Archana Singh-Manoux

List of Publications by Citations

423 papers	23,885 citations	85 h-index	134 g-index
466 ext. papers	29,063 ext. citations	7.2 avg, IF	6.93 L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
423	Association of socioeconomic position with health behaviors and mortality. *JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association*, **2010**, 303, 1159-66	27.4	616
422	Subjective social status: its determinants and its association with measures of ill-health in the Whitehall II study. *Social Science and Medicine*, **2003**, 56, 1321-33	5.1	613
421	Job strain as a risk factor for coronary heart disease: a collaborative meta-analysis of individual participant data. *Lancet, The*, **2012**, 380, 1491-7	40	606
420	Does subjective social status predict health and change in health status better than objective status?. *Psychosomatic Medicine*, **2005**, 67, 855-61	3.7	534
419	Timing of onset of cognitive decline: results from Whitehall II prospective cohort study. *BMJ, The*, **2012**, 344, d7622	5.9	435
418	Dietary pattern and depressive symptoms in middle age. *British Journal of Psychiatry*, **2009**, 195, 408-13	5.4	369
417	Long working hours and risk of coronary heart disease and stroke: a systematic review and meta-analysis of published and unpublished data for 603,838 individuals. *Lancet, The*, **2015**, 386, 1739-46	40	368
416	What does self rated health measure? Results from the British Whitehall II and French Gazel cohort studies. *Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health*, **2006**, 60, 364-72	5.1	283
415	Measures of frailty in population-based studies: an overview. *BMC Geriatrics*, **2013**, 13, 64	4.1	267
414	A Novel, Open Access Method to Assess Sleep Duration Using a Wrist-Worn Accelerometer. *PLoS ONE*, **2015**, 10, e0142533	3.7	261
413	Trajectories of Depressive Symptoms Before Diagnosis of Dementia: A 28-Year Follow-up Study. *JAMA Psychiatry*, **2017**, 74, 712-718	14.5	236
412	When reciprocity fails: effort-reward imbalance in relation to coronary heart disease and health functioning within the Whitehall II study. *Occupational and Environmental Medicine*, **2002**, 59, 777-84	2.1	236
411	Self-rated health before and after retirement in France (GAZEL): a cohort study. *Lancet, The*, **2009**, 374, 1889-96	40	223
410	Metabolically healthy obesity and the risk of cardiovascular disease and type 2 diabetes: the Whitehall II cohort study. *European Heart Journal*, **2015**, 36, 551-9	9.5	218
409	Overweight, obesity, and risk of cardiometabolic multimorbidity: pooled analysis of individual-level data for 120 813 adults from 16 cohort studies from the USA and Europe. *Lancet Public Health, The*, **2017**, 2, e277-e285	22.4	214
408	Health behaviours, socioeconomic status, and mortality: further analyses of the British Whitehall II and the French GAZEL prospective cohorts. *PLoS Medicine*, **2011**, 8, e1000419	11.6	206
407	Metabolically healthy obesity and risk of mortality: does the definition of metabolic health matter?. *Diabetes Care*, **2013**, 36, 2294-300	14.6	202

406	Personality and all-cause mortality: individual-participant meta-analysis of 3,947 deaths in 76,150 adults. *American Journal of Epidemiology*, **2013**, 178, 667-75	3.8	200
405	Job strain as a risk factor for clinical depression: systematic review and meta-analysis with additional individual participant data. *Psychological Medicine*, **2017**, 47, 1342-1356	6.9	195
404	Body mass index over the adult life course and cognition in late midlife: the Whitehall II Cohort Study. *American Journal of Clinical Nutrition*, **2009**, 89, 601-7	7	195
403	Social status and health: a comparison of British civil servants in Whitehall-II with European- and African-Americans in CARDIA. *Social Science and Medicine*, **2008**, 66, 1034-45	5.1	193
402	Long working hours and sleep disturbances: the Whitehall II prospective cohort study. *Sleep*, **2009**, 32, 737-45	1.1	178
401	Moderate alcohol consumption as risk factor for adverse brain outcomes and cognitive decline: longitudinal cohort study. *BMJ, The*, **2017**, 357, j2353	5.9	177
400	Change in sleep duration and cognitive function: findings from the Whitehall II Study. *Sleep*, **2011**, 34, 565-73	1.1	176
399	Bidirectional association between physical activity and symptoms of anxiety and depression: the Whitehall II study. *European Journal of Epidemiology*, **2012**, 27, 537-46	12.1	174
398	Socioeconomic trajectories across the life course and health outcomes in midlife: evidence for the accumulation hypothesis?. *International Journal of Epidemiology*, **2004**, 33, 1072-9	7.8	171
397	Association between questionnaire- and accelerometer-assessed physical activity: the role of sociodemographic factors. *American Journal of Epidemiology*, **2014**, 179, 781-90	3.8	166
396	Physical activity and inflammatory markers over 10 years: follow-up in men and women from the Whitehall II cohort study. *Circulation*, **2012**, 126, 928-33	16.7	164
395	Body mass index and risk of dementia: Analysis of individual-level data from 1.3 million individuals. *Alzheimer's and Dementia*, **2018**, 14, 601-609	1.2	163
394	Long working hours and symptoms of anxiety and depression: a 5-year follow-up of the Whitehall II study. *Psychological Medicine*, **2011**, 41, 2485-94	6.9	162
393	Effort-Reward Imbalance at Work and Incident Coronary Heart Disease: A Multicohort Study of 90,164 Individuals. *Epidemiology*, **2017**, 28, 619-626	3.1	161
392	Job strain as a risk factor for leisure-time physical inactivity: an individual-participant meta-analysis of up to 170,000 men and women: the IPD-Work Consortium. *American Journal of Epidemiology*, **2012**, 176, 1078-89	3.8	153
391	Physical activity, cognitive decline, and risk of dementia: 28 year follow-up of Whitehall II cohort study. *BMJ, The*, **2017**, 357, j2709	5.9	152
390	Predicting cognitive decline: a dementia risk score vs. the Framingham vascular risk scores. *Neurology*, **2013**, 80, 1300-6	6.5	147
389	Effect of retirement on major chronic conditions and fatigue: French GAZEL occupational cohort study. *BMJ, The*, **2010**, 341, c6149	5.9	142

388	Long working hours, socioeconomic status, and the risk of incident type 2 diabetes: a meta-analysis of published and unpublished data from 222 120 individuals. *Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the*, **2015**, 3, 27-34	18.1	141
387	Obesity trajectories and risk of dementia: 28 years of follow-up in the Whitehall II Study. *Alzheimer's and Dementia*, **2018**, 14, 178-186	1.2	140
386	Obesity and loss of disease-free years owing to major non-communicable diseases: a multicohort study. *Lancet Public Health, The*, **2018**, 3, e490-e497	22.4	138
385	Socioeconomic status, structural and functional measures of social support, and mortality: The British Whitehall II Cohort Study, 1985-2009. *American Journal of Epidemiology*, **2012**, 175, 1275-83	3.8	137
384	Multiple measures of socio-economic position and psychosocial health: proximal and distal measures. *International Journal of Epidemiology*, **2002**, 31, 1192-9; discussion 1199-200	7.8	136
383	Perceived job insecurity as a risk factor for incident coronary heart disease: systematic review and meta-analysis. *BMJ, The*, **2013**, 347, f4746	5.9	133
382	The association between self-rated health and mortality in different socioeconomic groups in the GAZEL cohort study. *International Journal of Epidemiology*, **2007**, 36, 1222-8	7.8	133
381	Association between socioeconomic status and the development of mental and physical health conditions in adulthood: a multi-cohort study. *Lancet Public Health, The*, **2020**, 5, e140-e149	22.4	132
380	Job strain as a risk factor for type 2 diabetes: a pooled analysis of 124,808 men and women. *Diabetes Care*, **2014**, 37, 2268-75	14.6	131
379	Association of personality with the development and persistence of obesity: a meta-analysis based on individual-participant data. *Obesity Reviews*, **2013**, 14, 315-23	10.6	130
378	Role of socialization in explaining social inequalities in health. *Social Science and Medicine*, **2005**, 60, 2129-33	5.3	126
377	Interleukin-6 and C-reactive protein as predictors of cognitive decline in late midlife. *Neurology*, **2014**, 83, 486-93	6.5	125
376	Job strain and cardiovascular disease risk factors: meta-analysis of individual-participant data from 47,000 men and women. *PLoS ONE*, **2013**, 8, e67323	3.7	125
375	Successful aging: the contribution of early-life and midlife risk factors. *Journal of the American Geriatrics Society*, **2008**, 56, 1098-105	5.6	123
374	Estimating sleep parameters using an accelerometer without sleep diary. *Scientific Reports*, **2018**, 8, 12975	4.9	123
373	Midlife type 2 diabetes and poor glycaemic control as risk factors for cognitive decline in early old age: a post-hoc analysis of the Whitehall II cohort study. *Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the*, **2014**, 2, 228-35	18.1	122
372	Alternative Healthy Eating Index and mortality over 18 y of follow-up: results from the Whitehall II cohort. *American Journal of Clinical Nutrition*, **2011**, 94, 247-53	7	122
371	Impact of smoking on cognitive decline in early old age: the Whitehall II cohort study. *Archives of General Psychiatry*, **2012**, 69, 627-35		122

370	Traffic-related air pollution in relation to cognitive function in older adults. *Epidemiology*, **2014**, 25, 674-81.	9.1	120
369	Overtime work and incident coronary heart disease: the Whitehall II prospective cohort study. *European Heart Journal*, **2010**, 31, 1737-44	9.5	119
368	Temporal trend in dementia incidence since 2002 and projections for prevalence in England and Wales to 2040: modelling study. *BMJ, The*, **2017**, 358, j2856	5.9	117
367	The natural course of healthy obesity over 20 years. *Journal of the American College of Cardiology*, **2015**, 65, 101-102	15.1	116
366	Job strain in relation to body mass index: pooled analysis of 160 000 adults from 13 cohort studies. *Journal of Internal Medicine*, **2012**, 272, 65-73	10.8	115
365	Health behaviors from early to late midlife as predictors of cognitive function: The Whitehall II study. *American Journal of Epidemiology*, **2009**, 170, 428-37	3.8	113
364	Classification and characterization of periventricular and deep white matter hyperintensities on MRI: A study in older adults. *NeuroImage*, **2018**, 170, 174-181	7.9	110
363	Comparison of alternative versions of the job demand-control scales in 17 European cohort studies: the IPD-Work consortium. *BMC Public Health*, **2012**, 12, 62	4.1	110
362	Effects of physical activity on cognitive functioning in middle age: evidence from the Whitehall II prospective cohort study. *American Journal of Public Health*, **2005**, 95, 2252-8	5.1	110
361	Association between metabolic syndrome and depressive symptoms in middle-aged adults: results from the Whitehall II study. *Diabetes Care*, **2009**, 32, 499-504	14.6	107
360	Self-rated health and mortality: short- and long-term associations in the Whitehall II study. *Psychosomatic Medicine*, **2007**, 69, 138-43	3.7	105
359	Influence of individual and combined healthy behaviours on successful aging. *Cmaj*, **2012**, 184, 1985-92	3.5	104
358	Long working hours and alcohol use: systematic review and meta-analysis of published studies and unpublished individual participant data. *BMJ, The*, **2015**, 350, g7772	5.9	102
357	Parkinson disease male-to-female ratios increase with age: French nationwide study and meta-analysis. *Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry*, **2016**, 87, 952-7	5.5	101
356	Inflammatory markers and cognitive function in middle-aged adults: the Whitehall II study. *Psychoneuroendocrinology*, **2008**, 33, 1322-34	5	101
355	Associations between change in sleep duration and inflammation: findings on C-reactive protein and interleukin 6 in the Whitehall II Study. *American Journal of Epidemiology*, **2013**, 178, 956-61	3.8	99
354	Socioeconomic differences in cardiometabolic factors: social causation or health-related selection? Evidence from the Whitehall II Cohort Study, 1991-2004. *American Journal of Epidemiology*, **2011**, 174, 779-89	3.8	99
353	Does cognitive reserve shape cognitive decline?. *Annals of Neurology*, **2011**, 70, 296-304	9.4	97

352	Atrial fibrillation as a risk factor for cognitive decline and dementia. *European Heart Journal*, **2017**, 38, 2612-2618	9.5	95
351	Association between systolic blood pressure and dementia in the Whitehall II cohort study: role of age, duration, and threshold used to define hypertension. *European Heart Journal*, **2018**, 39, 3119-3125	9.5	95
350	The role of cognitive ability (intelligence) in explaining the association between socioeconomic position and health: evidence from the Whitehall II prospective cohort study. *American Journal of Epidemiology*, **2005**, 161, 831-9	3.8	95
349	The effect of control at home on CHD events in the Whitehall II study: Gender differences in psychosocial domestic pathways to social inequalities in CHD. *Social Science and Medicine*, **2004**, 58, 1501-9	5.1	94
348	Low HDL cholesterol is a risk factor for deficit and decline in memory in midlife: the Whitehall II study. *Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology*, **2008**, 28, 1556-62	9.4	93
347	Leisure activities and cognitive function in middle age: evidence from the Whitehall II study. *Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health*, **2003**, 57, 907-13	5.1	91
346	Association of branched-chain amino acids and other circulating metabolites with risk of incident dementia and Alzheimer's disease: A prospective study in eight cohorts. *Alzheimer's and Dementia*, **2018**, 14, 723-733	1.2	90
345	Dietary pattern, inflammation and cognitive decline: The Whitehall II prospective cohort study. *Clinical Nutrition*, **2017**, 36, 506-512	5.9	89
344	Marriage and risk of dementia: systematic review and meta-analysis of observational studies. *Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry*, **2018**, 89, 231-238	5.5	88
343	Alcohol consumption and cognitive decline in early old age. *Neurology*, **2014**, 82, 332-9	6.5	87
342	Job strain and health-related lifestyle: findings from an individual-participant meta-analysis of 118,000 working adults. *American Journal of Public Health*, **2013**, 103, 2090-7	5.1	87
341	Effect of intensity and type of physical activity on mortality: results from the Whitehall II cohort study. *American Journal of Public Health*, **2012**, 102, 698-704	5.1	86
340	Smoking history and cognitive function in middle age from the Whitehall II study. *Archives of Internal Medicine*, **2008**, 168, 1165-73		85
339	Personality change associated with chronic diseases: pooled analysis of four prospective cohort studies. *Psychological Medicine*, **2014**, 44, 2629-40	6.9	84
338	Alcohol consumption and cognitive function in the Whitehall II Study. *American Journal of Epidemiology*, **2004**, 160, 240-7	3.8	84
337	Adiposity, obesity, and arterial aging: longitudinal study of aortic stiffness in the Whitehall II cohort. *Hypertension*, **2015**, 66, 294-300	8.5	83
336	Unhealthy behaviours and disability in older adults: three-City Dijon cohort study. *BMJ, The*, **2013**, 347, f4240	5.9	83
335	Work stress and risk of cancer: meta-analysis of 5700 incident cancer events in 116,000 European men and women. *BMJ, The*, **2013**, 346, f165	5.9	82

334	Effect of retirement on sleep disturbances: the GAZEL prospective cohort study. *Sleep*, **2009**, 32, 1459-66	6.1	82
333	Best-practice interventions to reduce socioeconomic inequalities of coronary heart disease mortality in UK: a prospective occupational cohort study. *Lancet, The*, **2008**, 372, 1648-54	40	82
332	Job strain and tobacco smoking: an individual-participant data meta-analysis of 166,130 adults in 15 European studies. *PLoS ONE*, **2012**, 7, e35463	3.7	81
331	Associations of job strain and lifestyle risk factors with risk of coronary artery disease: a meta-analysis of individual participant data. *Cmaj*, **2013**, 185, 763-9	3.5	81
330	Physical inactivity, cardiometabolic disease, and risk of dementia: an individual-participant meta-analysis. *BMJ, The*, **2019**, 365, l1495	5.9	80
329	Optimism and pessimism as predictors of change in health after death or onset of severe illness in family. *Health Psychology*, **2005**, 24, 413-21	5	80
328	LIFETIME ENDOGENOUS ESTROGEN EXPOSURE AND DECLINE OF GAIT SPEED IN ELDERLY WOMEN. *Innovation in Aging*, **2017**, 1, 74-75	0.1	78
327	IMPORTANCE OF TRAJECTORY ANALYSIS FOR RESEARCH ON COGNITIVE DECLINE, DISABILITY, AND DEMENTIA. *Innovation in Aging*, **2017**, 1, 74-74	0.1	78
326	RISK FACTORS TRAJECTORIES PRIOR TO DEMENTIA DIAGNOSIS: BMI AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY. *Innovation in Aging*, **2017**, 1, 75-75	0.1	78
325	Common mental disorder and obesity: insight from four repeat measures over 19 years: prospective Whitehall II cohort study. *BMJ, The*, **2009**, 339, b3765	5.9	78
324	Authors' response to: Can information on life stress improve CHD risk prediction in clinical practice?. *International Journal of Epidemiology*, **2012**, 41, 324-326	7.8	78
323	SABIA ET AL. RESPOND. *American Journal of Public Health*, **2012**, 102, S165-S166	5.1	78
322	Long working hours and cognitive function: the Whitehall II Study. *American Journal of Epidemiology*, **2009**, 169, 596-605	3.8	78
321	Socioeconomic position across the lifecourse: how does it relate to cognitive function in mid-life?. *Annals of Epidemiology*, **2005**, 15, 572-8	6.4	78
320	Psychological and somatic symptoms of anxiety and risk of coronary heart disease: the health and social support prospective cohort study. *Biological Psychiatry*, **2010**, 67, 378-85	7.9	77
319	Circulating metabolites and general cognitive ability and dementia: Evidence from 11 cohort studies. *Alzheimer's and Dementia*, **2018**, 14, 707-722	1.2	76
318	Postmenopausal Hormone Therapy and Risk of Stroke: Impact of the Route of Estrogen Administration and Type of Progestogen. *Stroke*, **2016**, 47, 1734-41	6.7	76
317	Long-term inflammation increases risk of common mental disorder: a cohort study. *Molecular Psychiatry*, **2014**, 19, 149-50	15.1	76

316	Arterial stiffness, physical function, and functional limitation: the Whitehall II Study. *Hypertension*, **2011**, 57, 1003-9	8.5	76
315	Job strain and the risk of stroke: an individual-participant data meta-analysis. *Stroke*, **2015**, 46, 557-9	6.7	75
314	Alcohol consumption and risk of dementia: 23 year follow-up of Whitehall II cohort study. *BMJ, The*, **2018**, 362, k2927	5.9	74
313	High blood pressure was associated with cognitive function in middle-age in the Whitehall II study. *Journal of Clinical Epidemiology*, **2005**, 58, 1308-15	5.7	74
312	Job strain and alcohol intake: a collaborative meta-analysis of individual-participant data from 140,000 men and women. *PLoS ONE*, **2012**, 7, e40101	3.7	74
311	Obesity phenotypes in midlife and cognition in early old age: the Whitehall II cohort study. *Neurology*, **2012**, 79, 755-62	6.5	73
310	Diagnosis-specific sickness absence and all-cause mortality in the GAZEL study. *Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health*, **2009**, 63, 50-5	5.1	73
309	Predictive utility of the Framingham general cardiovascular disease risk profile for cognitive function: evidence from the Whitehall II study. *European Heart Journal*, **2011**, 32, 2326-32	9.5	73
308	Forecasted trends in disability and life expectancy in England and Wales up to 2025: a modelling study. *Lancet Public Health, The*, **2017**, 2, e307-e313	22.4	72
307	Increased risk of coronary heart disease among individuals reporting adverse impact of stress on their health: the Whitehall II prospective cohort study. *European Heart Journal*, **2013**, 34, 2697-705	9.5	70
306	Vascular disease and cognitive function: evidence from the Whitehall II Study. *Journal of the American Geriatrics Society*, **2003**, 51, 1445-50	5.6	70
305	Accelerometer assessed moderate-to-vigorous physical activity and successful ageing: results from the Whitehall II study. *Scientific Reports*, **2017**, 8, 45772	4.9	68
304	Social support and the likelihood of maintaining and improving levels of physical activity: the Whitehall II Study. *European Journal of Public Health*, **2012**, 22, 514-8	2.1	68
303	Association of metabolically healthy obesity with depressive symptoms: pooled analysis of eight studies. *Molecular Psychiatry*, **2014**, 19, 910-4	15.1	67
302	Long working hours and depressive symptoms: systematic review and meta-analysis of published studies and unpublished individual participant data. *Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health*, **2018**, 44, 239-250	4.3	67
301	Association of sleep duration in middle and old age with incidence of dementia. *Nature Communications*, **2021**, 12, 2289	17.4	63
300	Work stress and risk of death in men and women with and without cardiometabolic disease: a multicohort study. *Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the*, **2018**, 6, 705-713	18.1	61
299	Generalizability of occupational cohort study findings. *Epidemiology*, **2014**, 25, 932-3	3.1	61

298	Using additional information on working hours to predict coronary heart disease: a cohort study. *Annals of Internal Medicine*, **2011**, 154, 457-63	8	61
297	Education attenuates the association between dietary patterns and cognition. *Dementia and Geriatric Cognitive Disorders*, **2009**, 27, 147-54	2.6	61
296	Trajectories of depressive episodes and hypertension over 24 years: the Whitehall II prospective cohort study. *Hypertension*, **2011**, 57, 710-6	8.5	61
295	Decline in Fast Gait Speed as a Predictor of Disability in Older Adults. *Journal of the American Geriatrics Society*, **2015**, 63, 1129-36	5.6	60
294	Healthy obesity and objective physical activity. *American Journal of Clinical Nutrition*, **2015**, 102, 268-75	7	59
293	Association of Healthy Lifestyle With Years Lived Without Major Chronic Diseases. *JAMA Internal Medicine*, **2020**, 180, 760-768	11.5	59
292	Study protocol: The Whitehall II imaging sub-study. *BMC Psychiatry*, **2014**, 14, 159	4.2	58
291	History of coronary heart disease and cognitive performance in midlife: the Whitehall II study. *European Heart Journal*, **2008**, 29, 2100-7	9.5	58
290	Metabolic syndrome over 10 years and cognitive functioning in late midlife: the Whitehall II study. *Diabetes Care*, **2010**, 33, 84-9	14.6	57
289	Association of ideal cardiovascular health at age 50 with incidence of dementia: 25 year follow-up of Whitehall II cohort study. *BMJ, The*, **2019**, 366, l4414	5.9	56
288	Examining overweight and obesity as risk factors for common mental disorders using fat mass and obesity-associated (FTO) genotype-instrumented analysis: The Whitehall II Study, 1985-2004. *American Journal of Epidemiology*, **2011**, 173, 421-9	3.8	56
287	Association of social contact with dementia and cognition: 28-year follow-up of the Whitehall II cohort study. *PLoS Medicine*, **2019**, 16, e1002862	11.6	55
286	Associations between self-reported sleep quality and white matter in community-dwelling older adults: A prospective cohort study. *Human Brain Mapping*, **2017**, 38, 5465-5473	5.9	54
285	Validating the Framingham Hypertension Risk Score: results from the Whitehall II study. *Hypertension*, **2009**, 54, 496-501	8.5	54
284	Non-response to baseline, non-response to follow-up and mortality in the Whitehall II cohort. *International Journal of Epidemiology*, **2009**, 38, 831-7	7.8	54
283	Residential Surrounding Greenness and Cognitive Decline: A 10-Year Follow-up of the Whitehall II Cohort. *Environmental Health Perspectives*, **2018**, 126, 077003	8.4	54
282	Social inequalities in multimorbidity, frailty, disability, and transitions to mortality: a 24-year follow-up of the Whitehall II cohort study. *Lancet Public Health, The*, **2020**, 5, e42-e50	22.4	53
281	Accuracy of general hospital dementia diagnoses in England: Sensitivity, specificity, and predictors of diagnostic accuracy 2008-2016. *Alzheimer's and Dementia*, **2018**, 14, 933-943	1.2	52

280	Subjective cognitive complaints and mortality: does the type of complaint matter?. *Journal of Psychiatric Research*, **2014**, 48, 73-8	5.2	52
279	Anti-depressant medication use and C-reactive protein: results from two population-based studies. *Brain, Behavior, and Immunity*, **2011**, 25, 168-73	16.6	52
278	Positive and negative affect and risk of coronary heart disease: Whitehall II prospective cohort study. *BMJ, The*, **2008**, 337, a118	5.9	51
277	Gender differences in the association between morbidity and mortality among middle-aged men and women. *American Journal of Public Health*, **2008**, 98, 2251-7	5.1	51
276	Chronic inflammation as a determinant of future aging phenotypes. *Cmaj*, **2013**, 185, E763-70	3.5	50
275	Does depression predict coronary heart disease and cerebrovascular disease equally well? The Health and Social Support Prospective Cohort Study. *International Journal of Epidemiology*, **2010**, 39, 1016-24	7.8	50
274	Long working hours as a risk factor for atrial fibrillation: a multi-cohort study. *European Heart Journal*, **2017**, 38, 2621-2628	9.5	49
273	Effect of retirement on alcohol consumption: longitudinal evidence from the French Gazel cohort study. *PLoS ONE*, **2011**, 6, e26531	3.7	49
272	Diabetes risk factors, diabetes risk algorithms, and the prediction of future frailty: the Whitehall II prospective cohort study. *Journal of the American Medical Directors Association*, **2013**, 14, 851.e1-6	5.9	48
271	Does overall diet in midlife predict future aging phenotypes? A cohort study. *American Journal of Medicine*, **2013**, 126, 411-419.e3	2.4	48
270	Depressive disorder, coronary heart disease, and stroke: dose-response and reverse causation effects in the Whitehall II cohort study. *European Journal of Preventive Cardiology*, **2014**, 21, 340-6	3.9	46
269	Organisational justice and markers of inflammation: the Whitehall II study. *Occupational and Environmental Medicine*, **2010**, 67, 78-83	2.1	46
268	Association between common mental disorder and obesity over the adult life course. *British Journal of Psychiatry*, **2009**, 195, 149-55	5.4	46
267	Combined impact of smoking and heavy alcohol use on cognitive decline in early old age: Whitehall II prospective cohort study. *British Journal of Psychiatry*, **2013**, 203, 120-5	5.4	45
266	Green and blue spaces and physical functioning in older adults: Longitudinal analyses of the Whitehall II study. *Environment International*, **2019**, 122, 346-356	12.9	45
265	Association between inflammatory biomarkers and all-cause, cardiovascular and cancer-related mortality. *Cmaj*, **2017**, 189, E384-E390	3.5	44
264	Gait Speed and Decline in Gait Speed as Predictors of Incident Dementia. *Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences*, **2017**, 72, 655-661	6.4	44
263	Cardiovascular disease risk scores in identifying future frailty: the Whitehall II prospective cohort study. *Heart*, **2013**, 99, 737-42	5.1	44

262	Diagnosis-specific sick leave as a long-term predictor of disability pension: a 13-year follow-up of the GAZEL cohort study. *Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health*, **2012**, 66, 155-9	5.1	44
261	Neuroticism and cardiovascular disease mortality: socioeconomic status modifies the risk in women (UK Health and Lifestyle Survey). *Psychosomatic Medicine*, **2012**, 74, 596-603	3.7	44
260	Social inequality in walking speed in early old age in the Whitehall II study. *Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences*, **2009**, 64, 1082-9	6.4	44
259	Effects of depressive symptoms and coronary heart disease and their interactive associations on mortality in middle-aged adults: the Whitehall II cohort study. *Heart*, **2010**, 96, 1645-50	5.1	43
258	Do psychological factors affect inflammation and incident coronary heart disease: the Whitehall II Study. *Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology*, **2008**, 28, 1398-406	9.4	43
257	Antidepressant medication use and risk of hyperglycemia and diabetes mellitus: a noncausal association?. *Biological Psychiatry*, **2011**, 70, 978-84	7.9	42
256	Clinical, socioeconomic, and behavioural factors at age 50 years and risk of cardiometabolic multimorbidity and mortality: A cohort study. *PLoS Medicine*, **2018**, 15, e1002571	11.6	41
255	Association of walking speed in late midlife with mortality: results from the Whitehall II cohort study. *Age*, **2013**, 35, 943-52		41
254	The labour market, psychosocial outcomes and health conditions in cancer survivors: protocol for a nationwide longitudinal survey 2 and 5 years after cancer diagnosis (the VICAN survey). *BMJ Open*, **2015**, 5, e005971	3	41
253	All-cause and diagnosis-specific sickness absence as a predictor of sustained suboptimal health: a 14-year follow-up in the GAZEL cohort. *Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health*, **2010**, 64, 311-7	5.1	41
252	Why does lung function predict mortality? Results from the Whitehall II Cohort Study. *American Journal of Epidemiology*, **2010**, 172, 1415-23	3.8	41
251	Validity of Cardiovascular Disease Event Ascertainment Using Linkage to UK Hospital Records. *Epidemiology*, **2017**, 28, 735-739	3.1	40
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