological surfaces. <i>Computers and Geosciences</i> , 2000, 26, 815-829.	4.2	65
24	Multi-scale patterns of human activity and the incidence of an exotic forest pathogen. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2008, 96, 766-776.	4.0	64
25	HYDROGEOMORPHIC EFFECTS OF BEAVER DAMS IN GLACIER NATIONAL PARK, MONTANA. <i>Physical Geography</i> , 1999, 20, 436-446.	1.4	61
26	Modelling species distributions with remote sensing data: bridging disciplinary perspectives. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2013, 40, 2226-2227.	3.0	61
27	Predicting potential and actual distribution of sudden oak death in Oregon: Prioritizing landscape contexts for early detection and eradication of disease outbreaks. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2010, 260, 1026-1035.	3.2	59
28	Unexpected redwood mortality from synergies between wildfire and an emerging infectious disease. <i>Ecology</i> , 2013, 94, 2152-2159.	3.2	57
29	Pre-impact forest composition and ongoing tree mortality associated with sudden oak death in the Big Sur region; California. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2010, 259, 2342-2354.	3.2	46
30	When is connectivity important? A case study of the spatial pattern of sudden oak death. <i>Oikos</i> , 2010, 119, 485-493.	2.7	44
31	Susceptibility to <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> in a key infectious host: landscape variation in host genotype, host phenotype, and environmental factors. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2008, 177, 756-766.	7.3	42
32	Integrating multi-sensor remote sensing and species distribution modeling to map the spread of emerging forest disease and tree mortality. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 2019, 231, 111238.	11.0	42
33	Anticipating trade-offs between urban patterns and ecosystem service production: Scenario analyses of sprawl alternatives for a rapidly urbanizing region. <i>Computers, Environment and Urban Systems</i> , 2019, 74, 114-125.	7.1	38
34	Environmental factors influencing spatial patterns of shrub diversity in chaparral, Santa Ynez Mountains, California. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2001, 12, 41-52.	2.2	37
35	Common Factors Drive Disease and Coarse Woody Debris Dynamics in Forests Impacted by Sudden Oak Death. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2012, 15, 242-255.	3.4	37
36	Comparing Quantity, Allocation and Configuration Accuracy of Multiple Land Change Models. <i>Land</i> , 2017, 6, 52.	2.9	35

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37	Modeling landowner interactions and development patterns at the urban fringe. <i>Landscape and Urban Planning</i> , 2019, 182, 101-113.	7.5	31
38	The Magnitude of Regionalâ€Scale Tree Mortality Caused by the Invasive Pathogen <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> . <i>Earth's Future</i> , 2020, 8, e2020EF001500.	6.3	30
39	Object-based assessment of burn severity in diseased forests using high-spatial and high-spectral resolution MASTER airborne imagery. <i>ISPRS Journal of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing</i> , 2015, 102, 38-47.	11.1	27
40	Modeling the impacts of urbanization on watershed-scale gross primary productivity and tradeoffs with water yield across the conterminous United States. <i>Journal of Hydrology</i> , 2020, 583, 124581.	5.4	27
41	The effect of human population size on the breeding bird diversity of urban regions. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2016, 25, 653-671.	2.6	25
42	Modeling restorative potential of urban environments by coupling viewscape analysis of lidar data with experiments in immersive virtual environments. <i>Landscape and Urban Planning</i> , 2020, 195, 103704.	7.5	24
43	Spatial estimation of the density and carbon content of host populations for <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> in California and Oregon. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2011, 262, 989-998.	3.2	23
44	Understanding Humanâ€Coyote Encounters in Urban Ecosystems Using Citizen Science Data: What Do Socioeconomics Tell Us?. <i>Environmental Management</i> , 2015, 55, 159-170.	2.7	23
45	Forecasting and control of emerging infectious forest disease through participatory modelling. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2019, 374, 20180283.	4.0	22
46	California forests show early indications of both range shifts and local persistence under climate change. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2016, 25, 164-175.	5.8	21
47	Spatial Patterns of Development Drive Water Use. <i>Water Resources Research</i> , 2018, 54, 1633-1649.	4.2	21
48	Assessing the impact of emerging forest disease on wildfire using Landsat and KOMPSAT-2 data. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 2017, 195, 218-229.	11.0	20
49	Making It Spatial Makes It Personal: Engaging Stakeholders with Geospatial Participatory Modeling. <i>Land</i> , 2019, 8, 38.	2.9	20
50	Changing decisions in a changing landscape: How might forest owners in an urbanizing region respond to emerging bioenergy markets?. <i>Land Use Policy</i> , 2015, 49, 1-10.	5.6	19
51	Intra-annual phenology for detecting understory plant invasion in urban forests. <i>ISPRS Journal of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing</i> , 2018, 142, 151-161.	11.1	19
52	Biodiversity Conservation in the Face of Dramatic Forest Disease: An Integrated Conservation Strategy for Tanoak (<i>Notholithocarpus densiflorus</i>) Threatened by Sudden Oak Death. <i>MadroÃ±o</i> , 2013, 60, 151-164.	0.4	18
53	Mapping burn severity in a disease-impacted forest landscape using Landsat and MASTER imagery. <i>International Journal of Applied Earth Observation and Geoinformation</i> , 2015, 40, 91-99.	2.8	18
54	Novel disturbance interactions between fire and an emerging disease impact survival and growth of resprouting trees. <i>Ecology</i> , 2018, 99, 2217-2229.	3.2	17

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55	Accounting for residential propagule pressure improves prediction of urban plant invasion. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2016, 7, e01232.	2.2	15
56	Integrating Free and Open Source Solutions into Geospatial Science Education. <i>ISPRS International Journal of Geo-Information</i> , 2015, 4, 942-956.	2.9	14
57	Tangible geospatial modeling for collaborative solutions to invasive species management. <i>Environmental Modelling and Software</i> , 2017, 92, 176-188.	4.5	14
58	Alleviating the Modifiable Areal Unit Problem within Probe-Based Geospatial Analyses. <i>Computer Graphics Forum</i> , 2010, 29, 923-932.	3.0	13
59	Tangible topographic modeling for landscape architects. <i>International Journal of Architectural Computing</i> , 2018, 16, 4-21.	1.5	13
60	A disturbance weighting analysis model (DWAM) for mapping wildfire burn severity in the presence of forest disease. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 2019, 221, 108-121.	11.0	13
61	Validating land change models based on configuration disagreement. <i>Computers, Environment and Urban Systems</i> , 2019, 77, 101366.	7.1	12
62	Projecting Urbanization and Landscape Change at Large Scale Using the FUTURES Model. <i>Land</i> , 2019, 8, 144.	2.9	12
63	Rapid sampling of plant species composition for assessing vegetation patterns in rugged terrain. <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2000, 15, 697-711.	4.2	11
64	Wildfire and forest disease interaction lead to greater loss of soil nutrients and carbon. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2016, 182, 265-276.	2.0	10
65	Go with the flow: geospatial analytics to quantify hydrologic landscape connectivity for passively dispersed microorganisms. <i>International Journal of Geographical Information Science</i> , 2014, 28, 1626-1641.	4.8	9
66	Spatial variation and prediction of forest biomass in a heterogeneous landscape. <i>Journal of Forestry Research</i> , 2012, 23, 13-22.	3.6	7
67	Spatially Explicit Fuzzy Cognitive Mapping for Participatory Modeling of Stormwater Management. <i>Land</i> , 2021, 10, 1114.	2.9	4
68	Rapid-DEM: Rapid Topographic Updates through Satellite Change Detection and UAS Data Fusion. <i>Remote Sensing</i> , 2022, 14, 1718.	4.0	3